# **ASSIGNMENT-1**

# DATABASE AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM-CSA0556

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# **Task 1: Entity Identification and Attributes**

# **Entities and Attributes**

# 1. Roads

- RoadID (PK)
- - RoadName
- - Length (in meters)
- - SpeedLimit (in km/h)

# • 2. Intersections

- - IntersectionID (PK)
- - IntersectionName
- Latitude
- Longitude

# • 3. Traffic Signals

- SignalID (PK)

- IntersectionID (FK)
- SignalStatus (Green, Yellow, Red)
- - Timer (countdown to next change)

#### • 4. Traffic Data

- TrafficDataID (PK)
- RoadID (FK)
- Timestamp
- - Speed (average speed on the road)
- - CongestionLevel (degree of traffic congestion)

# **Task 2: Relationship Modeling**

### Relationships

#### 1. Roads and Intersections

- One-to-Many: A road can have multiple intersections (at either end).
- An intersection can be connected to multiple roads.

# 2. Intersections and Traffic Signals

- One-to-One: Each intersection hosts one traffic signal.
- - Optionality: An intersection might not have a traffic signal (optional).

#### 3. Roads and Traffic Data

One-to-Many: A road can have multiple traffic data entries over time.

# **Cardinality and Optionality Constraints**

### 1. Roads to Intersections

- One Road to Many Intersections (1:N)
- - One Intersection to Many Roads (1:N)

# • 2. Intersections to Traffic Signals

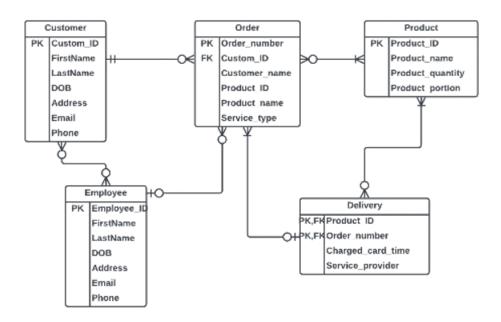
- - One Intersection to One Traffic Signal (1:1)
- Traffic Signal is optional at an intersection.

# 3. Roads to Traffic Data

One Road to Many Traffic Data entries (1:N)

# Task 3: ER Diagram Design

#### **Entity Relationship Diagram:**



**Task 4: Justification and Normalization** 

#### Justification:

# 1. Scalability:

- The design allows for easy addition of new roads, intersections, and traffic signals without affecting existing data.
- Real-time data integration is facilitated through a separate Traffic Data entity, ensuring high performance for read/write operations.

# 2. Real-time Data Processing:

- Separate entity for Traffic Data ensures that real-time data can be processed and stored efficiently.
- Relationships are designed to minimize redundancy and optimize querying capabilities.

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# 3. Efficient Traffic Management:

- - Clear relationships between roads, intersections, and traffic signals enable effective traffic signal control and route optimization.
- Historical traffic data storage allows for analysis and future planning.

#### Normalization:

# 1. First Normal Form (1NF):

- - Each attribute contains only atomic (indivisible) values.
- Each record is unique, identified by a primary key.

# 2. Second Normal Form (2NF):

• The ER diagram meets 2NF as all non-key attributes are fully dependent on the primary key.

# 3. Third Normal Form (3NF):

• The diagram adheres to 3NF by ensuring that all attributes are directly dependent on the primary key and not on other non-key attributes.

### **Deliverables:**

# **ER Diagram:**

The ER diagram is illustrated above, accurately reflecting the structure and relationships of the TFMS database.

# **Entity Definitions**

- - Roads: Contains attributes such as RoadID, RoadName, Length, and SpeedLimit.
- Intersections: Contains attributes such as IntersectionID, IntersectionName, Latitude, and Longitude.
- - Traffic Signals: Contains attributes such as SignalID, IntersectionID, SignalStatus, and Timer.
- Traffic Data: Contains attributes such as TrafficDataID, RoadID, Timestamp, Speed, and CongestionLevel.

# **Relationship Descriptions**

- Roads to Intersections: One road can connect to multiple intersections, and an intersection can connect multiple roads.
- - Intersections to Traffic Signals: Each intersection can host one traffic signal, which is optional.
- Roads to Traffic Data: One road can have multiple traffic data entries over time.

#### **Justification Document**

- - Scalability: The design allows for adding new entities without affecting existing data.
- Real-time Data Processing: Separate entity for real-time traffic data ensures efficient data handling.
- - Efficient Traffic Management: Clear relationships enable effective control and optimization of traffic flow.
- - Normalization: The diagram adheres to 1NF, 2NF, and 3NF, ensuring data integrity and minimizing redundancy.