Double-click (or enter) to edit

```
**Heart Disease Prediction**
```

Heart Disease Prediction

```
Start coding or generate with AI.
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import rcParams
from matplotlib.cm import rainbow
%matplotlib inline
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Here I will be experimenting with 3 algorithms of Machine Learning

1. KNeighborsClassifier
2. DecisionTreeClassifier
3. RandomForestClassifier

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('/content/dataset.csv')
```

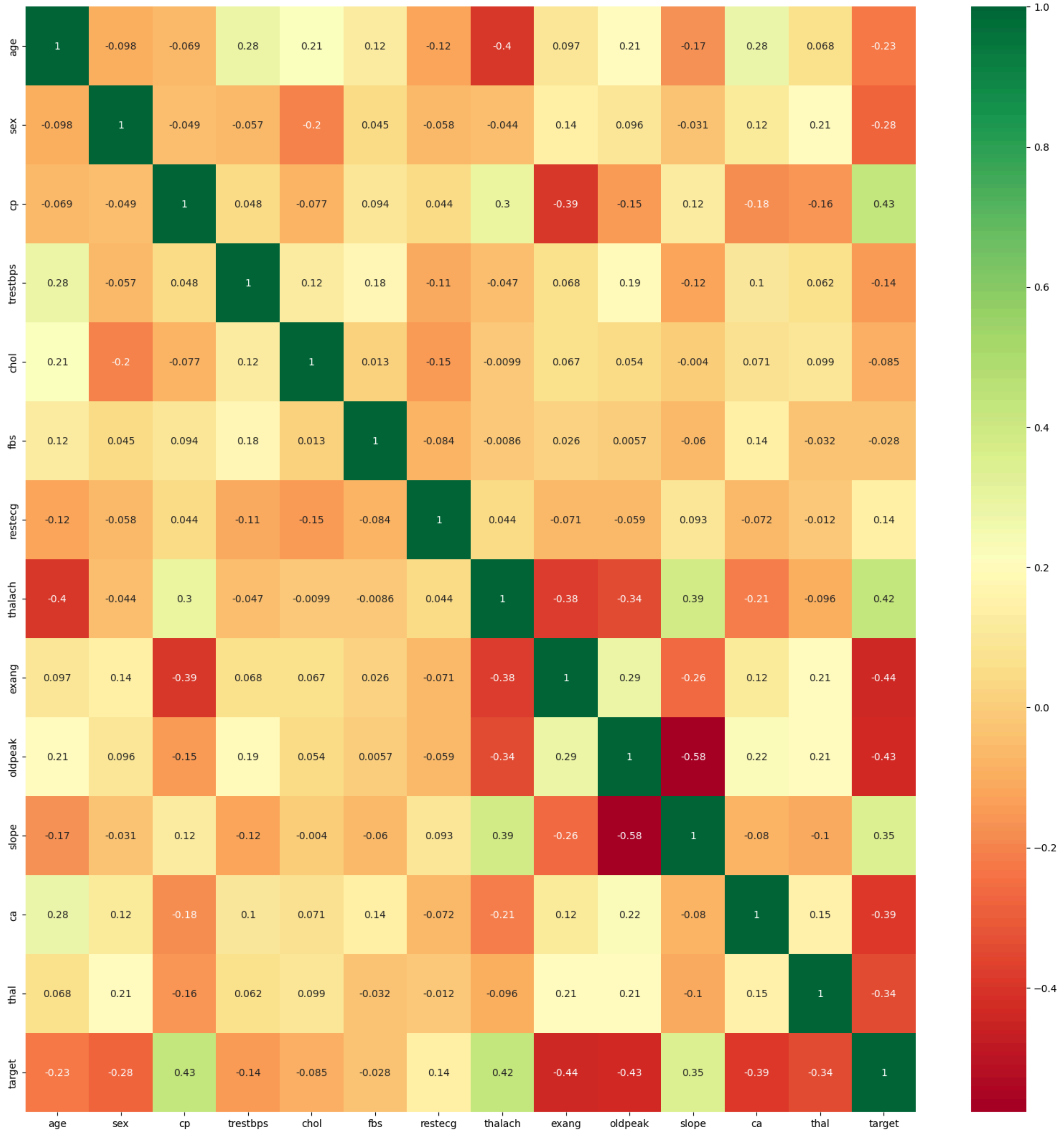
```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 303 entries, 0 to 302
Data columns (total 14 columns):
 #   Column    Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  ------    --------------  -----  
 0   age       303 non-null    int64  
 1   sex       303 non-null    int64  
 2   cp        303 non-null    int64  
 3   trestbps  303 non-null    int64  
 4   chol      303 non-null    int64  
 5   fbs       303 non-null    int64  
 6   restecg   303 non-null    int64  
 7   thalach   303 non-null    int64  
 8   exang     303 non-null    int64  
 9   oldpeak   303 non-null    float64
 10  slope     303 non-null    int64  
 11  ca        303 non-null    int64  
 12  thal      303 non-null    int64  
 13  target    303 non-null    int64  
dtypes: float64(1), int64(13)
memory usage: 33.3 KB
```

```
df.describe()
```

Feature Selection

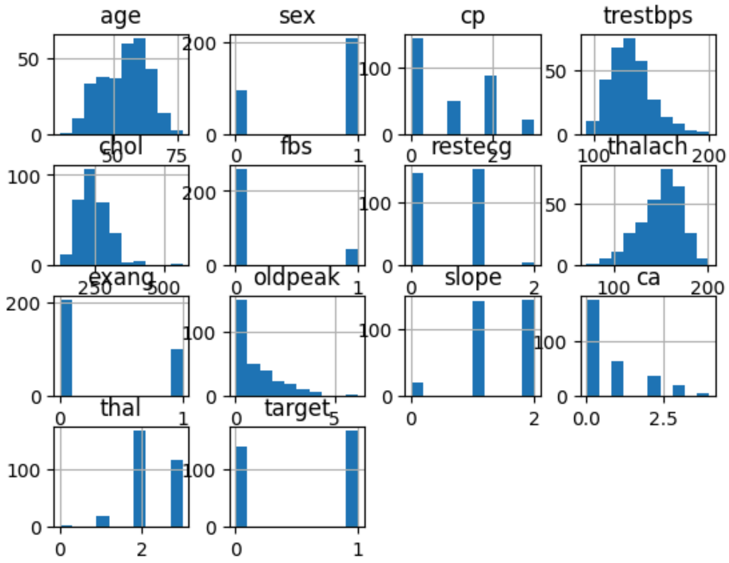
```
import seaborn as sns
#get correlations of each features in dataset
corrmat = df.corr()
top_corr_features = corrmat.index
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
#plot heat map
g=sns.heatmap(df[top_corr_features].corr(),annot=True,cmap="RdYlGn")
```



	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target
age	1	-0.098	-0.069	0.28	0.21	0.12	-0.12	-0.4	0.097	0.21	-0.17	0.28	0.068	-0.23
sex	-0.098	1	-0.049	-0.057	-0.2	0.045	-0.058	-0.044	0.14	0.096	-0.031	0.12	0.21	-0.28
cp	-0.069	-0.049	1	0.048	-0.077	0.094	0.044	0.3	-0.39	-0.15	0.12	-0.18	-0.16	0.43
trestbps	0.28	-0.057	0.048	1	0.12	0.18	-0.11	-0.047	0.068	0.19	-0.12	0.1	0.062	-0.14
chol	0.21	-0.2	-0.077	0.12	1	0.013	-0.15	-0.0099	0.067	0.054	-0.004	0.071	0.099	-0.085
fbs	0.12	0.045	0.094	0.18	0.013	1	-0.084	-0.0086	0.026	0.0057	-0.06	0.14	-0.032	-0.028
restecg	-0.12	-0.058	0.044	-0.11	-0.15	-0.084	1	0.044	-0.071	-0.059	0.093	-0.072	-0.012	0.14
thalach	-0.4	-0.044	0.3	-0.047	-0.0099	-0.0086	0.044	1	-0.38	-0.34	0.39	-0.21	-0.096	0.42
exang	0.097	0.14	-0.39	0.068	0.067	0.026	-0.071	-0.38	1	0.29	-0.26	0.12	0.21	-0.44
oldpeak	0.21	0.096	-0.15	0.19	0.054	0.0057	-0.059	-0.34	0.29	1	-0.58	0.22	0.21	-0.43
slope	-0.17	-0.031	0.12	-0.12	-0.004	-0.06	0.093	0.39	-0.26	-0.58	1	-0.08	-0.1	0.35
ca	0.28	0.12	-0.18	0.1	0.071	0.14	-0.072	-0.21	0.12	0.22	-0.08	1	0.15	-0.39
thal	0.068	0.21	-0.16	0.062	0.099	-0.032	-0.012	-0.096	0.21	0.21	-0.1	0.15	1	-0.34
target	-0.23	-0.28	0.43	-0.14	-0.085	-0.028	0.14	0.42	-0.44	-0.43	0.35	-0.39	-0.34	1

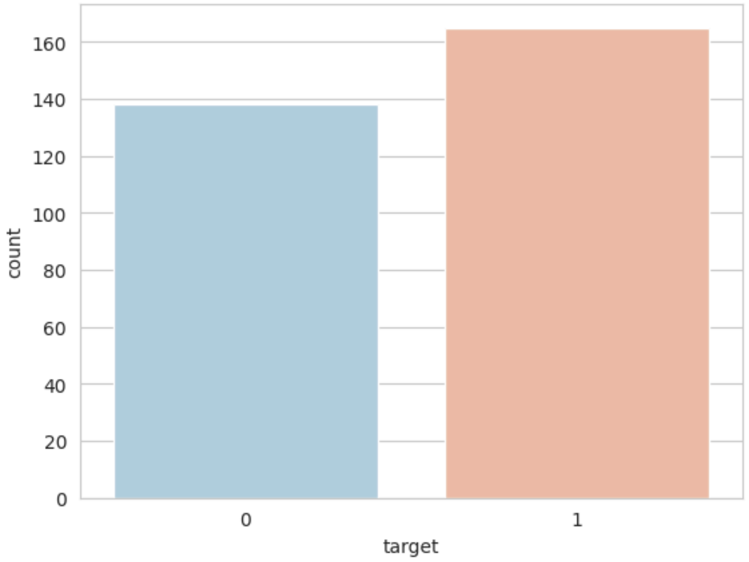
```
df.hist()
```

```
    array([[<Axes: title={'center': 'age'}>, <Axes: title={'center': 'sex'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'cp'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'trestbps'}>],
           [<Axes: title={'center': 'chol'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'fbs'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'restecg'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'thalach'}>],
           [<Axes: title={'center': 'exang'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'oldpeak'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'slope'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'ca'}>],
           [<Axes: title={'center': 'thal'}>,
            <Axes: title={'center': 'target'}>, <Axes: >, <Axes: >]],
          dtype=object)
```



```
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
sns.countplot(x='target',data=df,palette='RdBu_r')
```

```
    <Axes: xlabel='target', ylabel='count'>
```



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```
dataset = pd.get_dummies(df, columns = ['sex', 'cp', 'fbs', 'restecg', 'exang', 'slope', 'ca', 'thal'])
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
standardScaler = StandardScaler()
columns_to_scale = ['age', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'thalach', 'oldpeak']
dataset[columns_to_scale] = standardScaler.fit_transform(dataset[columns_to_scale])
```

```
dataset.head()
```

	age	trestbps	chol	thalach	oldpeak	target	sex_0	sex_1	cp_0	cp_1	...	slope_2	ca_0	ca_1	ca_2	ca_3	ca_
0	0.952197	0.763956	-0.256334	0.015443	1.087338	1	0	1	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	
1	-1.915313	-0.092738	0.072199	1.633471	2.122573	1	0	1	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	
2	-1.474158	-0.092738	-0.816773	0.977514	0.310912	1	1	0	0	1	...	1	1	0	0	0	
3	0.180175	-0.663867	-0.198357	1.239897	-0.206705	1	0	1	0	1	...	1	1	0	0	0	
4	0.290464	-0.663867	2.082050	0.583939	-0.379244	1	1	0	1	0	...	1	1	0	0	0	

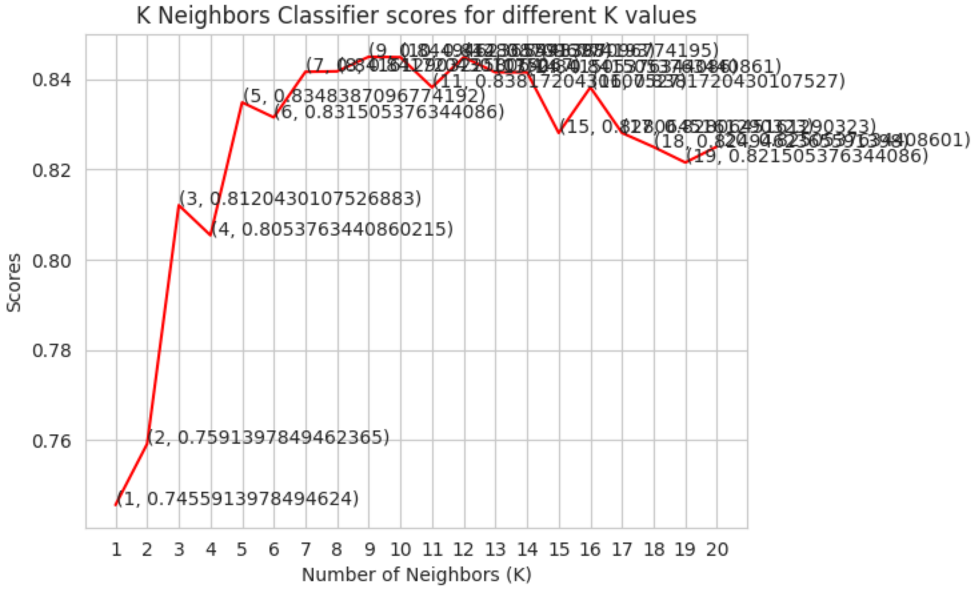
5 rows × 31 columns

```
y = dataset['target']
X = dataset.drop(['target'], axis = 1)
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
knn_scores = []
for k in range(1,21):
    knn_classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = k)
    score=cross_val_score(knn_classifier,X,y,cv=10)
    knn_scores.append(score.mean())
```

```
plt.plot([k for k in range(1, 21)], knn_scores, color = 'red')
for i in range(1,21):
    plt.text(i, knn_scores[i-1], (i, knn_scores[i-1]))
plt.xticks([i for i in range(1, 21)])
plt.xlabel('Number of Neighbors (K)')
plt.ylabel('Scores')
plt.title('K Neighbors Classifier scores for different K values')
```

```
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'K Neighbors Classifier scores for different K values')
```



```
knn_classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = 12)
score=cross_val_score(knn_classifier,X,y,cv=10)
```

```
score.mean()
```

```
0.8448387096774195
```

Random Forest Classifier

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```