```
import torch
import numpy as np
# Создайте случайный FloatTensor размера 3х4х5
def print_tens_info(tensor):
    print("X :\n%s\n" % tensor)
    print("X количество измерений:\n%s\n" % tensor.dim())
    print("X размеры : ", tensor.size())
    print("X тип : %s\n" % (tensor.type()))
x = torch.arange(0,60).view(3,4,5).type(torch.float32)
print_tens_info(x)
     X:
     tensor([[[ 0., 1., 2., 3., 4.],
              [5., 6., 7., 8., 9.],
              [10., 11., 12., 13., 14.],
              [15., 16., 17., 18., 19.]],
             [[20., 21., 22., 23., 24.],
              [25., 26., 27., 28., 29.],
              [30., 31., 32., 33., 34.],
              [35., 36., 37., 38., 39.]],
             [[40., 41., 42., 43., 44.],
              [45., 46., 47., 48., 49.],
              [50., 51., 52., 53., 54.],
              [55., 56., 57., 58., 59.]]])
     Х количество измерений:
     3
     X размеры : torch.Size([3, 4, 5])
     X тип : torch.FloatTensor
# Выведите его форму (shape)
x.shape
     torch.Size([3, 4, 5])
# Приведите его к форме 6 X 10
xx = x.view(6,10)
XX
```

```
tensor([[ 0., 1., 2., 3., 4., 5., 6., 7., 8., 9.],
             [10., 11., 12., 13., 14., 15., 16., 17., 18., 19.],
             [20., 21., 22., 23., 24., 25., 26., 27., 28., 29.],
             [30., 31., 32., 33., 34., 35., 36., 37., 38., 39.],
             [40., 41., 42., 43., 44., 45., 46., 47., 48., 49.],
             [50., 51., 52., 53., 54., 55., 56., 57., 58., 59.]])
# Умножьте его на вектор [1, 4, 2, 2, 1] поэлементно
a = torch.FloatTensor([1, 4, 2, 2, 1])
     tensor([[ 0.,
                           4.,
                                 6.,
                     4.,
             [ 5., 24., 14., 16.,
                                       9.],
              [ 10., 44., 24., 26., 14.],
              [ 15., 64.,
                          34.,
                                36., 19.]],
             [[ 20., 84., 44., 46., 24.],
              [ 25., 104.,
                           54.,
                                56., 29.],
                                66., 34.],
              [ 30., 124.,
                           64.,
                                76., 39.]],
             [ 35., 144.,
                          74.,
             [[ 40., 164., 84., 86.,
                                      44.],
              [ 45., 184., 94., 96.,
                                       49.],
              [ 50., 204., 104., 106.,
                                       54.],
              [ 55., 224., 114., 116., 59.]]])
a = torch.FloatTensor([1, 4, 2, 2, 1])
print(torch.mv(x[0],a))
print(torch.mv(x[1],a))
print(torch.mv(x[2],a))
     tensor([ 18., 68., 118., 168.])
     tensor([218., 268., 318., 368.])
     tensor([418., 468., 518., 568.])
#Умножьте тензор матрично на себя, чтобы результат был размерности 6х6
print(torch.mm(xx,xx.T))
                       735., 1185., 1635., 2085.,
 [→ tensor([[ 285.,
                                                      2535.],
             [ 735.,
                             3635., 5085., 6535.,
                      2185.,
                                                     7985.],
                      3635., 6085., 8535., 10985., 13435.],
             [ 1185.,
                      5085., 8535., 11985., 15435., 18885.],
             [ 1635.,
             [ 2085.,
                      6535., 10985., 15435., 19885., 24335.],
             [ 2535.,
                      7985., 13435., 18885., 24335., 29785.]])
# Посчитайте производную функции y = x^{**}3 + z - 75t в точке (1, 0.5, 2)
from torch.autograd import Variable
```

```
v = Variable(torch.from_numpy(np.array([1, 0.5, 2], dtype="float32")))
x = Variable(v, requires_grad = True)
print_tens_info(x)
     X:
     tensor([1.0000, 0.5000, 2.0000], requires grad=True)
     Х количество измерений:
     X размеры : torch.Size([3])
     X тип : torch.FloatTensor
print(x.grad)
     None
y = x^{**}3 + x - 75^*x
y.backward(x)
print(x.grad)
     tensor([ -71.0000, -36.6250, -124.0000])
# Создайте единичный тензор размера 5х6
# torch.ones(5,6)
x = Variable(torch.ones(5,6), requires_grad=True)
print_tens_info(x)
     X :
     tensor([[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
             [1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.]
             [1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
             [1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.]
             [1., 1., 1., 1., 1.]], requires_grad=True)
     Х количество измерений:
     X размеры : torch.Size([5, 6])
     X тип : torch.FloatTensor
# Переведите его в формат питру
\# xa = x.numpy()
xa = x.detach().numpy()
```

```
print(type(xa))
print(xa)
     <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
     [[1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
      [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
      [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
      [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
      [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
# Давайте теперь пооптимизируем: возьмите функцию y = x^**w1 - 2 * x^**2 + 5
# Посчитайте
from torch import nn
from torch import optim
linear = nn.Linear(6,5, bias=True)
print ('w: ', linear.weight)
print ('b: ', linear.bias)
     w: Parameter containing:
     tensor([[-0.1129, 0.0189, 0.2024, -0.0260, 0.1211, 0.3760],
             [-0.2163, 0.2257, -0.3940, 0.0936, -0.2161, -0.3231],
             [-0.0043, 0.1368, -0.1738, 0.0466, 0.2290, 0.0283],
             [-0.0658, -0.1550, -0.1657, 0.2981, 0.0845, -0.2331],
             [-0.2391, -0.2676, -0.1670, 0.3814, -0.3206, 0.0161]],
            requires grad=True)
     b: Parameter containing:
     tensor([-0.1915, -0.3689, 0.0805, 0.1289, 0.3049], requires_grad=True)
w1 = linear.weight
w1
     Parameter containing:
     tensor([[-0.1129, 0.0189, 0.2024, -0.0260, 0.1211, 0.3760],
             [-0.2163, 0.2257, -0.3940, 0.0936, -0.2161, -0.3231],
             [-0.0043, 0.1368, -0.1738, 0.0466, 0.2290, 0.0283],
             [-0.0658, -0.1550, -0.1657, 0.2981, 0.0845, -0.2331],
             [-0.2391, -0.2676, -0.1670, 0.3814, -0.3206, 0.0161]],
            requires_grad=True)
y = x^{**}w1 - 2 * x^{**}2 + 5
print(x.grad)
     None
y.backward(x)
print(x.grad)
```

```
tensor([[-4.1129, -3.9811, -3.7976, -4.0260, -3.8789, -3.6240],
             [-4.2163, -3.7743, -4.3940, -3.9064, -4.2161, -4.3231],
             [-4.0043, -3.8632, -4.1738, -3.9534, -3.7710, -3.9717],
             [-4.0658, -4.1550, -4.1657, -3.7019, -3.9155, -4.2331],
             [-4.2391, -4.2676, -4.1670, -3.6186, -4.3206, -3.9839]])
x - 0.01 * x.grad
     tensor([[1.0411, 1.0398, 1.0380, 1.0403, 1.0388, 1.0362],
             [1.0422, 1.0377, 1.0439, 1.0391, 1.0422, 1.0432],
             [1.0400, 1.0386, 1.0417, 1.0395, 1.0377, 1.0397],
             [1.0407, 1.0416, 1.0417, 1.0370, 1.0392, 1.0423],
             [1.0424, 1.0427, 1.0417, 1.0362, 1.0432, 1.0398]],
            grad fn=<SubBackward0>)
import math
from torch.nn.parameter import Parameter
class My_Linear(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, in_F, out_F):
        super(My_Linear, self).__init__()
        self.weight = Parameter(torch.Tensor(out F, in F))
        self.bias = Parameter(torch.Tensor(out F))
        self.reset parameters()
    def reset_parameters(self):
        for p in self.parameters():
            stdv = 1.0 / math.sqrt(p.shape[0])
            p.data.uniform_(-stdv, stdv)
    def forward(self, x):
        return x ** self.weight.t() - 2 * x**2 + 5 + self.bias
linear = My Linear(6, 5)
print ('w: ', linear.weight)
print ('b: ', linear.bias)
     w: Parameter containing:
     tensor([[ 0.3952, 0.1552],
             [-0.3745, -0.1427]], requires_grad=True)
         Parameter containing:
     tensor([0.4885, 0.4333], requires grad=True)
criterion = nn.MSELoss()
optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(linear.parameters(), lr=0.01)
```

```
x = Variable(torch.randn(5), requires_grad = True)
y = Variable(torch.randn(5), requires grad = False)
optimizer.zero_grad()
pred = linear(x)
loss = criterion(pred, y)
print('loss: ', loss.item())
     loss: nan
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/loss.py:520: UserWarning: Usi
       return F.mse_loss(input, target, reduction=self.reduction)
print ('dL/dw: ', linear.weight.grad)
print ('dL/db: ', linear.bias.grad)
     dL/dw: None
     dL/db: None
loss.backward()
print ('dL/dw: ', linear.weight.grad)
print ('dL/db: ', linear.bias.grad)
     dL/dw: tensor([[
                         nan,
                                  nan,
                                           nan.
                                                    nan,
                                                                      nanl.
                                                             nan,
                nan,
                          nan,
                                   nan,
                                            nan,
                                                     nan,
                                                              nan],
             [-2.6426, -2.5144, -0.4408, -0.5291, -1.7299, -4.3311],
             [-0.0275, -0.0255, -0.0269, -0.0260, -0.0276, -0.0271],
                 nan,
                         nan,
                                   nan,
                                            nan,
                                                     nan,
                                                              nan]])
     dL/db: tensor([
                       nan, nan, 2.0554, 1.8208,
                                                      nan])
print ('w: ', linear.weight)
print ('b: ', linear.bias)
     w: Parameter containing:
     tensor([[ 0.4273, 0.3257, 0.4120, 0.2827, -0.3702, 0.2986],
             [-0.1542, -0.0264, 0.2254, -0.1505, -0.3831, -0.1738],
             [-0.2550, -0.2436, 0.2006, 0.1499, -0.1559, -0.3643],
             [-0.4126, 0.3172, -0.1963, 0.1339, -0.4461, -0.2587],
             [0.0511, -0.2285, 0.3618, -0.4322, 0.2126, 0.1731]],
            requires_grad=True)
     b: Parameter containing:
     tensor([-0.4432, -0.1088, -0.1250, -0.1516, -0.2215], requires_grad=True)
optimizer.step()
print ('w: ', linear.weight)
print ('b: ', linear.bias)
     w: Parameter containing:
     tensor([[ 0.4273, 0.3257, 0.4120, 0.2827, -0.3702, 0.2986],
             [-0.1542, -0.0264, 0.2254, -0.1505, -0.3831, -0.1738],
             [-0.2550, -0.2436, 0.2006, 0.1499, -0.1559, -0.3643],
```

X