Human-Following Ackermann v2 — Refactor to OAK-D Pro W

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0) Executive Summary

- **Objective:** Upgrade the prior human-following Ackermann robot (v1) to reliably track **one person among many** while reducing Jetson load.
- Approach: Offload perception to OAK-D Pro W (Myriad X) running a Spatial MobileNet-SSD; add a lightweight IOU DeepSORT tracker; retain the proven L5/L4 layered control with Teensy 4.1 actuation.
- Safety & Robustness: Stationary SEARCH/RECOVER (no motion), serial auto-reconnect on USB drops, bounded runtime flag for tests, capped PWM, and scalable dual preview (RGB + Depth).
- Results: Stable person lock with low Jetson usage; tighter right turns via asymmetric steering gains and non-linear mapping; unchanged ASCII protocol to Teensy; clean STUB→LIVE runbooks.
- **Deliverables:** A reorganized package hf_ackermann/ ready for reuse, plus this report documenting architecture, parameters, tests, and future work.

1) Background & Motivation

v1 summary. The previous build transformed a failed RC toy into a research robot: Jetson Orin Nano for perception/decision (L5), Teensy 4.1 for actuation/safety (L3), and a simple ASCII protocol (L4). It followed a single person reliably but **could not lock onto one human** if multiple people entered the frame.

v2 goals. 1. Resolve multi-person ambiguity via per-person IDs.

- 2. **Reduce Jetson load** by moving heavy CV to the vision sensor.
- 3. Preserve the **safe**, **layered** control split and the exact L4 ASCII protocol to avoid firmware churn.

Key change: Replace Arducam/PiNSight with **OAK-D Pro W**; implement a lightweight, IOU-only DeepSORT to keep stable track_id while minimizing compute.

2) System Architecture (L5→L1)

What's new in v2 - On-device **Spatial NN** (x,y,z) from OAK-D; Jetson only does tracking + L5.

- **Dual preview**: RGB with overlays + depth false-color (scalable).
- Stationary SEARCH/RECOVER (no peeking) for safety and clarity.
- Asymmetric steering (right boosted) and gamma-shaped turn mapping.
- Serial auto-reconnect & bounded runtime for robust testing.

3) Hardware Overview

- Compute: NVIDIA Jetson (Orin Nano or better).
- Camera: OAK-D Pro W (wide FOV), Myriad X.
- Controller: Teensy 4.1 (Cortex-M7, 600 MHz).
- **Drivers:** BTS7960 (drive axles), BTS7980 (steering).
- **Power:** Dual 3S LiPo, separate regulators; common ground; shielded USB to Teensy.

Note: Keep OAK-D and high-current returns cleanly separated; add ferrites to USB if needed.

4) Software Architecture

4.1 Vision (OAK-D On-Device)

- Pipeline: ColorCamera 1080p + StereoDepth (aligned to RGB) →
 MobileNetSpatialDetectionNetwork @ 300×300.
- Outputs per detection: bbox_px, confidence, label, spatialCoordinates.{x,y,z} in mm.
- VisionBus payload to L5: {track_id, offx∈[-1..1], area∈[0..1], quality, z_m (m), ts}.
- Preview (when enabled): Composite window [RGB annotated | Depth false-color], scalable via --show-scale.
- Hotkeys: 1 lock nearest, r release, q/ESC guit (optional s STOP, c CENTER if wired).

4.2 Tracking (Lightweight DeepSORT)

- IOU-only association with max_age, iou_threshold, hit_streak → sticky IDs at minimal compute cost.
- Optional heavy wrapper (deep-sort-realtime) available but off by default on Jetson.

4.3 Decision (L5) — FSM

States: INIT → SEARCH → ACQUIRE → FOLLOW → FAULT - **SEARCH / RECOVER: stationary**; on entry: STOP + CENTER once; wait for a valid target.

- **ACQUIRE:** quick steering impulses to bring target toward center; short forward nudges if far.
- FOLLOW: Steering: non-linear mapping from |offx| with exponent arc_gamma and a minimum turn PWM; asymmetric left/right gains & caps (right boosted).
- **Distance:** prefer **depth z**_m (target-z), else **area** (target-area ± tol).
- **FAULT:** triggered by L4 disconnects; L5 stops issuing motion, then attempts **auto-reconnect** with backoff; on success: STOP + CENTER and resume SEARCH.

4.4 Interface (L4) — ASCII Protocol (unchanged)

- Commands: STOP, CENTER, DRIVE F|B <pwm> <ms>, ARC L|R <pwm> <ms> <U|H>.
- Replies: OK, DONE <ARC | DRIVE>, ERR <...>, TELEM drive=<...> steer=<...> L=<...>
 R=<...> t=<...>.
- **Timing:** 115200 baud; read timeout ≈ 0.05 s; cmd timeout ≈ 2 s; DONE timeout ≈ 3 s (or by duration).

• **Robustness:** auto-detect Teensy; **auto-reconnect** on SerialException; resume in SEARCH.

5) Repository Layout (v2)

```
hf ackermann/
 app.py
                                # CLI entry: STUB/LIVE, vision source,
tuning flags
 control/
   rc layer4.py
                              # L4 serial client (ASCII, OK/DONE/TELEM,
reconnect)
                               # L5 FSM (stationary SEARCH), steering
   rc_layer5.py
shaping, distance logic
 vision/
   vision_oakd_onboard.py # OAK-D spatial NN + depth + composite
preview
   vision_pinsight_legacy.py # Legacy fallback (non-spatial)
 tracking/
   deepsort_iou.py
                              # Lightweight IOU tracker (default)
   deepsort_heavy.py
                             # Optional wrapper for deep-sort-realtime
 tests/
   test 14 smoke.py
                              # OK/DONE/TELEM smoke
   test_l4_fault.py
                              # L4 disconnect → auto-reconnect (mocked)
scripts/
 run_stub_oakd.sh
                              # safe preview, no motion
 run_live_oakd.sh
                                # hardware-in-loop (wheels-up first!)
requirements.txt, README.md, LICENSE
```

6) Interfaces & Protocols

6.1 Command Protocol (Jetson → Teensy)

```
STOP\n
CENTER\n
DRIVE F 190 240\n
DRIVE B 140 150\n
ARC L 220 180 U\n
ARC R 220 180 U\n
```

6.2 Telemetry Protocol (Teensy → Jetson)

```
OK\n
DONE DRIVE\n
TELEM drive=1 steer=2 L=497 R=1022 t=25090824\n
```

drive/steer are state codes; L/R are sensor counts; t is uptime ms.

7) Control Parameters (defaults)

7.1 Steering & Turn Shaping

Parameter	Default	Purpose
deadband_x	0.16	Ignore small offsets to avoid chatter
arc_gamma	1.6	Non-linear turn shaping for large errors
pwm_turn_min	140	Enforce decisive minimum turn
k_arc_pwm_left	700	Left turn gain
k_arc_pwm_right	820	Right turn boosted
arc_pwm_cap_left	250	Max left arc PWM
arc_pwm_cap_right	300	Max right arc PWM
arc_impulse_ms_left	180 ms	Left arc duration
arc_impulse_ms_right	200 ms	Right arc duration
steer_bias	0.00	Optional static offset (normalize drift)

7.2 Distance & Motion

Parameter	Default	Purpose
target_z_m	(off)	Preferred distance (m) if depth available
target_area	0.18	Fallback distance via bbox area
area_tol	0.04	Area band around target
k_drive_pwm	2200	Forward PWM gain (capped)
max_drive_pwm	190	Safety cap for drive
drive_impulse_ms	240 ms	Forward impulse duration
back_pwm	140	Reverse PWM for back-off
<pre>back_impulse_ms</pre>	150 ms	Reverse impulse duration

7.3 Robustness

Parameter	Default	Notes
search_mode	idle	SEARCH/RECOVER are stationary
show-scale	0.5-0.6	Smaller preview window
max-seconds	(off)	Bounded runtime for tests

All are exposed via CLI flags in app.py for runtime tuning.

8) Setup & Runbook

8.1 Environment

```
python3 -m venv .venv && source .venv/bin/activate pip install -r requirements.txt % \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1
```

OAK-D probe

```
python - <<'PY'
import depthai as dai
with dai.Device() as d:
    print('OAK-D connected:', d.getDeviceName(), d.getMxId())
PY</pre>
```

8.2 STUB (safe, no motion)

```
./scripts/run_stub_oakd.sh
# or
python -m hf_ackermann.app --mode STUB --vision OAKD --show 1 --max-seconds 8
```

8.3 LIVE (hardware-in-loop)

Safety: first runs wheels-up on a stand; ensure serial permissions (dialout).

```
./scripts/run_live_oakd.sh
# or
python -m hf_ackermann.app --mode LIVE --vision OAKD --show 1 --max-seconds
10
```

If auto-detect fails: --port /dev/ttyACM0 (or a udev symlink /dev/teensy).

9) Validation & Observations

- **Stationary SEARCH:** verified no ARC/DRIVE while waiting; transitions to ACQUIRE on fresh target.
- FOLLOW: decisive turns, especially to the right (boosted gains/caps);
 depth-preferred distance with smooth back-off when close.
- Serial robustness: induced disconnects yield [FAULT] → auto-reconnect → STOP +
 CENTER → back to SEARCH without crash.
- Multi-person: lock persists via track_id; 1/r hotkeys control target selection.

Representative telemetry

```
TELEM drive=1 steer=2 L=497 R=1022 t=25090824 [FOLLOW] steer arcright pwm=220
```

```
TELEM drive=1 steer=2 L=526 R=1021 t=25091024 [FOLLOW] stale → center once
```

10) Risk & Limitations

- No wheel encoders → open-loop velocity; rely on depth/area and impulses.
- Donor wiring caps drive PWM to 190 for thermal safety; revisit after loom upgrade.
- IOU-only tracker can ID-swap under heavy, long occlusions (lock + stationary SEARCH mitigates most cases).
- Depth noise possible in strong sun/low-texture scenes; consider median filtering or depth caps.

11) Tuning Guide

- **Right turns weak?** Increase --k-arc-right, --cap-right, --impulse-right; optionally raise --pwm-turn-min and --arc-gamma.
- Over-steer/oscillation? Increase --deadband-x by +0.02 or lower --arc-gamma (1.4–1.6).
- Far off-center? Increase --arc-gamma (e.g., 1.8) and/or --pwm-turn-min.
- **Depth-first following:** set --target-z 1.2 (example), otherwise use --target-area/--area-tol.

12) Future Work

- Appearance embeddings (heavy DeepSORT) when compute budget allows.
- Add encoders + basic odometry; consider SLAM for navigation.
- Wiring/driver upgrades to lift PWM caps safely.
- systemd auto-start (STUB by default), simple web telemetry, and a udev rule for /dev/teensy.

Appendix A — CLI Flags (selected)

```
--mode {STUB,LIVE}
--vision {OAKD,FAKE,PINSIGHT}
--port /dev/ttyACM0
--show {0,1} --show-scale 0.5
```

```
--max-seconds 10

# Steering & distance
--deadband-x 0.16
--arc-gamma 1.6
--pwm-turn-min 140
--k-arc-left 700 --k-arc-right 820
--cap-left 250 --cap-right 300
--impulse-left 180 --impulse-right 200
--steer-bias 0.00
--target-z 1.2
--target-area 0.18 --area-tol 0.04
```

Appendix B — Serial Protocol Examples

```
> ARC R 220 180 U
< OK
< DONE ARC

> DRIVE F 190 240
< OK
< DONE DRIVE
< TELEM drive=1 steer=2 L=615 R=1022 t=25091724</pre>
```

Appendix C — Safety Checklist

- Start in **STUB**; only then run **LIVE** (wheels-up).
- Use --max-seconds during tests to avoid endless runs.
- Confirm TELEM rate (~5 Hz), caps (max_drive_pwm, arc_pwm_cap_*).
- Verify **auto-reconnect** path by briefly replugging USB (observe FAULT→recover).
- Keep grounds clean; use short, shielded USB.