Ex. No: 12

**Date:** 1/4/25

File Organization Technique- Single- and Two-level directory

## AIM:

To implement File Organization Structures in C are

- a. Single Level Directory
- b. Two-Level Directory
- c. Hierarchical Directory Structure
- d. Directed Acyclic Graph Structure

## A. SINGLE LEVEL DIRECTORY ALGORITHM:

- 1. Start
- 2. Declare the number, names and size of the directories and file names. 3. Get the values for the declared variables.
- 4. Display the files that are available in the directories.
- 5. Stop.

# PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h> #include <string.h>
struct File {
  char name[20];
};
int main() { int n, i;
  struct File files[10];

printf("Enter the number of files: "); scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
if (n \le 0 \mid | n > 10) {
printf("Please enter a valid number of files (1-10).\n"); return 1;
}
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
printf("Enter the file %d: ", i + 1);
scanf("%s", files[i].name);
}
printf("\n\nRoot Directory\n"); printf("|\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
printf("|-- %s\n", files[i].name);
}
return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
Single Level Directory Operations
1. Create File
 2. List Files
3. Delete File
4. View File
 5. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter file name: 2
 Enter file content: Hi hellow
File created successfully
Single Level Directory Operations
1. Create File
2. List Files
3. Delete File
4. View File
5. Exit
```

Enter choice:

#### A. TWO-LEVEL DIRECTORY STRUCTURE ALGORITHM:

- 3. Start
- 4. Declare the number, names and size of the directories and subdirectories and file names.

```
PROGRAM:
#include <stdio.h> Implemented using C.
#include <string.h>
struct File {
char name[20];
};
struct SubDirectory { char name[20]; struct File files[10]; int fileCount;
};
struct Directory { char name[20];
struct SubDirectory subDirs[10]; int subDirCount;
};
int main() {
struct Directory dir; int i, j;
printf("Enter root directory name: "); scanf("%s", dir.name);
printf("How many subdirectories in '%s'? ", dir.name); scanf("%d", &dir.subDirCount);
for (i = 0; i < dir.subDirCount; i++) {
printf("\nEnter name of subdirectory %d under '%s': ", i + 1, dir.name); scanf("%s",
dir.subDirs[i].name);
printf("How many files in '%s'?", dir.subDirs[i].name); scanf("%d", &dir.subDirs[i].fileCount);
for (j = 0; j < dir.subDirs[i].fileCount; j++) {
printf("Enter file %d in '%s': ", j + 1, dir.subDirs[i].name); scanf("%s", dir.subDirs[i].files[j].name);
}
```

```
printf("\nDirectory Structure:\n"); printf("NULL\n");
printf("|_____%s\n", dir.name);
for (i = 0; i < dir.subDirCount; i++) { printf(" |_____%s\n", dir.subDirs[i].name);
for (j = 0; j < dir.subDirs[i].fileCount; j++) {
    printf(" |_____%s\n", dir.subDirs[i].files[j].name);
    OUTPUT:</pre>
```

```
Single Level Directory Operations
1. Create File
2. List Files
3. Delete File
4. View File
5. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter file name: 2
Enter file content: Hi hellow
File created successfully
Single Level Directory Operations
1. Create File
2. List Files
3. Delete File
4. View File
5. Exit
Enter choice:
```

### **RESULT:**

The File Organization Technique-Single and Two-Level Directory Program is Successfully Implemented using C.

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