

JS CheatSheet

Ads

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HTMLCSSJSjQueryAMP

Variables

```
var a; // variable
var b = "init"; // string
var c = "Hi" + " = " + "Joa"; // = "Hi Joa"
var d = 1 + 2 + "3"; // "3"
var e = {2,3,5,8}; // array
var f = false; // boolean
var g = /0/; // RegExp
var h = function(){}; // function
object const PI = 3.14; // constant
var a = 1, b = 2, c = a + b; // one line let z = 'zza'; // block scope local variable
```

Strict mode

```
"use strict"; // Use strict mode to write secure code
// Throws an error because variable is not declared
```

Values

```
false, true // boolean
18, 3.14, 0b1011, 0xF6, NaN // number
"flower", "John" // string
undefined, null, Infinity // special
```

Operators

```
a = b + c - d; // addition, subtraction
a = b * (c / d); // multiplication, division
x = 100 % 48; // modulo
100 / 48 remainder = 4
a++; b--; // postfix increment and decrement
```

Bitwise operators

&	AND	5 & 1 (0101 & 0001)	1 (1)
	OR	5 1 (0101 0001)	5 (101)
~	NOT	~5 (~0101)	10 (1010)
^	XOR	5 ^ 1 (0101 ^ 0001)	4 (100)
<<	left shift	5 << 1 (0101 << 1)	10 (1010)
>>	right shift	5 >> 1 (0101 >> 1)	2 (10)
>>>	zero fill right shift	5 >>> 1 (0101 >>> 1)	2 (10)

Arithmetic

```
a * (b + c) // grouping
person.age // member
person[age] // member
(a == b) // logical not
a != b // not equal
typeof // type
number, object, function...
a < 2 * x >> 3 // binary shifting
a = b // assignment
a == b // equals
a != b // unequal
a === b // strict equal
a !== b // strict unequal
a < b && b // less and greater than
a <= b // less or equal, greater or eq
a >= b // a = a + b
works with * ... *
a && b // logical and
a || b // logical or
```

Arrays

```
var dogs = ["Bulldog", "Beagle", "Labrador"];
var dogs = new Array("Bulldog", "Beagle", "Labrador");
// declaration
alert(dogs[1]); // access value at index, first item being [0]
dogs[0] = "Bul Terrier"; // change the first item
for (var i = 0; i < dogs.length; i++) { // parsing with array.length
  console.log(dogs[i]);
}
```

Methods

```
dogs.toString(); // convert to string: results
"Bulldog,Beagle,Labrador"
dogs.join(" * "); // join:
"Bulldog * Beagle * Labrador"
dogs.pop(); // remove last element
dogs.push("Chihuahua"); // add new element to the end
dogs.length // the same as push
dogs.shift(); // remove first element
dogs.unshift("Chihuahua"); // add new element to the beginning
delete dogs[0]; // change element to undefined (not recommended)
dogs.splice(2, 0, "Pug", "Boxer"); // add elements (where, how many to remove, element list)
var animals = dogs.concat(cats, birds); // join two arrays (dogs followed by cats and birds)
dogs.slice(1, 4); // elements from [1] to [4-1]
dogs.sort(); // sort string alphabetically
dogs.reverse(); // sort string in descending order
x.sort(function(a, b) {return a - b}); // numeric sort
x.sort(function(a, b) {return b - a}); // numeric descending sort
highest = x[0]; // first item in sorted array is the lowest (or highest) value
x.sort(function(a, b) {return 0.5 - Math.random()}); // random order sort
```

```
concat, copyWithin, every, fill, filter, find, findIndex, forEach, indexOf, isArray, join, lastIndexOf, map, pop, push, reduce, reduceRight, reverse, shift, slice, some, sort, splice, toString, unshift, valueOf
```

JSON

```
var str = '{"names":[" + // create JSON object
  "first":"Hakuna","last":"Matata" ],' +
  "first":"Jane","last":"Doe" },' +
  "first":"Ais","last":"Jordan" ]}";
obj = JSON.parse(str); // parse
document.write(obj.names[1].first); // access
```

Send

```
var myObj = { "name":"Jane", "age":18, "city":"Chicago" };
// create object
var myJSON = JSON.stringify(myObj); // stringify
window.location = "demo.php?x=" + myJSON; // send to php
```

Storing and retrieving

```
myObj = { "name":"Jane", "age":18, "city":"Chicago" };
myJSON = JSON.stringify(myObj); // storing data
localStorage.setItem("testJSON", myJSON);
text = localStorage.getItem("testJSON"); // retrieving data
obj = JSON.parse(text); document.write(obj.name);
```

Basics

On page script

```
<script type="text/javascript"> ... </script>
```

Include external JS file

```
<script src="filename.js"></script>
```

Functions

```
function addNumbers(a, b) { return a + b; }
x = addNumbers(1, 2);
```

Edit DOM element

```
document.getElementById("elementID").innerHTML = "Hello World!";
```

Output

```
console.log(a); // write to the browser console
document.write(a); // write to the HTML alert(a); // output in an alert box
confirm("Really?"); // yes/no dialog, returns true/false depending on user click
prompt("Your age?", "0"); // input dialog. Second argument is the initial value
```

Comments

```
/* Multi line comment */ // One line
```

Strings

```
var abc = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz"; var esc = '\n don\'t know'; // \n new line
var len = abc.length; // string length
abc.indexOf("lmo"); // find substring, -1 if doesn't contain
abc.lastIndexOf("lmo"); // last occurrence
abc.slice(3, 6); // cuts out "def", negative values count from behind
abc.replace("abc", "123"); // find and replace, takes regular expressions
abc.toUpperCase(); // convert to upper case
abc.toLowerCase(); // convert to lower case
abc.concat(" ", str2); // abc + " " + str2
abc.charAt(2); // character at index: "c"
abc[2]; // unsafe, abc[2] = "c" doesn't work
abc.charCodeAt(2); // character code at index: "c" -> 99
abc.split(","); // splitting a string on commas gives an array
abc.split(""); // splitting on characters
128.toString(16); // number to hex(16), octal (8) or binary (2)
```

Dates

```
Tue Apr 09 2019 14:41:14 GMT+0300 (GMT+03:00)
var d = new Date();
1554810074840 milliseconds passed since 1970
Number(d)
Date("2017-06-23"); // date declaration
Date("2017"); // is set to Jan 01
Date("2017-06-23T12:00:00-09:45"); // date - time
YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS Date("June 23 2017"); // long date format
Date("Jun 23 2017 07:45:00 GMT+0100 (Tokyo Time)"); // time zone
```

Get Times

```
var d = new Date();
a = d.getDay(); // getting the weekday
getDate(); // day as a number (1-31)
getDay(); // weekday as a number (0-6)
getFullYear(); // four digit year (YYYY)
getHours(); // hour (0-23)
getMilliseconds(); // milliseconds (0-999)
getMinutes(); // minutes (0-59)
getMonth(); // month (0-11)
getSeconds(); // seconds (0-59)
getTime(); // milliseconds since 1970
```

Setting part of a date

```
var d = new Date();
d.setDate(d.getDate() + 7); // add a week to a date
setDate(); // day as a number (1-31)
setFullYear(); // year (optional month and day)
setHours(); // hour (0-23)
setMilliseconds(); // milliseconds (0-999)
setMinutes(); // minutes (0-59)
setMonth(); // month (0-11)
setSeconds(); // seconds (0-59)
setTime(); // milliseconds since 1970
```

Errors

```
try { // block of code to try
  undefinedFunction();
} catch (err) { // block to handle errors
  console.log(err.message);
}
```

Throw error

```
throw "My error message"; // throw a text
```

Input validation

```
var x = document.getElementById("mynum").value;
// get input value
try { if (x == "") throw "empty"; } // error
catch { if (isNaN(x)) throw "not a number"; }
// error
if (x > 10) throw "Too high"; } catch (err) { // if there's an error
  document.write("Input is " + err); // output error
  console.error(err); // write the error in console
} finally { document.write("<br />Done"); } // executed regardless of the try / catch result
```

Error name values

RangeError	A number is "out of range"
ReferenceError	An illegal reference has occurred
SyntaxError	A syntax error has occurred
TypeError	A type error has occurred
URIError	An encodeURI() error has occurred

Loops

For Loop

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) { document.write(i + " " + i * 2 + "<br />"); }
var sum = 0;
for (var i = 0; i < a.length; i++) { sum += a[i]; } // parsing an array
html += "<"; // for (var i of custOrder) { html += "<li>" + i + "</li>"; }
```

While Loop

```
var i = 1; // initialize
while (i < 100) { // enters the cycle if statement is true
  i = 2; // increment to avoid infinite loop
  document.write(i + " "); // output
}
```

Do While Loop

```
var i = 1; // initialize
do { // enters cycle at least once
  i = 2; // increment to avoid infinite loop
  document.write(i + " "); // output
} while (i < 100); // repeats cycle if statement is true at the end
```

Break

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) { if (i == 5) { break; } // stops and exits the cycle
document.write(i + " "); // last output number is 4 }
```

Continue

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) { if (i == 5) { continue; } // skips the rest of the cycle
document.write(i + " "); // skips 5 }
```

Events

```
<button onclick="myFunction()"> Click here </button>
```

Mouse

```
onclick, oncontextmenu, ondblclick, onmousedown, onmouseenter, onmouseleave, onmousemove, onmouseover, onmouseout, onmouseup
```

Keyboard

```
onkeydown, onkeypress, onkeyup
```

Frame

```
onabort, onbeforeunload, onerror, onhashchange, onload, onpageshow, onpagehide, onresize, onscroll, onunload
```

Form

```
onblur, onchange, onfocus, onfocusin, onfocusout, oninput, oninvalid, onreset, onsearch, onselect, onsubmit
```

Drag

```
ondrag, ondragend, ondragenter, ondragleave, ondragover, ondragstart, ondrop
```

Clipboard

```
oncopy, oncut, onpaste
```

Media

```
onabort, oncanplay, oncanplaythrough, ondurationchange, onended, onerror, onloadeddata, onloadedmetadata, onloadstart, onpause, onplay, onplaying, onprogress, onratechange, onseeked, onseeking, onstalled, onsuspend, ontimeupdate, onvolumechange, onwaiting
```

Animation

```
animationend, animationiteration, animationstart
```

Miscellaneous

```
transitionend, onmessage, onmousewheel, ononline, onoffline, onopostale, onshow, onstorage, ontoggle, onwheel, ontouchcancel, ontouchend, ontouchmove, ontouchstart
```

Regular Expressions

```
var a = str.search(/CheatSheet/i);
```

Modifiers

i	perform case-insensitive matching
g	perform a global match
m	perform multiline matching

Patterns

\	Escape character
ld	find a digit
ls	find a whitespace character
lb	find match at beginning or end of a word
n+	contains at least one n
n*	contains zero or more occurrences of n
n?	contains zero or one occurrences of n
A	Start of string
\$	End of string
luxxxx	find the Unicode character
.	Any single character

Useful Links

JS cleaner	Obfuscator	Can I use?
Node.js	jQuery	Regex tester

If - Else

```
if (age >= 14) && (age < 19) { // logical condition
  status = "Eligible."; // executed if condition is true
} else { // else block is optional
  status = "Not eligible."; // executed if condition is false
}
```

Switch Statement

```
switch (new Date().getDay()) { // input is current day
  case 6: // if (day == 0) text = "Saturday"; break;
  case 0: // if (day == 0) text = "Sunday"; break; default: // else... text = "Whatever";
}
```

Data Types

```
var age = 18; // number
var name = "Jane"; // string
name = {first:"Jane", last:"Doe"}; // object
var true = true; // boolean
var sheets = ["HTML", "CSS", "JS"]; // array
var a; // undefined
var a = null; // null
```

Objects

```
var student = { // object name
  firstName: "Jane", // 1 of properties and values
  lastName: "Doe", // 2
  age: 18, // 3
  height: 170, // 4
  fullName: function() { // object function
    return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
  }, // 5
  student.age = 19; // setting value
  student.age++; // incrementing name = student.fullName(); // call object function
}
```

Numbers and Math

```
var pi = 3.141;
pi.toFixed(0); // returns 3
pi.toFix(4) // returns 3.14 - for working with money
pi.toPrecision(3) // returns 3.14
pi.valueOf(); // returns number
Number(true); // converts to number
Number(new Date()); // number of milliseconds since 1970
parseFloat("3 months"); // returns the first number: 3
parseFloat("73.5 days"); // returns 73.5
Number.MAX_VALUE // largest possible JS number
Number.MIN_VALUE // smallest possible JS number
Number.NEGATIVE_INFINITY // -Infinity
Number.POSITIVE_INFINITY // Infinity
```

Math.

```
var pi = Math.PI; // 3.141592653589793
Math.round(4.4) // 4 - rounded Math
Math.round(4.5); // 5 - Math.pow(2, 8); // 256 - 2 to the power of 8
Math.ceil(4.9); // 5 - Math.abs(-3.14); // = 3.14 - absolute, positive
Math.floor(3.99); // 3 - rounded down
Math.sin(0); // = 0 - sine
Math.cos(Math.PI); // OTHERS: tan, atan, asin, acos,
Math.atan(0, 3, -2, 2); // = -2 - the lowest value
Math.max(0, 3, -2, 2); // = 3 - the highest value
Math.log(1); // = 0 natural logarithm
Math.exp(1); // 2.71828
Math.random(); // random number between and 1
Math.floor(Math.random() * 5) + 1; // random integer, from 1 to 5
```

Constants like Math.PI

```
E, PI, SQRT2, SORT1_2, LN2, LN10, LOG2E, Log10E
```

Global Functions

```
eval(); // executes a string as if it was script code
String(23); // return string from number (23)
toString(); // return string from number Number("23")
// return number from string
decodeURI(enc); // decode a URI
Res "my page.asp"
decodeURI(uri); // encode a URI
Result: "myPage.asp"
decodeURIComponent(enc); // decode a UR component
encodeURIComponent(uri); // encode a URI component
isFinite(a); // is variable a finite, legal number
isNaN(a); // is variable an illegal number
parseFloat(a); // returns floating point number of string
parseInt(a); // parses a string and returns an integer
```

Promises

```
function sum(a, b) { return Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
  setTimeout(function () { // send the response after 1 second
    if (typeof a !== "number") {
      reject(new TypeError("Inputs must be numbers"));
    }
    resolve(a + b);
  }, 1000);
  var myPromise = sum(10, 5);
  myPromise.then(function (result) {
    document.write("S: ", result);
    return sum(null, "foo"); // Invalid data and return another promise
  }, then(function () { // W be called because of the error
    .catch(function (err) { // The catch handler is called instead, after another second
      console.error(err); // => Please provide two numbers to sum.
    });
  });
}
```

States

pending, fulfilled, rejected

Properties

Promise.length, Promise.prototype

Methods

Promise.all(iterable), Promise.race(iterable), Promise.reject(reason), Promise.resolve(value)

Online Interactive JavaScript (JS) Cheat Sheet

JavaScript Cheat Sheet contains useful code examples on a single page. Find code for JS loops, variables, objects, data types, strings, events and many other categories. Copy-paste the code you need or just quickly check the JS syntax for your projects.

Choose to display or hide the comments, clicking the command in the top right corner.

- **Basics** – Introduction to JavaScript syntax. Learn how to include the scripts on a [HTML](#) page, how to declare a function, target a DOM element by it ID, how to output the data and how to write comments.
- **Loops** – Most programming languages allow to work with loops, which help in executing one or more statements up to a desired number of times. Find the "for" and "while" loop syntax in this section.
- **If - Else statements** – Conditional statements are used to perform different actions based on different conditions.
- **Variables** – Use variables (numbers, strings, arrays etc.) and learn the operators.
- **Data types** – You can declare many types of variables and declare your own objects in JavaScript.
- **Strings** – Learn how to work with JS strings and find the most common functions to work with this data type.
- **Events** – Use JavaScript event listeners to trigger functions.
- **Numbers and math** – Work with JS numbers, predefined constants and perform math functions.
- **Dates** – Get or modify current time and date.
- **Arrays** – Learn how to organize your variables in vectors and how to use them.
- **Global functions** – Predefined functions that are built in every browser that supports JS.
- **Regular expressions** – Use RegEx to define a search pattern.
- **Errors** – JS error handling.
- **JSON** – JavaScript Object Notation is syntax used for storing and exchanging data.
- **Promises** – The Promise object is used for asynchronous computation. See our example on how to declare one.

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