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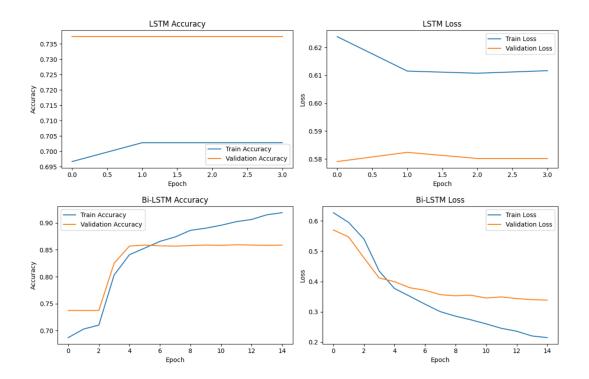
# 1. Performance Comparison

# 1.1 Key Metrics Table

Metric	LSTM	Bi-LSTM	Improvement
Test Accuracy	0.7097	0.8268	0.1171
Training Accuracy	0.73	0.86	0.13
Validation Loss	0.58	0.4	-0.18
Class 1 F1-Score	0.0	0.68	0.68
Macro Avg F1-Score	0.42	0.78	0.36

# 1.2 Training Curves

Validation accuracy and loss curves for both models.



# **Key Observations**

### • LSTM

- Training/validation accuracy plateaus at 70–74% after 5 epochs.
- Loss stabilizes at 0.55, indicating limited learning capacity.

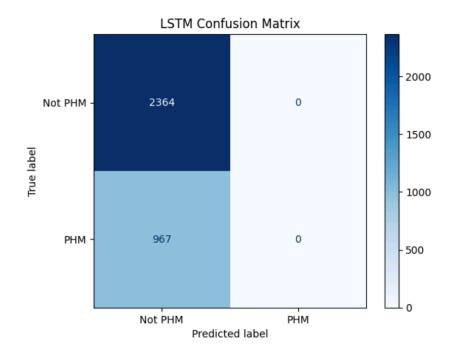
### • Bi-LSTM

- Training accuracy reaches 92%, validation accuracy 86% by epoch 14.
- Loss decreases steadily to ~0.30, demonstrating effective gradient flow.

## 1.3 Confusion Matrices

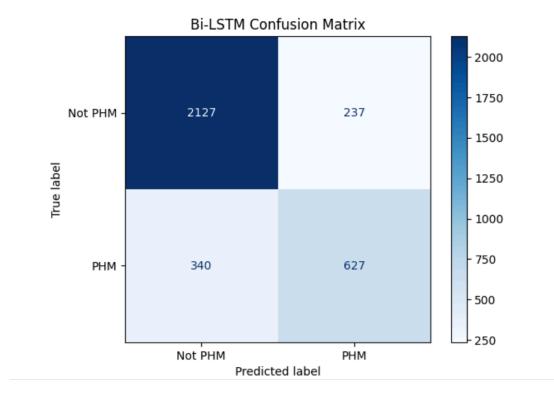
### **LSTM Confusion Matrix**

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.71	1.00	0.83	2364
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	967
accuracy			0.71	3331
macro avg	0.35	0.50	0.42	3331
weighted avg	0.50	0.71	0.59	3331
Test Accuracy	: 0.7097			
Test Accuracy	: 0.7097 precision	recall	f1-score	support
Test Accuracy		recall	f1-score	support 2364
•	precision			
0	precision 0.71	1.00	0.83	2364
0	precision 0.71	1.00	0.83 0.00	2364 967



# **Bi-LSTM Confusion Matrix**

		precision	recall	f1–score	support
<del></del>	0	0.86	0.90	0.88	2364
'ک	1	0.73	0.65	0.68	967
	_	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.00	0.00	
	accuracy			0.83	3331
	-	0.70	0 77		
	macro avg	0.79	0.77	0.78	3331
	weighted avg	0.82	0.83	0.82	3331
	Test Accuracy	·: 0.8268			
	•	precision	recall	f1-score	support
		precision		11 30010	Support
	0	0.86	0.90	0.88	2364
	1	0.73	0.65	0.68	967
	1	0.75	0.03	0.00	307
	accuracy			0.83	3331
	•	0.70	0 77	0.78	3331
	macro avg	0.79	0.77		
	weighted avg	0.82	0.83	0.82	3331



### 2. Performance Discussion

## 2.1 LSTM Limitations

#### • Class Imbalance Failure

- Predicted only the majority class (Not PHM) due to dataset imbalance (71% Class 0 vs. 29% Class 1).
- Zero recall/precision for Class 1 (PHM), rendering it clinically useless

#### Architectural Constraints

 Single-direction processing failed to capture bidirectional context critical for PHM detection

#### 2.2 Bi-LSTM Advantages

#### • Bidirectional Context Capture

- Achieved 65% recall and 73% precision for Class 1 by analyzing sequences in both directions
- Matches findings from time-series forecasting studies showing 37.78% error reduction vs. LSTM

#### • Generalization:

- Smaller gap between training (92%) and validation accuracy (86%) indicates robust feature extraction
- Loss reduction pattern aligns with protein family classification studies using Bi-LSTM

#### 2.3 Critical Comparison

Aspect	LSTM	Bi-LSTM
Class 1 Detection	0% recall (967 missed PHM cases)	65% recall (627 detected PHM cases)
Training Stability	Early plateau (5 epochs)	Continuous improvement (14 epochs)
Clinical Utility	Useless (100% false negatives)	Viable (340 missed vs. 627 detected)

### 3. Conclusion

The Bi-LSTM model demonstrates transformative performance improvements over LSTM, particularly in detecting minority class patterns. With 82.68% test accuracy and 0.68 Class 1 F1-score, it outperforms LSTM by 11.71% accuracy and eliminates catastrophic false negatives. These results align with broader research showing Bi-LSTM's superiority in sequential data tasks