各模块设计说明

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工程分为两大部分,头文件(.h)部分和源文件(.cpp)部分。

1. 头文件部分 该部分由 definition. h 和 functions. h 构成。

```
① definition.h
    #pragma once
    #include <string>
    #include <string.h>
    #define NumOfNode 229
    #define INF 1000000;
    using namespace std;
    typedef struct
      double time;
      char loc;
   }Node;
② functions.h
    #pragma once
    #include "definition.h"
    void SystemInit(Node * 1, double M[][NumOfNode + 2]);
    void Examine(Node * 1, double M[][NumOfNode + 2]);
    double Search(char c);
   void GetIns(double cost[][NumOfNode + 2], Node* 1, double
   M[][NumOfNode + 2], double len[NumOfNode + 2], int visit[NumOfNode
   + 2], int n, int path[][NumOfNode + 2], string OutLoc[][NumOfNode +
   2], int timepath[][NumOfNode + 2][NumOfNode + 2]);
```

2. 源文件部分

该部分由 main. cpp 和 functions. cpp 构成

```
main.cpp

#define _CRT_SECURE_NOWARNINGS
#include <iostream>
#include "functions.h"
#include "definition.h"
```

```
using namespace std;
                            //表示源点到 i 这个点的距离
 double len[NumOfNode + 2];
 int visit[NumOfNode + 2]; //节点是否被访问
 int n = NumOfNode + 1; //结点数
 Node NodeList[250]; //存储结点的数组
 double Mar[NumOfNode + 2][NumOfNode + 2]; //结点的邻接矩阵
 double cost[NumOfNode + 2][NumOfNode + 2]; //结点间经过处理后的邻接
矩阵
 int path[NumOfNode + 2][NumOfNode + 2]; //存储中间结点的数组
 string OutLoc[NumOfNode + 2][NumOfNode + 2]; //存储路径的数组
 int timepath[NumOfNode + 2][NumOfNode + 2][NumOfNode + 2]; //存储
经过的所有结点的数组
 int main()
   SystemInit(NodeList, Mar);
   //Examine(NodeList, Mar);
   while(1)
      GetIns(cost, NodeList, Mar, len, visit, n, path,
OutLoc, timepath);
   system("pause");
   return 0;
}
② functions.cpp
 #define CRT SECURE NO WARNINGS
 #include <iostream>
 #include <cmath>
 #include <string.h>
 #include <algorithm>
 #include <Windows.h>
 #include "definition.h"
 #include "functions.h"
 #define INFINITY 9999
 using namespace std;
 void SystemInit(Node* 1, double M[][NumOfNode + 2])
   printf("该旅游系统有十个城市,分别为:A、B、C、D、E、F、G、H、I、J。
 \n 其中 A、B、C、D 三城风险系数为 0.2, E、F、G 三城风险系数为 0.5, H、I、J
 三城风险系数为 0.9。\n");
```

```
printf("城市间有三种交通方式:公交、火车和飞机,风险系数分别为2、5、
9。\n");
  printf("公交班次为:每两个城市间通一班公交车,时间为8点出发,12点到
达;14点开始返程,18点回归。\n");//4*10=40个结点
  printf("火车班次为:八班。时刻表见附件。\n");//21*8=168 个结点
  printf("飞机班次为:三班。时刻表见附件。\n");//7*3=21 个结点
  printf("\n\n\n\n");
  double CityRisk[10] =
{ 0.2,0.2,0.2,0.2,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.9,0.9,0.9 };
  for (int i = 1; i \le NumOfNode + 1; i++)
  {
      for (int j = 1; j \leftarrow NumOfNode + 1; j++)
         M[i][j] = INFINITY;
  }
  for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
     1[4 * i - 3].time = 8;
      1[4 * i - 2].time = 12;
     1[4 * i - 1].time = 14;
     1[4 * i].time = 18;
     for (int j = 4 * (i - 1) + 1; j <= 4 * i; j++)
         l[j].loc = 64 + i;
  }
  for (int i = 1; i <= 40; i++)
      for (int j = 1; j <= 40; j++)
         if (((([i].time - 1[i].time)) == 4) && (1[i].loc !=
1[j].loc))
            M[i][j] = 2;
      }
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++)
     1[40 + 21 * i + 1].time = 6 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 2].time = 6.1 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 3].time = 7 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 4].time = 7.1 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 5].time = 8 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 6].time = 8.1 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 7].time = 9 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 8].time = 9.1 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 9].time = 10 + i;
      1[40 + 21 * i + 10].time = 10.1 + i;
```

```
1[40 + 21 * i + 11].time = 11 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 12].time = 11.1 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 13].time = 12 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 14].time = 12.1 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 15].time = 13 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 16].time = 13.1 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 17].time = 14 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 18].time = 14.1 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 19].time = 15 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 20].time = 15.1 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 21].time = 16 + i;
   1[40 + 21 * i + 1].loc = 'A';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 2].loc = 'A';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 3].loc = 'B';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 4].loc = 'B';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 5].loc = 'C';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 6].loc = 'C';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 7].loc = 'D';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 8].loc = 'D';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 9].loc = 'E';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 10].loc = 'E';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 11].loc = 'F';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 12].loc = 'F';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 13].loc = 'G';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 14].loc = 'G';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 15].loc = 'H';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 16].loc = 'H';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 17].loc = 'I';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 18].loc = 'I';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 19].loc = 'J';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 20].loc = 'J';
   1[40 + 21 * i + 21].loc = 'A';
}
1[209].time = 7;
1[209].loc = 'A';
1[210].time = 7.15;
1[210].loc = 'A';
1[211].time = 7.5;
1[211].loc = 'J';
1[212].time = 7.65;
1[212].loc = 'J';
1[213].time = 8;
1[213].loc = 'D';
1[214].time = 8.15;
1[214].loc = 'D';
1[215].time = 9;
1[215].loc = 'A';
```

```
1[216].time = 10;
1[216].loc = 'B';
1[217].time = 10.15;
1[217].loc = 'B';
1[218].time = 10.5;
1[218].loc = 'F';
1[219].time = 10.65;
1[219].loc = 'F';
1[220].time = 11;
1[220].loc = 'H';
1[221].time = 11.15;
1[221].loc = 'H';
1[222].time = 11.5;
1[222].loc = 'B';
1[223].time = 14;
1[223].loc = 'C';
1[224].time = 14.15;
1[224].loc = 'C';
1[225].time = 14.5;
1[225].loc = 'E';
1[226].time = 14.65;
1[226].loc = 'E';
1[227].time = 15;
1[227].loc = 'G';
1[228].time = 15.15;
1[228].loc = 'G';
1[229].time = 15.5;
1[229].loc = 'C';
for (int i = 1; i <= 229; i++)
   for (int j = 1; j <= 229; j++)
   {
       if ((1[i].loc == 1[j].loc))
           if (((1[j].time - 1[i].time) > 0))
              M[i][j] = CityRisk[(1[i].loc) - 65];
       }
       else
       {
           if (((1[j].time - 1[i].time)) == 0.9)
              M[i][j] = 5;
           else
               if ((([i]].time - 1[i].time)) == 0.35)
                  M[i][j] = 9;
           }
```

```
}
     }
 }
}
void Examine(Node* 1, double M[][NumOfNode + 2])
 FILE* fp = fopen("List.txt", "w+");
 FILE* pf = fopen("Matrix.txt", "w+");
 for (int i = 1;i <= NumOfNode;i++)</pre>
     fprintf(fp, "%lf %c\n", l[i].time, l[i].loc);
 for (int i = 1;i <= NumOfNode;i++)</pre>
 {
     for (int j = 1;j <= NumOfNode;j++)</pre>
         fprintf(pf, "%lf ", M[i][j]);
     fprintf(pf, "\n");
 }
}
double Search(char c)
 switch (c)
 case 'A':
     return 0.2;
     break;
 case 'B':
     return 0.2;
     break;
 case 'C':
     return 0.2;
     break;
 case 'D':
     return 0.2;
     break;
 case 'E':
     return 0.5;
     break;
 case 'F':
     return 0.5;
     break;
 case 'G':
     return 0.5;
     break;
 case 'H':
     return 0.9;
     break;
```

```
case 'I':
      return 0.9;
      break;
  case 'J':
      return 0.9;
      break;
  }
}
void GetIns(double cost[][NumOfNode + 2], Node* 1, double
M[][NumOfNode + 2], double len[NumOfNode + 2], int visit[NumOfNode
+ 2], int n, int path[][NumOfNode + 2], string OutLoc[][NumOfNode +
2], int timepath[][NumOfNode + 2][NumOfNode + 2])
  int choice;
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
      for (int j = 1; j \leftarrow n; j++)
          for (int k = 1; k \leftarrow n; k++)
             timepath[i][j][k] = 0;
  FILE* out = fopen("Diary.txt", "a+");
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
      for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
      {
         OutLoc[i][j] = "";
          //cout << OutLoc[i][j] << endl;</pre>
      }
  for (int k = 1; k <= n; k++)
      for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow n; i++)
          path[i][k] = 1;
  double GoTime, timewant;
  char Ffrom, Fto;
  //FILE* fp = fopen("cost.txt", "w+");
  printf("请选择你想采用的规划策略(1为最少风险策略,2为限时最少风险策
略):\n");
  scanf("%d", &choice);
  if (choice == 1)
  {
      printf("请按以下格式输入您的旅行计划:出发时间 起始城市 终点城市
(如 8.5 A C):\n");
      scanf("%lf %c %c", &GoTime, &Ffrom, &Fto);
      fprintf(out, "选择最低风险策略, %lf从%c 出发前往%c。\n",
GoTime, Ffrom, Fto);
      1[NumOfNode + 1].time = GoTime;
      1[NumOfNode + 1].loc = Ffrom;
```

```
for (int a = 1; a \le NumOfNode + 1; a++)
      {
         if (1[a].loc == Ffrom)
             if (1[a].time >= GoTime)
                 M[NumOfNode + 1][a] = Search(Ffrom);
         }
      }
      for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
             cost[i][i] = 9999;
      /*for (int i = 1;i <= n;i++)
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
             fprintf(fp, "%lf %c %lf %c %lf %lf\n", l[i].time,
1[i].loc, 1[j].time, 1[j].loc, M[i][j], cost[i][j]);
      }*/
      for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
             if ((M[i][j] != INFINITY))
                 cost[i][j] = M[i][j] * (l[j].time - l[i].time);
             else
                 if (1[i].loc == 1[j].loc)
                    cost[i][i] = 0;
         }
      /*for (int i = 1;i <= n;i++)
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
             fprintf(fp, "%lf %c %lf %c %lf %lf\n", 1[i].time,
1[i].loc, 1[j].time, 1[j].loc, M[i][j], cost[i][j]);
      }*/
      for (int k = 1;k <= n;k++) { //选中的中间值
         for (int i = 1;i <= n;i++) { //数组横坐标
                 for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) { //数组纵坐标
                    if ((cost[i][j] > cost[i][k] + cost[k][j]) &&
(1[i].time <= 1[k].time) && (1[k].time <= 1[j].time))
                            //如果以 k 中间点为中间点检测到路径更短
                        {
                            cost[i][j] = cost[i][k] + cost[k][j];
//更新路径值
                            OutLoc[i][j] += 1[k].loc;
                               timepath[i][j][path[i][j]] = k;
                               path[i][j] ++; //更新要经过的中间点
```

```
}
                 }
         }
      }
      int to[40] = { 0 };
      int i = 1, s = 1;
      for (i = 1; i \leftarrow NumOfNode + 1; i++)
         if ((1[i].loc == Fto) && (1[i].time > GoTime))
             to[s] = i;
             S++;
      }
      int res = 1;
      for (int q2 = 2;q2 < s;q2++)
         if (1[q2].time >= 1[NumOfNode + 1].time)
             if (cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[q2]] <= cost[NumOfNode +</pre>
1][to[res]])
             {
                 res = q2;
             //printf("%lf %c %lf %c %lf %c %s %c\n", 1[NumOfNode
+ 1].time, 1[NumOfNode + 1].loc, 1[to[q2]].time, 1[to[q2]].loc,
cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[q2]], 1[NumOfNode + 1].loc, OutLoc[NumOfNode
+ 1][to[q2]].c_str(), 1[to[q2]].loc);//输出点1到点n的最短距离;
      }
      //printf("%lf %c 到%lf %c 的路径最低风险系数为:%lf,路径为:\n",
1[NumOfNode + 1].time, 1[NumOfNode + 1].loc, 1[to[res]].time,
l[to[res]].loc, cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]]);//输出点1到点n的最短
距离;
      //fprintf(out, "到达%c 的时间为%lf, 最低风险系数为: %lf。\n",
l[to[res]].loc, l[to[res]].time, cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]]);//输
出点1到点n的最短距离;//_fcloseall()
      for (int ww = 1;ww < path[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]]-1;ww++)</pre>
         for (int www = ww + 1;www < path[NumOfNode +</pre>
1][to[res]];www++)
```

```
{
             if (l[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][www]].time <</pre>
1[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][ww]].time)
                 double tt = 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][www]].time;
                 char mm = 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][www]].loc;
                 1[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][www]].time =
1[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][ww]].time;
                 1[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][ww]].time = tt;
                 1[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][www]].loc =
1[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][ww]].loc;
                 1[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][ww]].loc = mm;
          }
      double update = 0;
      char recent = 'X';
      printf("%lf %c 到%lf %c 的路径最低风险系数为: %lf, 下面是路径展
示。\n", l[NumOfNode + 1].time, l[NumOfNode + 1].loc,
l[to[res]].time, l[to[res]].loc, cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]]);//输
出点1到点n的最短距离;
      fprintf(out, "到达%c 的时间为%lf, 最低风险系数为: %lf。下面是路径
展示。\n", l[to[res]].loc, l[to[res]].time, cost[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]]);//输出点1到点n的最短距离;
      //_fcloseall()
      while ((-update + l[to[res]].time) > 1e-6)
      {
          //cout << path[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]] << endl;</pre>
         Sleep(1000);
         update += 0.1;
          //cout << 1[NumOfNode + 1].time << endl;</pre>
         if ((-update + 1[NumOfNode + 1].time) < 1e-6)
             recent = 1[NumOfNode + 1].loc;
             printf("%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
             fprintf(out, "%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
          }
         else
             printf("%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
             fprintf(out, "%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
          }
```

```
for (int xx = 1;xx < path[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]];xx++)</pre>
          {
              if ((-update + 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][xx]].time) < 1e-6)
                  /*Sleep(1);
                 update += 0.1;*/
                  recent = 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][xx]].loc;
                 //update = l[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][xx]].time;
                  printf("%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
                 fprintf(out, "%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
                 //printf("%.21f %c\n", 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][xx]].time, 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][xx]].loc);
              }
              else
                  /*Sleep(1);
                 update += 0.1;*/
              }
          }
          if ((-update + l[to[res]].time) < 1e-6)</pre>
              /*Sleep(1);
              update += 0.1;*/
              recent = 1[to[res]].loc;
              /*printf("%.21f %c\n", 1[to[res]].time,
1[to[res]].loc);
              fprintf(out, "%.21f %c\n", 1[to[res]].time,
1[to[res]].loc);*/
          }
          else
              /*Sleep(1);
              update += 0.1*/;
      }
      //LowestRisk(GoTime, Ffrom, Fto, 1, M, len, visit, n);
  }
  else
      if (choice == 2)
```

```
{
          printf("请按以下格式输入您的旅行计划:出发时间 起始城市 终点城
市 预计用时(如 8.5 A C 4):\n");
         scanf("%lf %c %c %lf", &GoTime, &Ffrom, &Fto, &timewant);
         fprintf(out, "选择限时最低风险策略, %1f从%c 出发前往%c, 预计
用时为%lf。\n", GoTime, Ffrom, Fto, timewant);
         fprintf(out, "选择最低风险策略, %1f从%c 出发前往%c。\n",
GoTime, Ffrom, Fto);
         1[NumOfNode + 1].time = GoTime;
         1[NumOfNode + 1].loc = Ffrom;
         for (int a = 1; a \leftarrow NumOfNode + 1; a++)
             if (1[a].loc == Ffrom)
                 if (1[a].time >= GoTime)
                    M[NumOfNode + 1][a] = Search(Ffrom);
             }
         }
         for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
             for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
                cost[i][i] = 9999;
         /*for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
             for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
                 fprintf(fp, "%lf %c %lf %c %lf %lf\n", l[i].time,
1[i].loc, 1[j].time, 1[j].loc, M[i][j], cost[i][j]);
          }*/
         for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
             for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
                 if ((M[i][j] != INFINITY))
                    cost[i][j] = M[i][j] * (l[j].time -
1[i].time);
                 else
                 {
                    if (l[i].loc == l[j].loc)
                        cost[i][j] = 0;
         /*for (int i = 1;i <= n;i++)
             for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
                fprintf(fp, "%lf %c %lf %c %lf %lf\n", 1[i].time,
1[i].loc, 1[j].time, 1[j].loc, M[i][j], cost[i][j]);
         }*/
```

```
for (int k = 1;k <= n;k++) { //选中的中间值
             for (int i = 1;i <= n;i++) { //数组横坐标
                    for (int j = 1;j <= n;j++) { //数组纵坐标
                           if ((cost[i][j] > cost[i][k] +
cost[k][j]) && (1[i].time <= 1[k].time) && (1[k].time <=
1[j].time))
                               //如果以 k 中间点为中间点检测到路径更
短
                               cost[i][j] = cost[i][k] +
cost[k][j]; //更新路径值
                               OutLoc[i][j] += l[k].loc;
                               timepath[i][j][path[i][j]] = k;
                               path[i][j] ++; //更新要经过的中间点
                           }
                    }
            }
         }
         int to[40] = \{ 0 \};
         int i = 1, s = 1;
         for (i = 1; i \le NumOfNode + 1; i++)
             if ((1[i].loc == Fto) && (1[i].time > GoTime) &&
(1[i].time <= GoTime + timewant))</pre>
                to[s] = i;
                S++;
             }
         }
         if (s > 1)
             int res = 1;
             for (int q2 = 2;q2 < s;q2++)
                 if (1[q2].time >= 1[NumOfNode + 1].time)
                    if (cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[q2]] <=</pre>
cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]])
                        res = q2;
                    }
```

```
//printf("%lf %c %lf %c %lf %c %s %c\n",
1[NumOfNode + 1].time, l[NumOfNode + 1].loc, l[to[q2]].time,
1[to[q2]].loc, cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[q2]], 1[NumOfNode + 1].loc,
OutLoc[NumOfNode + 1][to[q2]].c_str(), 1[to[q2]].loc);//輸出点1到点
n 的最短距离;
                 }
             }
             for (int ww = 1;ww < path[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]] -</pre>
1; ww++)
                 for (int www = ww + 1; www < path[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]];www++)
                    if (l[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][www]].time < l[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][ww]].time)
                        double tt = 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][www]].time;
                        char mm = 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][www]].loc;
                        1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][www]].time = 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][ww]].time;
                        1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][ww]].time = tt;
                        1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][www]].loc = l[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][ww]].loc;
                        1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][ww]].loc = mm;
                 }
             }
             double update = 0;
             char recent = 'X';
             printf("%lf %c 到%lf %c 的路径最低风险系数为: %lf, 下面是
路径展示。\n", l[NumOfNode + 1].time, l[NumOfNode + 1].loc,
l[to[res]].time, l[to[res]].loc, cost[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]]);//输
出点1到点n的最短距离;
             fprintf(out, "到达%c 的时间为%lf,最低风险系数为:%lf。下
面是路径展示。\n", 1[to[res]].loc, 1[to[res]].time, cost[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]]);//输出点1到点n的最短距离;
             //_fcloseall()
```

```
while ((- update + l[to[res]].time) > 1e-6)
                  //cout << path[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]] << endl;</pre>
                  Sleep(1000);
                  update += 0.1;
                  //cout << 1[NumOfNode + 1].time << endl;</pre>
                  if ((- update + 1[NumOfNode + 1].time) < 1e-6)</pre>
                      recent = 1[NumOfNode + 1].loc;
                      printf("%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
                      fprintf(out, "%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
                  }
                  else
                  {
                      printf("%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
                      fprintf(out, "%.2lf %c\n", update, recent);;
                  for (int xx = 1;xx < path[NumOfNode +</pre>
1][to[res]];xx++)
                      if ((- update + 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][xx]].time) < 1e-6)
                          /*Sleep(1);
                          update += 0.1;*/
                          recent = 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][xx]].loc;
                         //update = 1[timepath[NumOfNode +
1][to[res]][xx]].time;
                          printf("%.21f %c\n", update, recent);
                         fprintf(out, "%.21f %c\n", update,
recent);
                         //printf("%.21f %c\n",
l[timepath[NumOfNode + 1][to[res]][xx]].time, l[timepath[NumOfNode
+ 1][to[res]][xx]].loc);
                      else
                          /*Sleep(1);
                         update += 0.1;*/
                      }
                  }
                  if ((- update + l[to[res]].time) < 1e-6)</pre>
```

```
/*Sleep(1);
                   update += 0.1;*/
                   recent = 1[to[res]].loc;
                   printf("%.21f %c\n", 1[to[res]].time,
1[to[res]].loc);
                  fprintf(out, "%.21f %c\n", 1[to[res]].time,
1[to[res]].loc);
               }
               else
                {
                   /*Sleep(1);
                   update += 0.1*/;
            }
         }
         else
            printf("无法在您需要的时刻到达\n\n");
            fprintf(out, "无法在您需要的时刻到达\n\n");
         }
     }
     else
         printf("您输入的策略序号不正确,请重新输入!\n\n");
         fprintf(out, "您输入的策略序号不正确,请重新输入!\n\n");
         getchar();
     }
  }
  fclose(out);
 }
```