CITS3005 IFixIt Knowldge Graph for Game Consoles

By Heidi Leow (23643117) and James Frayne (23372032)

Overview

This is a Flask application to explore and manipulate the game console data from the MyFixit-Dataset. This application consists of multiple parts:

- requirements.txt -===- PIP packages required to run the application
- Game Console.json -===- Original data for game consoles from the MyFixit Dataset
- ontology.py -===- Python script to convert the json data into the ontology.owl file
- ontology.owl -===- XML OWL file storing the IFixit ontology
- swrl.txt -===- SWRL rules used to perform logic on the ontology
- query.py -===- Test script to run SPARQL queries on the ontology
- shapes.ttl -===- SHACL shapes to validate the ontology against
- validate.py -===- Test script to run the SHACL validation against the ontology
- app -===- Flask application contents

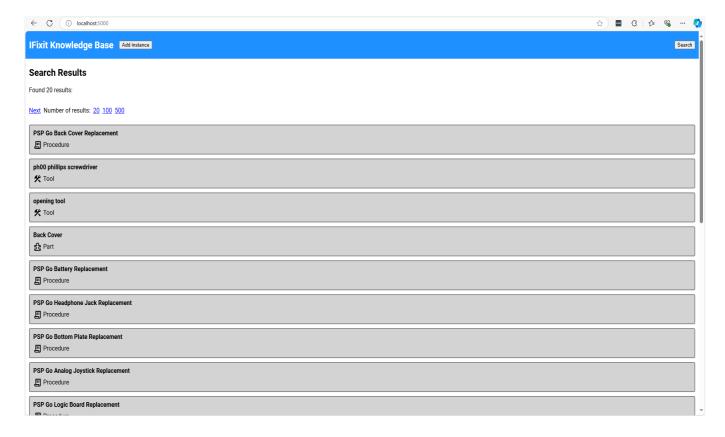
Installation guide

- 1. Set up your python virtual environment using python -m venv venv.
- 2. Activate your virtual environment using source .venv/bin/activate, or .venv/Scripts/activate if you're on Windows.
- 3. Install the required packages using pip install -r requirements.txt.
- 4. Install java on your system if it's not already so that the reasoner can run. If on Windows, make sure that you're using 64-bit Java, or the reasoner will be unable to load.
- 5. Run the application by using cd app && python web_app.py. This might take a while to start upthe reasoner needs to run over the ontology.
- 6. You should now be able to access the application by going to http://localhost:5000.

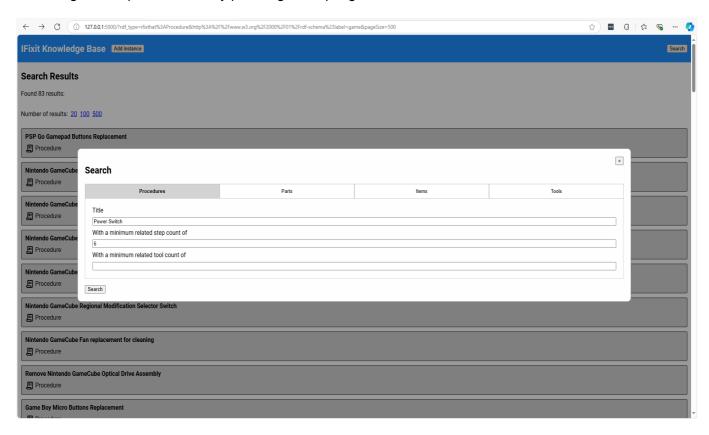
User guide

Searching the knowledge graph

When you open the app, you should see the following page:



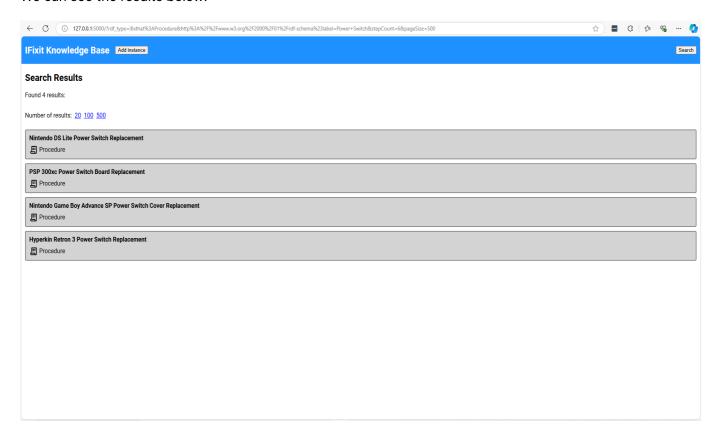
This is the search page without any query present- it will just present assorted items. We can refine this by searching. Let's open the form by pressing the top-right 'Search' button.



The search form allows you to search through procedures, parts, items, and tools. Each one has a different form, but for our case we'll only search through procedures. This query searches for:

- Forms that have the term 'Power switch' in their name, and
- Forms that have 6 or more steps

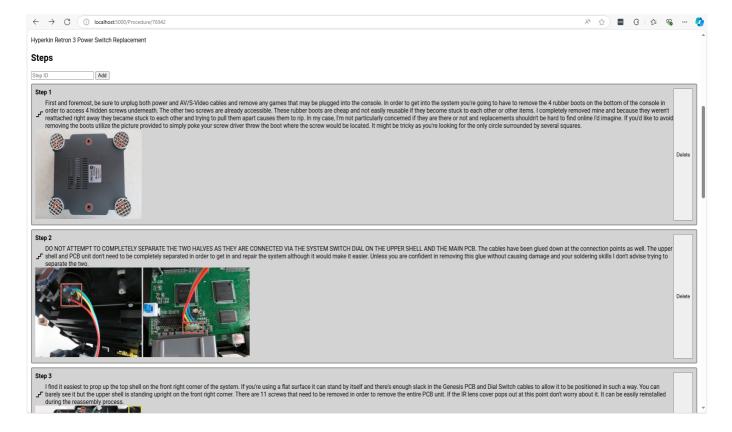
We can see the results below:



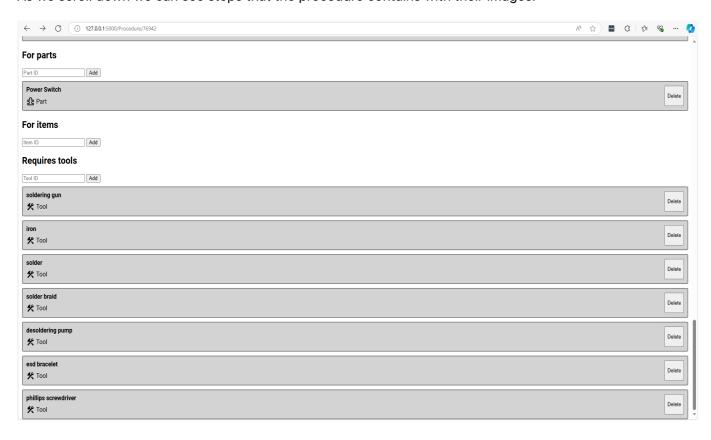
Let's click on 'Hyperkin Retron 3 Power Switch Replacement'.



When we view our guide, we can see that PyShacl has detected two errors on this page. The errors claim that there is no value for 'supplierUrl' on tools 149 and 150.



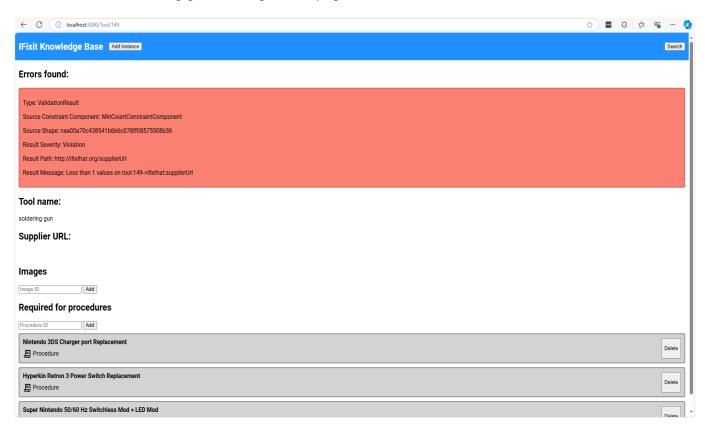
As we scroll down we can see steps that the procedure contains with their images.



After the steps, we can see what parts, items, and tools this procedure is for. This procedure operates on the 'Power Switch' part (presumably for the Hyperkin Retron 3). We can click on that block to navigate to the part, but we won't do that for now. Instead we can hover the tools to reveal the hovered link (see in bottom left corner) to discover that 'soldering gun' and 'iron' are tools 149 and 150!

Editing instances in the knowledge graph

Let's click on the soldering gun tool to go to it's page:



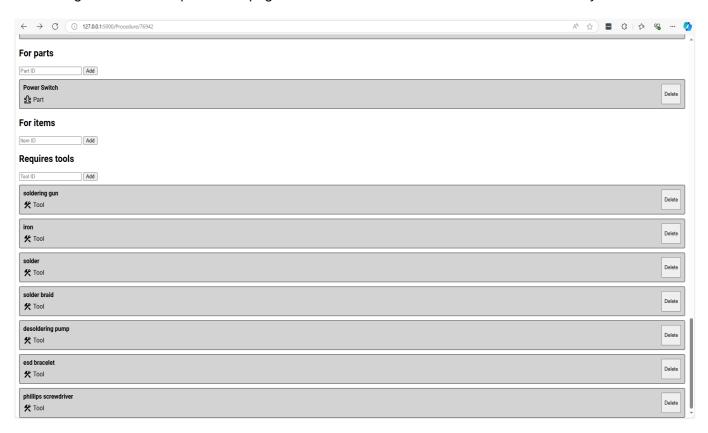
We can see the error is reiterated here, and indeed the supplier URL is empty. Let's adjust it to a URL of our choosing.



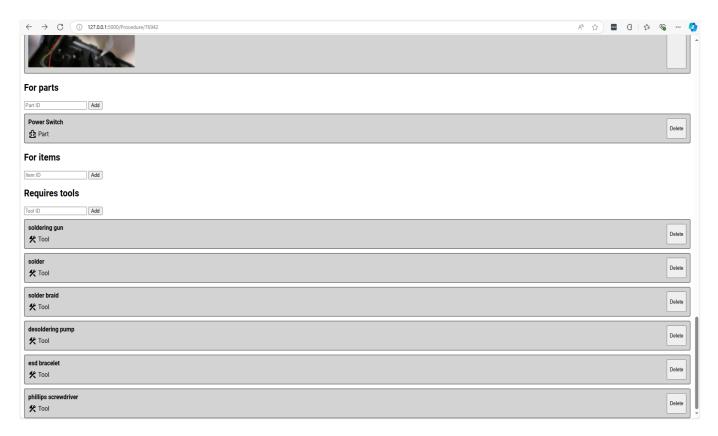
Reloading the page will verify that the changes have persisted. The error will remain until we restart the application- performing a SHACL validation every API query is not feasible for us.

Deleting instances in the knowledge graph

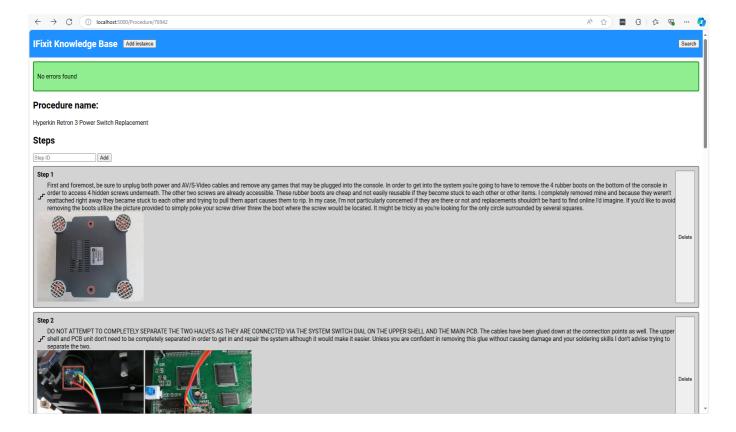
Let's navigate back to our procedure page and deal with the other invalid tool a different way.



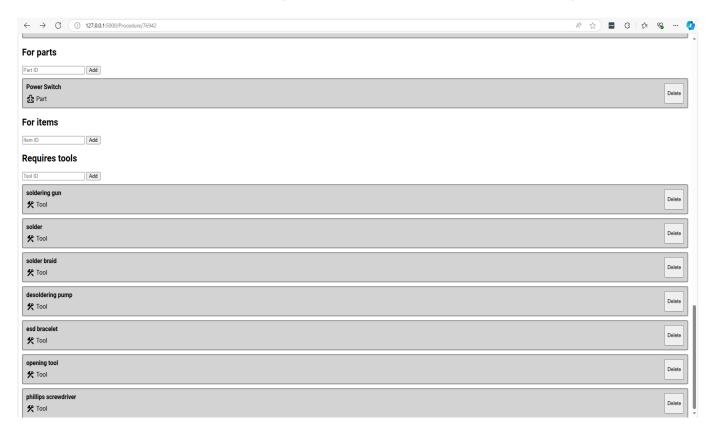
Hit the 'delete' button to remove the link to the 'iron' tool.



If we restart the application, we can now see that all validation has passed for this procedure!

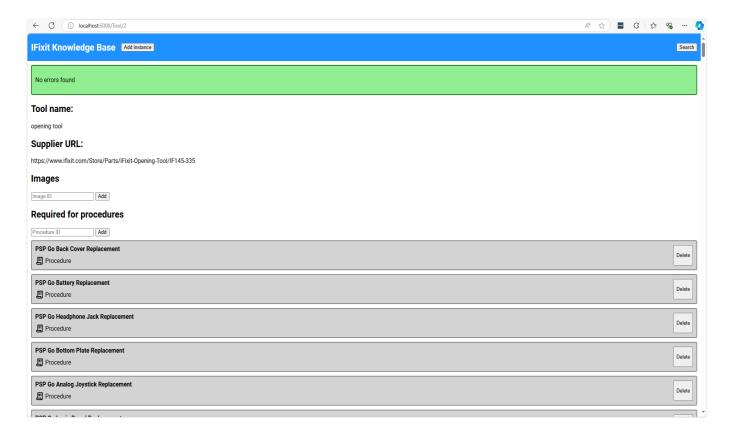


We can also delete an instance by pressing the 'Delete Procedure' button and confirming the modal.

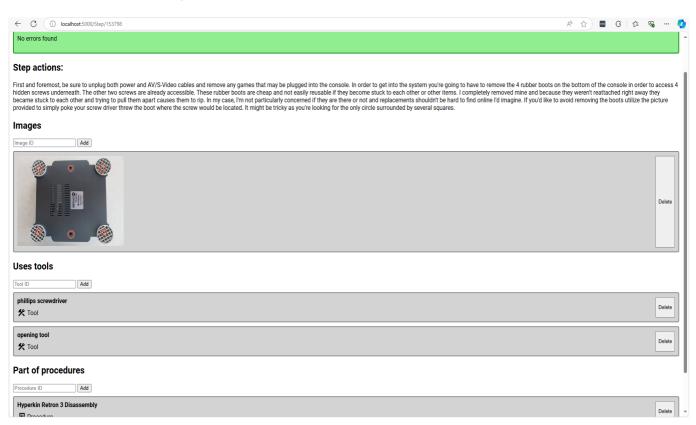


Adding new instances to the knowledge graph

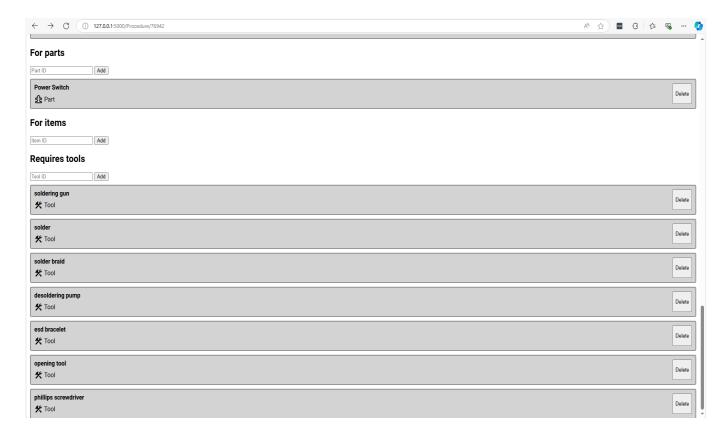
Let's add a new tool to the first step of our procedure. To add a tool, we'll need the id of the tool we're adding. To get the id, we look at the url on a tool view page. We'll add an 'opening tool' as a required tool for the first step of this procedure.



Click on the 'Step 1' link to go to the step, type in the tool id (2) and press 'Add' to add the tool to the step.



After we restart the application, we can also see SWRL has inferred that this tool is required for the procedure as well.



Instances can also be added by pressing the 'Add instance' button on the navigation header. This will open a model which will allow you to create a new instance unconnected to anything else in the knowledge graph.

Modifying the ontology

To add new rules to the ontology, add the rule in Conjuctive Normal Form to the swrl.txt file on a single line. The rule will be applied to the reasoner on the next start of the Flask application.

Ontology structure

Overview

The following is the structure of the schemas for each entity in the ontology, as well as some examples for each class and property. Each concept has a namespace associated with it.

Concept	Description		
Procedure	A set of steps that describe how to repair or assemble a specific item. Procedures involve tools, parts, and sometimes Images to guide the user.		
Item	The primary appliance being repaired or assembled. Items can have parts and sub-items.		
Part	A component of an item that may need to be replaced or repaired.		
Tool	An instrument used in a procedure to perform a task. Procedures need tools for certain steps.		
Step	An individual action in a procedure that describes how to perform part of the task.		

Concept	Description
Image	Visual documentation associated with a Tool, or possibly to clarify steps within a
	procedure.

Procedure schema

RDF property	Description	Example value	
PROCEDURE: <id></id>	URI representing the Procedure.	PROCEDURE#12811	
RDF.type	Concept type (always Procedure here)	IFIXTHAT.Procedure	
RDFS:label	The name of the procedure	"New Nintendo 2DS XL Front Buttons Replacement"	
IFIXTHAT:subProcedureOf	A Procedure for which this Procedure's steps are a subset of	PROCEDURE#62492	
IFIXTHAT:requiresTool	A Tool that is needed to complete the Steps of a Procedure	TOOL:Phillips_00_Screwdriver	
IFIXTHAT:guideOf	An Item / Part this Procedure is written for	PART:New_Nintendo_2DS_XL_Front_Buttons	
IFIXTHAT:hasStep	A Step, with their order in this Procedure's list of Steps	IFIXTHAT#orderedstep5962	

In order to store Steps in an ordered list, an intermediate class was also created, called OrderedStep. It has the Schema:

RDF property	Description	Example value
IFIXTHAT# <id></id>	URI representing the OrderedStep	IFIXTHAT#orderedstep2
RDF.type	Concept type (always OrderedStep here)	IFIXTHAT.OrderedStep
IFIXTHAT:details	The Step linked to the order	STEP#6309
IFIXTHAT:order	The index of the step in the corresponding Procedure's list of steps	1

Item schema

RDF property	Description	Example value	
ITEM# <id></id>	URI representing the Item	ITEM#57	

RDF property	Description	Example value	
RDF.type	Concept type (always Item here)	IFIXTHAT.Item	
RDFS:label	The name of the Item	"Nintendo WaveBird Wireless Controller"	
IFIXTHAT:subCategoryOf	An Item which is a superclass of this Item	ITEM#51	

Part schema

RDF property Description		Example value
PART# <id></id>	URI representing the Part	PART#355
RDF:type	Concept type (always Part here)	IFIXTHAT.Part
RDFS:label	The name of the Part	"Buttons"
IFIXTHAT:partOf	An Item for which this Part is a part of	ITEM#57

Tool schema

RDF property	Description	Example value	
TOOL# <id></id>	URI representing the Tool	TOOL#95	
RDF.type	Concept type (always Tool here)	IFIXTHAT.Tool	
RDFS:label	The name of the Tool	"essential electronics toolkit"	
IFIXTHAT:hasImage	An Image of this Tool	IMAGE#2897	
IFIXTHAT:supplierUrl	The url for which this Tool can be found / bought	"https://www.ifixit.com/Store/Tools/Essential- Electronics-Toolkit/IF145-348"	

Step schema

RDF property	Description	Example value
STEP# <id></id>	URI representing the Step	STEP#58074
RDF.type	Concept type (always Step here)	IFIXTHAT.Step
IFIXTHAT:hasImage	An Image corresponding to this Step	IMAGE#2902

RDF property	Description	Example value
IFIXTHAT:usesTool	A tool that needs to be used in this Step	TOOL#2
IFIXTHAT:actions	The description of actions that need to be carried out for this Step	"Wedge a plastic opening tool into the case-splittings and pull down to crack open the casing near the following buttons: "'Share'" button "'Options'" button Split the plastic covers of the controller apart, taking note that they will still be attached by circuit board ribbons. Three small pieces are often released from the framework. To prevent loss, maintain a controlled work field. 2 Trigger Springs 1 Grey Reset Button Extension"

Image schema

RDF property	Description	Example value
IMAGE# <id></id>	URI representing the Image	Image#2904
RDF.type	Concept type (always Image here)	IFIXTHAT.Image
IFIXTHAT.dataURL	The URL location of the Image on the internet	"https://d3nevzfk7ii3be.cloudfront.net/igi/NnxolLTrl2FnxVDa.standard"

Building the ontology

To build the ontology from the Game Console.json data (sourced from MyFixit), run python ontology.py. This will generate the ontology.owl file.

Validating the ontology

To validate the ontology, run python validate.py. There will be some errors that show up with required supplier URLs- this is so we can demonstrate the website error detection system.

Running test queries

To run test queries, run python query.py.