

Discrete Mathematics Final Exam (Spring 2021)

Problem 1. Let n be a positive integer. Find the number of all $n \times n$ matrices $A = (A_{i,j})_{1 \leq i,j \leq n}$ satisfying the following two conditions:

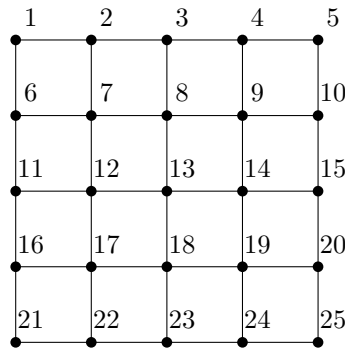
- $A_{i,j} \in \{-1, 0, 1\}$ for all $1 \leq i, j \leq n$, and
- $A_{i,j}A_{j,i} = 0$ for all $1 \leq i, j \leq n$ with $i \neq j$.

Problem 2. Find the number of positive integer solutions to $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = 2021$ such that $x_i \equiv i \pmod{2}$ for all $i = 1, 2, \dots, 5$.

Problem 3. Suppose that a_1, \dots, a_{1312} are distinct integers in $\{1, 2, \dots, 2021\}$. Prove that there are two integers i, j with $1 \leq i, j \leq 1312$ such that $a_i - a_j = 601$.

Problem 4. Let a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots be the sequence defined by $a_0 = 2, a_1 = -9$, and $a_n = 6a_{n-1} - 9a_{n-2}$ for $n \geq 2$. Find a general formula for a_n .

Problem 5. Let G be the following graph and let A be the adjacency matrix of G with respect to the vertex ordering $1, 2, \dots, 25$.



- (1) Evaluate the sum of all entries of A , that is, $\sum_{i=1}^{25} \sum_{j=1}^{25} A_{i,j}$.
- (2) Evaluate the sum of the diagonal entries of A^2 , that is, $\sum_{i=1}^{25} (A^2)_{i,i}$.
- (3) Evaluate the $(1, 25)$ -entry $(A^8)_{1,25}$ of A^8 .
- (4) Evaluate the sum of the entries in row 13 of A^3 , that is, $\sum_{i=1}^{25} (A^3)_{13,i}$.

Problem 6. The *complement* of a simple graph G is the simple graph \overline{G} with the same vertices as G such that an edge exists in \overline{G} if and only if it does not exist in G . Find the number of simple graphs G with vertex set $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ such that G and \overline{G} are isomorphic.

Problem 7. Consider the set of letters in the following table.

letter	A	B	C	D	E	F
frequency	1	2	4	6	9	10

- (1) Find an optimal Huffman code for these letters. (Draw a tree and write a 0-1 sequence for each letter. There are many possible optimal Huffman codes, and you need to find just one of them.)
- (2) Encode “CAFE” using your Huffman code.

Problem 8. Let G be the graph in Problem 5.

- (1) Draw the spanning tree of G obtained by the depth-first search with the vertex ordering $1, 2, \dots, 25$.
- (2) Draw the spanning tree of G obtained by the breadth-first search with the vertex ordering $1, 2, \dots, 25$.