

Polytechnic University of Puerto Rico San Juan Campus

ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING FACULTY

MICROPROCESSOR INTERFACING LABORATORY

Laboratory 7: Analog to Digital Conversion

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1 Objective

For this laboratory it is required to find the distance, in centimeters, between a photosensor and a flash light. It is important to mention that Arduino cannot understand wavelength(light) as such, it needs to be translated into an electrical value and that electrical value needs to be translated into numbers that can be processed with the arduino. In order to do that we need to translate the Digital values (LOW, HIGH) into voltage values between 0v and 5v (0.50v, 3.4v, etc...).

The table 2 shows how to connect the photosensor to the arduino and a resistor. Figure 1 shows how the connection was implemented on a Bread-Board with the 10K resistor and a photosensor.

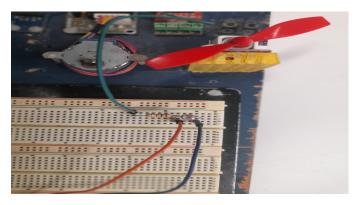


Figure 1: Circuit Design

In order to make this laboratory possible, make sure to have the following materials,

- 1. Arduino Mega ADK
- 2. Potentiometer (about 10K ohms)
- 3. Analog Sensor
- 4. BreadBoard and wires

2 Procedures

This laboratory consists of two parts, the first 2.1 part where the program asks you to take 10 measurements to get the equation of the line and the

second ?? part where the program takes 50 measurements. In order to run between parts, a boolean variable (testEnable) is used, where if it is true then the program asks you to take the measurements and when is false, the program for 50 measurements. In figure 2 it can be seen a series of questions, with the help of the Serial Monitor, that runs until all inputs have been satisfied. The table 2 shows how to implement the circuit design for this laboratory.

Figure 2: Loop Menu

Table 1: Arduino Pinout			
Arduino Mega	Breadboard		
5V	photosensor (positive)		
GND	10K resistor		
A13	photosensor		

2.1 First part

This part is done, when the variable "testEnable" is set to TRUE, where the user will take 10 measurements(cm).

- 1. The program will ask for ten (10) different measurements related to the position of the light source, where the output of this step is used to create a data table. See image ??.
- 2. User proceeds to take 10 examples of measurements, see figures below.

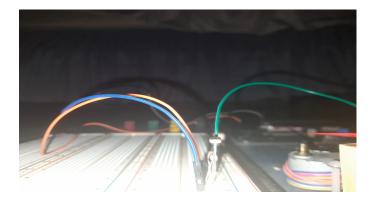


Figure 3: 10cm distance



Figure 4: 20cm distance

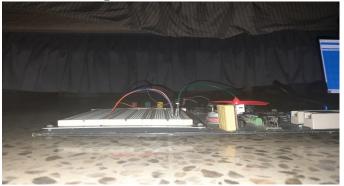


Figure 5: 30cm distance

3. Once the data has been printed, excel or google sheets is used to create a table with the given magnitudes and distances and to create a graphic



Figure 6: 40cm distance



Figure 7: 50cm distance

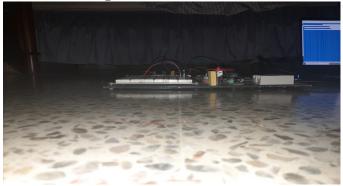


Figure 8: 60cm distance

using the equation of the line. For examples, refer to section 3.2.

2.2 Second Part

In this second part the program will calculate the position of a light source in intervals of fifty (50) measurements, divided from one another with a delay of 10 seconds.

- 1. The program will print on the Serial Monitor a message telling the user to move the light source around to calculate the distant.
- 2. The user proceeds to move the light source away from the photosensor in order for the arduino to calculate the distance. See video found in section 3.3.

It is important to notice that this second part runs continuously, although it only takes 50 measurements and then stops for a few seconds, it continues to run.

It should be noted that the descriptions of all the steps provided in this section were obtained with the laboratory's documentation [1].

3 Results

This section documents the various results of the Laboratory 7: Analog to Digital experiment.

3.1 The Developed C Embedded Program

The following **Photo-resistor Program** was developed for the realization of the already described experiment.

Photo-resistor Program

```
1 #define pinA A13
2
3 const int nIterations = 1136;
4 const int nTests = 10;
5
6
7
8 //const double L = 500;
9 //const double k = 0.00000005670;
10 //const double R = 10000;
```

```
void setup() {
12
    Serial.begin(9600);
13
    Serial.println("PHOTORESISTOR - DISTANCE PROGRAM");
14
    Serial.println("This program will try to approximate the
        distance a light source with a photoresistor.\n");
     Serial.println("USAGE: In order to properly use this program
        the user must first decide on the units of measurements
        ");
    Serial.println("for the distance of the light source and
17
        enable the TEST MODE of itself. After these two steps
        have ");
    Serial.println("been accomplished, the user will then aid
18
        the program on acquiring certain measurements of which he
        ");
    Serial.println("or she must then use to create a
19
        spline-related equation. Lastly, the user will input this
        equation ");
    Serial.println("in the code, reset the Arduino, disable the
        TEST MODE state of the program and verify if it detects
        ");
    Serial.print("the correct approximated distance.\n\n");
22 }
23 /*
   * Function which serves as the 'main' of this porgram, it
       will ask the user two (2) questions with the aid of the
       Serial Monitor. The
    * first one is associate with the unit of length
       meassurement, and the other to that of the undertaking of
       the tests to obtain the values
    * for the construction of the equation of the line.
27
    */
  void loop() {
    static bool answered = false;
    static bool testEnable = false;
30
     static String unit = "";
    if(answered == false){
      Serial.println("What will be the unit of distance
          measurement?");
      do{
34
```

```
if(Serial.available() > 0){
35
          unit = Serial.readStringUntil('\n');
36
          Serial.flush();
37
          break;
38
        }
       }while(1);
40
       Serial.println(unit);
       Serial.println("Will preliminary tests be undertaken? (yes
42
          / no)");
      dof
43
        if(Serial.available() > 0){
44
          String tmp = Serial.readStringUntil('\n');
           if(tmp.equals("yes")){
            testEnable = true;
            Serial.println(tmp);
            Serial.flush();
49
            break;
50
          }
          else if(tmp.equals("no")){
            Serial.println(tmp);
            Serial.flush();
            break;
          }
56
          Serial.println("Wrong input! Try again!");
57
58
      }while(1);
59
     }
60
     answered = true;
     doTests(unit,testEnable);
   }
63
64
    * Function to accomplish the brunt of functionality that is
       tasked throughout this experiment. As such, it serves two
        (2) purposes:
    * 1. If testEnable equals true, then the program will ask for
       ten (10) different measurements related to the position of
       the light source, all of which will be outputed on the
       screen
    * for the user to compile into a graph and its associated
        equation of the line. It should be noted that the program
```

```
will go into the
    * power sleep mode state. In other words, the Arduino must be
68
    * 2. If testEnable equals false, the program will calculate
69
       the position of a light source in intervals of fifty (50)
       meassurements, divided from one another with a delay of 10
       seconds.
    * In this case, the program will run indifinitely.
71
   void doTests(String unit, bool testEnable){
72
     if(testEnable == true){
73
      double analogInputAvgs[nTests];
      Serial.println("TEST MODE ENABLED: The Arduino will take
75
          ten (10) samples for the magnitude of the average of
          the input obtained from analogRead(...).\n");
      for(int i = 0; i < nTests; i++){</pre>
76
        Serial.print("SAMPLE ");
77
        Serial.print(i+1);
78
        Serial.print(" IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE
79
            AT ");
        Serial.print(10*(i+1));
        Serial.print(" ");
81
        Serial.print(unit);
82
        Serial.println(" DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...");
83
        delay(20000);
84
        Serial.print("TEST HAS STARTED!... ");
        analogInputAvgs[i] = getAnalogInputAvg();
        Serial.println("TEST HAS COMPLETED!");
      Serial.println("\nTESTS COMPLETED! PLEASE MAKE A NOTE OF
89
          THE OBTAINED VALUES SO AS TO CALCULATE THE EQUATION OF
          THE GRAPH! The results are as follows: ");
      for(int i = 0; i < nTests; i++){</pre>
90
        Serial.print(i+1);
91
        Serial.print(". ");
92
        Serial.println(analogInputAvgs[i]);
93
      Serial.print("\n\nARDUINO WILL GO TO POWER DOWN SLEEP
95
          MODE! IF WANT TO START THE PROGRAM AGAIN, RESET THE
          DEVICE.");
```

```
powerDownSleep();
96
     }
97
     else{
98
       static unsigned long int i = 0;
99
       if(i == 0){
100
         Serial.println("TEST MODE DISABLED: The Arduino will try
             to approximate the distance of the light source from
             the photoresistor.");
102
       Serial.print("For distance measurement number ");
       Serial.print(i+1);
104
       Serial.print(", the aproximated distance is ");
       Serial.print(getAproxDistance((double)analogRead(pinA)));
       Serial.print(" ");
107
       Serial.println(unit);
108
       i++;
109
       if(i \% 50 == 0){
         Serial.println("\n\nFIFTY MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN
111
             COMPLETED! ARDUINO WILL RESTART TAKING THEM IN 10
             SECONDS!\n");
         delay(10000);
         i = 0;
113
       }
114
     }
115
116
117
    * The getAnalogInputAvg() calculates the average of the sum
        of the analogReads of pin A13. This value is to be
        associated
     * with the approximated distance.
119
120
   double getAnalogInputAvg(){
     long int sum = 0;
     for(int i = 0; i < nIterations; i++){</pre>
123
       sum = sum + analogRead(pinA);
124
     }
     return ((double)sum)/((double)nIterations);
126
127
   }
128
    * The function getAproxDistance(...) tackles with the
```

```
equation of the graph that is used to approximate the
        various
    * distances of the light source. Furthermore, as a parameter,
130
        it has aRead which is the same as the value obtained
    * from pin A13.
    */
   double getAproxDistance(double aRead){
     return 709*pow(aRead, -0.665);
134
   }
136
    * The following function, when called, makes the program
137
        enter some form of power down sleep sate.
   void powerDownSleep(){
139
     while(1){};
140
   }
141
142
143
   void loop(){
     for(int i = 0; i < nIterations; i++){</pre>
       double voltageA13 = analogRead(A13)*(5.0/1024);
       double a13Temp = (900/5)*(voltageA13-0.5);
147
       double lux = k*pow(a13Temp,4);
148
       //double lux = 500*(5.0/voltageA13 - 1)/R;
149
       double distance = sqrt(L/(4*PI*lux))*100;
       sumDistances = sumDistances + distance;
151
     }
152
     Serial.println(sumDistances/((double)nIterations));
     delay(5000);
   }
155
```

3.2 Outputs of the Developed C Embedded Program

Given the manner in which the developed program shown in the previous subsection operates, the following lines of text represent its output depending in the value chosen for testEnable:

Output For Case When testEnable Is True PHOTORESISTOR - DISTANCE PROGRAM

- This program will try to approximate the distance a light source with a photoresistor.
- 4 USAGE: In order to properly use this program the user must first decide on the units of measurements
- for the distance of the light source and enable the TEST MODE of itself. After these two steps have
- been accomplished, the user will then aid the program on acquiring certain measurements of which he
- or she must then use to create a spline-related equation.

 Lastly, the user will input this equation
- $_{\rm 8}$ in the code, reset the Arduino, disable the TEST MODE state of the program and verify if it detects
- 9 the correct approximated distance.
- What will be the unit of distance measurement?
- 12 CN
- Will preliminary tests be undertaken? (yes / no)
- 14 yes
- TEST MODE ENABLED: The Arduino will take ten (10) samples for the magnitude of the average of the input obtained from analogRead(...).
- SAMPLE 1 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 10 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- 18 TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- SAMPLE 2 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 20 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- SAMPLE 3 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 30 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- SAMPLE 4 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 40 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- SAMPLE 5 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 50 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- 27 SAMPLE 6 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 60 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...

- 28 TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- SAMPLE 7 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 70 cm
 DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- SAMPLE 8 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 80 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- SAMPLE 9 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 90 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- 34 TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!
- SAMPLE 10 IN 20 SECONDS! POSITION THE LIGHT SOURCE AT 100 cm DISTANCE FROM THE PHOTORESISTOR...
- 36 TEST HAS STARTED!... TEST HAS COMPLETED!

- TESTS COMPLETED! PLEASE MAKE A NOTE OF THE OBTAINED VALUES SO AS TO CALCULATE THE EQUATION OF THE GRAPH! The results are as follows:
- 39 1. 515.58
- 40 2. 235.65
- 41 3. 126.13
- 42 4. 82.43
- 43 5. 55.49
- 44 6. 40.59
- 45 7. 32.26
- 46 8. 25.89
- 47 9. 21.74
- 48 10. 17.88

50

51

ARDUINO WILL GO TO POWER DOWN SLEEP MODE! IF WANT TO START THE PROGRAM AGAIN, RESET THE DEVICE.

With the previous case-related outputs, the following table ${\bf 9}$ and graph ${\bf 10}$ figures were created, as shown below:

Analog Pin In. (Bits)	Distance (cm)
515.58	10
235.65	20
126.13	30
82.43	40
55.49	50
40.59	60
32.26	70
25.89	80
21.74	90
17.88	100

Figure 9:

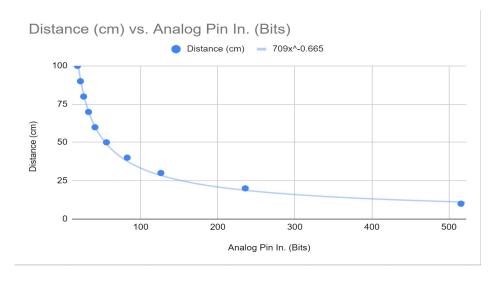


Figure 10:

Output For Case When testEnable Is False

- PHOTORESISTOR DISTANCE PROGRAM
- This program will try to approximate the distance a light source with a photoresistor.

3

- 4 USAGE: In order to properly use this program the user must first decide on the units of measurements
- for the distance of the light source and enable the TEST MODE of itself. After these two steps have
- been accomplished, the user will then aid the program on acquiring certain measurements of which he
- or she must then use to create a spline-related equation.

 Lastly, the user will input this equation
- in the code, reset the Arduino, disable the TEST MODE state of the program and verify if it detects
- 9 the correct approximated distance.

- 11 What will be the unit of distance measurement?
- 12 CM
- Will preliminary tests be undertaken? (yes / no)
- 14 **no**
- TEST MODE DISABLED: The Arduino will try to approximate the distance of the light source from the photoresistor.
- For distance measurement number 1, the approximated distance is $21.49~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 2, the approximated distance is $21.49\ \mathrm{cm}$
- $^{18}\,$ For distance measurement number 3, the aproximated distance is $21.42\,\,\mathrm{cm}$
- $_{\rm 19}$ For distance measurement number 4, the aproximated distance is 21.49~cm
- $_{\rm 20}$ For distance measurement number 5, the aproximated distance is $21.42~{\rm cm}$
- For distance measurement number 6, the approximated distance is $21.42\ \mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 7, the aproximated distance is $21.42\ \text{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 8, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- 24 For distance measurement number 9, the aproximated distance is

- 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 10, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- $_{\rm 26}$ For distance measurement number 11, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 12, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 13, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 14, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 15, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 16, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 17, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 18, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 19, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 20, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 21, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 22, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 23, the aproximated distance is 21.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 24, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 25, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 26, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 27, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- $_{\rm 43}$ For distance measurement number 28, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- 44 For distance measurement number 29, the aproximated distance

- is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 30, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 31, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 32, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 33, the aproximated distance is 21.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 34, the aproximated distance is 21.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 35, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 36, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 37, the aproximated distance is 21.34 cm
- $_{\rm 53}$ For distance measurement number 38, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 39, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 40, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 41, the aproximated distance is 21.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 42, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 43, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 44, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- $_{\rm 60}$ For distance measurement number 45, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- For distance measurement number 46, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 47, the aproximated distance is 21.49 cm
- For distance measurement number 48, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm
- 64 For distance measurement number 49, the aproximated distance

is 21.49 cm

For distance measurement number 50, the aproximated distance is 21.42 cm

66

00

FIFTY MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED! ARDUINO WILL RESTART TAKING THEM IN 10 SECONDS!

- TEST MODE DISABLED: The Arduino will try to approximate the distance of the light source from the photoresistor.
- $_{72}$ For distance measurement number 1, the aproximated distance is $12.42\ \mbox{cm}$
- $_{73}$ For distance measurement number 2, the aproximated distance is $12.38\ \mbox{cm}$
- $_{74}\,$ For distance measurement number 3, the aproximated distance is 12.38~cm
- $_{75}\,$ For distance measurement number 4, the aproximated distance is 12.33~cm
- $_{76}\,$ For distance measurement number 5, the aproximated distance is $12.16\,$ cm
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 77}}$ For distance measurement number 6, the aproximated distance is $12.00~\mbox{cm}$
- $_{78}$ For distance measurement number 7, the aproximated distance is $11.95\ \mbox{cm}$
- $_{\rm 79}$ For distance measurement number 8, the aproximated distance is $11.93~{\rm cm}$
- $_{\rm 80}$ For distance measurement number 9, the aproximated distance is $11.95~{\rm cm}$
- $_{\rm 81}$ For distance measurement number 10, the aproximated distance is 11.93 cm
- For distance measurement number 11, the aproximated distance is 11.90 cm
- For distance measurement number 12, the aproximated distance is 11.90 cm
- For distance measurement number 13, the aproximated distance is 11.88 cm
- For distance measurement number 14, the aproximated distance is 11.90 cm
- 86 For distance measurement number 15, the aproximated distance

- is 11.88 cm
- For distance measurement number 16, the aproximated distance is 11.90 cm
- 88 For distance measurement number 17, the aproximated distance is 11.90 cm
- For distance measurement number 18, the aproximated distance is 11.90 cm
- For distance measurement number 19, the aproximated distance is 11.88 cm
- For distance measurement number 20, the aproximated distance is 11.88 cm
- 92 For distance measurement number 21, the aproximated distance is 11.88 cm
- For distance measurement number 22, the aproximated distance is 11.87 cm
- For distance measurement number 23, the aproximated distance is 11.88 cm
- For distance measurement number 24, the aproximated distance is 11.88 cm
- For distance measurement number 25, the aproximated distance is 11.87 cm
- For distance measurement number 26, the aproximated distance is 11.88 cm
- For distance measurement number 27, the aproximated distance is 11.87 cm
- For distance measurement number 28, the aproximated distance is 11.88 cm
- For distance measurement number 29, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- $_{\rm 101}$ For distance measurement number 30, the aproximated distance is 11.87 cm
- $_{\rm 102}$ For distance measurement number 31, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- $_{\rm 103}$ For distance measurement number 32, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- For distance measurement number 33, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- For distance measurement number 34, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- 106 For distance measurement number 35, the aproximated distance

```
is 11.87 cm
```

- For distance measurement number 36, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- For distance measurement number 37, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- For distance measurement number 38, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 39, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 40, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 41, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 42, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 43, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 44, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 45, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 46, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 47, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 48, the approximated distance is $11.82~\mbox{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 49, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 50, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm

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FIFTY MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED! ARDUINO WILL RESTART TAKING THEM IN 10 SECONDS!

TEST MODE DISABLED: The Arduino will try to approximate the distance of the light source from the photoresistor.

128 For distance measurement number 1, the aproximated distance is

- 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 2, the approximated distance is $11.82\ \text{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 3, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- $_{\rm 131}$ For distance measurement number 4, the aproximated distance is 11.82~cm
- For distance measurement number 5, the approximated distance is $11.82\ \text{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 6, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- $_{\rm 134}$ For distance measurement number 7, the aproximated distance is $_{\rm 11.82\ cm}$
- $_{\rm 135}$ For distance measurement number 8, the aproximated distance is $_{\rm 11.82\ cm}$
- $_{\rm 136}$ For distance measurement number 9, the aproximated distance is $_{\rm 11.82\ cm}$
- $_{\rm 137}$ For distance measurement number 10, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- $_{\rm 138}$ For distance measurement number 11, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 12, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 13, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 14, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- $_{\rm 142}$ For distance measurement number 15, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- $^{143}\,$ For distance measurement number 16, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- $^{144}\,$ For distance measurement number 17, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- $_{145}$ For distance measurement number 18, the aproximated distance is 11.82 $\,\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 19, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 20, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- 148 For distance measurement number 21, the aproximated distance

- is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 22, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 23, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 24, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 25, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 26, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- $_{\rm 154}$ For distance measurement number 27, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 28, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 29, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 30, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- $_{\rm 158}$ For distance measurement number 31, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 32, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 33, the aproximated distance is $11.83~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 34, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 35, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm
- For distance measurement number 36, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- $_{\rm 164}$ For distance measurement number 37, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- For distance measurement number 38, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- For distance measurement number 39, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- For distance measurement number 40, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- 168 For distance measurement number 41, the approximated distance

- is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 42, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- For distance measurement number 43, the aproximated distance is 11.83 cm
- For distance measurement number 44, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- $_{\rm 172}$ For distance measurement number 45, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- $_{\rm 173}$ For distance measurement number 46, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- $_{\rm 174}$ For distance measurement number 47, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- $_{\rm 175}$ For distance measurement number 48, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- $_{\rm 176}$ For distance measurement number 49, the aproximated distance is 11.85 cm
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 177}}$ For distance measurement number 50, the aproximated distance is 11.82 cm

FIFTY MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED! ARDUINO WILL RESTART TAKING THEM IN 10 SECONDS!

- TEST MODE DISABLED: The Arduino will try to approximate the distance of the light source from the photoresistor.
- $^{184}\,$ For distance measurement number 1, the aproximated distance is 16.37~cm
- $^{185}\,$ For distance measurement number 2, the aproximated distance is 16.34~cm
- For distance measurement number 3, the aproximated distance is $16.34~\mathrm{cm}$
- $^{187}\,$ For distance measurement number 4, the aproximated distance is $16.30\,$ cm
- For distance measurement number 5, the aproximated distance is $16.34~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 6, the aproximated distance is
- 190 For distance measurement number 7, the aproximated distance is

- 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 8, the aproximated distance is 16.37 cm
- For distance measurement number 9, the aproximated distance is 16.37 cm
- $_{\rm 193}$ For distance measurement number 10, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 11, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 12, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- $^{196}\,$ For distance measurement number 13, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 14, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- $^{198}\,$ For distance measurement number 15, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- $_{\rm 199}$ For distance measurement number 16, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 17, the approximated distance is $16.34~\mathrm{cm}$
- $_{\rm 201}$ For distance measurement number 18, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 19, the aproximated distance is 16.34~cm
- $_{\rm 203}$ For distance measurement number 20, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- $_{\rm 204}$ For distance measurement number 21, the aproximated distance is 16.30 cm
- For distance measurement number 22, the approximated distance is $16.37~\mathrm{cm}$
- $_{\rm 206}$ For distance measurement number 23, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- $_{\rm 207}$ For distance measurement number 24, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 25, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 26, the aproximated distance is 16.34 cm
- 210 For distance measurement number 27, the aproximated distance

- is 16.34 cm
- For distance measurement number 28, the approximated distance is 16.34~cm
- For distance measurement number 29, the aproximated distance is 16.34~cm
- For distance measurement number 30, the aproximated distance is 16.37 cm
- For distance measurement number 31, the approximated distance is 16.34~cm
- For distance measurement number 32, the approximated distance is 16.34~cm
- For distance measurement number 33, the aproximated distance is 16.30~cm
- For distance measurement number 34, the aproximated distance is 16.26~cm
- For distance measurement number 35, the approximated distance is $16.22~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 36, the aproximated distance is 16.22 cm
- For distance measurement number 37, the aproximated distance is 16.22~cm
- For distance measurement number 38, the aproximated distance is 16.19 cm
- For distance measurement number 39, the aproximated distance is 16.19 cm
- For distance measurement number 40, the approximated distance is $16.19~\mathrm{cm}$
- $_{\rm 224}$ For distance measurement number 41, the aproximated distance is 16.15 cm
- For distance measurement number 42, the aproximated distance is 16.15 cm
- For distance measurement number 43, the aproximated distance is $16.19~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 44, the aproximated distance is 16.19 cm
- For distance measurement number 45, the aproximated distance is 16.19 cm
- For distance measurement number 46, the aproximated distance is 16.15 cm
- 230 For distance measurement number 47, the aproximated distance

is 16.15 cm

- For distance measurement number 48, the approximated distance is 16.15~cm
- For distance measurement number 49, the aproximated distance is 16.19 cm
- For distance measurement number 50, the aproximated distance is 16.15~cm

234 235

236

FIFTY MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED! ARDUINO WILL RESTART TAKING THEM IN 10 SECONDS!

- TEST MODE DISABLED: The Arduino will try to approximate the distance of the light source from the photoresistor.
- $_{\rm 240}$ For distance measurement number 1, the aproximated distance is 32.94~cm
- For distance measurement number 2, the approximated distance is 33.38 cm
- $_{\rm 242}$ For distance measurement number 3, the aproximated distance is 33.38~cm
- $_{\rm 243}$ For distance measurement number 4, the aproximated distance is 33.38~cm
- For distance measurement number 5, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- $_{\rm 245}$ For distance measurement number 6, the aproximated distance is 33.61~cm
- $^{246}\,$ For distance measurement number 7, the aproximated distance is $33.61\,\,\text{cm}$
- $_{\rm 247}$ For distance measurement number 8, the aproximated distance is $_{\rm 33-38~cm}$
- $_{\rm 248}$ For distance measurement number 9, the aproximated distance is 33.38~cm
- For distance measurement number 10, the approximated distance is $33.61\ \text{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 11, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- For distance measurement number 12, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- 252 For distance measurement number 13, the aproximated distance

- is 33.38 cm
- For distance measurement number 14, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- For distance measurement number 15, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- For distance measurement number 16, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 17, the aproximated distance is 33.61 cm
- For distance measurement number 18, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- For distance measurement number 19, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 20, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- $_{\rm 260}$ For distance measurement number 21, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 22, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 23, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 24, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- For distance measurement number 25, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 26, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- $_{\rm 266}$ For distance measurement number 27, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 28, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 29, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- $_{\rm 269}$ For distance measurement number 30, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 31, the aproximated distance is 33.38 cm
- For distance measurement number 32, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- 272 For distance measurement number 33, the approximated distance

- is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 34, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- For distance measurement number 35, the aproximated distance is $32.94~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 36, the aproximated distance is 32.94 cm
- $_{\rm 276}$ For distance measurement number 37, the aproximated distance is 32.94 cm
- For distance measurement number 38, the aproximated distance is 32.94 cm
- $_{\rm 278}$ For distance measurement number 39, the aproximated distance is 32.94 cm
- For distance measurement number 40, the approximated distance is $32.94~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 41, the approximated distance is $32.94~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 42, the aproximated distance is 33.16 cm
- $_{\rm 282}$ For distance measurement number 43, the aproximated distance is 32.94 cm
- For distance measurement number 44, the aproximated distance is 32.94 cm
- For distance measurement number 45, the aproximated distance is 32.73 cm
- 285 For distance measurement number 46, the aproximated distance is 32.94 \mbox{cm}
- For distance measurement number 47, the approximated distance is $32.94~\mathrm{cm}$
- 287 For distance measurement number 48, the aproximated distance is 33.16 $\ensuremath{\text{cm}}$
- 288 For distance measurement number 49, the aproximated distance is 33.16 $\ensuremath{\text{cm}}$
- $^{289}\,$ For distance measurement number 50, the aproximated distance is 32.73 cm

FIFTY MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED! ARDUINO WILL RESTART TAKING THEM IN 10 SECONDS!

- 294
- TEST MODE DISABLED: The Arduino will try to approximate the distance of the light source from the photoresistor.
- $_{\rm 296}$ For distance measurement number 1, the aproximated distance is 26.77~cm
- $_{\rm 297}$ For distance measurement number 2, the aproximated distance is 26.64~cm
- $_{\rm 298}$ For distance measurement number 3, the aproximated distance is 26.51~cm
- $_{\rm 299}$ For distance measurement number 4, the approximated distance is 26.64~cm
- $_{\rm 300}$ For distance measurement number 5, the aproximated distance is 26.64~cm
- For distance measurement number 6, the approximated distance is $26.51\ \text{cm}$
- $_{\rm 302}$ For distance measurement number 7, the aproximated distance is 26.64~cm
- $_{\rm 303}$ For distance measurement number 8, the aproximated distance is 26.64~cm
- $_{\rm 304}$ For distance measurement number 9, the aproximated distance is 26.51~cm
- For distance measurement number 10, the approximated distance is $26.77\ \text{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 11, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- For distance measurement number 12, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- $_{\rm 308}$ For distance measurement number 13, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- For distance measurement number 14, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- For distance measurement number 15, the approximated distance is $26.64~\mathrm{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 16, the approximated distance is 26.64~cm
- For distance measurement number 17, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- For distance measurement number 18, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- 314 For distance measurement number 19, the approximated distance

- is 26.77 cm
- For distance measurement number 20, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- For distance measurement number 21, the approximated distance is $26.64\ \text{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 22, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- For distance measurement number 23, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- For distance measurement number 24, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- For distance measurement number 25, the approximated distance is $26.77~\mathrm{cm}$
- $_{\rm 321}$ For distance measurement number 26, the aproximated distance is 26.39 cm
- For distance measurement number 27, the approximated distance is 26.64~cm
- For distance measurement number 28, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- For distance measurement number 29, the approximated distance is 26.64~cm
- For distance measurement number 30, the approximated distance is $26.77\ \text{cm}$
- For distance measurement number 31, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- $_{\rm 327}$ For distance measurement number 32, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- $_{\rm 328}$ For distance measurement number 33, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- For distance measurement number 34, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- $_{\rm 330}$ For distance measurement number 35, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- For distance measurement number 36, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- For distance measurement number 37, the aproximated distance is 26.64 cm
- For distance measurement number 38, the aproximated distance is 26.77 cm
- For distance measurement number 39, the aproximated distance

```
is 26.77 cm
   For distance measurement number 40, the aproximated distance
       is 26.51 cm
   For distance measurement number 41, the aproximated distance
       is 26.77 cm
   For distance measurement number 42, the aproximated distance
       is 26.64 cm
   For distance measurement number 43, the aproximated distance
338
       is 26.77 cm
   For distance measurement number 44, the aproximated distance
       is 26.64 cm
   For distance measurement number 45, the aproximated distance
       is 26.90 cm
   For distance measurement number 46, the aproximated distance
       is 26.77 cm
   For distance measurement number 47, the aproximated distance
       is 26.77 cm
   For distance measurement number 48, the aproximated distance
       is 26.77 cm
   For distance measurement number 49, the aproximated distance
       is 26.64 cm
   For distance measurement number 50, the approximated distance
       is 26.64 cm
346
347
348
   FIFTY MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED! ARDUINO WILL RESTART
       TAKING THEM IN 10 SECONDS!
```

It should be noted that the outputs related with the case whenever testEnable equals true are associated with the video described in the following **The Videos of the Results** subsection.

3.3 The Videos of the Results

The following table **3.3**, illustrates the names of the video files related with the already illustrated $C\ Embedded$ program:

Table 2: Video Names of Laboratory Results

Video Names of Laboratory Results

Photoresistor_1

4 Analysis of Results

Albeit somewhat complicated given the various different pieces of information that were found, it was possible to identify certain caveats related with this experiment, i.e.:

- Given the intensity of the light source, the resistance of a photo-resistor inversely varies. For instance, if the intensity of a light source is high, the resistance of a photo-resistor will be low. If the opposite occurs, of course, the opposite will be true.
- Given the information that was found about photo-resistors, the accuracy of such components seem to be 50 percent (%).
- It is possible to relate distance with the intensity of a light source by experimenting and procedures.

5 Conclusion

In conclusion, it was possible to construct a *Photo-resistor Circuit* for the acquisition of approximated distances of a light source with the aid of a *C Embedded* program and mathematical interpolation.

References

The following *References* related with this document are in the IEEE Format, as shown below:

[1] Roman Lopez, Phd., "Laboratory 7: Analog To Digital". Mega. 2022. [PDF]