Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Branch: REC

Department: I AI & DS FD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & DS



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 5_COD_Question 1

Attempt : 2 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

John is learning about Binary Search Trees (BST) in his computer science class. He wants to create a program that allows users to delete a node with a given value from a BST and print the remaining nodes using an inorder traversal.

Implement a function to help him delete a node with a given value from a BST.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of nodes in the BST.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, representing the values of the BST nodes.

The third line consists of an integer V, which is the value to delete from the BST.

Output Format

The output prints the space-separated values in the BST in an in-order traversal, after the deletion of the specified value.

If the specified value is not available in the tree, print the given input values inorder traversal.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 5
 1051527
 15
 Output: 2 5 7 10
 Answer
 #include <stdio.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
struct TreeNode {
   int data:
  struct TreeNode* left;
   struct TreeNode* right;
 struct TreeNode* createNode(int key) {
   struct TreeNode* newNode = (struct TreeNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct
 TreeNode));
   newNode->data = key;
   newNode->left = newNode->right = NULL;
   return newNode;
 // You are using GCC
struct TreeNode* cn(int val)
```

```
struct TreeNode* nn=(struct TreeNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct TreeNode));
  nn->data=val;
  nn->left=nn->right=NULL
  return nn;
struct TreeNode* insert(struct TreeNode* root, int key) {
  if(!root) return cn(key);
  if(root->data<key) root->right=insert(root->right,key);
  else root->left=insert(root->left,key);
  return root:
}
struct TreeNode* findMin(struct TreeNode* root) {
  while(root->left)
  root=root->left;
  return root;
struct TreeNode* deleteNode(struct TreeNode* root, int key) {
  if(!root) return NULL;
  if(root->data<key) root->right=deleteNode(root->right,key);
  else if(root->data>key) root->left=deleteNode(root->left,key);
  else if(root->data==key){
    if(!root->left){
                                                                           2716241801255
      struct TreeNode* temp=root->right;
      free(root);
       return temp;
    if(!root->right){
       struct TreeNode* temp=root->left;
       free(root);
       return temp;
    struct TreeNode* nn=findMin(root->right);
    root->data=nn->data:
    root->right=deleteNode(root->right,nn->data);
  return root;
```

```
void inorderTraversal(struct TreeNode* root) {
 if(!root) return;
  inorderTraversal(root->left);
  printf("%d ",root->data);
  inorderTraversal(root->right);
int main()
  int N, rootValue, V;
  scanf("%d", &N);
  struct TreeNode* root = NULL;
  for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    int key;
 scanf("%d", &key);
    if (i == 0) rootValue = key;
    root = insert(root, key);
  scanf("%d", &V);
  root = deleteNode(root, V);
  inorderTraversal(root);
  return 0;
}
```

Status: Correct

Marks: 10/10

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