

*I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System.*

**1. Convert the following numbers to decimal:**

- a.  $0101\ 1001_2 = 89 ((0)2^7 + (1)2^6 + (0)2^5 + (1)2^4 + (1)2^3 + (0)2^2 + (0)2^1 + (1)2^0)$
- b.  $1011\ 1000_2 = -72 ((1)(-128) + (0)2^6 + (1)2^5 + (1)2^4 + (1)2^3 + (0)2^2 + (0)2^1 + (0)2^0)$
- c.  $1100\ 1001_2 = -55 ((1)(-128) + (1)2^6 + (0)2^5 + (0)2^4 + (1)2^3 + (0)2^2 + (0)2^1 + (1)2^0)$

**2. Convert the following numbers to binary:**

- a.  $103 = 0110\ 0111_2 (64+32+4+2+1)$
- b.  $-28 = 1110\ 0100_2 (-128+64+32+4)$
- c.  $-97 = 1001\ 1111_2 (-128+16+8+4+2+1)$

**3. Using two's complement with 8 bits, what's the range of numbers that can be represented? Justify your answer.**

- a. The range is -128 to 127. We know that  $1000\ 0000_2$  represents -128 the biggest negative binary and if you add any 1 after, you will receive numbers greater. Meanwhile if you have  $0111\ 1111_2$  which is 127 you cannot put 1 in the first value because it's negative.

**4. Compute the following operations using binary numbers. *Only answers with the binary arithmetic shown will receive credit.***

- a)  $11 + 83$

11	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
83	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
94	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0

- b)  $51 + 68$

51	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
68	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
119	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1

- c)  $19 - 7$

19	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
-7	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
12	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0