# Dinger





## What does it do?

- Pretends to be Tinder and has a mirrored login flow
- Self-triggered, automated swiping
- Saves the profiles of whoever it swipes onto Firebase so I can play with the data
- Stores them locally too for future offline goodness

# High-level overview

#### Clean architecture

app and data start use cases as defined in domain

**Everything is injected** for loose coupling (A/B, unit testing)

**Interfaces** are used to perform **cross-module** injections

**ContentProviders** are used to plug in library modules to the application lifecycle for **initialization**, thus avoiding coupling with *app* 

crash-reporter and event-tracker are injected as sealed classes to potentially support choosing from different underlying providers

# domain

- interactor
- repository
- auth, alarm, autoswipe, like, recommendation

### **□** domain **□** interactor

Defines use cases as reactive entities

Several base classes for different characteristics (use cases with and without result)

Disposability is enforced as anything can be interrupted at any point in time

Result (and, optionally, execution) contexts must be determined by the specific implementation



#### Interfaces which encompass functionality groups

```
interface TinderApiRepository {
    fun login(parameters: DomainAuthRequestParameters): Single<DomainAuthedUser>
    fun getRecommendations(): Single<Collection<DomainRecommendationUser>>
    fun likeRecommendation(recommendation: DomainRecommendationUser): Single<DomainLikedRecommendationAnswer>}
```

#### Additional interface to group all functionality groups

```
interface FacadeProvider {
  fun tinderApiRepository(): TinderApiRepository
    // ...
```

// TODO Break down into the feature packages instead!



#### Define features

- One or more use cases
- Interfaces defining actions that need to be executed by the use cases
- Optionally, one or more models, if parameters/result are necessary

## □ domain

- OpenainHolder (proxy to actual action implementations) // TODO Break down into the feature packages as well!
- Architecture interactor (structure and requirements for a use case)
- Architecture repository (interface with required actions)
- Functionalities auth, alarm, autoswipe, like, recommendation (models and use cases which execute actual actions)

## 🗖 data

- RootModule (provides context, database)
- © ComponentHolder (proxy to components)
- // TODO Break down into the feature
  packages as well!

- crash, event
- network
- account, alarm, autoswipe, tinder.auth, tinder.like, tinder.recommendation



Providers for the corresponding service as extracted from the corresponding module

Implementation is provided through a sealed class, which hides whatever service is underneath

```
@Module
internal class FirebaseCrashReporterModule {
    @Provides
    @Singleton
    // The injected instance sees a CrashReporter, not Firebase/Fabric/whatnot
    fun instance() = CrashReporter.firebase()
}
```



Client

Interceptors

Base classes for:

- Abstracted caching (RequestSource)
- Supporting parsing between business entities and transport objects (RequestFacade)



#### Implement features

- Models for request/response if required (e.g. most network requests)
- Entities and additional models and database resolvers as required by Room if database is involved
- Object mappers to and from domain classes
- RequestFacade and RequestSource implementations if network is necessary;
   else something else (like a schedulable JobIntentService for auto-swiping)
- Optionally, an interface defining what needs to be tracked within the package, plus object mappers for its required data

## Room...

@ Recommendation @ RecommendationCommonConnectionDaoDelegate RecommendationEventTracker @ RecommendationEventTrackerModule @ · RecommendationFacade @ RecommendationFacadeModule RecommendationInstagramDaoDelegate RecommendationInstagramPhotoDaoDelegate @ RecommendationInterest ⊕ ∘ RecommendationInterestDao RecommendationInterestDaoDelegate RecommendationInterestEntity @ · RecommendationJobDaoDelegate RecommendationPhoto ProcessedFileDao RecommendationProcessedFileDao @ RecommendationProcessedFileDaoDelegate @ RecommendationRequestEntityMapper @ RecommendationResponse @ RecommendationResponseEntityMapper @ RecommendationSchoolDaoDelegate @ . RecommendationSourceModule ♠ RecommendationSpotifyAlbum ProcessedFileDao @ RecommendationSpotifyAlbumDaoDelegate ⊕ ∘ RecommendationSpotifyArtistDao @ RecommendationSpotifyArtistDaoDelegate RecommendationSpotifyThemeTrack ArtistDao RecommendationSpotifyThemeTrackDaoDelegate RecommendationTeaserDaoDelegate ⊕ RecommendationUser JobDao ⊕ ∘ RecommendationUser PhotoDao ♠ RecommendationUser RecommendationUserCommonConnectionDao ♠ RecommendationUserCommonConnection PhotoDao RecommendationUserCommonConnectionEntity @ . RecommendationUserCommonConnectionEntity PhotoEntity @ RecommendationUserCommonConnectionPhoto RecommendationUserCommonConnectionPhotoDao RecommendationUserCommonConnectionPhotoEntity ⊕ ∘ RecommendationUserDao @ RecommendationUserEntity RecommendationUserEntity RecommendationUserCommonConnectionEntity @ RecommendationUserEntity RecommendationUserJobEntity RecommendationUserEntity RecommendationUserPhotoEntity RecommendationUserEntity RecommendationUserTeaserEntity @ RecommendationUserInstagram ■ © • RecommendationUserInstagramEntity

## 🗖 data

- RootModule (provides context, database)
- © ComponentHolder (proxy to components)
- Services crash, event (corresponding trackers)
- Architecture network (client and configuration)
- Features account, alarm, autoswipe, tinder.\*
- (models, domain mappers, execution classes)

// TODO Break down into the feature

packages as well!

# □ app

- MainApplication (dependency injection root)
- crash (same as in *data*)
- alarmbanner, home, login, splash



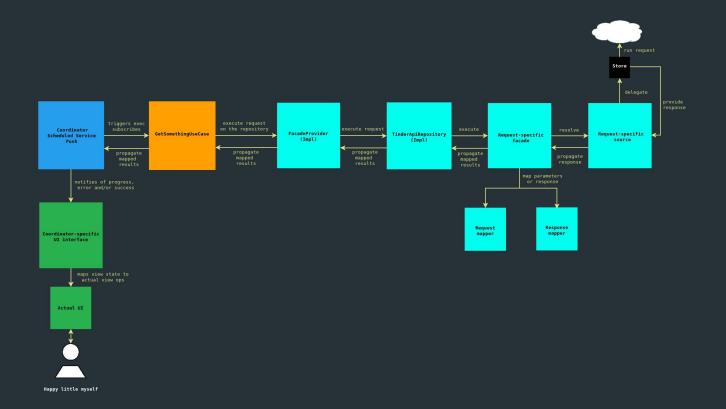
#### Bind UI to functionality

- DI classes for injecting what the package needs
- Activities are only used as routers between themselves and delegate other things to coordinators/features
- A coordinator acts as a bridge between the use case and updating the UI through an interface defining methods based on the possible states
- The implementation of such interface is what operates on the actual view
- A feature performs the role of a coordinator, but is named differently to state the fact that its functionality is handled by an external agent

## □ app

- MainApplication (fires dependency injection)
- Service crash (same as in data)
- Features alarmbanner, home, login, splash (di, coordinator/feature, opt. view interface + impl.)

# Typical flow



# **crash-reporter**

Defines what it can do through a sealed class

Offers instances to the available services (currently Firebase only)

```
sealed class CrashReporter {
   abstract fun report(throwable: Throwable)

private class Firebase : CrashReporter() {
     override fun report(throwable: Throwable) {
        FirebaseCrash.report(throwable)
     }
}

companion object {
     // The explicit return hides implementation details
     fun firebase(): CrashReporter = CrashReporter.Firebase()
}
```

event-tracker is similar

## Future work

Split module-wide components into the corresponding feature packages

Tests!

Decouple the capabilities of event trackers and crash reporters from the sealed classes encompassing the services into interfaces which they will implement

<u>Decoupled Gradle project</u>

Consider Docker for CI

Product development

# Dinger



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