

ASSIGNMENT-3

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1 Question:-

In $\triangle ABC$, $a=6$, $\angle B = 60^\circ$ and $b-c=2$. sketch the triangle.

2 Solution:-

Given, $a=6$, $\angle B = 60^\circ$ and $b-c=2$.

Using triangle inequality property, (To check possibility of triangle.)

$$b + c > a \quad (1)$$

but,

$$b - c = 2 \quad (2)$$

$$b = c + 2$$

Therefore,

$$2c + 2 > a$$

$$2(c + 1) > 6$$

$$c > 2$$

Also using 2) eq, $c = b - 2$

Therefore,

$$2b - 2 > a$$

$$2(b - 1) > 6$$

$$b > 4$$

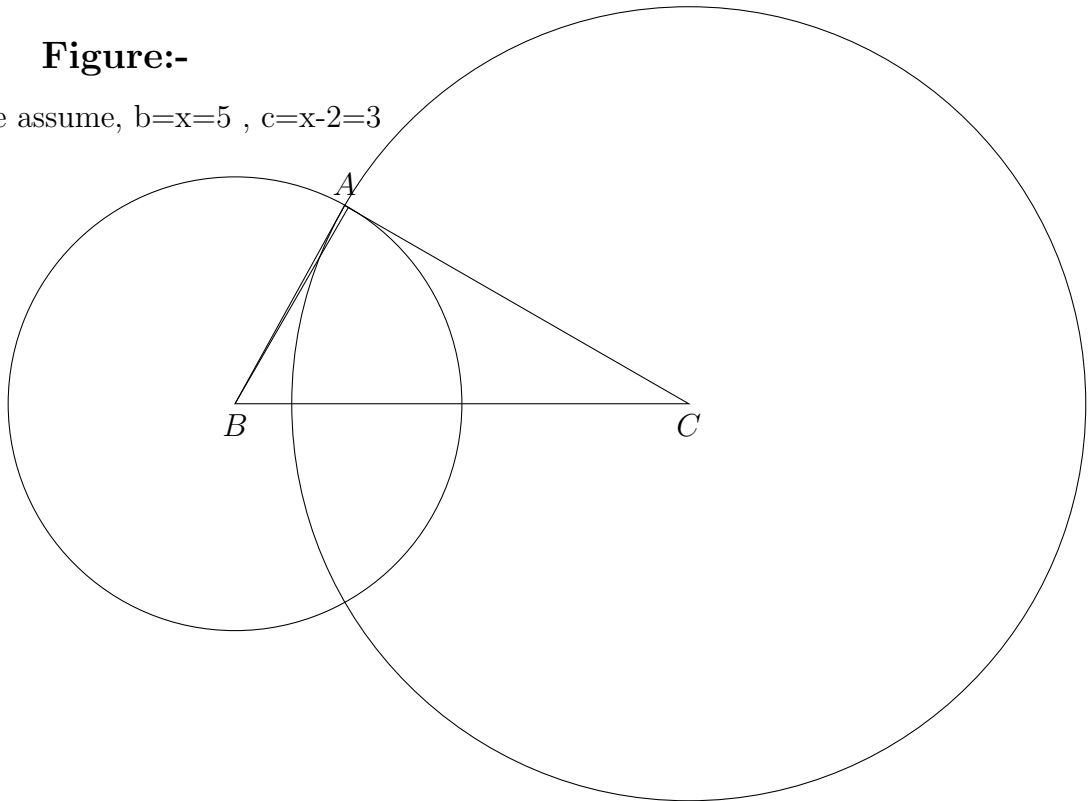
Hence, $\triangle ABC$ is having sides:- $a=6$, $b > 4$, $c > 2$.

2.1 Steps of Construction:-

- Draw a line BC of length $a=6$.
- Taking B as centre draw a line at 60° with BC.
- Taking C as centre draw an arc at the distance of as $b=x$.
- Name the point where the arc and above line intersect as A.
- Join AB and AC.
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- Therefore, $BC=a=6$, $AC=b=x=5$ (say), $AB=c=x-2=3$ (say)

2.2 Figure:-

Here assume, $b=x=5$, $c=x-2=3$



2.3 Conclusion:-

So with given parameters as $a=6$, $\angle B=60^\circ$, $b-c=2$
we can have many no of triangles but these triangles are possible only when

$b > 4$ and $c > 2$.