## the lines run in Visual Studio:

```
>>> py
>>> 2+2
>>> 7 * 10
>>> divmod(10,4)
>>> width = 60
>>> height = 3 * 7
>>> width * height
>>> tax = 12.5 / 100
>>> tax
>>> round( ,1)
>>> s = 'First line.\nSecond line.'
                                  'First line.\nSecond line.'
>>> s
                                  First line.
>>> print(s)
                                  Second line.
>>> print('C:\some\name')
                                   C:\some
                                   ame
>>> print(r'C:\some\name')
                                  C:\some\name
>>> 3 * 'un' + 'ium'
                                  'unununium'
>>> 'Did' 'Coding'
                                   'DidCoding'
>>> word = 'Didcoding'
>>> word[0] # character in position 0
>>> word[5] # character in position 5
>>> word[0:2] # characters from position 0 (included) to 2 (excluded)
>>> word[:2] # character from the beginning to position 2 (excluded)
>>> word[4:] # characters from position 4 (included) to the end
>>> word[-2:] # characters from the second-last (included) to the end
>>> word[:2] + word[2:]
>>> 'P' + word[1:]
>>> s = 'bobby-didcoding'
>>> len(s)
>>> x=20
>>> y=400
>>> repr((x, y, ('spam', 'eggs')))
                                        "(20, 400, ('spam', 'eggs'))"
>>> str((x, y, ('spam', 'eggs')))
>>> print('{0} and {1}'.format('spam', 'eggs')) spam and eggs
>>> squares = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]
>>> squares
                                              [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]
>>>squares[-3:]
                                             [9, 16, 25]
>>>squares[:]
>>>squares + [36, 49, 64, 81, 100]
>>> squares.append(216)
```

```
>>> letters = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']
>>> len(letters)
>>> a = ['a', 'b', 'c']
>>> n = [1, 2, 3]
>>> x = [a, n]
>>> x[0]
                        ['a', 'b', 'c']
                       [['a', 'b', 'c'], [1, 2, 3]]
>>> x
>>> y = [x^{**}2 \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(10)]
>>> y
                         [0, 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81]
>>> x = list(('bobby', 'at', 'didcoding', 'dot', 'com')) # creates a list object
                        ['bobby', 'at', 'didcoding', 'dot', 'com']
>>> t = 12345, 54321, 'hello!'
>>> t
                         (12345, 54321, 'hello!')
>>> t[0]
                         12345
>>> v = ([1, 2, 3], [3, 2, 1])
>>> v
                           ([1, 2, 3], [3, 2, 1])
>>> u = t, (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
                            ((12345, 54321, 'hello!'), (1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
>>> x = tuple(['bobby', 'at', 'didcoding','dot', 'com'])
>>> x
                            ('bobby', 'at', 'didcoding', 'dot', 'com')
>>> tuple([x**2 for x in range(10)]) (0, 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81)
>>> basket = {'apple', 'orange', 'apple', 'pear', 'orange', 'banana'}
>>> print(basket)
                               {'apple', 'banana', 'pear', 'orange'}
>>> 'orange' in basket
>>> a = set('abracadabra')
>>> b = set('alacazam')
                              {'b', 'c', 'r', 'd', 'a'}
>>> a
>>> a - b
                              {'b', 'r', 'd'}
>>> a | b
>>> a & b
>>> a ^ b
>>> some dict = {
... 'a_key': 'a_value',
... 'a key 2': 'a value 2',
... 'a key 3': ['a list', 'as', 'a value'],
... 'a_key_4': {'a_dict': 'as a value'}
... }
                    {'a key': 'a value', 'a key 2': 'a value 2', 'a key 3': ['a list', 'as', 'a
>>> some dict
value'], 'a_key_4': {'a_dict': 'as a value'}}
>>> some dict['a key'] = 'new value'
>>> \{x: x**2 \text{ for } x \text{ in } (2, 4, 6)\}
                                           {2: 4, 4: 16, 6: 36}
```

```
>>> x = dict(a=1, b=2, c=3, d=4)
                                    {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 4}
>>> x
>>> def number_play(x):
    if x < 0:
      x = 0
      print('Negative changed to zero')
    elif x == 0:
      print('Zero')
    elif x == 1:
      print('Single')
    else:
      print('More')
>>> number_play(-1)
Negative changed to zero
>>> number_play(0)
Zero
>>> number_play(1)
Single
>>> number_play(2)
More
>>> def http_error(status):
    match status:
      case 400:
        return "Bad request"
      case 404:
        return "Not found"
      case 418:
...
         return "I'm a teapot"
      case:
         return "Something's wrong with the internet"
>>> http error(418)
"I'm a teapot"
>>> words = ['cat', 'window', 'defenestrate']
>>> for w in words:
... print(w, len(w))
cat 3
window 6
defenestrate 12
```

```
>>> for n in range(2, 10): #equivalent of...for n in [2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]:
    for x in range(2, n): \#first loop is for x in range(2, 2):
      if n \% x == 0:
         print(n, 'equals', x, '*', n//x)
         break
    #the else runs when no break clause occurs
    else:
      print(n, 'is a prime number')
2 is a prime number
3 is a prime number
4 equals 2 * 2
5 is a prime number
6 equals 2 * 3
7 is a prime number
8 equals 2 * 4
9 equals 3 * 3
>>> for num in range(2, 10): #equivalent of...for n in [2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]:
    if num % 2 == 0:
      print("Found an even number", num)
      continue #Will continue with the next loop
    print("Found an odd number", num)
Found an even number 2
Found an odd number 3
Found an even number 4
Found an odd number 5
Found an even number 6
Found an odd number 7
Found an even number 8
Found an odd number 9
>>> while True:
    trv:
      x = int(input("Please enter a number: "))
...
    #Add multiple exceptions in a tuple (RuntimeError, TypeError, NameError)
    except (RuntimeError, TypeError, NameError, ValueError):
      print("Oops! That was no valid number. Try again...")
...
Please enter a number:
Oops! That was no valid number. Try again...
Please enter a number:
Oops! That was no valid number. Try again...
Please enter a number: 21
```

```
>>> def divide(x, y):
    try:
      result = x / y
...
    except ZeroDivisionError:
      print("division by zero!")
    except TypeError:
      print("Must be int!")
...
    else:
      print("result is", result)
    finally:
      print("executing finally clause")
...
>>> divide(2, 1)
result is 2.0
executing finally clause
>>> class MyClass:
    """A simple example class"""
    i = 12345
    def f(self):
      return 'hello world'
...
>>> MyClass.i # return the int
12345
>>> MyClass.f # returns a function object
<function MyClass.f at 0x0000022DFA2087C0>
>>> MyClass.__doc__ # magic method/dunder method that return the text literal
'A simple example class'
```