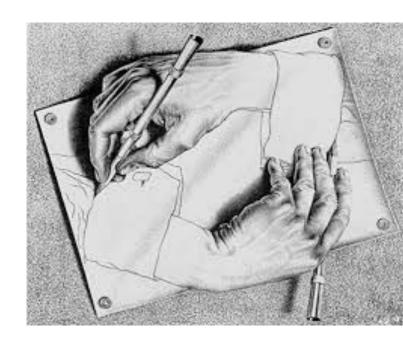


## Today's Takeaways

- Introduction to EC2
- EC2 Instance Types
- Creating an EC2 instance





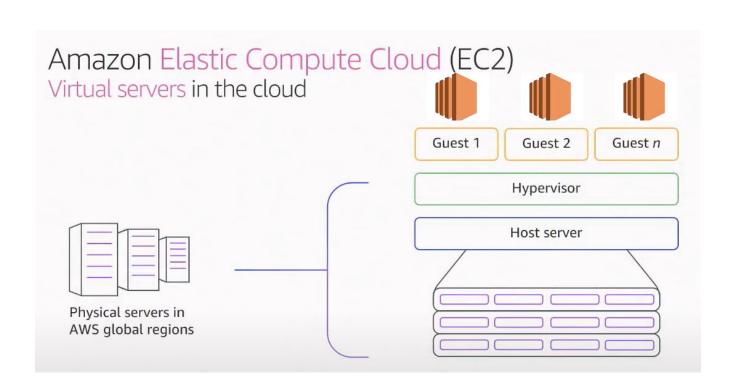


#### What is EC2?





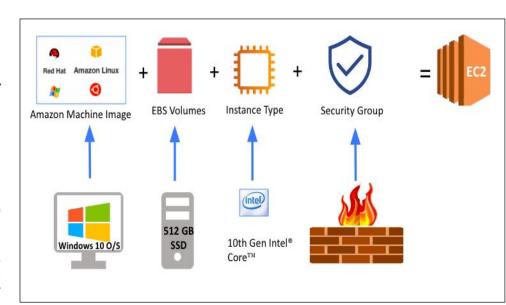
- EC2 stands for Elastic Compute Cloud in AWS.
- EC2 is a service that allows you to run application programs in the computing environment.
- EC2 is a web service that provides secure, resizable compute capacity in the cloud. It is designed to make web-scale cloud computing easier for developers.





#### What is EC2?

- In fact, EC2 is a kind of computer such as your desktop in your home.Components of the EC2 are similar to conventional computer devices.
- Each EC2 component refers to one of the conventional computer parts such as Operation System, Hard Disk and Intel/AMD processors, etc.





## Introduction to EC2

#### **EC2** Features













- Pay as you go,
- Setup and ready to use within 1 minute,
- CPU, Memory and Storage Capacity needs can be arranged within minutes,
- Create, Stop or Terminate instances via EC2 console easily.



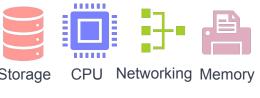


## 2 Types of Instances



# EC2 Instances Types of Instances

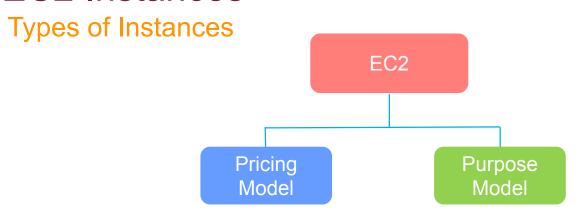






 Instance types comprise varying combinations of CPU, memory, storage, and networking capacity





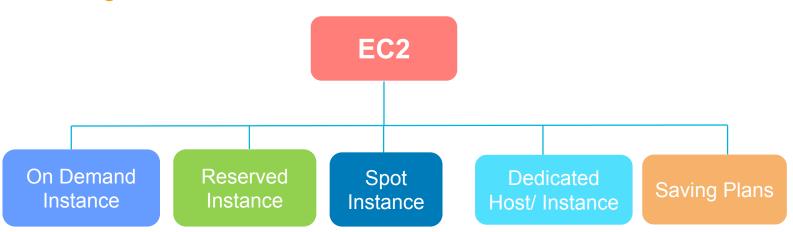
- Instance types are grouped into a variety of families based on target application profiles and pricing options. It is possible to categorize EC2 types under two main perspective:
- These are Pricing Model and Purpose Model.

#### CLARUSWAY WAY TO REINVENT YOURSELF

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### EC2 Instances

**Pricing Model of Instances** 



When we look at the pricing perspective, AWS offers 5 different types of instance pricing.



#### On Demand Instances







- You pay for compute capacity by the "hour "or the "second"
- No commitments
- No upfront payments
- You can increase or decrease your compute capacity
- Pre-estimated



## EC2 Instances

On Demand Instances



#### On-Demand instances are recommended for:

- Users that prefer the low cost and flexibility of Amazon EC2 without any up-front payment or long-term commitment
- Applications with short-term, spiky, or unpredictable workloads that cannot be interrupted





#### On Demand Pricing

t2.micro in us-east-1 (N.Virginia)

- cost: \$ 0.0116/hour



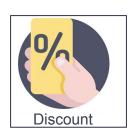
- 25 seconds usage--->>> \$ 0.0116 / 60= \$ 0.00019 (min 60 seconds)
- 60 seconds usage--->>> \$ 0.0116 / 60= \$ 0.00019 (min 60 seconds
- 30 minutes usage--->>> \$ 0.0116 / 2= \$ 0.0058
  - 1 month usage---->> \$ 0.0116 \* 24 \*30 = \$8.32



#### EC2 Instances

Reserved Instances (RI)







- Reserved Instances provide you with a significant discount (up to 75%) compared to On-Demand instance pricing.
- It is a tariff that takes advantage of the discounted price by giving AWS a 1 or 3-year commitment.



#### Scheduled Reserved Instances



- It's an Instance model derived from Reserved Instance
- This model is very similar to the Reserved Instance and provides you to make the purchase over 24 hours.
- Thanks to the Scheduled Reserved Instance, you can run an instance only between the hours you reserved in reduced price.



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#### **EC2** Instances

Reserved Instances (RI)



#### Reserved Instances are recommended for:

- Applications with steady state usage
- · Applications that may require reserved capacity
- Customers that can commit to using EC2 over a 1 or 3 year term to reduce their total computing costs





**Example** 





**RESERVED INSTANCE: 7/24** 













CLARUSWAY
WAY TO REINVENT YOURSELF

Scheduled Reserved 08:00 AM - 08:00 PM

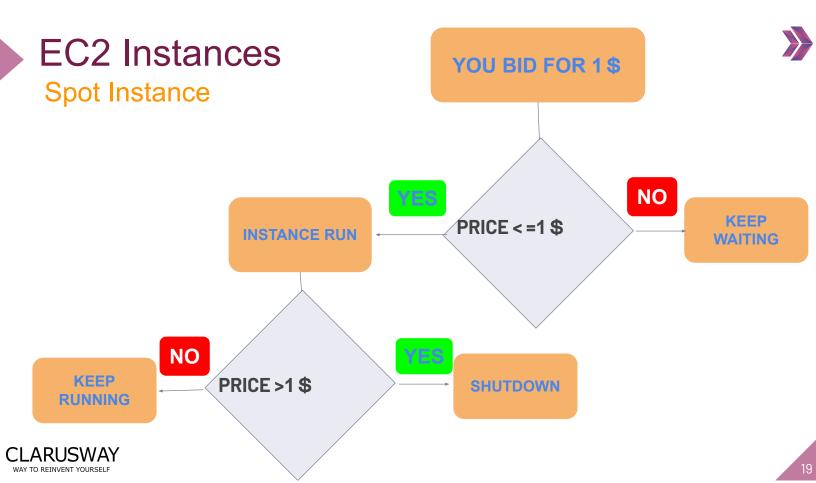
### EC2 Instances

**Spot Instance** 



- In Spot Instance, you can enter a purchase order by setting a target price.
- The machine runs when the current price falls below the target price.
- The machine automatically shuts down if the price exceeds that target price.
- You can save up to 90% cost advantage.





Spot Instance vs. On Demand Price







45 minutes

Pay for 45 minutes

???????



#### **Spot Instance**



#### Spot instances are recommended for:

- Applications that have flexible start and end times
- Non-continuity jobs such as testing



#### **EC2** Instances

#### **Dedicated Host/Instance**

A Dedicated Host is a physical server the whole capacity of with EC2 instance is dedicated to your use.

Not only your instances are reserved but also they physically separated from the other servers.

A Dedicated Host consists of Dedicated Instance capacities according to your needs. You may choose to buy a Dedicated Host or only one Dedicated Instance also.



#### $\mathbf{A}$

#### **EC2** Instances

**Saving Plans** 

#### **ON DEMAND**



5000 HOURS OF USAGE

1500\$



#### **SAVING PLAN**



5000 HOURS OF USAGE

1000\$

## EC2 Instances Recap



**On Demand** 



Reserved



**Spot** 

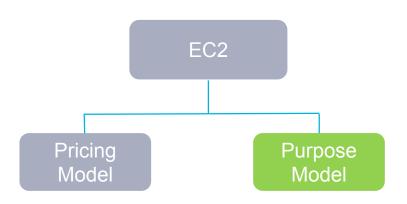






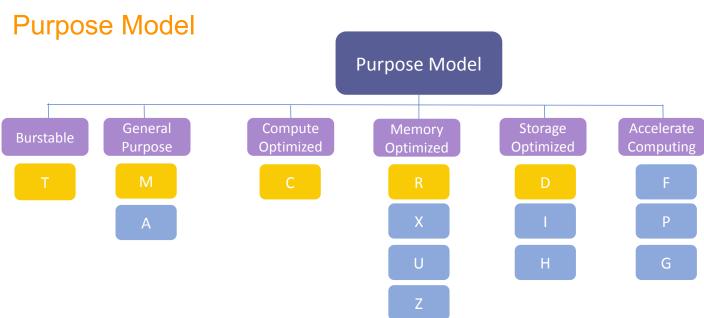


#### Types of Instances Recap





### **EC2 Instances**



AWS offers different kind of virtual machines in 6 categories





#### **General Purpose**

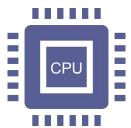


- General purpose instances provide a balance of compute, memory and networking resources, and can be used for a variety of diverse workloads.
- There are T, M and A options that we can use for standard and application needs.
- This is the most commonly used instance type and ideal for web servers.

**CLARUSWAY** 

### **EC2** Instances

**Compute Optimized** 

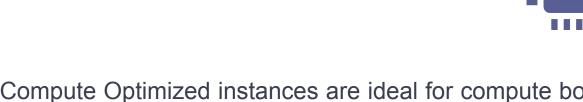


- Compute Optimized instances are ideal for compute bound applications that benefit from high performance processors.
- Instances belonging to this family are well suited for batch processing workloads, media transcoding, high performance web dedicated gaming server, etc.









#### **Memory Optimized**



- Memory optimized instances are used in situations requiring a high-performance database, real-time large data analytics, and high memory usage.
- There are R, X, Z and U type instances in this category.



#### EC2 Instances

Storage Optimized



- Storage optimized instances are designed for workloads that require high, sequential read and write access to very large data sets on local storage.
- It is the best used for the fast disk structures we need in NoSQL databases or data warehouse solutions.
- There are D, H and I type of instances in this category.



#### **Accelerated Computing**

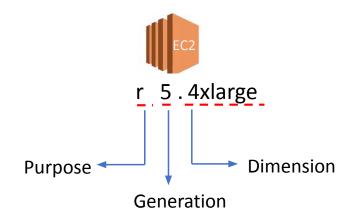


- Preferred when you need machine learning, deep learning calculation, and analysis.
- There are F, P and G type of instances in this category.



#### EC2 Instances

**Instance Coding** 



- R refers to its purpose. It means this EC2 is Memory Optimized instance.
- 5 refers to instance generation. For example, the last generation of the r-family is 5.
- 4xlarge refers to dimension of instance. AWS has built servers of various sizes
  to suit every need in instance families. For example, the r5-family has
  8 different sizes starting from large to 24xlarge.
- Not all models have instances in every generation and size.



## Let's get our hands dirty!

- Introduction of EC2 console
- Creating an EC2 instance
- Creating an EC2 instance with user data
- Working with Instance Actions



# THANKS!

## **Any questions?**

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