

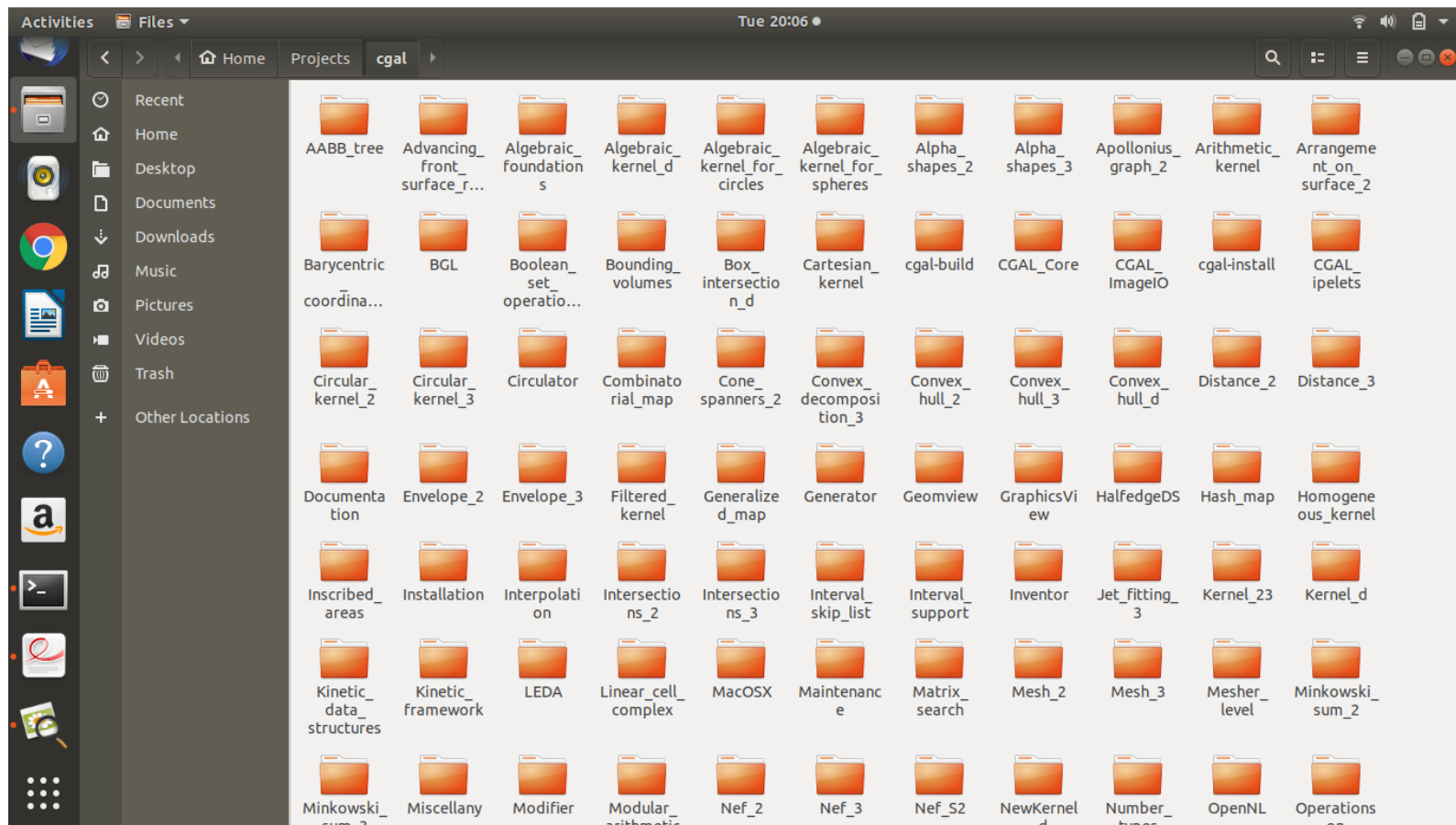
CGAL Demo

- In this presentation, we will see
 - How to run an already existing demo in CGAL – [GraphicsView](#)
 - How to modify it to create your own demo
 - How to do a sample program

1. How to run an already existing demo in CGAL – **GraphicsView**

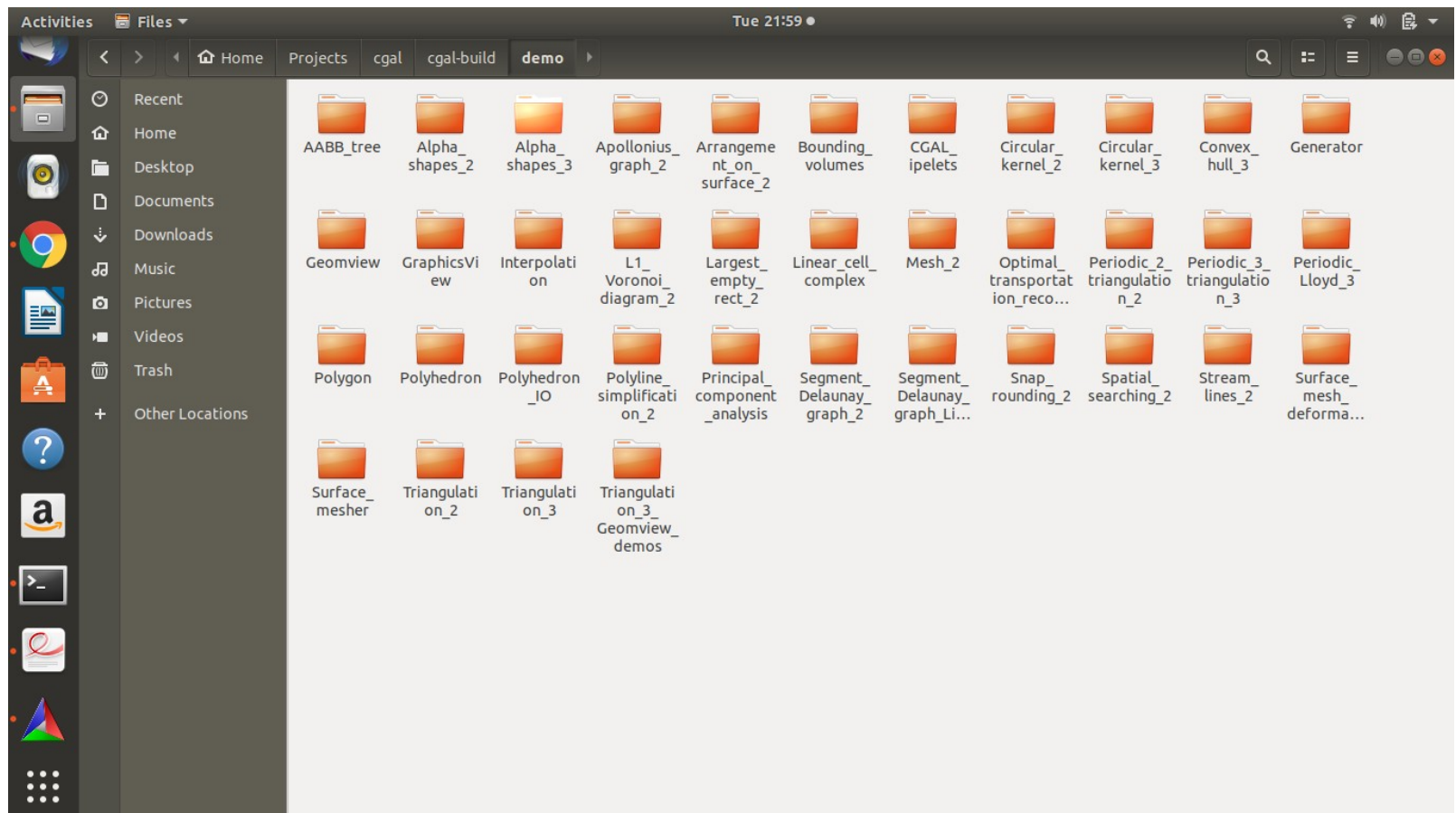
Run demo GraphicsView

- Steps
 1. Open your CGAL folder



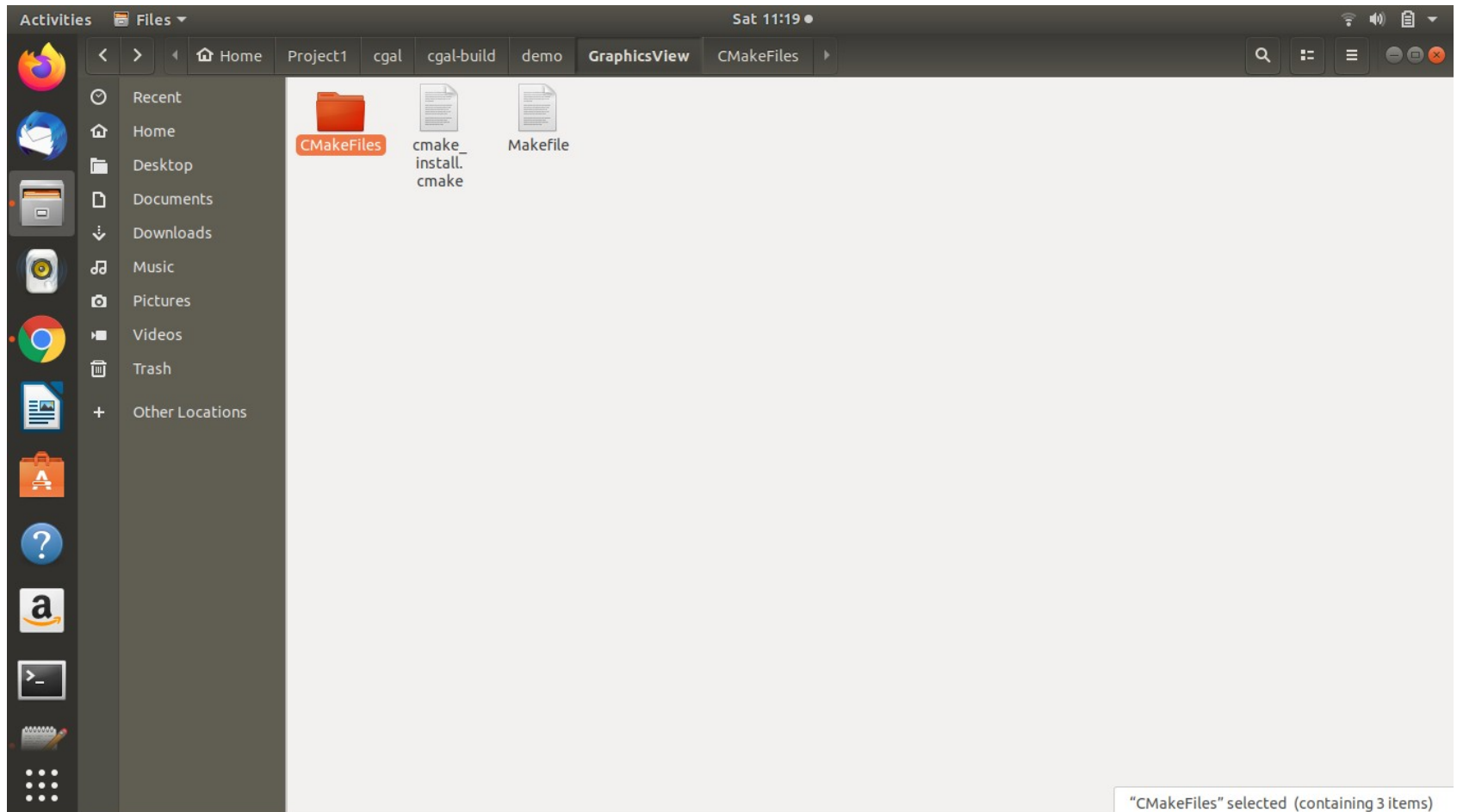
Run demo GraphicsView

- Steps
 2. Go to cgal/build/demo



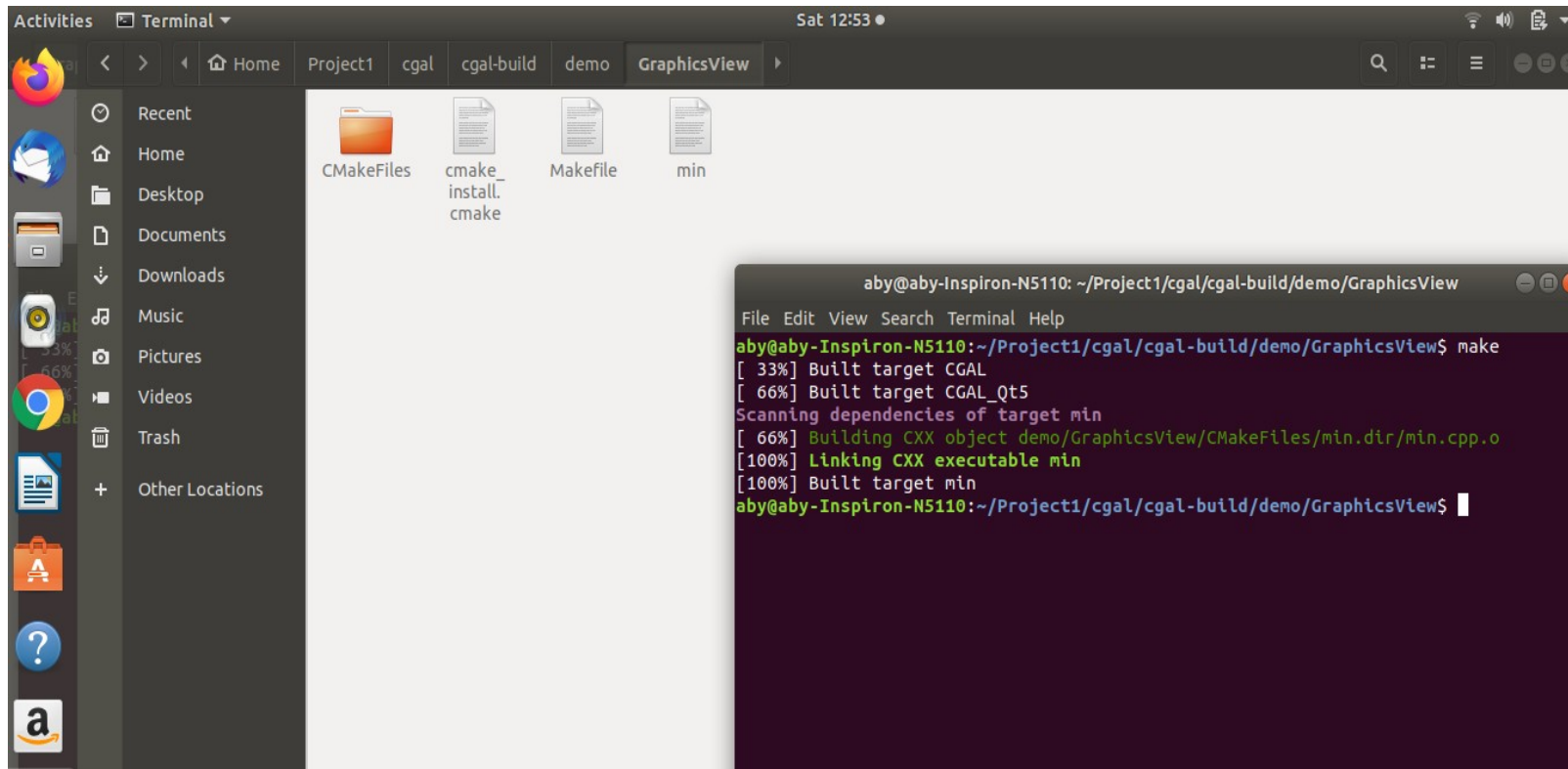
Run demo GraphicsView

- Steps
 3. Open folder GraphicsView



Run demo GraphicsView

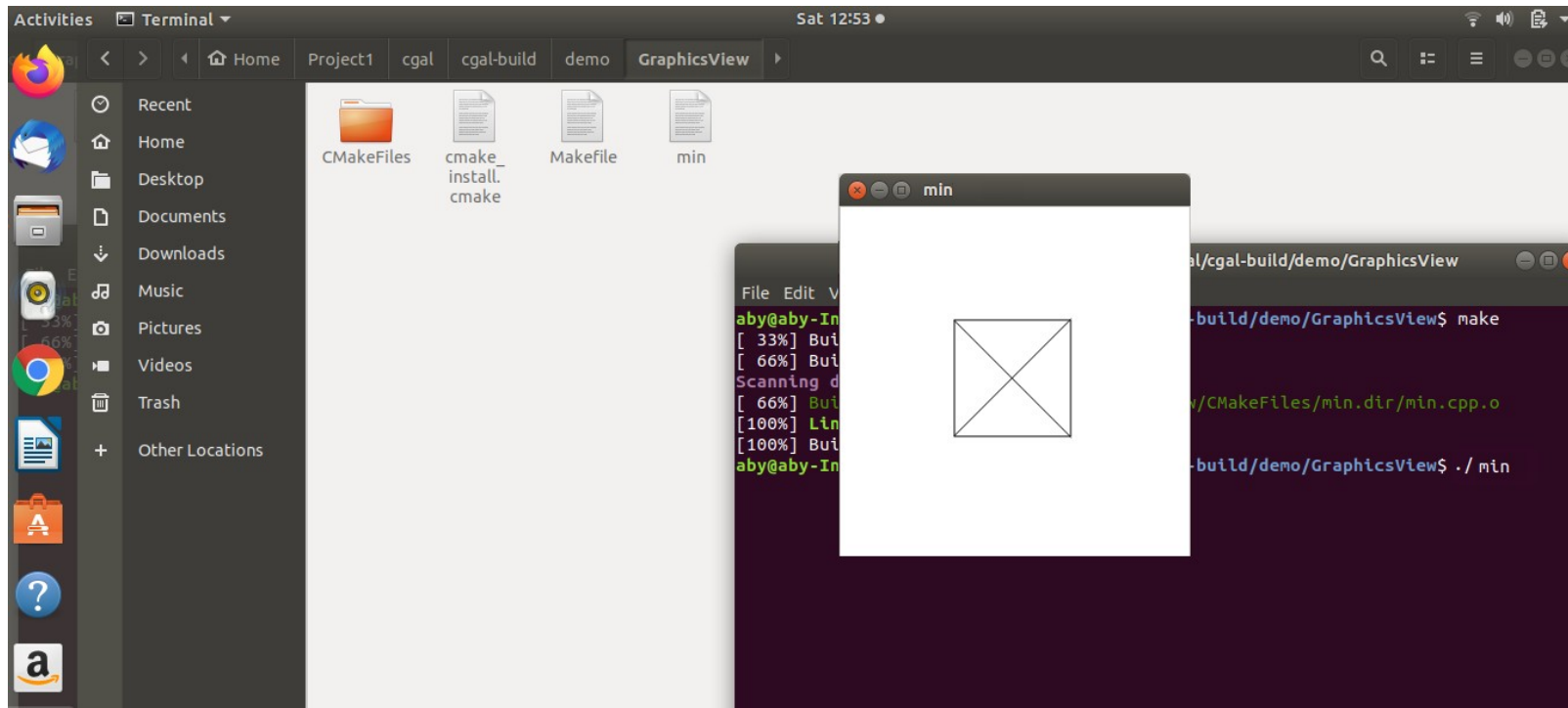
- Steps
 4. Open terminal inside this folder and create the executable by **make** command



Folder

Run demo GraphicsView

- Steps
 5. Run the executable either by clicking it or by typing `./min` in the terminal



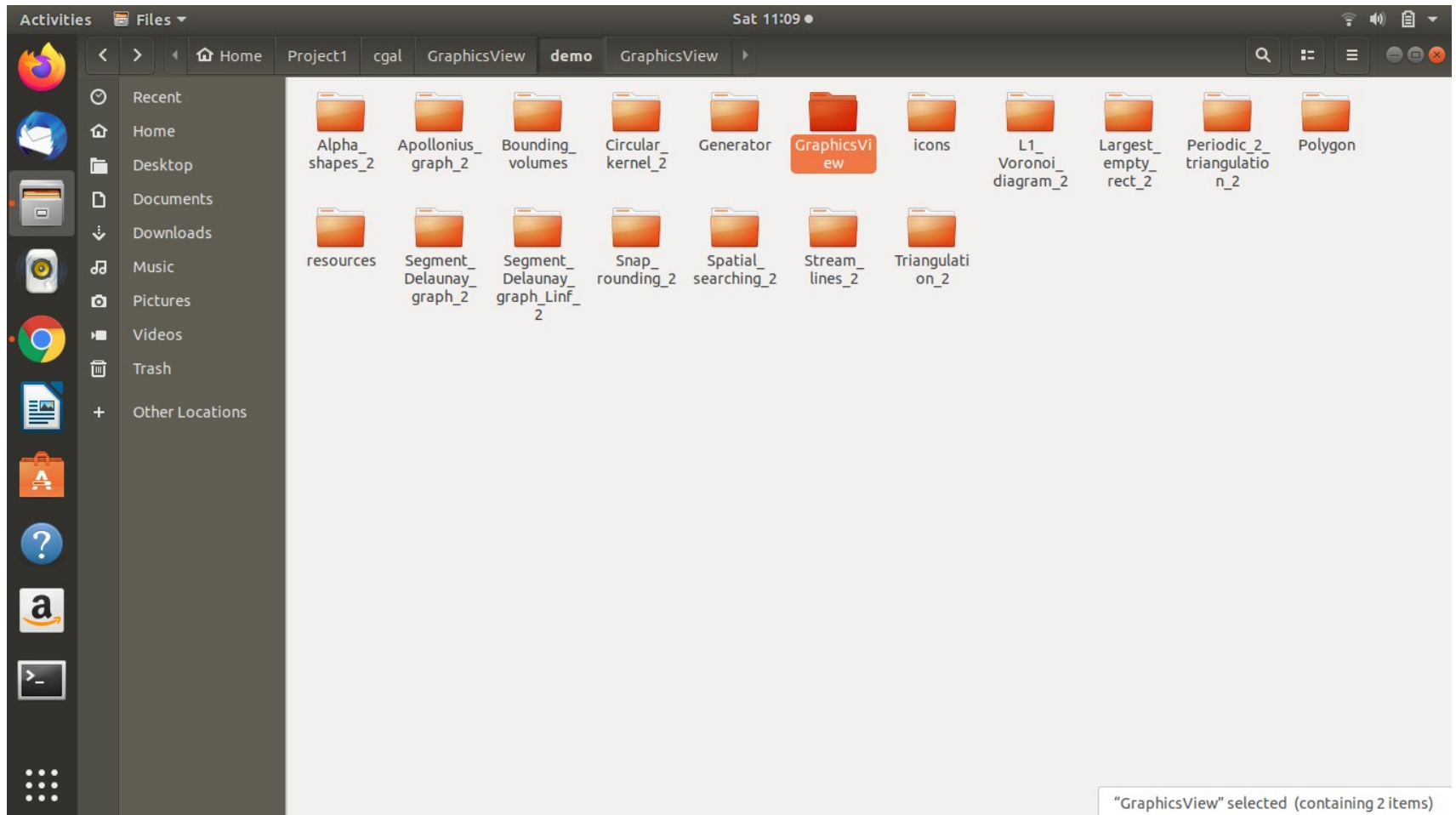
-This demo draws a rectangle and two diagonals of it in a QT window.

Code of min.cpp in GraphicsView

- Let us see the code of this demo.
- Source Code of all the demos can be found in the CGAL folder.
- Open the folder CGAL/demo/GraphicsView

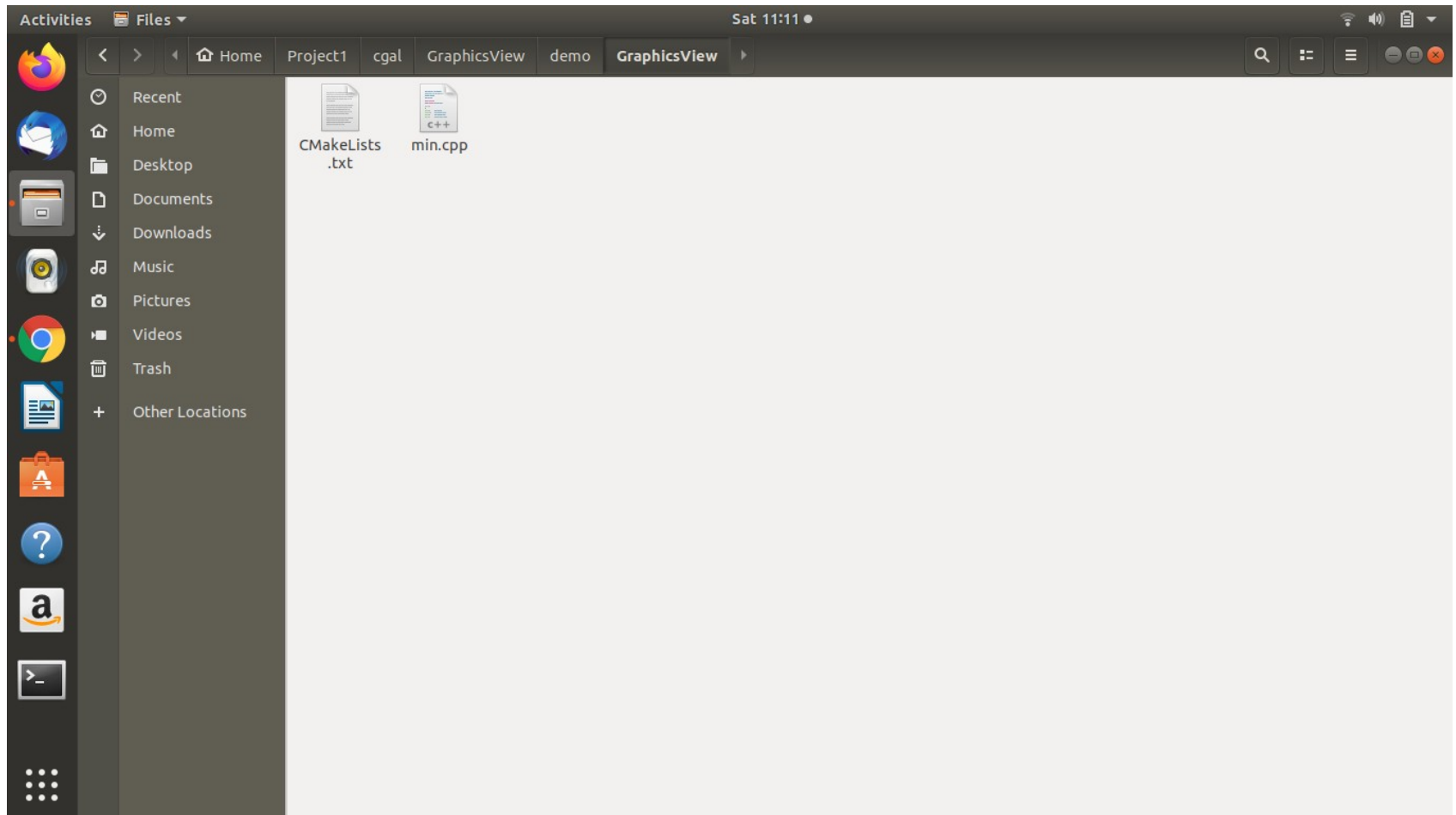
Code of min.cpp in GraphicsView

- Open the folder GraphicsView



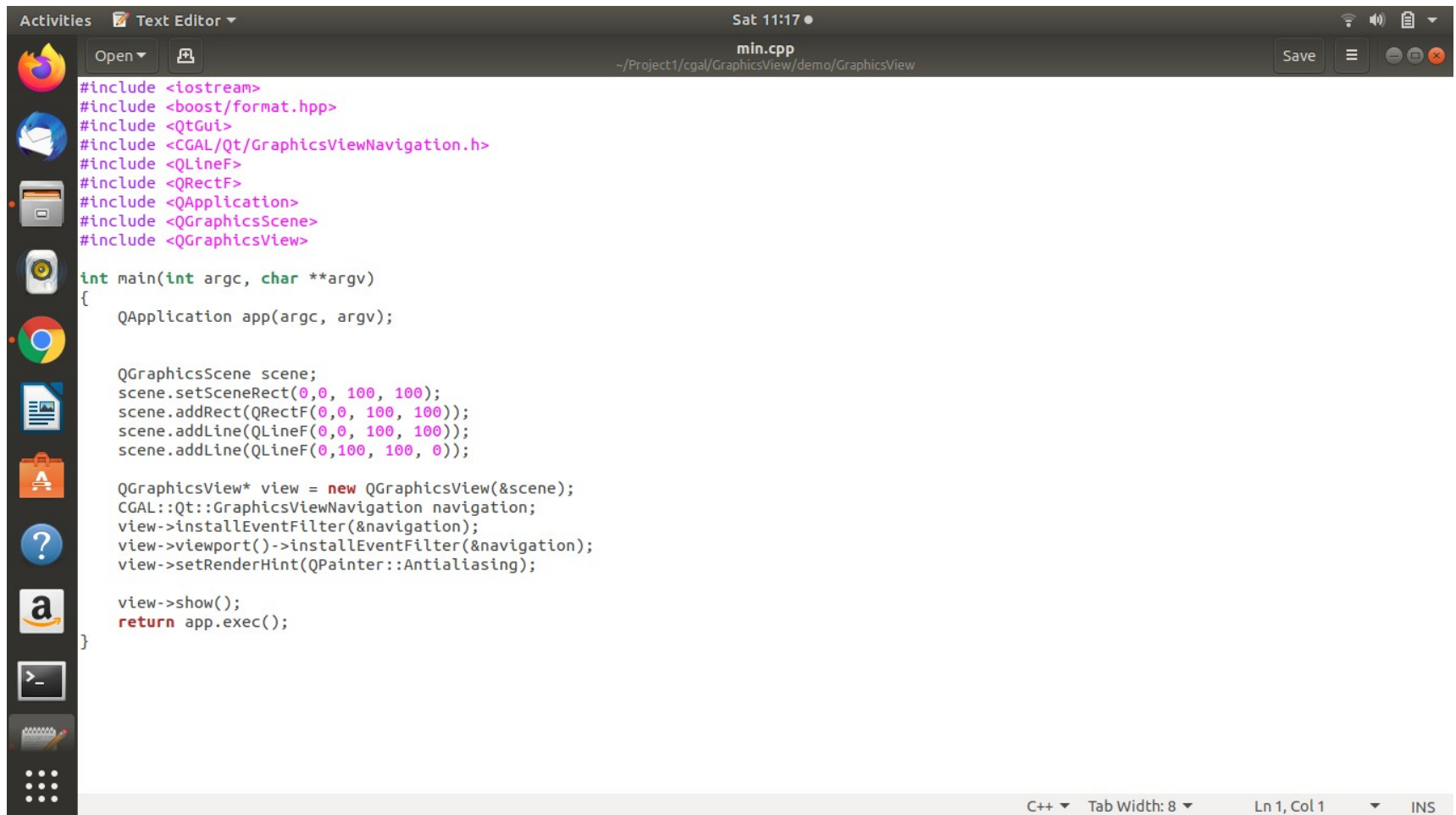
Code of min.cpp in GraphicsView

- There are two files. One .txt file and one .cpp file



Code of min.cpp in GraphicsView

- Open min.cpp



```
#include <iostream>
#include <boost/format.hpp>
#include <QtGui>
#include <CGAL/Qt/GraphicsViewNavigation.h>
#include <QLineF>
#include <QRectF>
#include <QApplication>
#include <QGraphicsScene>
#include <QGraphicsView>

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    QApplication app(argc, argv);

    QGraphicsScene scene;
    scene.setSceneRect(0,0, 100, 100);
    scene.addRect(QRectF(0,0, 100, 100));
    scene.addLine(QLineF(0,0, 100, 100));
    scene.addLine(QLineF(0,100, 100, 0));

    QGraphicsView* view = new QGraphicsView(&scene);
    CGAL::Qt::GraphicsViewNavigation navigation;
    view->installEventFilter(&navigation);
    view->viewport()->installEventFilter(&navigation);
    view->setRenderHint(QPainter::Antialiasing);

    view->show();
    return app.exec();
}
```

Min.cpp

```
#include <iostream>    // cpp header
#include <boost/format.hpp> //boost header (not compulsory)
#include <QtGui>        // QT header for GUI
#include <CGAL/Qt/GraphicsViewNavigation.h> //CGAL header for linking CGAL and
    QGraphicsView
#include <QLineF>       // QT header for Line functions
#include <QRectF>       // QT header for Rectangle functions
#include <QApplication> // QT header for creating a QT GUI application
#include <QGraphicsScene> // QT header for 2D graphical items
#include <QGraphicsView> // QT header for displaying the contents of a scene

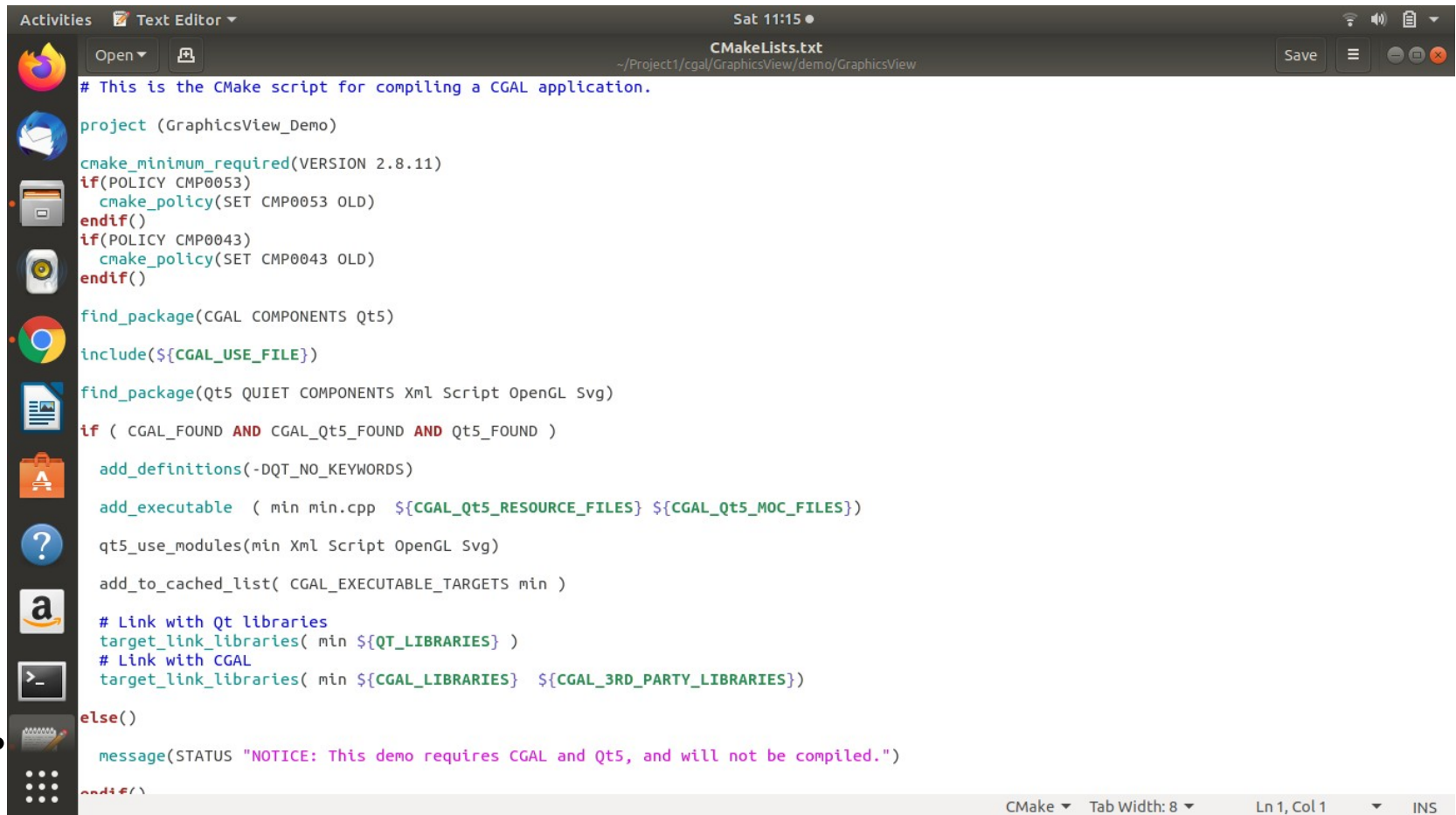
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    QApplication app(argc, argv); //create a new QT GUI application

    QGraphicsScene scene;          //create a QT scene to display point
    scene.setSceneRect(0,0, 100, 100); //set scene size
    scene.addRect(QRectF(0,0,100,100); //add a rectangle in the scene
    scene.addLine(QLineF(0,0,100,100); //add a line in the scene
    scene.addLine(QLineF(0,100,100,0); //add a line in the scene

    //display the scene
    QGraphicsView* view = new QGraphicsView(&scene);
    CGAL::Qt::GraphicsViewNavigation navigation;
    view->installEventFilter(&navigation);
    view->viewport()->installEventFilter(&navigation);
    view->setRenderHint(QPainter::Antialiasing);
    view->show();
    return app.exec();
}
```

CmakeLists.txt in GraphicsView

- Open the second file CMakeLists.txt in the folder GraphicsView



The screenshot shows a Linux desktop environment with a text editor window open. The window title is "CMakeLists.txt" and the path is "~/Project1/cgal/GraphicsView/demo/GraphicsView". The editor contains a CMake script for compiling a CGAL application. The script includes comments, project setup, minimum version requirements, policy settings, package finding, and linking instructions. The status bar at the bottom indicates "CMake", "Tab Width: 8", "Ln 1, Col 1", and "INS".

```
# This is the CMake script for compiling a CGAL application.

project (GraphicsView_Demo)

cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 2.8.11)
if(POLICY CMP0053)
    cmake_policy(SET CMP0053 OLD)
endif()
if(POLICY CMP0043)
    cmake_policy(SET CMP0043 OLD)
endif()

find_package(CGAL COMPONENTS Qt5)
include(${CGAL_USE_FILE})

find_package(Qt5 QUIET COMPONENTS Xml Script OpenGL Svg)
if ( CGAL_FOUND AND CGAL_Qt5_FOUND AND Qt5_FOUND )

    add_definitions(-DQT_NO_KEYWORDS)

    add_executable ( min min.cpp ${CGAL_Qt5_RESOURCE_FILES} ${CGAL_Qt5_MOC_FILES})

    qt5_use_modules(min Xml Script OpenGL Svg)

    add_to_cached_list( CGAL_EXECUTABLE_TARGETS min )

    # Link with Qt libraries
    target_link_libraries( min ${QT_LIBRARIES} )
    # Link with CGAL
    target_link_libraries( min ${CGAL_LIBRARIES} ${CGAL_3RD_PARTY_LIBRARIES})

else()

    message(STATUS "NOTICE: This demo requires CGAL and Qt5, and will not be compiled.")
endif()
```

Why CmakeLists.txt?

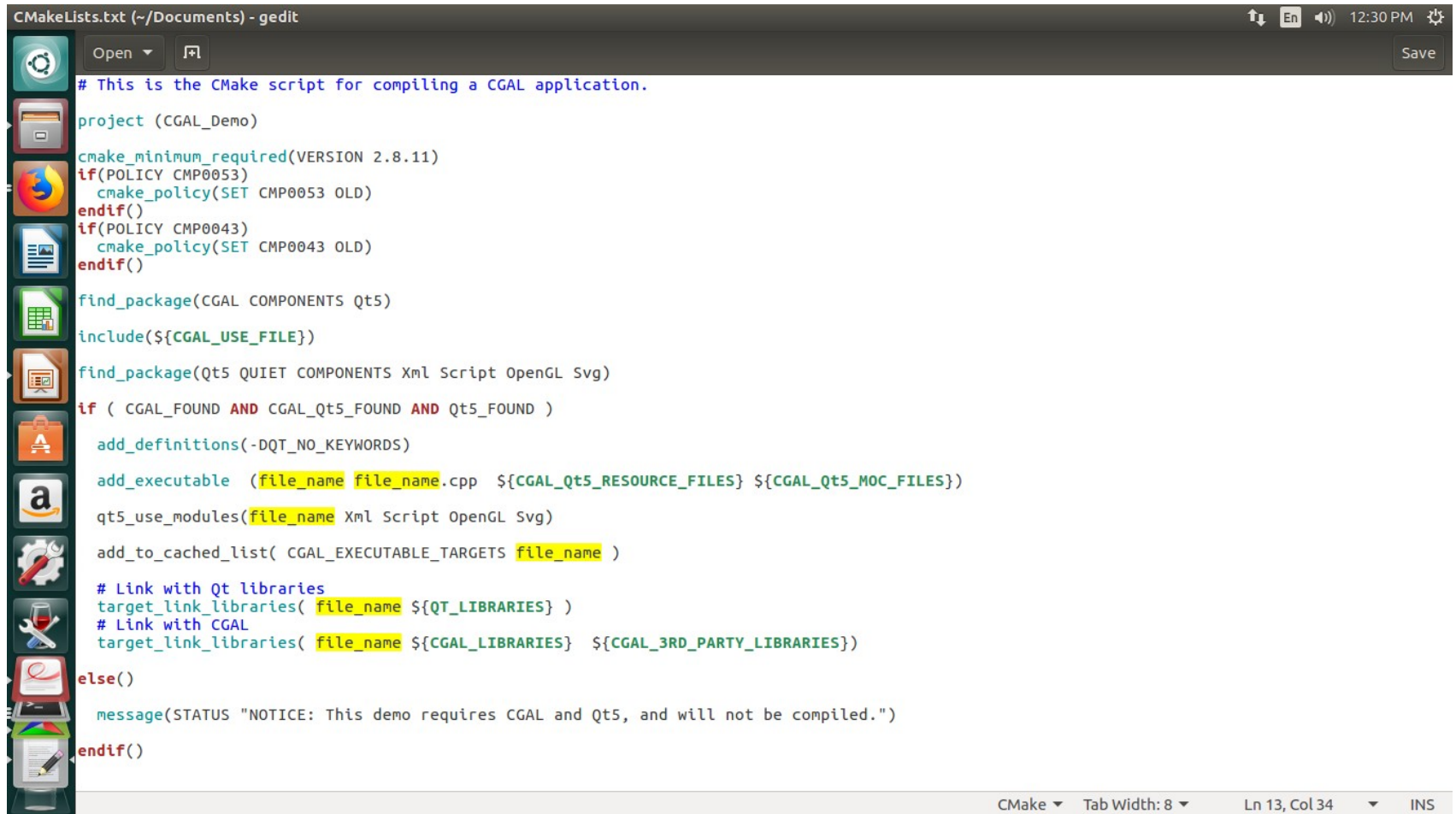
→ To link a custom program with CGAL

[https://doc.cgal.org/5.2/Manual/
devman_create_and_use_a_cmakelist.h
tml](https://doc.cgal.org/5.2/Manual/devman_create_and_use_a_cmakelist.html)

2. How to modify `GraphicsView` to
create your own demo

1. In your Desktop, create a folder for your demo, say demo1
2. Create a folder named bin inside the folder demo1
3. Copy min.cpp from the folder GraphicsView to your folder demo1
4. Rename your source code to demo1.cpp (or any name)
5. Copy CMakeLists.txt from the folder GraphicsView to your folder demo1
6. Change the source code file name **min** (where ever it is present) in the CMakeLists.txt to **demo1**

Editing 'CMakeLists.txt'



```
CMakeLists.txt (~/.Documents) - gedit
# This is the CMake script for compiling a CGAL application.

project (CGAL_Demo)

cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 2.8.11)
if(POLICY CMP0053)
  cmake_policy(SET CMP0053 OLD)
endif()
if(POLICY CMP0043)
  cmake_policy(SET CMP0043 OLD)
endif()

find_package(CGAL COMPONENTS Qt5)
include(${CGAL_USE_FILE})

find_package(Qt5 QUIET COMPONENTS Xml Script OpenGL Svg)
if ( CGAL_FOUND AND CGAL_Qt5_FOUND AND Qt5_FOUND )

  add_definitions(-DQT_NO_KEYWORDS)

  add_executable (file_name file_name.cpp ${CGAL_Qt5_RESOURCE_FILES} ${CGAL_Qt5_MOC_FILES})

  qt5_use_modules(file_name Xml Script OpenGL Svg)

  add_to_cached_list( CGAL_EXECUTABLE_TARGETS file_name )

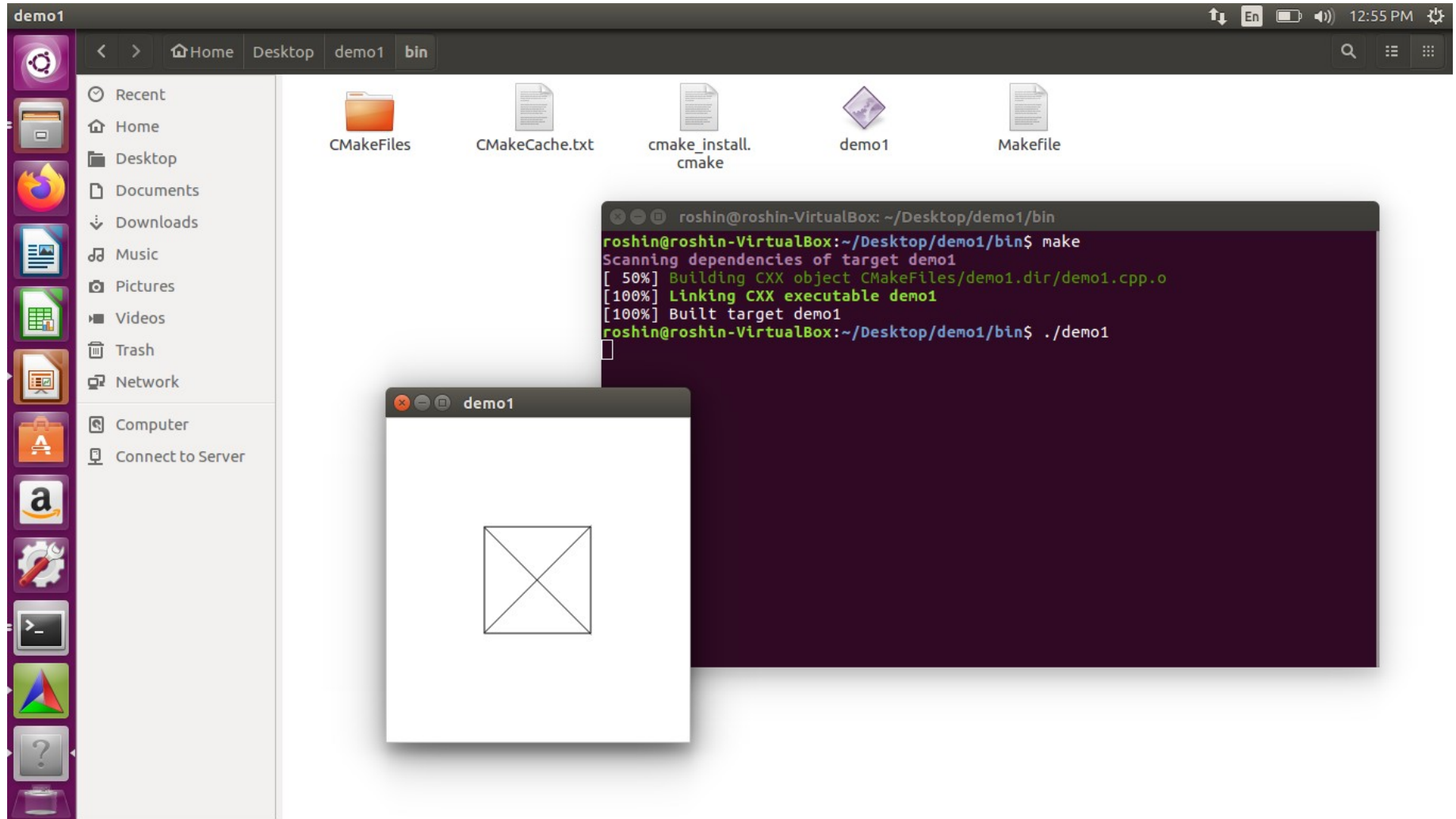
  # Link with Qt libraries
  target_link_libraries( file_name ${QT_LIBRARIES} )
  # Link with CGAL
  target_link_libraries( file_name ${CGAL_LIBRARIES} ${CGAL_3RD_PARTY_LIBRARIES})
else()
  message(STATUS "NOTICE: This demo requires CGAL and Qt5, and will not be compiled.")
endif()
```

Change the file_name(highlighted) to your .cpp file name and save it.

Compile & Execute your cpp file

1. From bin folder, **cmake ~/Desktop/cgalDemo1**
2. Your makefiles are ready in bin folder now
3. From bin folder **make** to compile
4. Execute your program by clicking on the executable file or by typing *./demo1* in the terminal and you will get the Output displayed in QT window.

Execute your program by clicking on the executable file or by typing `./demo1` in the terminal and you will get the output displayed in QT window.



Display a point

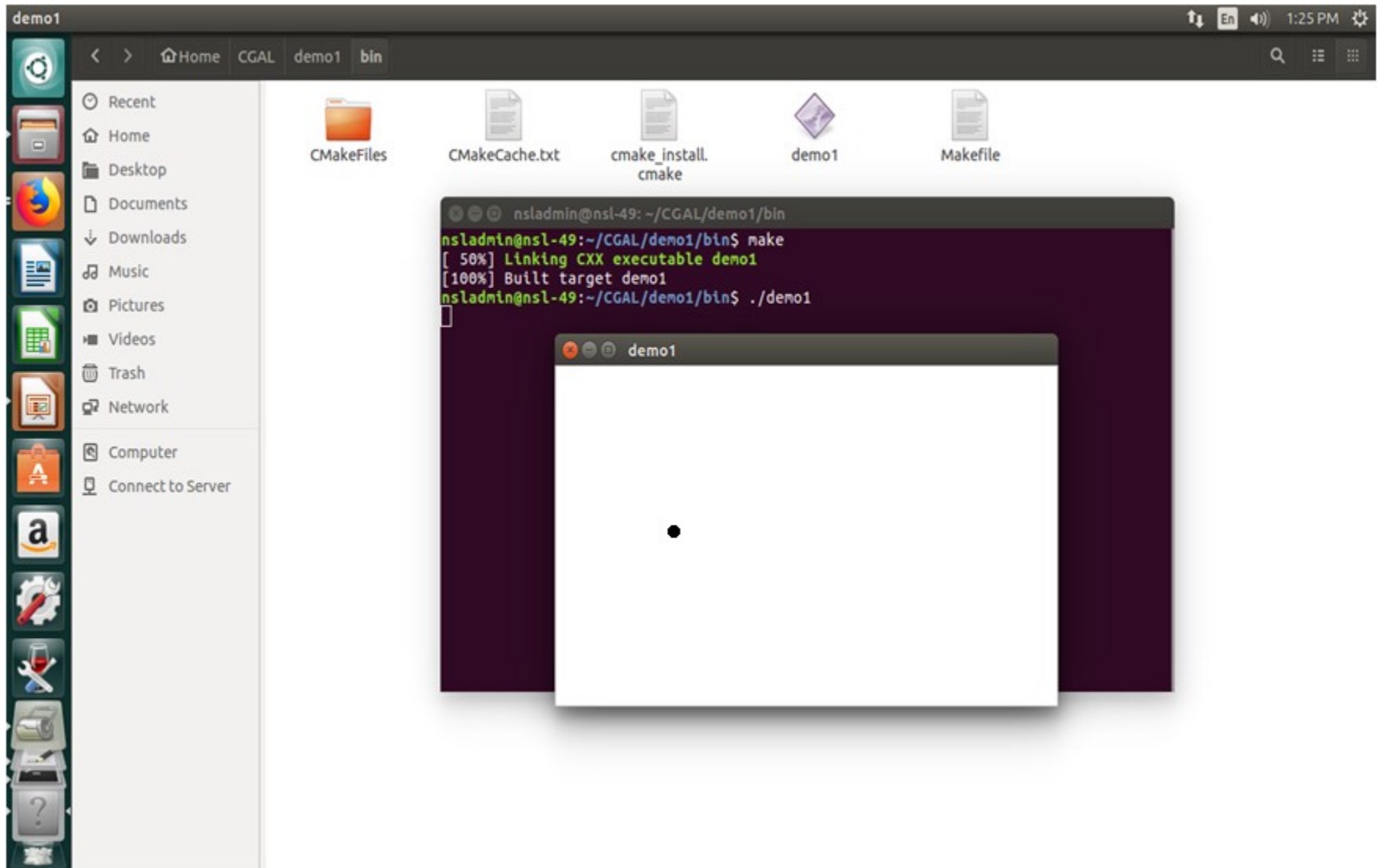
```
#include <iostream>    // cpp header
#include <QtGui>        // QT header for GUI
#include <QApplication> // QT header for creating a QT GUI application
#include <QGraphicsScene> // QT header for 2D graphical items
#include <QGraphicsView> // QT header for displaying the contents of a scene
#include <CGAL/Qt/GraphicsViewNavigation.h> //CGAL header for linking CGAL and
    QGraphicsView

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    QApplication app(argc, argv); //create a new QT GUI application
    QGraphicsScene scene;          //create a QT scene to display point
    scene.setSceneRect(0,0, 500, 300); //set scene size

    //add a point in the scene
    scene.addEllipse(100, 100, 5, 5);

    //display the scene
    QGraphicsView* view = new QGraphicsView(&scene);
    CGAL::Qt::GraphicsViewNavigation navigation;
    view->installEventFilter(&navigation);
    view->viewport()->installEventFilter(&navigation);
    view->setRenderHint(QPainter::Antialiasing);
    view->show();
    return app.exec();
}
```

Output



Question: Read the x and y coordinates of a set of points from a text file *input.txt* and display the points on a QT window using CGAL.

1. In your Desktop, create a folder for your demo, say Points
2. Create a folder named bin inside the folder Points
3. Copy min.cpp from the folder GraphicsView to your folder Points
4. Rename your source code to points.cpp
5. Copy CMakeLists.txt from the folder GraphicsView to your folder Points
6. Change the source code file name **min** (where ever it is present) in the CMakeLists.txt to **Points**
7. Create input.txt inside the folder bin
8. **How to change min.cpp to points.cpp ???**

points.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream> //cpp header for file handling
#include <QtGui>
#include <QApplication>
#include <QGraphicsScene>
#include <QGraphicsView>
#include <CGAL/Qt/GraphicsViewNavigation.h>
#include <QPen> //QT header for colors and styles
#include <CGAL/Cartesian.h> // CGAL header for Cartesian coordinates
#include <CGAL/Point_2.h> // CGAL header for 2D points

//Define datatype Point_2
typedef CGAL::Cartesian<double> K; // define type K as Cartesian coordinate
typedef K::Point_2 Point_2; // define type Point_2 as 2D Cartesian point

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    Point_2 p; //Declare a variable of type Point_2
    std::ifstream iFile("input.txt", std::ios::in); //Open file for reading

    QApplication app(argc, argv);
    QGraphicsScene scene;
    scene.setSceneRect(0,0, 500, 300); //Set window size of your choice
```

Lines changed
are in red color

```
QPen pen; //Declare a variable of type Pen
pen.setColor(Qt::red); // Set the color of pen as red

while(iFile >> p) //read input points into variable p
    scene.addEllipse(p.x(), p.y(), 5, 5, pen, QBrush(Qt::red)); //add a
    point in the QT window by drawing a circle of small diameter

QGraphicsView* view = new QGraphicsView(&scene);
CGAL::Qt::GraphicsViewNavigation navigation;
view->installEventFilter(&navigation);
view->viewport()->installEventFilter(&navigation);
view->setRenderHint(QPainter::Antialiasing);

view->show();
return app.exec();
}
```

input.txt

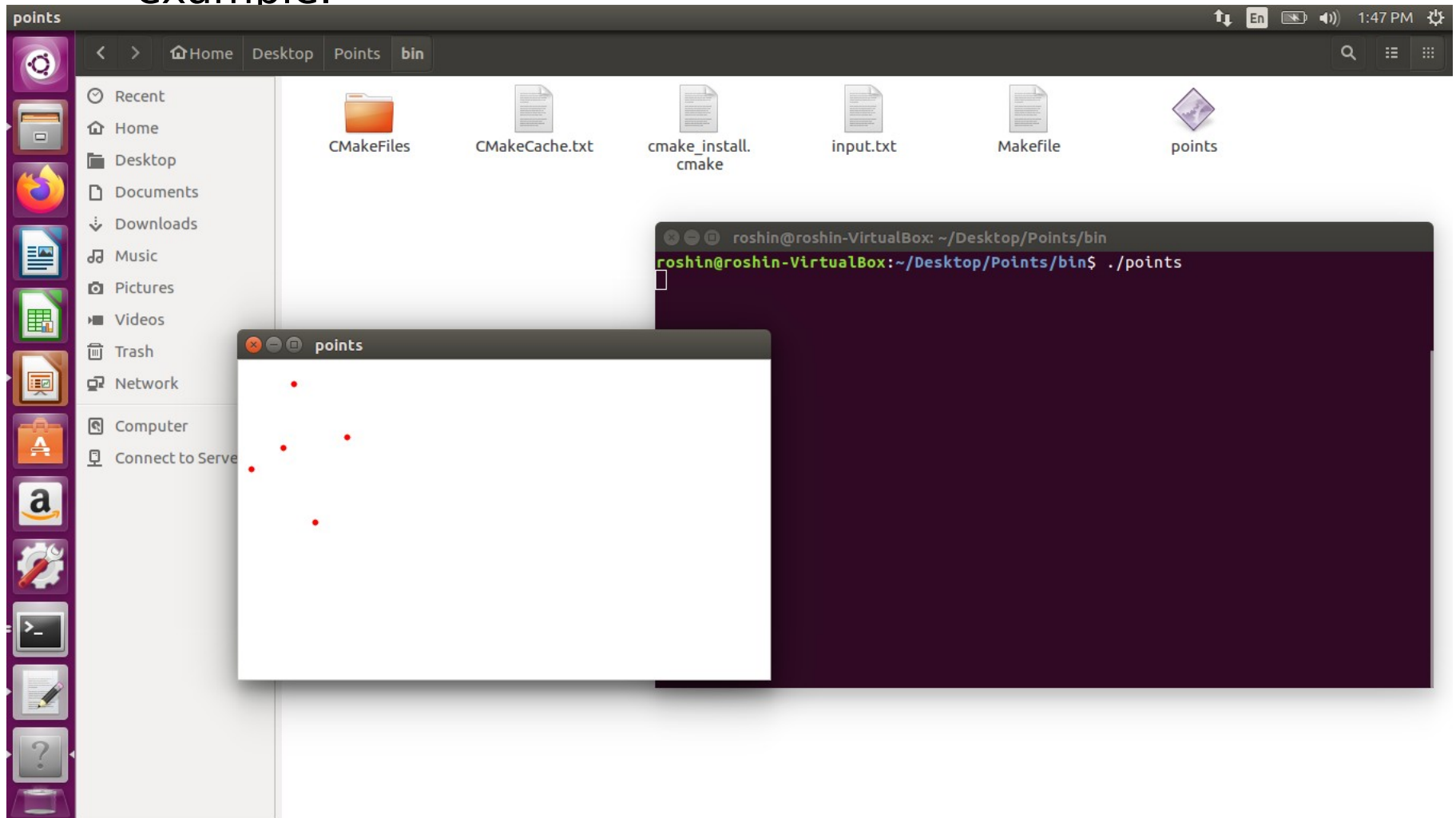


The image shows a screenshot of a gedit text editor window. The title bar at the top reads "input.txt (~/.Desktop/Points/bin) - gedit". The window contains a text file with the following content:

```
10 100
50 20
100 70
70 150
40 80|
```

The cursor is positioned at the end of the fifth line, after the character "0". The left sidebar of the window displays a vertical stack of application icons, including the Dash icon, Home icon, Files icon, Firefox icon, LibreOffice Writer icon, LibreOffice Calc icon, LibreOffice Impress icon, a folder icon, the Amazon icon, a settings icon, a terminal icon, a 3D model icon, and a drawing application icon. The bottom status bar of the window shows "Plain Text", "Tab Width: 8", "Ln 5, Col 6", and "INS".

- make and run your demo as explained in the previous example.



Some other examples

1. Display a line

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <QtGui>
#include <QApplication>
#include <QGraphicsScene>
#include <QGraphicsView>
#include <CGAL/Qt/GraphicsViewNavigation.h>

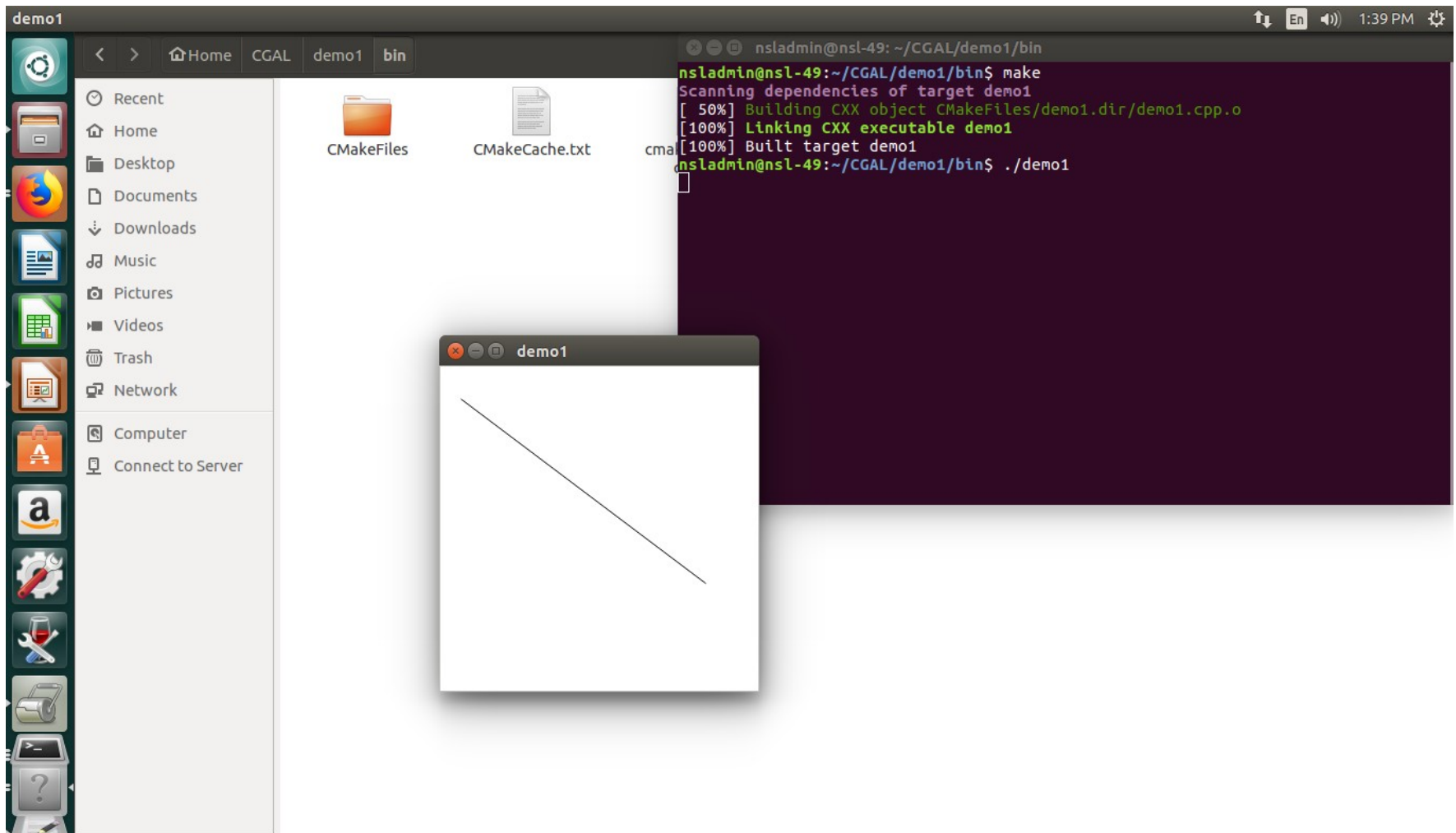
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    QApplication app(argc, argv);

    QGraphicsScene scene;
    scene.setSceneRect(0,0, 300, 300);

    scene.addLine(QLineF(20, 30, 250, 200)); //add line to the scene

    QGraphicsView* view = new QGraphicsView(&scene);
    CGAL::Qt::GraphicsViewNavigation navigation;
    view->installEventFilter(&navigation);
    view->viewport()->installEventFilter(&navigation);
    view->setRenderHint(QPainter::Antialiasing);
    view->show();
    return app.exec();
}
```

Output



2. Display a line from input file

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <QtGui>
#include <QApplication>
#include <QGraphicsScene>
#include <QGraphicsView>
#include <CGAL/Qt/GraphicsViewNavigation.h>
#include <CGAL/Cartesian.h>
#include <CGAL/Point_2.h>

typedef CGAL::Cartesian<double> K;
typedef K::Point_2 Point_2;

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    std::ifstream iFile("input.txt", std::ios::in);

    Point_2 p1, p2;
```



```
iFile >> p1;  
iFile >> p2;
```

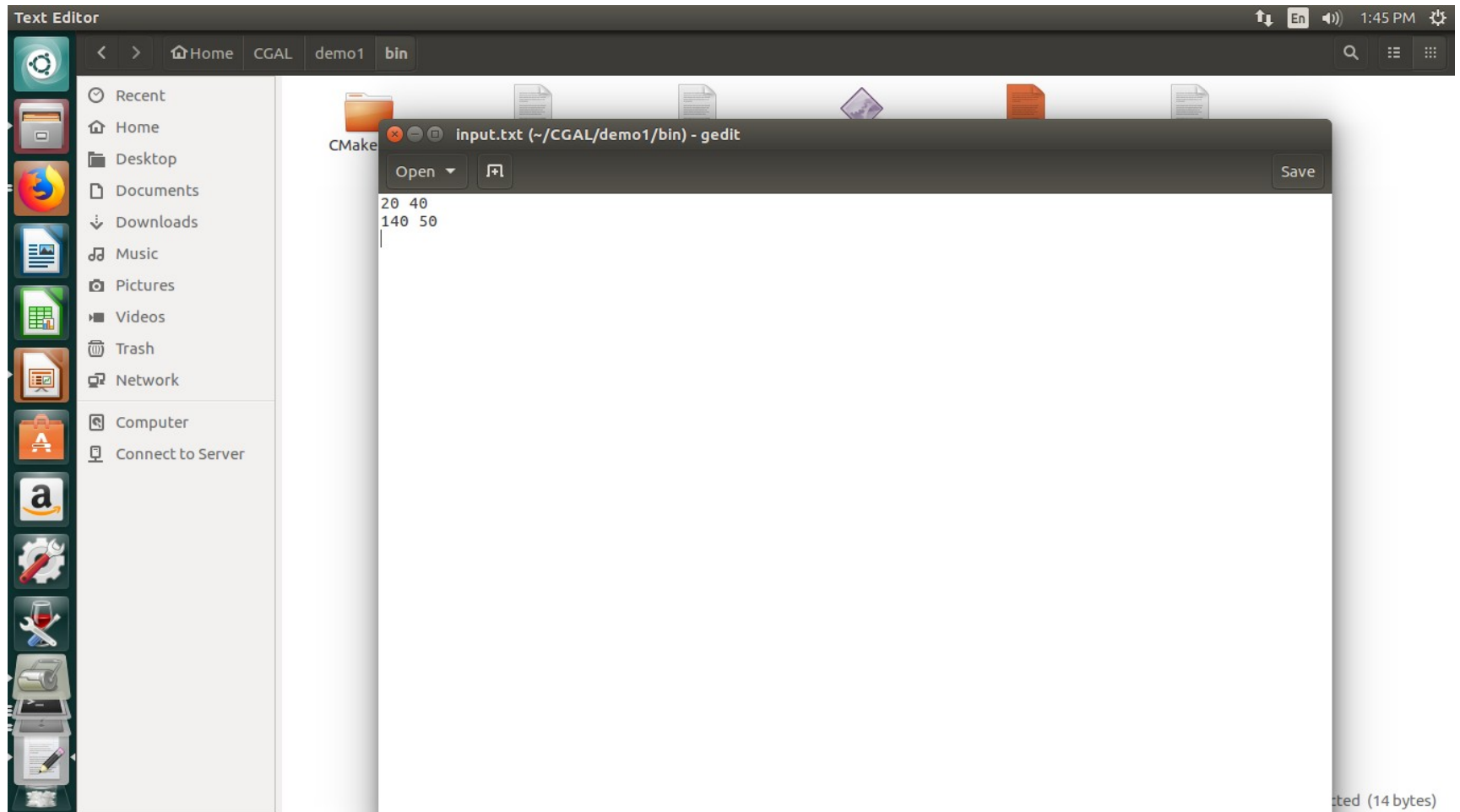
```
QApplication app(argc, argv);  
QGraphicsScene scene;
```

```
scene.setSceneRect(0,0, 300, 300);  
scene.addLine(QLineF(p1.x(),p1.y(),p2.x(),p2.y()));
```

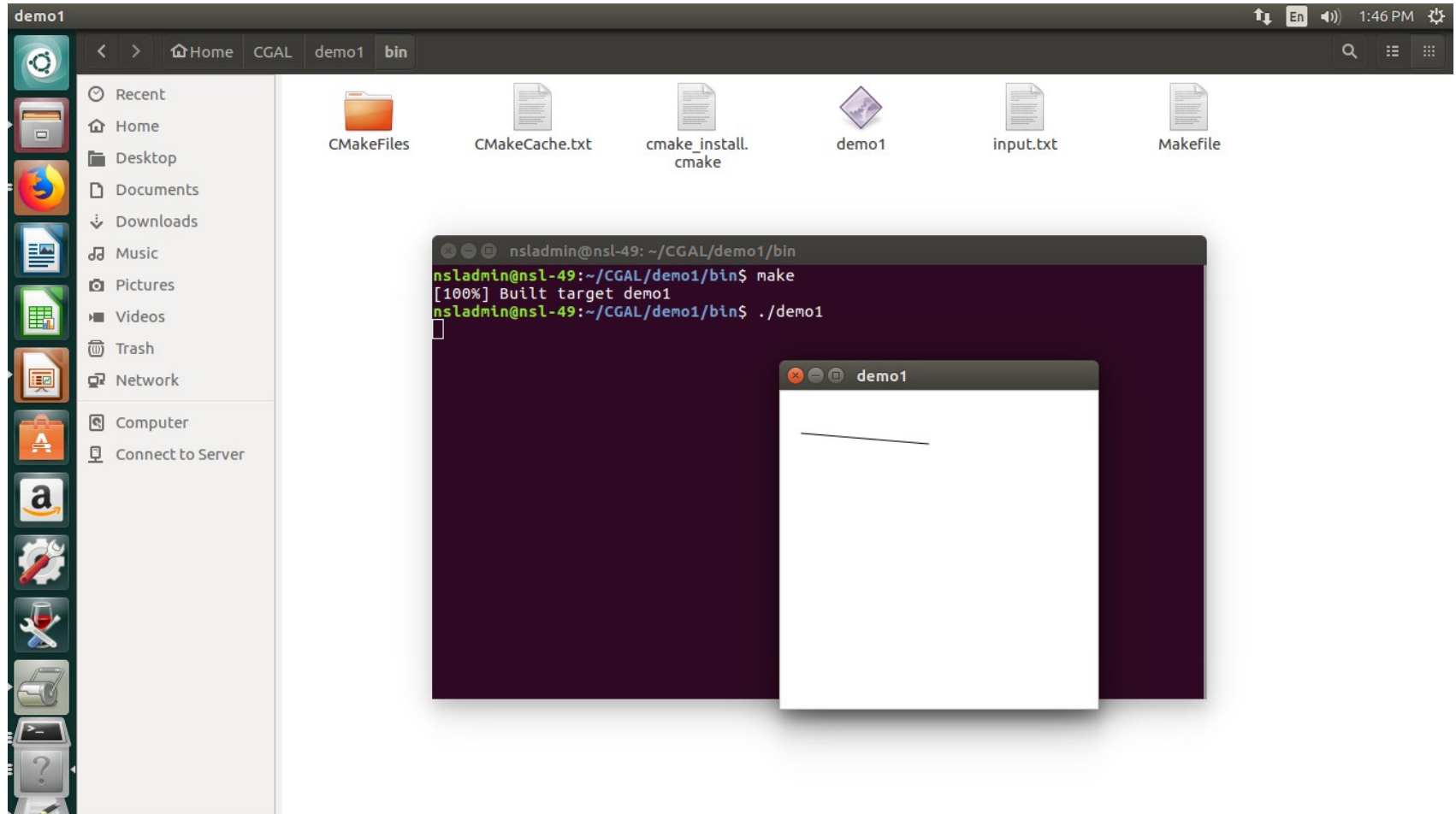
```
QGraphicsView* view = new QGraphicsView(&scene);  
CGAL::Qt::GraphicsViewNavigation navigation;  
view->installEventFilter(&navigation);  
view->viewport()->installEventFilter(&navigation);  
view->setRenderHint(QPainter::Antialiasing);  
view->show();  
return app.exec();
```

```
}
```

Input



Output



3. Display a polygon in QT window

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <QtGui>
#include <QApplication>
#include <QGraphicsScene>
#include <QGraphicsView>
#include <QPolygonF>
#include <CGAL/Qt/GraphicsViewNavigation.h>
#include <CGAL/Cartesian.h>
#include <CGAL/Point_2.h>

typedef CGAL::Cartesian<double> K;
typedef K::Point_2 Point_2;

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    std::ifstream iFile("input.txt", std::ios::in);
    Point_2 p1;

    QApplication app(argc, argv);

    QGraphicsScene scene;
    scene.setSceneRect(0,0, 300, 300);
```

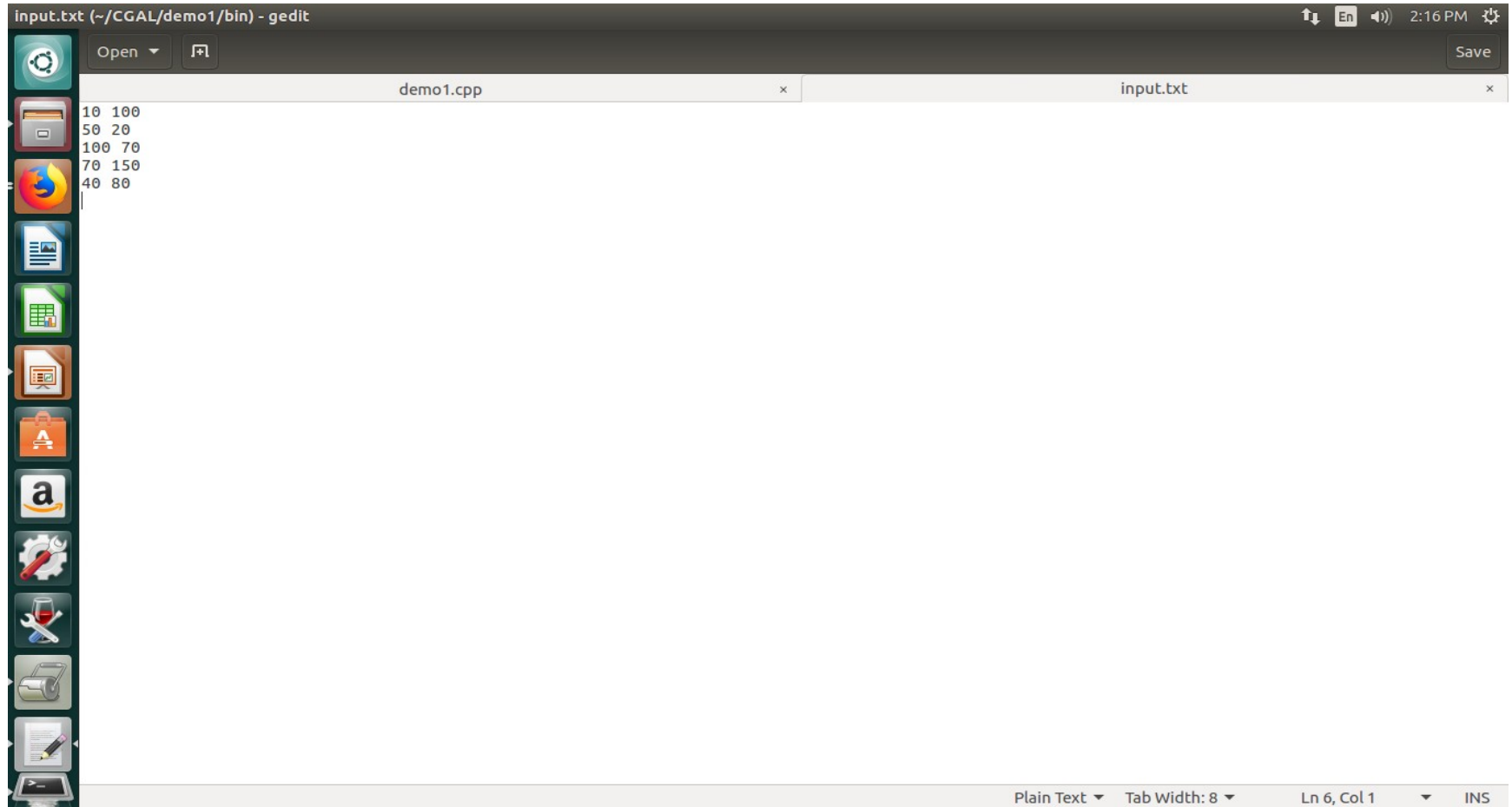
```
QPolygonF polygon;

//store coordinates in QT polygon
while (iFile >> p1)
    polygon << QPointF(p1.x(), p1.y());

//add polygon to the QT scene
scene.addPolygon(polygon);

QGraphicsView* view = new QGraphicsView(&scene);
CGAL::Qt::GraphicsViewNavigation navigation;
view->installEventFilter(&navigation);
view->viewport()->installEventFilter(&navigation);
view->setRenderHint(QPainter::Antialiasing);
view->show();
return app.exec();
}
```

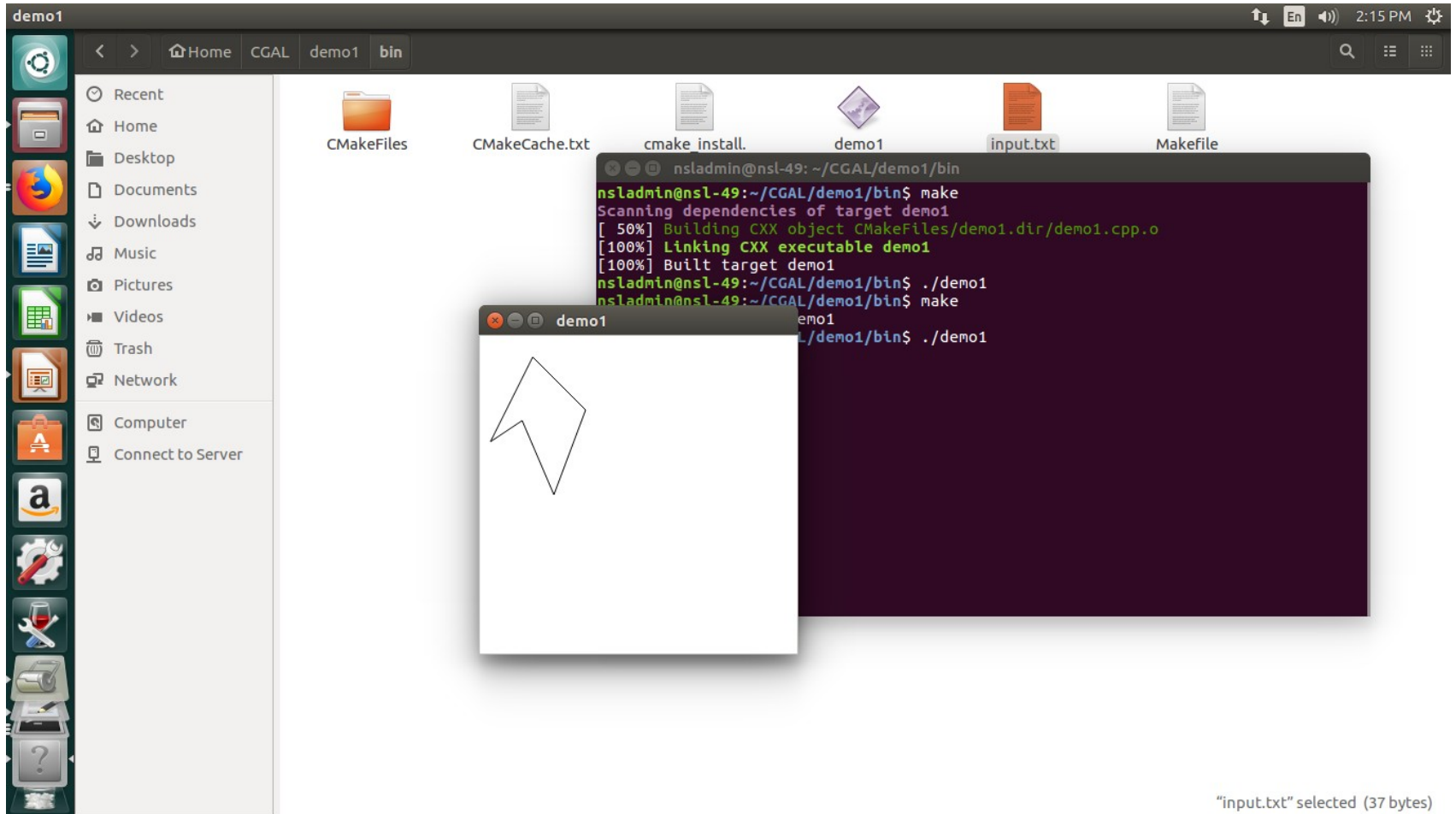
Input



The screenshot shows a gedit text editor window titled "input.txt (~/.CGAL/demo1/bin) - gedit". The window has a dark theme and a sidebar on the left with various application icons. The main editing area displays the contents of "input.txt", which consists of five lines of text, each containing two space-separated numbers. The status bar at the bottom indicates the file is in "Plain Text" mode, with a tab width of 8, and the cursor is at line 6, column 1 in "INS" (insert) mode.

```
10 100
50 20
100 70
70 150
40 80
```

Output



Practice Questions

1. Read a text file of 2D points and draw multiple line segments.
2. Write a program to find given (multiple) line segments intersect or not and find the points of intersection. Display whether each pair of line segments intersects (Yes/ No) and find the point of intersection for each pair of line segments.
3. Write a program to find out the area of a polygon, color each triangles of the polygon using different colors.

Enjoy Using CGAL