

## HOMEWORK 4

**Problem 1.** Determine the output of the following code (please provide your answer as a comment).

```
(1) my_str = "The cat in the hat"
    print(my_str[0:3])

(2) my_str = "The cat in the hat"
    print(my_str[3:7])

(3) my_str = "http://reddit.com/r/python"
    print(my_str[17:-2])

(4) my_str = "http://reddit.com/r/python"
    protocol = "http://"
    print(my_str[len(protocol):])
```

**Problem 2.** Write a function called `count_string(a_list)` that takes a list and returns the number of strings in the list. For example

```
count_string(["Hello", 4, "5", 5.5])
```

should return 2 since there are two strings in this list. For this problem, you can use the `type` function to find the type of a variable.

**Problem 3.** Write a function called `first_equal_last(string)` that takes a string as a string as input and returns True if the first and last characters of this string are the same. Otherwise, return False. For example,

```
first_equal_last("hello")
```

should return False while

```
first_equal_last("dad")
```

should return True.

**Problem 4.** Write a function called `print_odd_length(a_list)` that takes a list of strings as input and prints out all strings with odd lengths in the list. For example

```
print_odd_length(["apple", "orange", "banana"])
```

should print out "apple" since it is the only string with odd length.

**Problem 5.** Write a function `print_reverse(s)` that takes a string and prints each character in reverse order, starting from the last character and ending with the first. For example

```
print_reverse("test")
```

should print t, s, e, t in that order. For this problem, it might be helpful to use negative indexing.

**Problem 6.** Write a function named `longest_string(a_list)` that takes a list of strings as input and returns the longest string from the list. If there are multiple strings of the same length, return the one that appears first. For example

```
longest_string(["Python", "is", "so", "fun", "and", "awesome"])
```

should return “awesome”. For this problem, please review our code for the problem where we find the element with the highest square value.

**Problem 7.** Write a function `remove_first_and_last(s)` that takes a string `s` and returns a new string with the first and last characters removed. For example

```
remove_first_and_last("banana")
```

should return “anan”. Recall that we can use a negative index to slice a string.

**Problem 8.** Write a program that asks a user for their full name in the form and then prints the first letter of their first name. For example, if I enter

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the answer should be “T”.

**Problem 9.** Write a function called `middle_character(s)` that returns the middle character(s) of the string `s`. If the length of `s` is odd, return the middle character. If the length of `s` is even, return the two middle characters.

For example:

```
middle_character("mango")
```

should return ‘n’ and

```
middle_character("orange")
```

should return “an”. To find the middle index, you can use the integer quotient operator  $n//2$ .

**Problem 10.** Write a function `find_index(a_string, char)` that returns the index of the last occurrence of `char` in the string `a_string`. For example, `find_index(“banana”, “a”)` should return 5.

**Problem 11.** Write a function called `name_end_with_y(a_list)` that takes a list of names as input and returns the number of names that end with the letter y.

For example called

```
name_end_with_y(["Jenny", "John", "Amy"])
```

should return 2.

**Problem 12.** Write a Python function `sum_of_digits(n)` that takes an integer  $n$  and returns the sum of its digits. For example, `sum_of_digits(132)` should return 6. Hint: Convert  $n$  into a string so that you can iterate over its digits.