

System Programming & OS 실습

Network Protocol Practice

정지현, 안석현, 김선재

Dankook University

{wlgjsjames7224, seokhyun, rlatjswo0824}@dankook.ac.kr

Index

❖ Telnet

❖ WireShark

❖ Network Packet Analysis

❖ Telnet

- 방화벽 설정 확인
- `systemctl status firewalld`

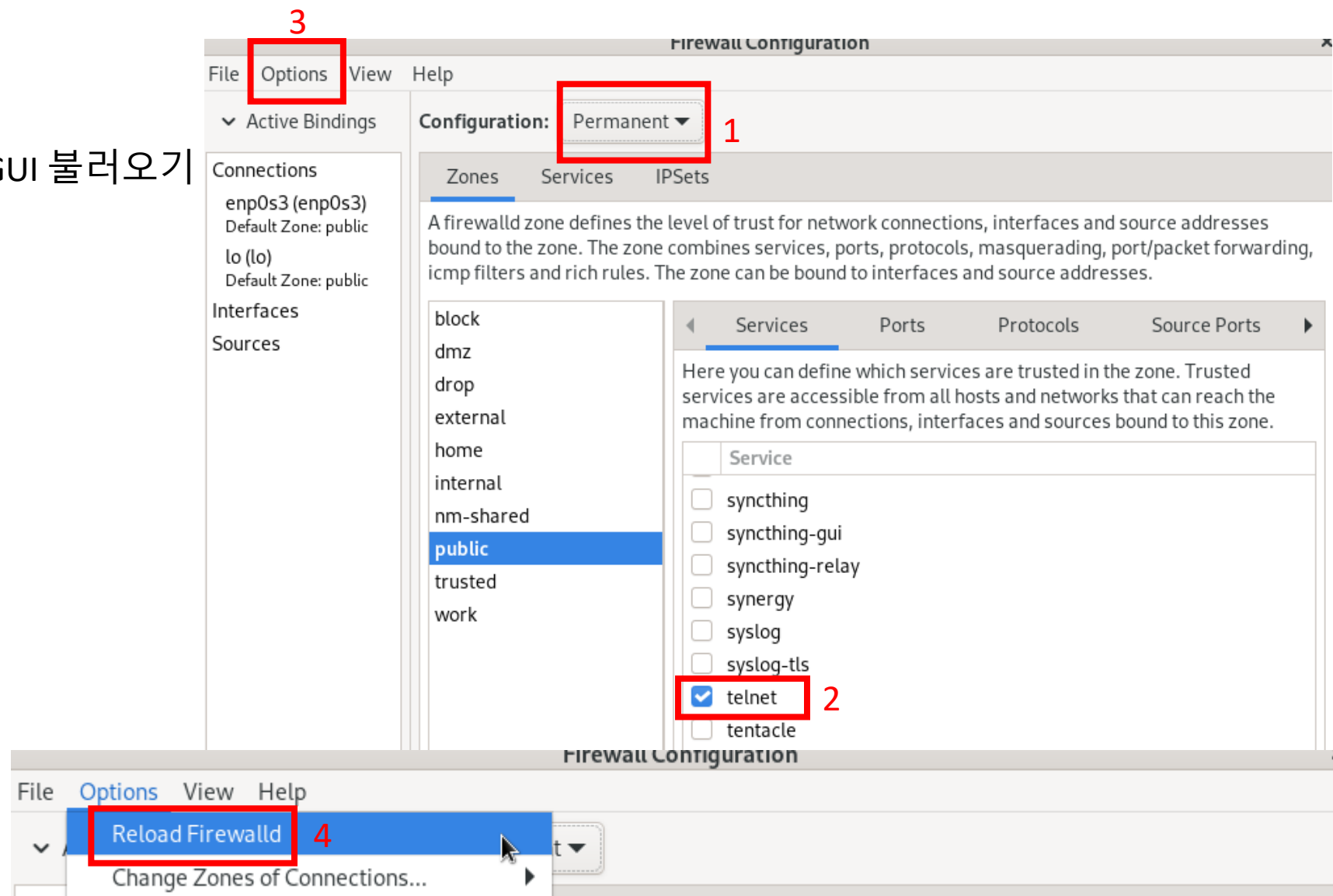
```
[root@localhost home]# systemctl status firewalld
● firewalld.service - firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/firewalld.service; disabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Sat 2024-09-07 16:43:28 KST; 21s ago
     Docs: man:firewalld(1)
  Main PID: 43329 (firewalld)
    Tasks: 2 (limit: 23008)
   Memory: 23.8M
      CPU: 235ms
    CGroup: /system.slice/firewalld.service
            └─43329 /usr/bin/python3 -s /usr/sbin/firewalld --nofork --nopid

Sep 07 16:43:28 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Starting firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon...
Sep 07 16:43:28 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Started firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon.
```

❖ Telnet

- 방화벽 설정을 위해 방화벽 GUI 불러오기

firewall-config



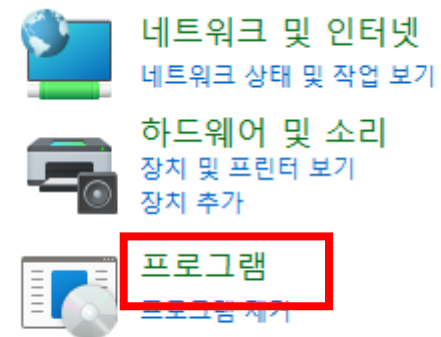
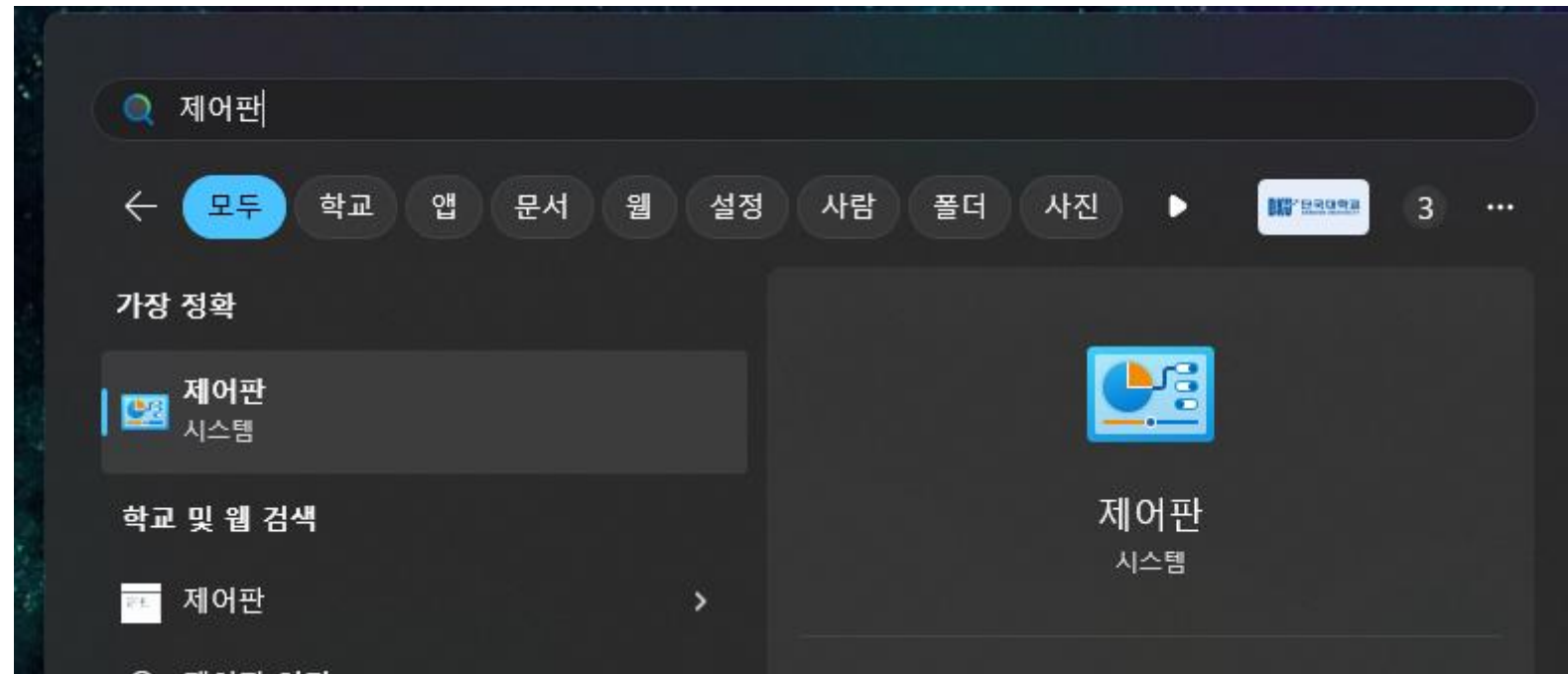
❖ Telnet

- 포트포워딩 규칙 추가
- 텔넷은 기본적으로 23번 포트를 사용 2
- SSH 포트포워딩 규칙 추가하는 방법이랑 동일



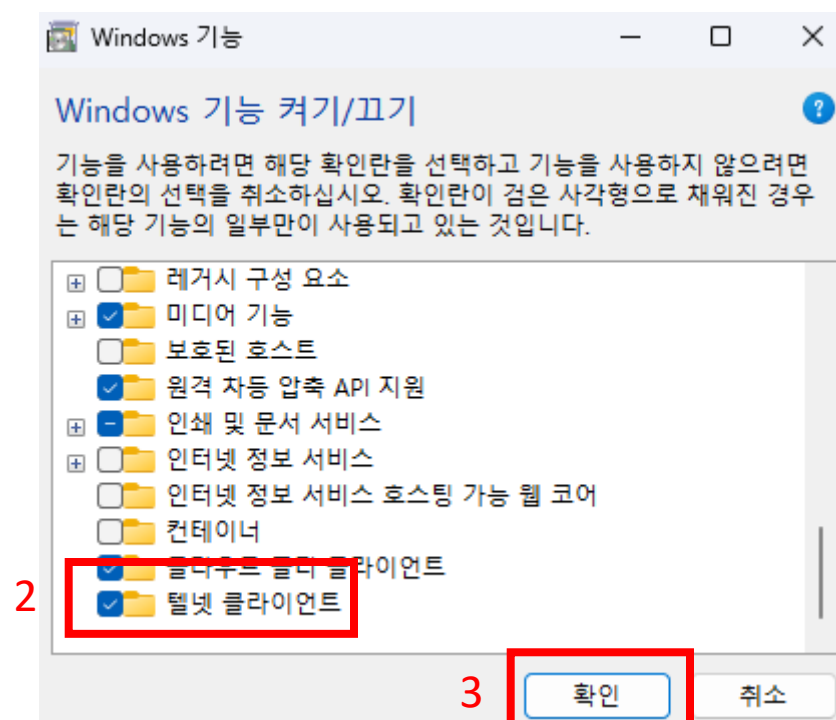
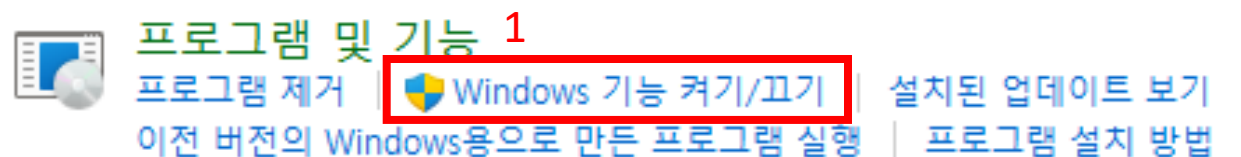
❖ 윈도우 설정

- 윈도우(노트북, 데스크탑) 설정
- 제어판 검색 후 프로그램 선택



❖ 윈도우 설정

- Window 기능 켜기/끄기 접속
- 기본적으로 윈도우에서는 telnet 접속 프로그램 기능이 꺼져있음
- 텔넷 클라이언트 활성화



❖ Window에서 접속 확인

```
PS C:\Users\seokhyun> telnet -l teluser 172.23. [redacted] 10622
```

-> telnet -l [사용자이름] [HOST IP] [Port number]

```
PS C:\Users\seokhyun> telnet 172.23. [redacted] 10622
```

-> telnet [HOST IP] [Port number]

❖ Window에서 접속 불가 시

- 실습 진행을 위해 방화벽 기능 off

```
[root@localhost seokhyun]# systemctl stop firewalld
[root@localhost seokhyun]# systemctl disable firewalld
[root@localhost seokhyun]# systemctl status firewalld
● firewalld.service - firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/firewalld.service; disabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: inactive (dead)
     Docs: man:firewalld(1)

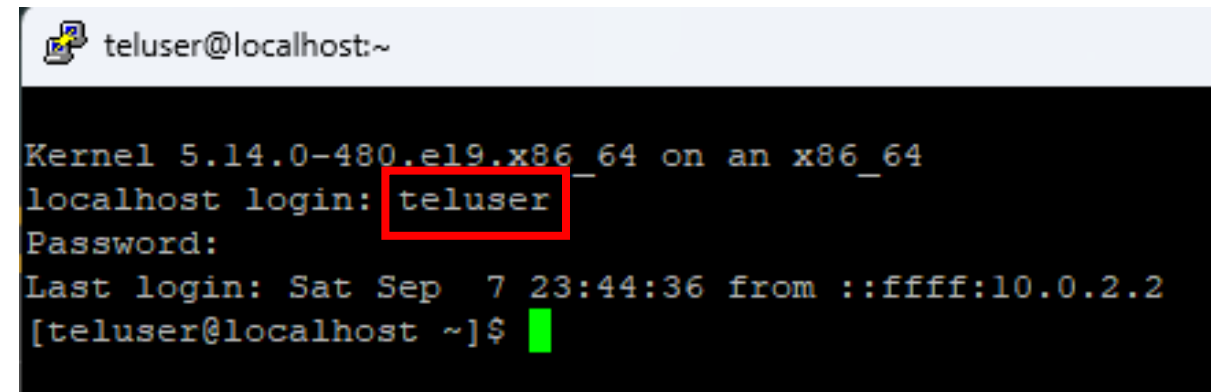
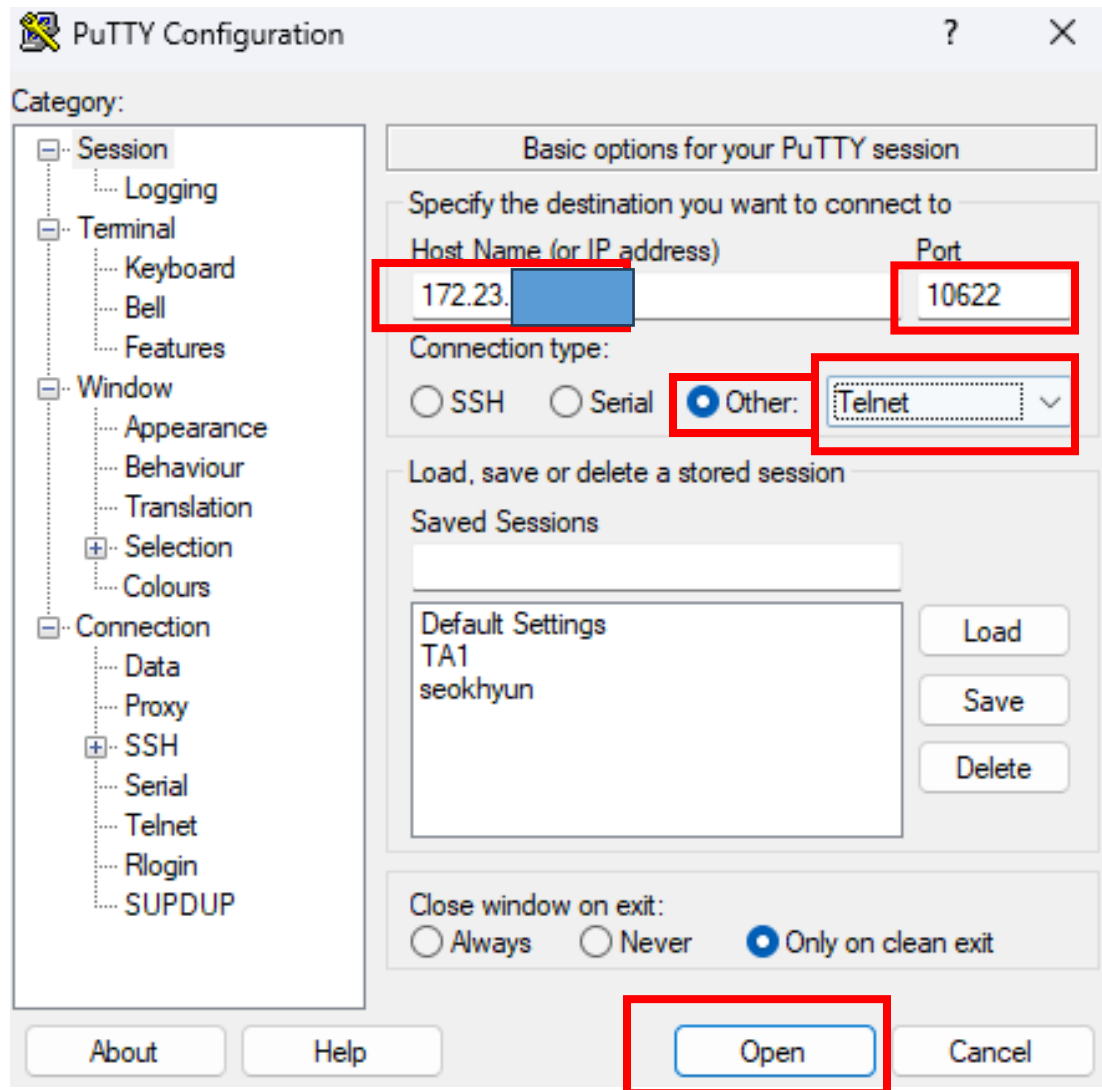
Sep 07 16:21:02 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Starting firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon...
Sep 07 16:21:02 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Started firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon.
Sep 07 16:31:50 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Stopping firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon...
Sep 07 16:31:51 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: firewalld.service: Deactivated successfully.
Sep 07 16:31:51 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Stopped firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon.
Sep 07 16:43:28 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Starting firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon...
Sep 07 16:43:28 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Started firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon.
Sep 07 17:13:44 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Stopping firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon...
Sep 07 17:13:44 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: firewalld.service: Deactivated successfully.
Sep 07 17:13:44 localhost.localdomain systemd[1]: Stopped firewalld - dynamic firewall daemon.
```

❖ Window에서 접속 확인

```
Password:  
Last login: Sat Sep  7 23:43:54 from ::ffff:10.0.2.2  
[teluser@localhost ~]$ |
```

```
Kernel 5.14.0-480.el9.x86_64 on an x86_64  
localhost login: teluser  
Password:  
Last login: Sat Sep  7 23:41:37 from ::ffff:10.0.2.2  
[teluser@localhost ~]$ |
```

❖ putty를 통한 접속



❖ putty를 통한 접속

```
[seokhyun@localhost home]$ systemctl status telnet.socket
● telnet.socket - Telnet Server Activation Socket
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/telnet.socket; enabled; preset: disabled)
   Active: active (listening) since Wed 2024-09-04 03:20:33 KST; 3 days ago
     Until: Wed 2024-09-04 03:20:33 KST; 3 days ago
  Triggers: ● telnet@18-10.0.2.15:23-10.0.2.2:2152.service
    Docs: man:telnetd(8)
   Listen: [::]:23 (Stream)
  Accepted: 20; Connected: 2;
   Tasks: 0 (limit: 23008)
  Memory: 8.0K
    CPU: 13ms
  CGroup: /system.slice/telnet.socket
```

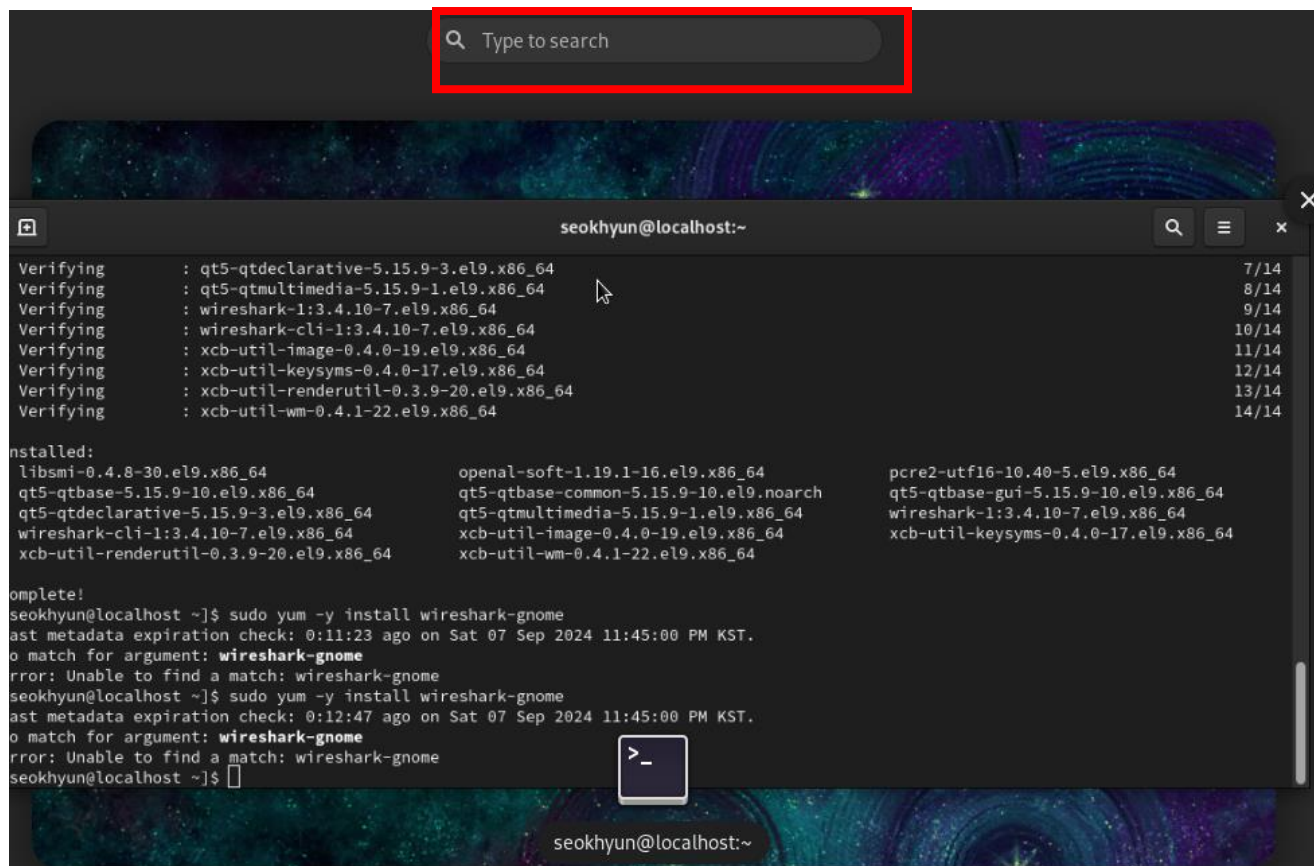
❖ WireShark 설치

- `sudo yum -y install wireshark`
- `sudo yum -y install wireshark-gnome` (첫 번째 명령어로 설치가 안될 시)

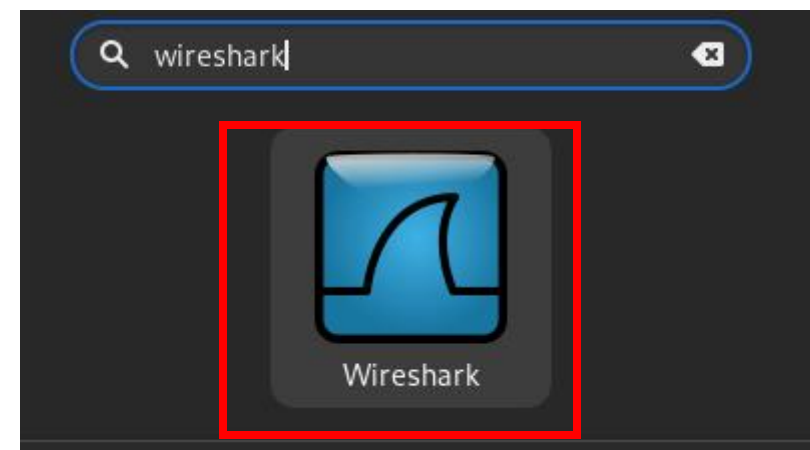
```
[seokhyun@localhost ~]$ sudo yum -y install wireshark
[sudo] password for seokhyun:
Last metadata expiration check: 0:09:44 ago on Sat 07 Sep 2024 11:45:00 PM KST.
Dependencies resolved.
=====
Package                                Architecture          Version
=====
Installing:
wireshark                             x86_64                 1:3.4.10-7.el9
Installing dependencies:
libsmi                                x86_64                 0.4.8-30.el9
openal-soft                           x86_64                 1.19.1-16.el9
pcre2-utf16                           x86_64                 10.40-5.el9
```

❖ Wireshark GUI

■ wireshark & (실행이 가능)



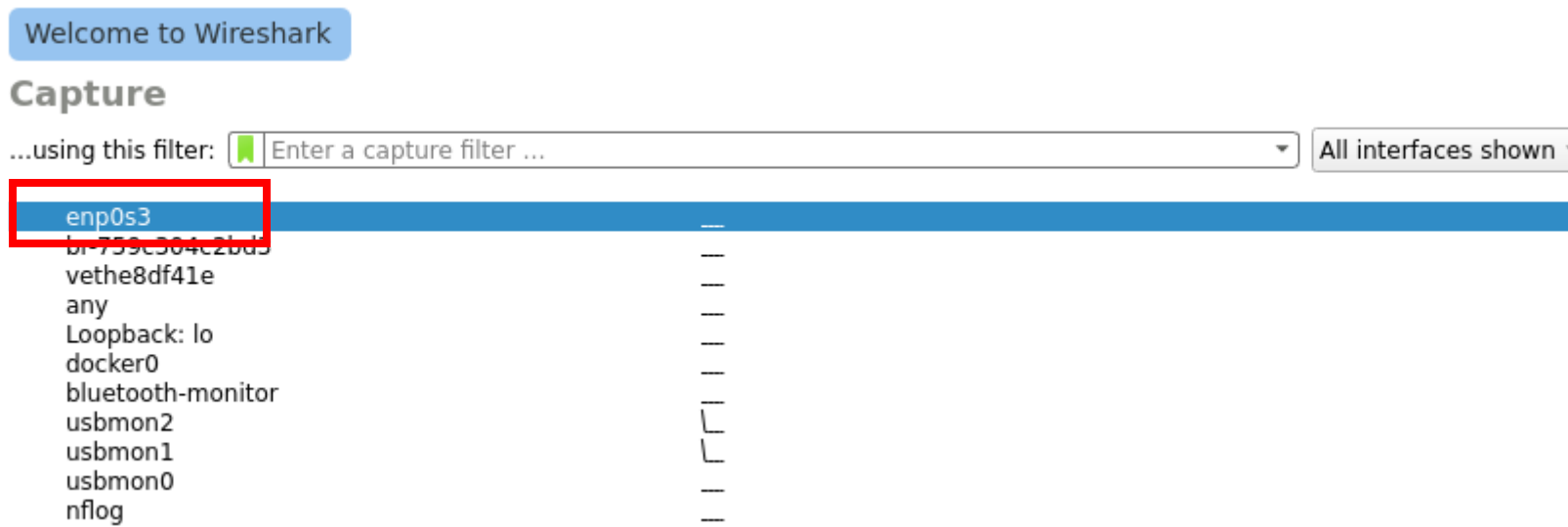
```
seokhyun@localhost:~  
Verifying      : qt5-qtdeclarative-5.15.9-3.el9.x86_64 7/14  
Verifying      : qt5-qtmultimedia-5.15.9-1.el9.x86_64 8/14  
Verifying      : wireshark-1:3.4.10-7.el9.x86_64 9/14  
Verifying      : wireshark-cli-1:3.4.10-7.el9.x86_64 10/14  
Verifying      : xcb-util-image-0.4.0-19.el9.x86_64 11/14  
Verifying      : xcb-util-keysyms-0.4.0-17.el9.x86_64 12/14  
Verifying      : xcb-util-renderutil-0.3.9-20.el9.x86_64 13/14  
Verifying      : xcb-util-wm-0.4.1-22.el9.x86_64 14/14  
  
Installed:  
libsmi-0.4.8-30.el9.x86_64      openal-soft-1.19.1-16.el9.x86_64      pcre2-utf16-10.40-5.el9.x86_64  
qt5-qtbase-5.15.9-10.el9.x86_64 qt5-qtbase-common-5.15.9-10.el9.noarch qt5-qtbase-gui-5.15.9-10.el9.x86_64  
qt5-qtdeclarative-5.15.9-3.el9.x86_64 qt5-qtmultimedia-5.15.9-1.el9.x86_64 wireshark-1:3.4.10-7.el9.x86_64  
wireshark-cli-1:3.4.10-7.el9.x86_64 xcb-util-image-0.4.0-19.el9.x86_64 xcb-util-keysyms-0.4.0-17.el9.x86_64  
xcb-util-renderutil-0.3.9-20.el9.x86_64 xcb-util-wm-0.4.1-22.el9.x86_64  
  
complete!  
seokhyun@localhost ~]$ sudo yum -y install wireshark-gnome  
Last metadata expiration check: 0:11:23 ago on Sat 07 Sep 2024 11:45:00 PM KST.  
No match for argument: wireshark-gnome  
error: Unable to find a match: wireshark-gnome  
seokhyun@localhost ~]$ sudo yum -y install wireshark-gnome  
Last metadata expiration check: 0:12:47 ago on Sat 07 Sep 2024 11:45:00 PM KST.  
No match for argument: wireshark-gnome  
error: Unable to find a match: wireshark-gnome  
seokhyun@localhost ~]$
```



❖ WireShark GUI

- sudo wireshark

```
[seokhyun@localhost ~]$ sudo wireshark
00:17:23.211 Main Warn QStandardPaths: XDG_RUNTIME_DIR not set, defaulting t
o '/tmp/runtime-root'
error: XDG_RUNTIME_DIR is invalid or not set in the environment.
```



Network Packet Analysis

❖ ssh network packet 확인

Wireshark interface showing network packet capture on interface *enp0s3. The packet list table displays several SSH packets. The selected packet (No. 10) is highlighted, and its details are shown in the packet details pane.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000000	10.0.2.2	10.0.2.15	SSH	96	Client Encrypted packet (len=36)
2	0.000499243	10.0.2.15	10.0.2.2	SSH	96	Server Encrypted packet (len=36)
4	0.097842201	10.0.2.2	10.0.2.15	SSH	96	Client Encrypted packet (len=36)
5	0.098461717	10.0.2.15	10.0.2.2	SSH	96	Server Encrypted packet (len=36)
7	0.169814379	10.0.2.2	10.0.2.15	SSH	96	Client Encrypted packet (len=36)
8	0.170433811	10.0.2.15	10.0.2.2	SSH	106	Server Encrypted packet (len=52)
10	0.173100779	10.0.2.15	10.0.2.2	SSH	274	Server Encrypted packet (len=220)
12	0.173608371	10.0.2.15	10.0.2.2	SSH	114	Server Encrypted packet (len=60)
13	0.173659682	10.0.2.15	10.0.2.2	SSH	122	Server Encrypted packet (len=68)

Frame 10: 274 bytes on wire (2192 bits), 274 bytes captured (2192 bits) on interface enp0s3, id 0

- Interface id: 0 (enp0s3)
- Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
- Arrival Time: Sep 8, 2024 00:21:26.987297945 KST
- [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
- Epoch Time: 1725722486.987297945 seconds
- [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.002419400 seconds]
- [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.002666968 seconds]
- [Time since reference or first frame: 0.173100779 seconds]
- Frame Number: 10
- Frame Length: 274 bytes (2192 bits)
- Capture Length: 274 bytes (2192 bits)

Packet bytes (hex and ASCII):

```

0000 52 54 00 12 35 02 08 00 27 6a 35 15 08 00 45 48  RT..5.. 'j5...EH
0010 01 04 22 6c 40 00 40 06 ff 2f 0a 00 02 0f 0a 00  .."l@.@../.....
0020 02 02 00 16 14 7c b0 02 5f a9 f7 66 88 93 50 18  ....|.. _..f..P.
0030 77 c4 19 07 00 00 f9 72 ea 19 00 cf 18 e7 80 91  w.....r.....
0040 fc ac f2 70 b2 b4 77 ad 6f 18 a6 e7 ac e5 f5 5e  ...p..w. o.....^
0050 9f f3 50 22 8e c6 bc c2 2d 75 42 c9 7a e5 09 ef  ..P"....-uB.z...
0060 ef 5b dd d4 29 81 17 3d 1c 6e 73 9d c0 63 5c da  .[...)=..ns..c\..
0070 9a 46 8c d5 84 2d 94 3a 86 f7 09 5a 0a 3d 0b 11  .F.....:...Z=...
0080 01 80 ac 9d 3e d7 25 7d 6e a6 31 5e 17 61 5e 2f  ....>.%} n.1^..a^/
0090 2d a0 58 a5 31 59 63 f9 23 1c af ef 0e 5d 6b 68  -.X.1Yc.#....]kh
00a0 ef 16 04 31 b8 99 77 ae 22 47 33 d4 69 c9 2e 62  ...1..w. "G3.i..b
  
```

SSH Protocol: Protocol

Packets: 19 · Displayed: 9 (47.4%)

Profile: Default

Network Packet Analysis

❖ telnet network packet 확인

Wireshark interface showing a packet capture on interface `enp0s3`. The filter is `telnet`. The packet list shows several Telnet packets. The selected packet (No. 456) is expanded, showing the following details:

- Frame 456: 103 bytes on wire (824 bits), 103 bytes captured (824 bits) on interface `enp0s3`, id 0
- Ethernet II, Src: PcsCompu_6a:35:15 (08:00:27:6a:35:15), Dst: RealtekU_12:35:02 (52:54:00:12:35:02)
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.2.15, Dst: 10.0.2.2
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 23, Dst Port: 5937, Seq: 8204, Ack: 189, Len: 49
- Telnet
 - Data: `hello i'm telnet\r\n`
 - Data: `\033[?2004h[teluser@localhost ~]$`

The packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII:

```

0000  52 54 00 12 35 02 08 00 27 6a 35 15 08 00 45 10  RT..5... 'j5...E.
0010  00 59 80 98 40 00 40 06 a1 e6 0a 00 02 0f 0a 00  .Y..@..@.....
0020  02 02 00 17 17 31 98 eb 8c 98 fc fc 06 be 50 18  ....1.....P.
0030  7c bc 18 5c 00 00 68 65 6c 6c 6f 20 69 27 6d 20  |..\..he llo i'm
0040  74 65 6c 6e 65 74 0d 0a 1b 5b 3f 32 30 30 34 68  telnet.. .[?2004h
0050  5b 74 65 6c 75 73 65 72 40 6c 6f 63 61 6c 68 6f  [teluser @localho
0060  73 74 20 7e 5d 24 20  st ~]$
  
```

Network Packet Analysis

❖ telnet network packet 실습 - 1

- 본인의 putty, powershell을 통해 telnet으로 접속
- ID, PW 입력
- Wireshark를 통해 ID, PW 네트워크 패킷 분석
- 각각 어떻게 패킷이 발생하는지 확인

Network Packet Analysis

❖ telnet network packet 실습 – 2

- test.txt 파일 생성
- “hello, I’m telnet” 작성 후 저장
- Wireshark를 통해 패킷 분석
- Cat test.txt 명령어 입력 후 wireshark를 통해 패킷 분석
- Root 권한 획득 후 패킷 분석