

## Network Engineer. Basic

Проектирование модели сети с использованием dual-стека протоколов IPv4/v6



**Меня хорошо видно  
& слышно?**



# Защита проекта

**Тема: Проектирование модели сети с использованием dual-стека протоколов IPv4/v6**



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Мне 41 год, работаю в сфере IT более 20 лет, последние 7 лет в должности системный администратор.



# План защиты

Цель и задачи проекта

Какие технологии использовались

Что получилось

Выводы

Вопросы и рекомендации

# Цель и задачи проекта

1. Реализовать технологии DHCP, NAT, VLAN в локальной сети:
2. Поднять сервер DHCP ipv4 и ipv6 на маршрутизаторе cisco



## Что планировалось:

1. Создание небольшой сети в эмуляторе CTR
2. Настройка сервера DHCP ipv4 для локальной сети и системы видеонаблюдения
3. Настройка сервера DHCP ipv4\ipv6 для системы отельного телевидения
4. Настройка NAT на роутере, который получает адрес от провайдера
5. Разделение локальной сети на подсети с использованием технологии VLAN
6. Соединение двух сегментов сети с помощью статической маршрутизации
7. Реализация динамической маршрутизации OSPF на сегменте провайдера
8. Поднять туннель GRE от локальной сети до интернет провайдера



# Какие технологии использовались

VLAN

Роутер на палочке

DHCP ipv4\ipv6

NAT

OSPF



# Что получилось

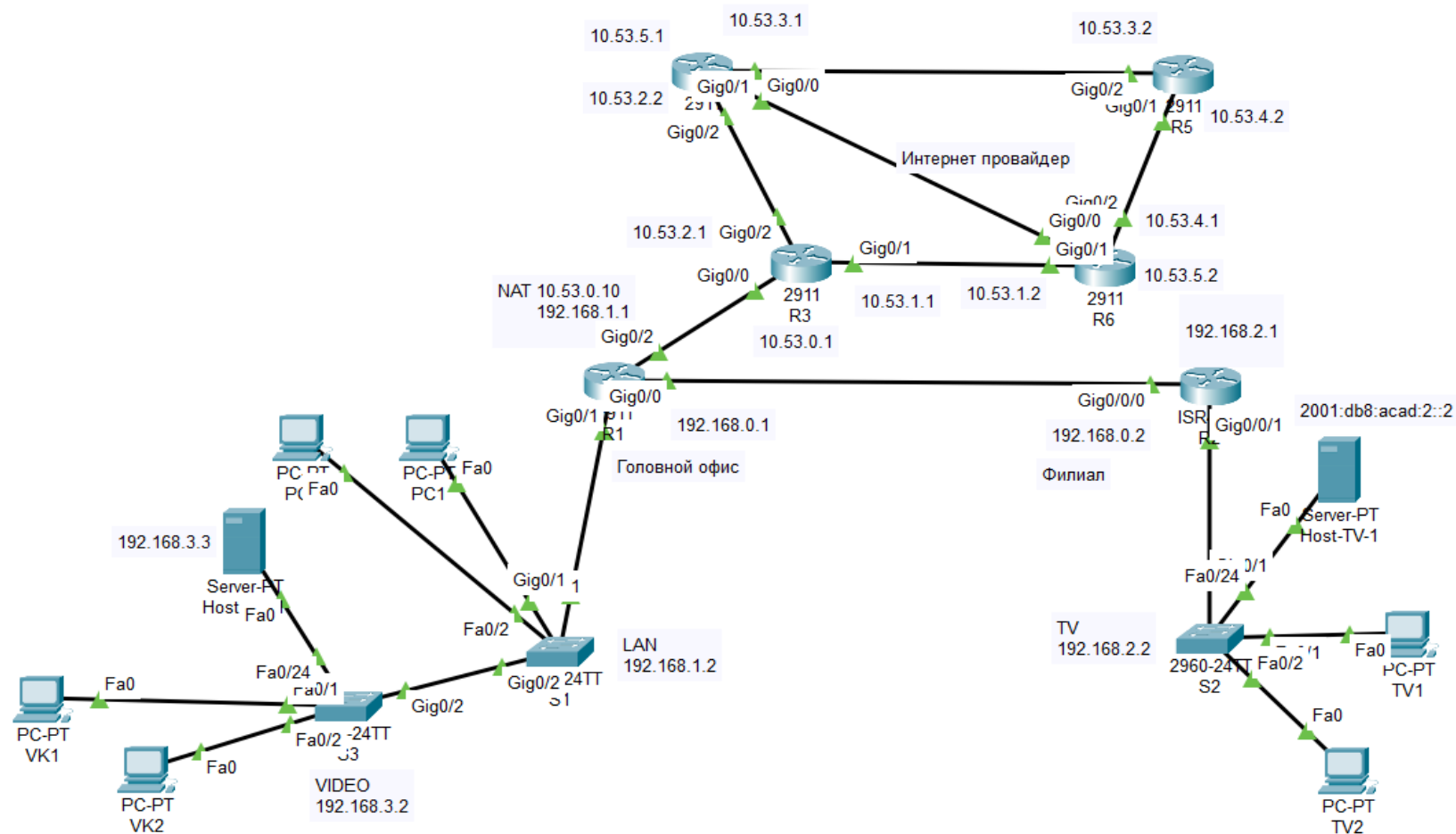
**Разместите на слайде(-ах) артефакты проекта:**

- схемы (архитектура)
- ссылки на файлы в репозитории:  
<https://github.com/SentsovAS/sentsov/tree/main/abs/final>
- скрины экранов
- фото или видео

Либо продемонстрируйте проект отдельно.



# Структурная схема сети



# Таблица адресации

Устройство	Интерфейс	IP-адрес	Маска подсети	Шлюз
R1	G0/0	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	
	G0/1.11	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	
	G0/1.3	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	
	G0/2	10.53.0.10	255.255.255.0	
	Tunel 0	10.0.0.1	255.255.255.0	
R2	G0/0/0	192.168.0.2	255.255.255.0	
	G0/0/1.2	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	
		2001:db8:acad:2::1/64		
		fe80::1		
R3	G0/0	10.53.0.1	255.255.255.0	
	G0/1	10.53.1.1	255.255.255.0	
	G0/2	10.53.2.1	255.255.255.0	
R4	G0/1	10.53.3.1	255.255.255.0	
	G0/2	10.53.2.2	255.255.255.0	
R5	G0/1	10.53.4.2	255.255.255.0	
	G0/2	10.53.3.2	255.255.255.0	
R6	G0/1	10.53.1.2	255.255.255.0	
	G0/2	10.53.4.1	255.255.255.0	



## Таблица адресации

Устройство	Интерфейс	IP-адрес	Маска подсети	Шлюз
S1	VLAN 11	192.168.1.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1
S2	VLAN 2	192.168.2.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1
S3	VLAN 3	192.168.3.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1
PC1	NIC	DHCP	DHCP	DHCP
PC2	NIC	DHCP	DHCP	DHCP
VK1	NIC	DHCP	DHCP	DHCP
VK2	NIC	DHCP	DHCP	DHCP
TV1	NIC	DHCP	DHCP	DHCP
TV2	NIC	DHCP	DHCP	DHCP
Host-VK-1		192.168.3.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1
Host-TV-1		2001:DB8:ACAD:2::2\64		

**VLAN S1** `show vlan` на устройствах Cisco используется для отображения информации о VLAN (виртуальных локальных областях) в коммутаторе. Эта команда крайне полезна для управления и мониторинга конфигурации VLAN в сети.

```
S1#show vlan
```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	
2	TV	active	
3	VIDEO	active	
11	LAN	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2
999	parkimglot	active	Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6 Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10 Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14 Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/18 Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22 Fa0/23, Fa0/24
1000	native	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
2	enet	100002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
11	enet	100011	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
999	enet	100999	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1000	enet	101000	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1002	fddi	101002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1003	tr	101003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1004	fdnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	-	0	0
1005	trnet	101005	1500	-	-	-	ibm	-	0	0

VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
------	------	------	-----	--------	--------	----------	-----	----------	--------	--------

## VLAN S2

S2#show vlan

VLAN Name	Status	Ports
-----	-----	
1 default	active	
2 TV	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/24
3 VIDEO	active	
11 LAN	active	
999 parkinglot	active	Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6 Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10 Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13,  Fa0/14  Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17,  Fa0/18  Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21,  Fa0/22  Fa0/23, Gig0/2
1000 native	active	
1002 fddi-default	active	
1003 token-ring-default	active	
1004 fddinet-default	active	
1005 trnet-default	active	

VLAN Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	0	0
2	enet	100002	1500	-	-	-	-	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	-	-	-	-	0	0
11	enet	100011	1500	-	-	-	-	0	0
999	enet	100999	1500	-	-	-	-	0	0
1000	enet	101000	1500	-	-	-	-	0	0
1002	fddi	101002	1500	-	-	-	-	0	0
1003	tr	101003	1500	-	-	-	-	0	0
1004	fdnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	0	0
1005	trnet	101005	1500	-	-	-	ibm	0	0

VLAN Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
-----------	------	-----	--------	--------	----------	-----	----------	--------	--------

# VLAN S3

```
S3#show vlan
```

VLAN Name		Status	Ports
-----			
1	default	active	
2	TV	active	
3	VIDEO	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/24
11	LAN	active	
999	parkinglot	active	Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6 Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10 Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13,  Fa0/14  Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17,  Fa0/18  Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21,  Fa0/22  Fa0/23, Gig0/1
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
-----										
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
2	enet	100002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
11	enet	100011	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
999	enet	100999	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1002	fddi	101002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1003	tr	101003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1004	fdnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	-	0	0
1005	trnet	101005	1500	-	-	-	ibm	-	0	0

VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
------	------	------	-----	--------	--------	----------	-----	----------	--------	--------

## Роутер на палочке `show ip route` используется для отображения таблицы маршрутизации. Она предоставляет информацию о всех маршрутах, известных маршрутизатору, а также о том, как они были получены

```
R1#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is not set

```

10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 7 subnets, 2 masks
C    10.0.0.0/24 is directly connected, Tunnel0
L    10.0.0.1/32 is directly connected, Tunnel0
C    10.53.0.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
L    10.53.0.10/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
S    10.53.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
S    10.53.2.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
S    10.53.3.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
192.168.0.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    192.168.0.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L    192.168.0.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.11
L    192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.11
S    192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
192.168.3.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    192.168.3.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.3
L    192.168.3.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1.3
```

```
R2#show ip route
```

```
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is not set

```

192.168.0.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    192.168.0.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L    192.168.0.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
S    192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1.2
L    192.168.2.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1.2
S    192.168.3.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

**Роутер на палочке** `show ip interface brief` команда используется для быстрого просмотра состояния и IP-адресов всех интерфейсов маршрутизатора., `show protocols`

```
R1#show ip interface brief
```

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status
Protocol				
GigabitEthernet0/0	192.168.0.1	YES	manual	up
GigabitEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	up
GigabitEthernet0/1.3	192.168.3.1	YES	manual	up
GigabitEthernet0/1.11	192.168.1.1	YES	manual	up
GigabitEthernet0/1.1000	unassigned	YES	unset	up
GigabitEthernet0/2	10.53.0.10	YES	manual	up
Loopback1	unassigned	YES	unset	up
Tunnel0	10.0.0.1	YES	manual	up
Vlan1	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down

```
R1#show protocols
```

```
Global values:
```

```
Internet Protocol routing is enabled
GigabitEthernet0/0 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 192.168.0.1/24
GigabitEthernet0/1 is up, line protocol is up
GigabitEthernet0/1.3 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 192.168.3.1/24
GigabitEthernet0/1.11 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 192.168.1.1/24
GigabitEthernet0/1.1000 is up, line protocol is up
GigabitEthernet0/2 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 10.53.0.10/24
Loopback1 is up, line protocol is up
Tunnel0 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 10.0.0.1/24
Vlan1 is administratively down, line protocol is down
```

```
R2# show ip interface brief
```

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status
Protocol				
GigabitEthernet0/0/0	192.168.0.2	YES	manual	up
GigabitEthernet0/0/1	unassigned	YES	manual	up
GigabitEthernet0/0/1.2	192.168.2.1	YES	manual	up
GigabitEthernet0/0/1.1000	unassigned	YES	unset	up
Vlan1	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down

```
R2#show protocols
```

```
Global values:
```

```
Internet Protocol routing is enabled
GigabitEthernet0/0/0 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 192.168.0.2/24
GigabitEthernet0/0/1 is up, line protocol is up
GigabitEthernet0/0/1.2 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 192.168.2.1/24
GigabitEthernet0/0/1.1000 is up, line protocol is up
Vlan1 is administratively down, line protocol is down
```





**DHCP** `show ip dhcp binding` используется для отображения информации о привязках DHCP, то есть о том, какие IP-адреса были выданы клиентам DHCP. Эта команда полезна для диагностики и управления динамическими IP-адресами в сети.

```
R1#show ip dhcp binding
```

IP address	Client-ID/ Hardware address	Lease expiration	Type
192.168.1.5	00D0.976E.254B	--	Automatic
192.168.3.5	00D0.5819.2182	--	Automatic
192.168.3.4	0001.42C7.AAA0	--	Automatic

```
S1#show ip dhcp binding
```

IP address	Client-ID/ Hardware address	Lease expiration	Type
192.168.1.4	00D0.D3C9.1865	--	Automatic
192.168.1.5	00D0.976E.254B	--	Automatic

```
S2#show ip dhcp binding
```

IP address	Client-ID/ Hardware address	Lease expiration	Type
192.168.2.5	0001.43C5.D3E7	--	Automatic
192.168.2.4	00D0.9775.C240	--	Automatic

```
ipv6 dhcp pool R1_LAN
```

```
  dns-server 2001:DB8:ACAD::2
```

```
  domain-name LAN.com
```

```
ipv6 dhcp pool R2_TV
```

```
  dns-server 2001:DB8:ACAD::1
```

```
  domain-name TV.com
```

```
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.3
```

```
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.2.1 192.168.2.3
```

```
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.3.1 192.168.3.3
```

**DHCP** show `ip\ipv6 dhcp pool` Показывает конфигурацию текущих пулов DHCP, включая диапазоны доступных адресов.

R1#show ip dhcp pool

Pool R1\_LAN :

Utilization mark (high/low) : 100 / 0  
Subnet size (first/next) : 0 / 0  
Total addresses : 254  
Leased addresses : 2  
Excluded addresses : 3  
Pending event : none

1 subnet is currently in the pool

Current index	IP address range	Leased/Excluded/Total
192.168.1.1	192.168.1.1 - 192.168.1.254	2 / 3 / 254

Pool R1\_VIDEO :

Utilization mark (high/low) : 100 / 0  
Subnet size (first/next) : 0 / 0  
Total addresses : 254  
Leased addresses : 2  
Excluded addresses : 3  
Pending event : none

1 subnet is currently in the pool

Current index	IP address range	Leased/Excluded/Total
192.168.3.1	192.168.3.1 - 192.168.3.254	2 / 3 / 254

R2#show ipv6 dhcp pool

DHCPv6 pool: R2\_TV

DNS server: 2001:DB8:ACAD::1

Domain name: TV.com

Active clients: 0

R1#show ipv6 dhcp pool

DHCPv6 pool: R1\_LAN

DNS server: 2001:DB8:ACAD::2

Domain name: TV.com

Active clients: 0

R2#

%SYS-5-CONFIG\_I: Configured from console by console

show ip dhcp pool

Pool R2\_TV :

Utilization mark (high/low) : 100 / 0  
Subnet size (first/next) : 0 / 0  
Total addresses : 254  
Leased addresses : 0  
Excluded addresses : 3  
Pending event : none

1 subnet is currently in the pool

Current index	IP address range	Leased/Excluded/Total
192.168.2.1	192.168.2.1 - 192.168.2.254	0 / 3 / 254

# DHCP

VK1

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration X

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☒ DHCP ☐ Static DHCP request successful.

IPv4 Address 192.168.3.4

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.1.1

DNS Server 192.168.1.1

IPv6 Configuration

☒ Automatic ☐ Static Ipv6 request successful.

IPv6 Address 2001:DB8:ACAD:3:2D0:58FF:FE19:2182 / 64

Link Local Address FE80::2D0:58FF:FE19:2182

Default Gateway FE80::1

PC1

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration X

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☒ DHCP ☐ Static DHCP request successful.

IPv4 Address 192.168.1.5

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.1.1

DNS Server 192.168.1.1

IPv6 Configuration

☒ Automatic ☐ Static Ipv6 request successful.

IPv6 Address 2001:DB8:ACAD:0:5D08:4076:32D3:2441 / 64

Link Local Address FE80::2D0:97FF:FE6E:254B

Default Gateway FE80::1

DNS Server 2001:DB8:ACAD:4::1

TV1

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration X

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☒ DHCP ☐ Static DHCP request successful.

IPv4 Address 192.168.2.4

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway 192.168.2.1

DNS Server 192.168.2.1

IPv6 Configuration

☒ Automatic ☐ Static Ipv6 request successful.

IPv6 Address 2001:DB8:ACAD:0:C557:B7B5:A923:9B90 / 64

Link Local Address FE80::201:43FF:FEC5:D3E7

Default Gateway FE80::1

DNS Server 2001:DB8:ACAD:2::1

# DHCP

TV1

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

```
C:\>ipconfig /all

FastEthernet0 Connection:(default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix...: TV.com
    Physical Address.....: 0001.43C5.D3E7
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::201:43FF:FEC5:D3E7
    IPv6 Address.....: 2001:DB8:ACAD:0:C557:B7B5:A923:9B90
    IPv4 Address.....: 192.168.2.4
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway.....: FE80::1
                        192.168.2.1
    DHCP Servers.....: 192.168.2.2
    DHCPv6 IAID.....: 1789154621
    DHCPv6 Client DUID.....: 00-01-00-01-B7-E0-D5-72-00-01-43-C5-D3-E7
    DNS Servers.....: 2001:DB8:ACAD:2::1
                        192.168.2.1
```

PC1

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

```
C:\>ipconfig /all

FastEthernet0 Connection:(default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix...: LAN.com
    Physical Address.....: 00D0.976E.254B
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::2D0:97FF:FE6E:254B
    IPv6 Address.....: 2001:DB8:ACAD:0:5D08:4076:32D3:2441
    IPv4 Address.....: 192.168.1.5
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway.....: FE80::1
                        192.168.1.1
    DHCP Servers.....: 192.168.1.2
    DHCPv6 IAID.....: 1573012275
    DHCPv6 Client DUID.....: 00-01-00-01-B7-B5-A4-66-00-D0-97-6E-25-4B
    DNS Servers.....: 2001:DB8:ACAD:4::1
                        192.168.1.1
```



**NAT** `show ip nat translations` используется на маршрутизаторах Cisco для отображения текущих трансляций сетевых адресов (NAT)

**Внутренний адрес: 192.168.1.1**

**Внешний адрес: 10.53.0.10**

```
R1(config)#do show ip nat translations
```

Pro	Inside global	Inside local	Outside local	Outside global
icmp	10.53.0.10:1024	192.168.3.3:5	10.53.0.1:5	10.53.0.1:1024
icmp	10.53.0.10:1025	192.168.3.3:6	10.53.0.1:6	10.53.0.1:1025
icmp	10.53.0.10:1026	192.168.3.3:7	10.53.0.1:7	10.53.0.1:1026
icmp	10.53.0.10:1027	192.168.3.3:8	10.53.0.1:8	10.53.0.1:1027
icmp	10.53.0.10:13	192.168.1.5:13	10.53.0.1:13	10.53.0.1:13
icmp	10.53.0.10:14	192.168.1.5:14	10.53.0.1:14	10.53.0.1:14
icmp	10.53.0.10:15	192.168.1.5:15	10.53.0.1:15	10.53.0.1:15
icmp	10.53.0.10:16	192.168.1.5:16	10.53.0.1:16	10.53.0.1:16
icmp	10.53.0.10:17	192.168.3.4:17	10.53.0.1:17	10.53.0.1:17
icmp	10.53.0.10:18	192.168.3.4:18	10.53.0.1:18	10.53.0.1:18
icmp	10.53.0.10:19	192.168.3.4:19	10.53.0.1:19	10.53.0.1:19
icmp	10.53.0.10:20	192.168.3.4:20	10.53.0.1:20	10.53.0.1:20
icmp	10.53.0.10:5	192.168.1.4:5	10.53.0.1:5	10.53.0.1:5
icmp	10.53.0.10:6	192.168.1.4:6	10.53.0.1:6	10.53.0.1:6
icmp	10.53.0.10:7	192.168.1.4:7	10.53.0.1:7	10.53.0.1:7
icmp	10.53.0.10:8	192.168.1.4:8	10.53.0.1:8	10.53.0.1:8



# OSPF

`show ip route ospf` используется на маршрутизаторах Cisco для отображения маршрутов, полученных через протокол OSPF (Open Shortest Path First). Данная команда позволяет увидеть, какие сети были анонсированы в OSPF, и их состояние в таблице маршрутизации

R3#show ip route ospf

10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 11 subnets, 2 masks

```
O      10.53.3.0 [110/2] via 10.53.2.2, 00:51:22, GigabitEthernet0/2
O      10.53.4.0 [110/2] via 10.53.1.2, 00:51:32, GigabitEthernet0/1
O      10.53.5.0 [110/2] via 10.53.1.2, 00:02:30, GigabitEthernet0/1
                   [110/2] via 10.53.2.2, 00:02:30, GigabitEthernet0/2
```

R5#show ip route ospf

10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 8 subnets, 2 masks

```
O      10.53.0.0 [110/3] via 10.53.4.1, 00:55:21, GigabitEthernet0/1
                   [110/3] via 10.53.3.1, 00:55:21, GigabitEthernet0/2
O      10.53.1.0 [110/2] via 10.53.4.1, 00:55:21, GigabitEthernet0/1
O      10.53.2.0 [110/2] via 10.53.3.1, 00:55:21, GigabitEthernet0/2
O      10.53.5.0 [110/2] via 10.53.4.1, 00:06:24, GigabitEthernet0/1
                   [110/2] via 10.53.3.1, 00:06:24, GigabitEthernet0/2
```

R4#

%SYS-5-CONFIG\_I: Configured from console by console

show ip route ospf

10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 2 masks

```
O      10.53.0.0 [110/2] via 10.53.2.1, 00:53:47, GigabitEthernet0/2
O      10.53.1.0 [110/2] via 10.53.2.1, 00:04:50, GigabitEthernet0/2
                   [110/2] via 10.53.5.2, 00:04:50, GigabitEthernet0/0
O      10.53.4.0 [110/2] via 10.53.3.2, 00:04:50, GigabitEthernet0/1
                   [110/2] via 10.53.5.2, 00:04:50, GigabitEthernet0/0
```

R6#show ip route ospf

10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 2 masks

```
O      10.53.0.0 [110/2] via 10.53.1.1, 00:56:07, GigabitEthernet0/1
O      10.53.2.0 [110/2] via 10.53.1.1, 00:07:05, GigabitEthernet0/1
                   [110/2] via 10.53.5.1, 00:07:05, GigabitEthernet0/0
O      10.53.3.0 [110/2] via 10.53.4.2, 00:07:05, GigabitEthernet0/2
                   [110/2] via 10.53.5.1, 00:07:05, GigabitEthernet0/0
```

# OSPF

СОСТОЯНИЕ.

show ip ospf neighbor Позволяет увидеть список соседей OSPF и их

R3#show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
10.53.4.1	1	FULL/DR	00:00:32	10.53.1.2	GigabitEthernet0/1
10.53.3.1	1	FULL/DR	00:00:32	10.53.2.2	GigabitEthernet0/2

R3#

R4#show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
10.53.4.2	1	FULL/DR	00:00:32	10.53.3.2	GigabitEthernet0/1
10.53.4.1	1	FULL/DR	00:00:31	10.53.5.2	GigabitEthernet0/0
10.53.2.1	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:31	10.53.2.1	GigabitEthernet0/2

R5#show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
10.53.4.1	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:31	10.53.4.1	GigabitEthernet0/1
10.53.3.1	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:31	10.53.3.1	GigabitEthernet0/2

--

R6#show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
10.53.3.1	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:32	10.53.5.1	GigabitEthernet0/0
10.53.2.1	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:32	10.53.1.1	GigabitEthernet0/1
10.53.4.2	1	FULL/DR	00:00:32	10.53.4.2	GigabitEthernet0/2



# GRE Туннель

```
R1#show interface tunnel0
```

```
Tunnel0 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
  Hardware is Tunnel
  Internet address is 10.0.0.1/24
  MTU 17916 bytes, BW 100 Kbit/sec, DLY 50000 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation TUNNEL, loopback not set
  Keepalive not set
  Tunnel source 10.53.0.10 (GigabitEthernet0/2), destination 10.53.0.1
  Tunnel protocol/transport GRE/IP
    Key disabled, sequencing disabled
    Checksumming of packets disabled
  Tunnel TTL 255
  Fast tunneling enabled
  Tunnel transport MTU 1476 bytes
  Tunnel transmit bandwidth 8000 (kbps)
  Tunnel receive bandwidth 8000 (kbps)
  Last input never, output never, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 1
  Queueing strategy: fifo
  Output queue: 0/0 (size/max)
  5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
    0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
    Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
    0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
    0 input packets with dribble condition detected
    0 packets output, 0 bytes, 0 underruns
    0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets
    0 unknown protocol drops
    0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
```

```
R3#show interfaces tunnel 0
```

```
Tunnel0 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
  Hardware is Tunnel
  Internet address is 10.0.0.2/24
  MTU 17916 bytes, BW 100 Kbit/sec, DLY 50000 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation TUNNEL, loopback not set
  Keepalive not set
  Tunnel source 10.53.0.1 (GigabitEthernet0/0), destination 10.53.0.10
  Tunnel protocol/transport GRE/IP
    Key disabled, sequencing disabled
    Checksumming of packets disabled
  Tunnel TTL 255
  Fast tunneling enabled
  Tunnel transport MTU 1476 bytes
  Tunnel transmit bandwidth 8000 (kbps)
  Tunnel receive bandwidth 8000 (kbps)
  Last input never, output never, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 1
  Queueing strategy: fifo
  Output queue: 0/0 (size/max)
  5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
    0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
    Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
    0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
    0 input packets with dribble condition detected
    0 packets output, 0 bytes, 0 underruns
    0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets
    0 unknown protocol drops
    0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
```



# Выводы

1.

2.

3.

**Оцените работу над проектом и ответьте на вопросы:**

1. У вас получилось достичь цели и выполнить все задачи?
2. Что далось легко, а с чем возникли трудности?
3. Сколько времени занял проект?
4. Насколько полезным оказался для вас проект от 1 до 10?
  - a. 1 = я не научился ничему новому
  - b. 10 = очень полезно, я получил новый опыт
5. Остались ли у вас вопросы по проекту?
6. Как вы планируете развиваться дальше?

Ответьте на вопросы  
одногогруппников и  
преподавателей и получите  
обратную связь на свою работу

# Вопросы и рекомендации



если есть вопросы



если вопросов нет

**Спасибо за внимание!**

