

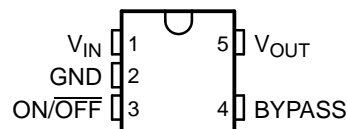
FEATURES

- Output Tolerance of
 - 1% (A Grade)
 - 1.5% (Standard Grade)
- Ultra-Low Dropout, Typically
 - 280 mV at Full Load of 150 mA
 - 7 mV at 1 mA
- Wide V_{IN} Range...16 V Max
- Low I_Q . . . 850 μ A at Full Load at 150 mA
- Shutdown Current . . . 0.01 μ A Typ
- Low Noise . . . 30 μ V_{RMS} With 10-nF Bypass Capacitor
- Stable With Low-ESR Capacitors, Including Ceramic
- Overcurrent and Thermal Protection
- High Peak-Current Capability

PORTABLE APPLICATIONS

- Cellular Phones
- Palmtop and Laptop Computers
- Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs)
- Digital Cameras and Camcorders
- CD Players
- MP3 Players

DBV (SOT-23) PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The LP2985 family of fixed-output, low-dropout regulators offers exceptional, cost-effective performance for both portable and nonportable applications. Available in voltages of 1.8 V, 2.8 V, 2.9 V, 3 V, 3.3 V and 5 V, the family has an output tolerance of 1% for the A version (1.5% for the non-A version) and is capable of delivering 150-mA continuous load current. Standard regulator features, such as overcurrent and overtemperature protection, are included.

The LP2985 has a host of features that makes the regulator an ideal candidate for a variety of portable applications:

- Low dropout: A PNP pass element allows a typical dropout of 280 mV at 150-mA load current and 7 mV at 1-mA load.
- Low quiescent current: The use of a vertical PNP process allows for quiescent currents that are considerably lower than those associated with traditional lateral PNP regulators.
- Shutdown: A shutdown feature is available, allowing the regulator to consume only 0.01 μ A when the ON/OFF pin is pulled low.
- Low-ESR-capacitor friendly: The regulator is stable with low-ESR capacitors, allowing the use of small, inexpensive, ceramic capacitors in cost-sensitive applications.
- Low noise: A BYPASS pin allows for low-noise operation, with a typical output noise of 30 μ V_{RMS}, with the use of a 10-nF bypass capacitor.
- Small packaging: For the most space-constrained needs, the regulator is available in the SOT-23 package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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WITH SHUTDOWN

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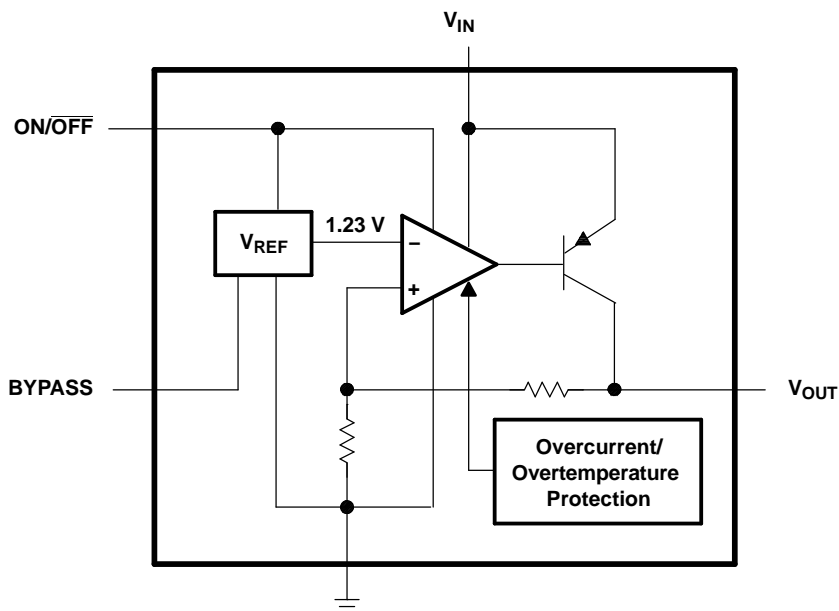
ORDERING INFORMATION

T_J	PART GRADE	V_{OUT} (NOM)	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING ⁽²⁾
–40°C to 125°C	A grade: 1% tolerance	1.8 V	SOT-23-5 – DBV	Reel of 3000 LP2985A-18DBVR	LPT3
				Reel of 250 LP2985A-18DBVT	
		2.8 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985A-28DBVR	LPJ3
				Reel of 250 LP2985A-28DBVT	
		2.9 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985A-29DBVR	PREVIEW
				Reel of 250 LP2985A-29DBVT	
		3.0 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985A-30DBVR	PREVIEW
				Reel of 250 LP2985A-30DBVT	
		3.3 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985A-33DBVR	LPK3
				Reel of 250 LP2985A-33DBVT	
		5.0 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985A-50DBVR	PREVIEW
				Reel of 250 LP2985A-50DBVT	
	Standard grade: 1.5% tolerance	1.8 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985-18DBVR	LPH3
				Reel of 250 LP2985-18DBVT	
		2.8 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985-28DBVR	LPG3
				Reel of 250 LP2985-28DBVT	
		2.9 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985-29DBVR	PREVIEW
				Reel of 250 LP2985-29DBVT	
		3.0 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985-30DBVR	PREVIEW
				Reel of 250 LP2985-30DBVT	
		3.3 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985-33DBVR	LPF3
				Reel of 250 LP2985-33DBVT	
		5.0 V		Reel of 3000 LP2985-50DBVR	PREVIEW
				Reel of 250 LP2985-50DBVT	

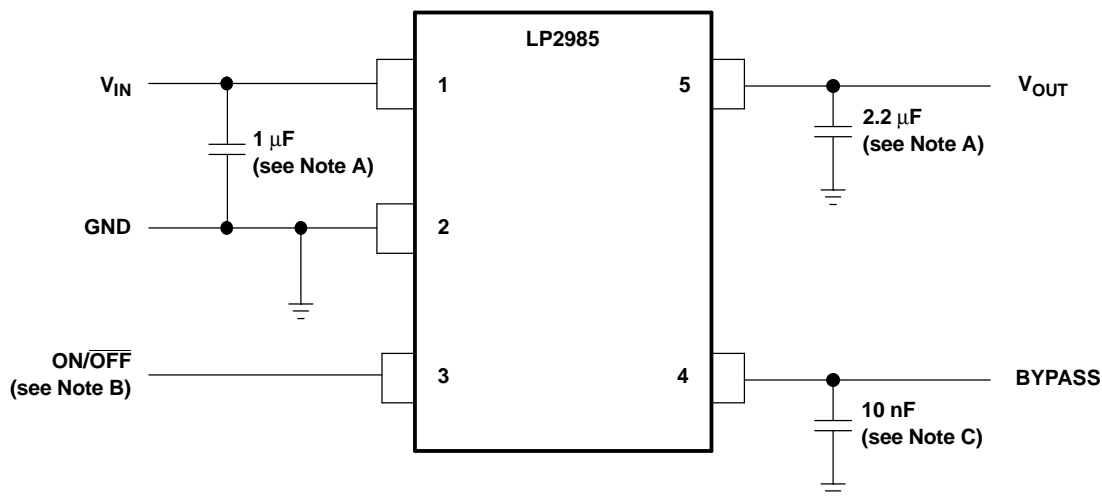
(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

(2) The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



BASIC APPLICATION CIRCUIT



- A. Minimum C_{OUT} value for stability (can be increased without limit for improved stability and transient response)
- B. **ON/OFF** must be actively terminated. Connect to V_{IN} if shutdown feature is not used.
- C. Optional **BYPASS** capacitor for low-noise operation

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Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over virtual junction temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Continuous input voltage range	–0.3	16	V
$V_{ON/OFF}$	ON/OFF input voltage range	–0.3	16	V
	Output voltage range ⁽²⁾	–0.3	9	V
$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	Input/output voltage differential range ⁽³⁾	–0.3	16	V
I_O	Output current ⁽⁴⁾	Internally limited (short-circuit protected)		
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾		206	°C/W
T_J	Operating virtual junction temperature		150	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range	–65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) If load is returned to a negative power supply in a dual-supply system, the output must be diode clamped to GND.
- (3) The PNP pass transistor has a parasitic diode connected between the input and output. This diode normally is reverse biased ($V_{IN} > V_{OUT}$), but will be forward biased if the output voltage exceeds the input voltage by a diode drop (see *Application Information* for more details).
- (4) Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_J(\text{max})$, θ_{JA} , and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_J(\text{max}) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.
- (5) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Supply input voltage	2.2 ⁽¹⁾	16	V
$V_{ON/OFF}$	ON/OFF input voltage	0	V_{IN}	V
I_{OUT}	Output current		150	mA
T_J	Virtual junction temperature	–40	125	°C

- (1) Recommended minimum V_{IN} is the greater of 2.5 V or $V_{OUT(\text{max})} +$ rated dropout voltage (max) for operating I_L .

Electrical Characteristics

at specified virtual junction temperature range, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1\text{ V}$, $V_{ON/OFF} = 2\text{ V}$, $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $I_L = 1\text{ mA}$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
(unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_J	LP2985A-xx			LP2985-xx			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
ΔV_{OUT} Output voltage tolerance	$I_L = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C	–1		1	–1.5		1.5	% V_{NOM}
	$1\text{ mA} \leq I_L \leq 50\text{ mA}$	25°C	–1.5		1.5	–2.5		2.5	
		–40°C to 125°C	–2.5		2.5	–3.5		3.5	
	$1\text{ mA} \leq I_L \leq 150\text{ mA}$	25°C	–2.5		2.5	–3		3	
		–40°C to 125°C	–3.5		3.5	–4		4	
Line regulation	$V_{IN} = [V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1\text{ V}] \text{ to } 16\text{ V}$	25°C		0.007	0.014		0.007	0.014	%/ V
		–40°C to 125°C			0.032			0.032	
$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ Dropout voltage ⁽¹⁾	$I_L = 0$	25°C		1	3		1	3	mV
		–40°C to 125°C			5			5	
	$I_L = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C		7	10		7	10	
		–40°C to 125°C			15			15	
	$I_L = 10\text{ mA}$	25°C		40	60		40	60	
		–40°C to 125°C			90			90	
	$I_L = 50\text{ mA}$	25°C		120	150		120	150	
		–40°C to 125°C			225			225	
	$I_L = 150\text{ mA}$	25°C		280	350		280	350	
		–40°C to 125°C			575			575	
I_{GND} Ground pin current	$I_L = 0$	25°C		65	95		65	95	μA
		–40°C to 125°C			125			125	
	$I_L = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C		75	110		75	110	
		–40°C to 125°C			170			170	
	$I_L = 10\text{ mA}$	25°C		120	220		120	220	
		–40°C to 125°C			400			400	
	$I_L = 50\text{ mA}$	25°C		350	600		350	600	
		–40°C to 125°C			1000			1000	
	$I_L = 150\text{ mA}$	25°C		850	1500		850	1500	
		–40°C to 125°C			2500			2500	
	$V_{ON/OFF} < 0.3\text{ V (OFF)}$	25°C		0.01	0.8		0.01	0.8	
		–40°C to 105°C		0.05	2		0.05	2	
	$V_{ON/OFF} < 0.15\text{ V (OFF)}$	–40°C to 125°C			5			5	
$V_{ON/OFF}$ ON/OFF input voltage ⁽²⁾	$V_{ON/OFF} = \text{HIGH} \rightarrow \text{O/P ON}$	25°C		1.4			1.4		V
		–40°C to 125°C		1.6			1.6		
	$V_{ON/OFF} = \text{LOW} \rightarrow \text{O/P OFF}$	25°C		0.55			0.55		
		–40°C to 125°C			0.15			0.15	
$I_{ON/OFF}$ ON/OFF input current	$V_{ON/OFF} = 0$	25°C		0.01			0.01		μA
		–40°C to 125°C			–2			–2	
	$V_{ON/OFF} = 5\text{ V}$	25°C		5			5		
		–40°C to 125°C			15			15	
V_n Output noise (RMS)	BW = 300 Hz to 50 kHz, $C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{BYPASS} = 10\text{ nF}$	25°C		30			30		μV
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$ Ripple rejection	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{BYPASS} = 10\text{ nF}$	25°C		45			45		dB

(1) Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 100 mV below the value measured with a 1-V differential.

(2) The ON/OFF input must be driven properly for reliable operation (see *Application Information*).

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

at specified virtual junction temperature range, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1\text{ V}$, $V_{ON/OFF} = 2\text{ V}$, $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $I_L = 1\text{ mA}$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
(unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T_J	LP2985A-xx			LP2985-xx			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$I_{OUT(PK)}$	Peak output current	$V_{OUT} \geq V_{O(NOM)} - 5\%$	25°C		350			350		mA
$I_{OUT(SC)}$	Short-circuit current	$R_L = 0$ (steady state) ⁽³⁾	25°C		400			400		mA

(3) See [Figure 5](#) in *Typical Performance Characteristics*.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ON/OFF Pin Tied to V_{IN} (unless otherwise specified)

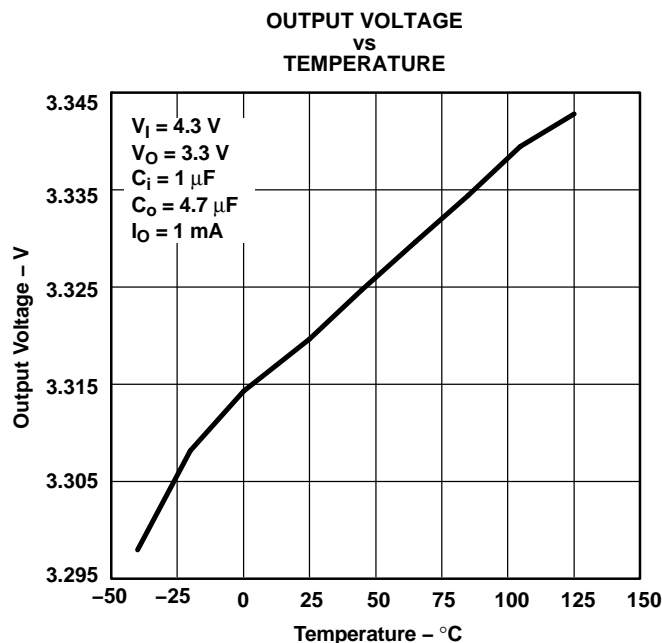


Figure 1.

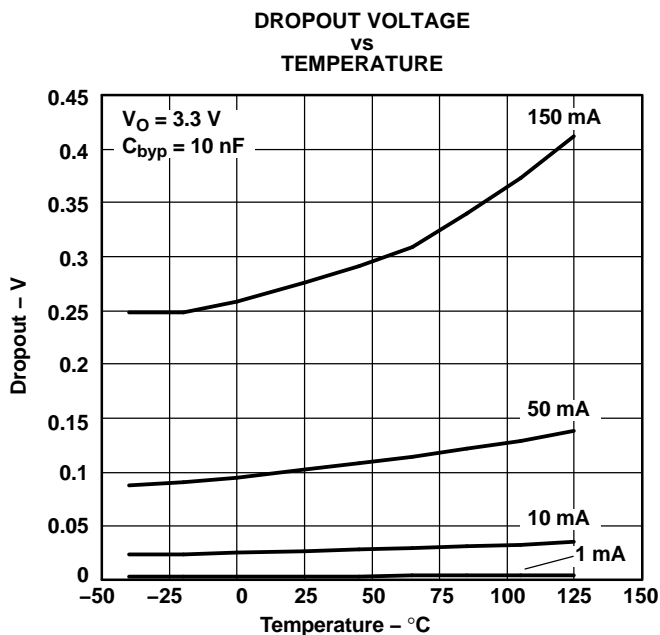


Figure 2.

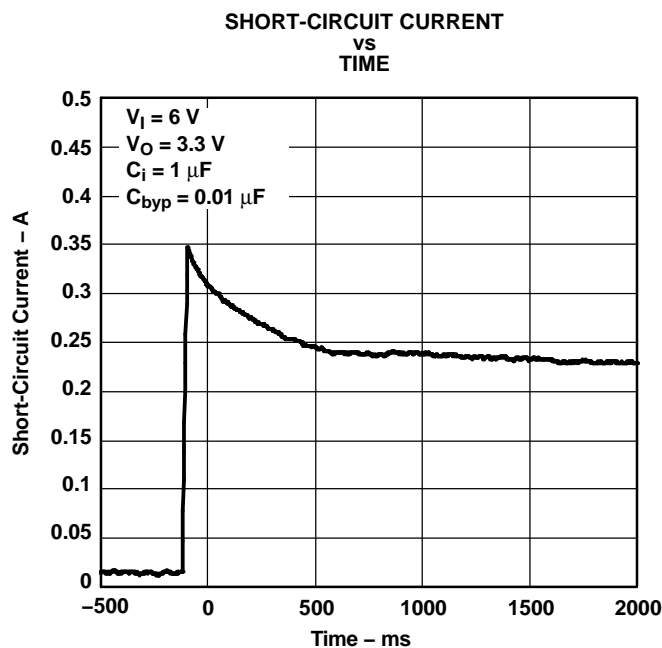


Figure 3.

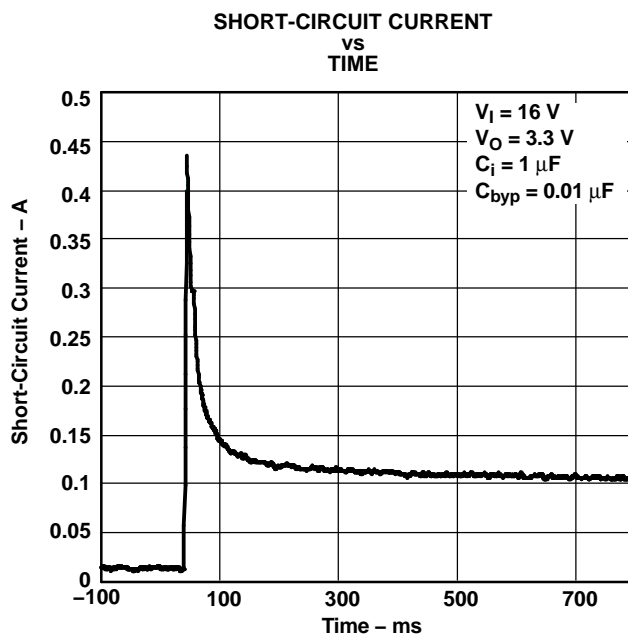


Figure 4.

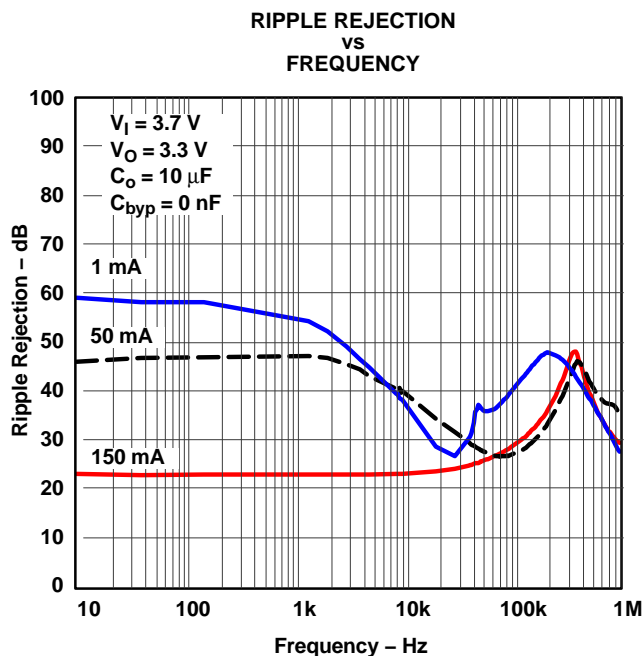
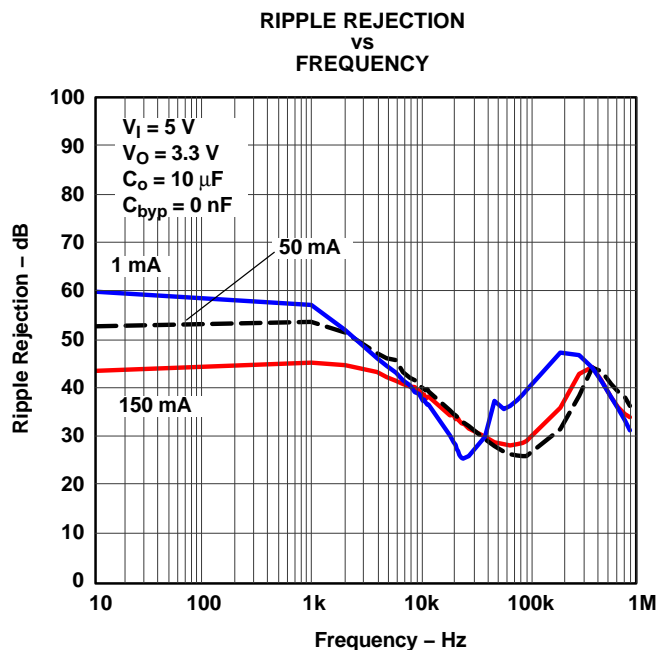
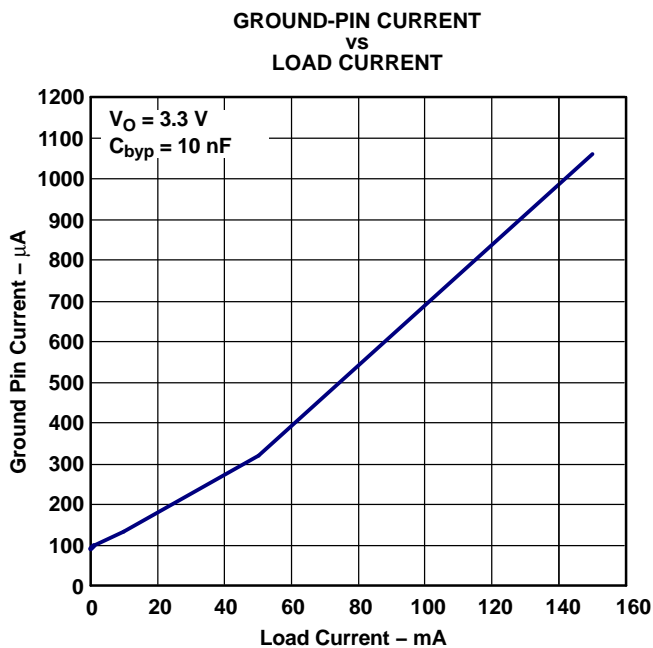
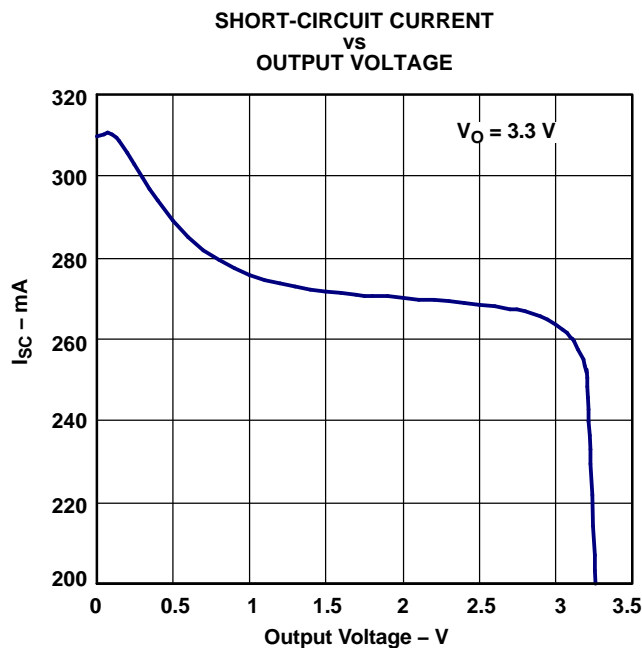
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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ON/OFF Pin Tied to V_{IN} (unless otherwise specified)



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ON/OFF Pin Tied to V_{IN} (unless otherwise specified)

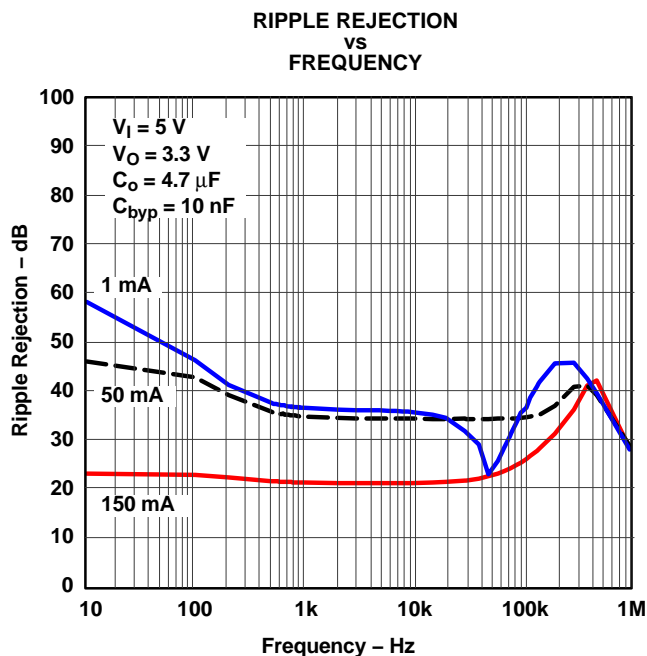


Figure 9.

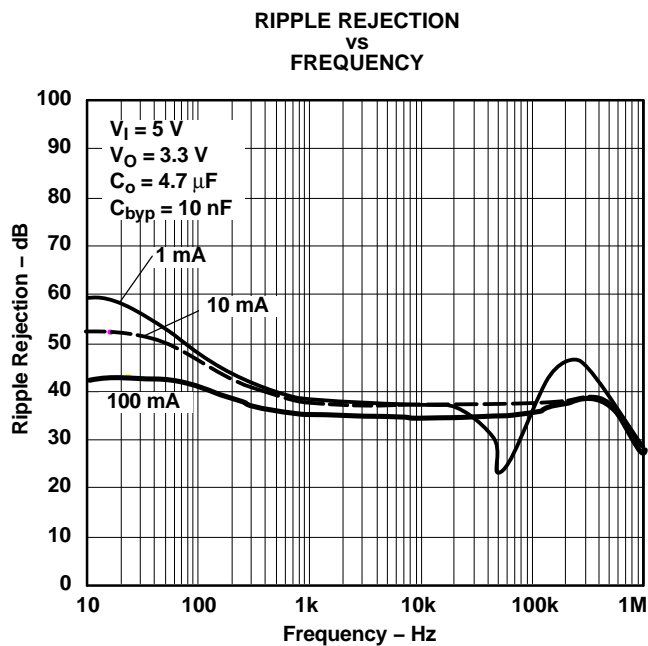


Figure 10.

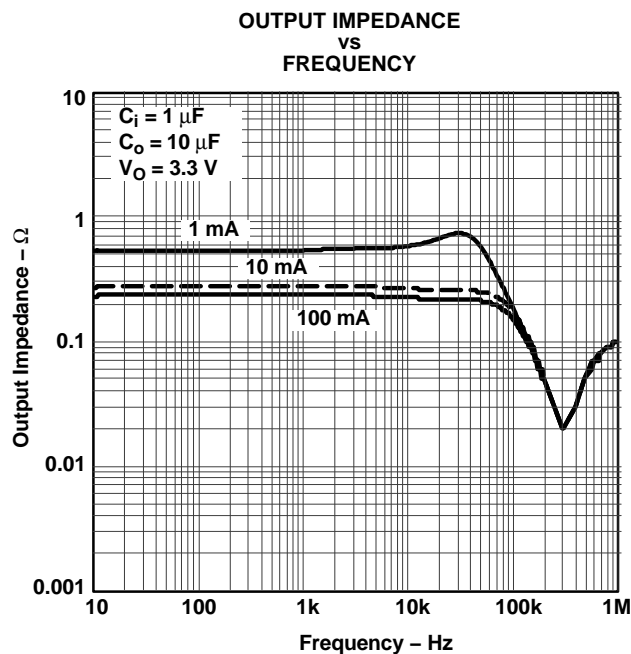


Figure 11.

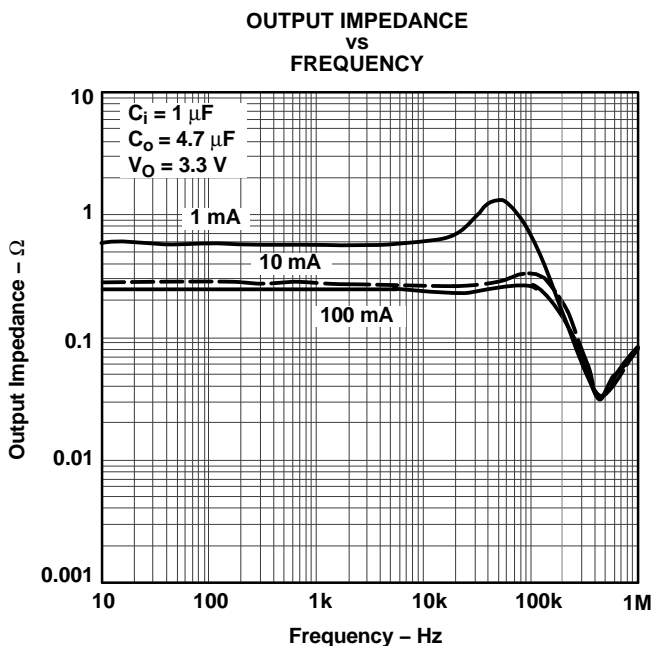


Figure 12.

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ON/OFF Pin Tied to V_{IN} (unless otherwise specified)

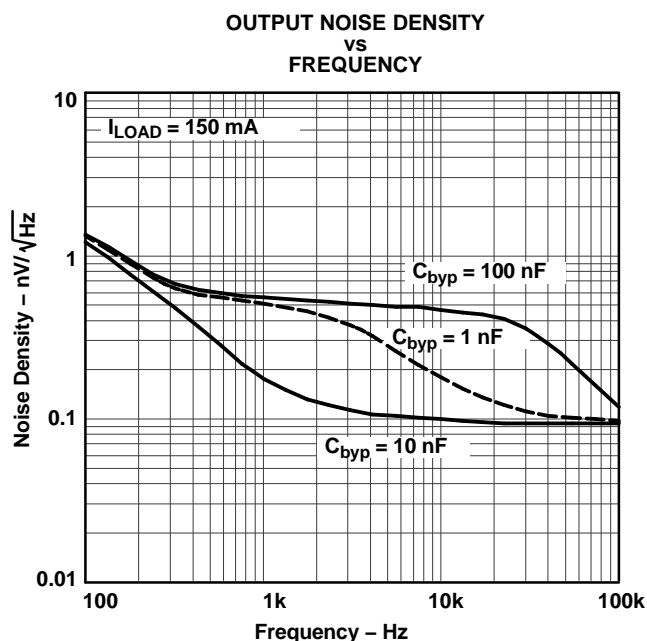


Figure 13.

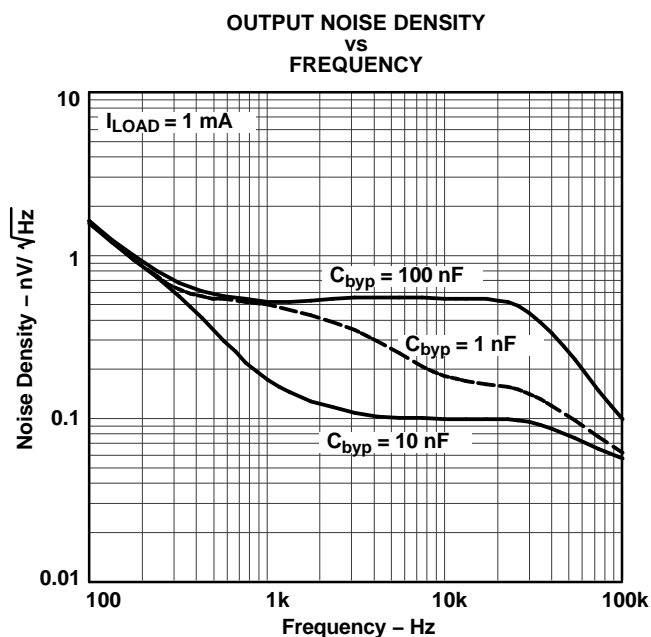


Figure 14.

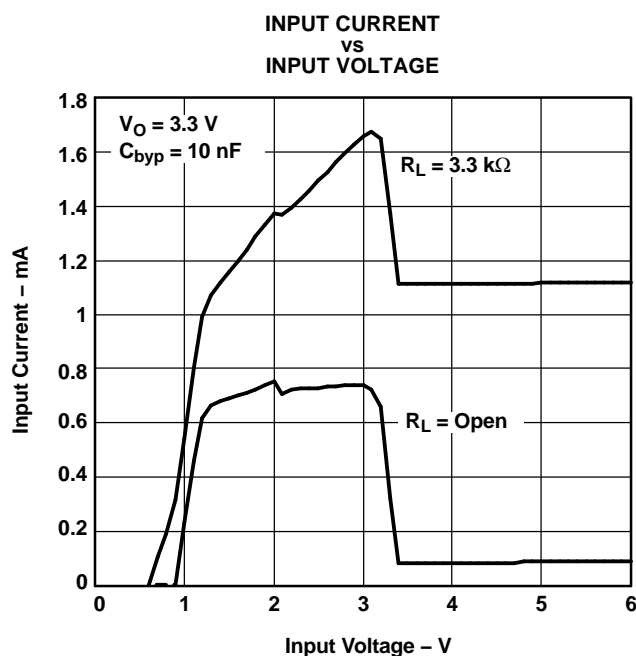


Figure 15.

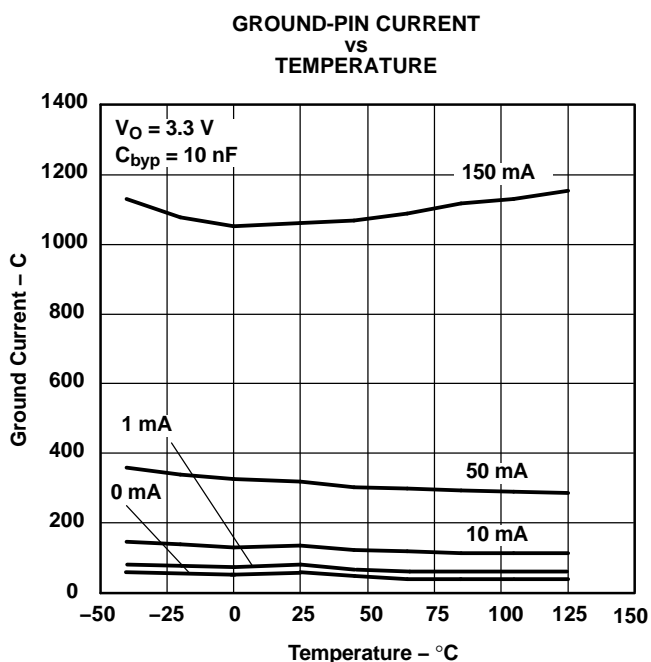


Figure 16.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ON/OFF Pin Tied to V_{IN} (unless otherwise specified)

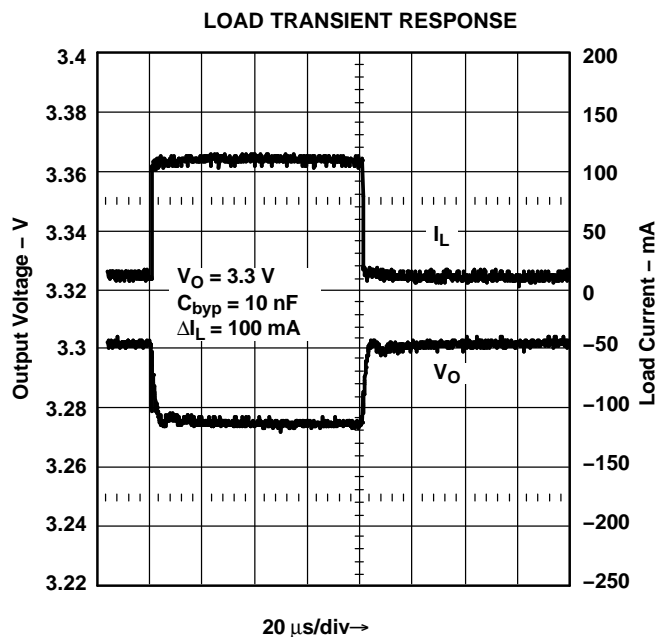


Figure 17.

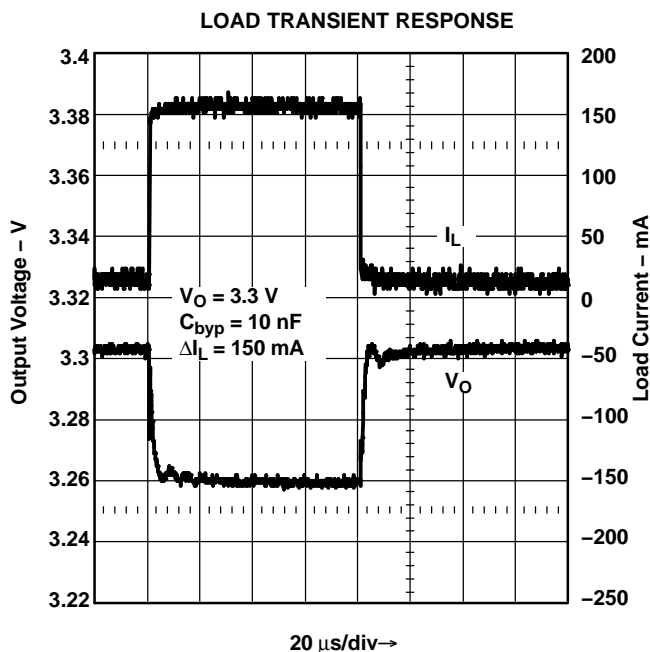


Figure 18.

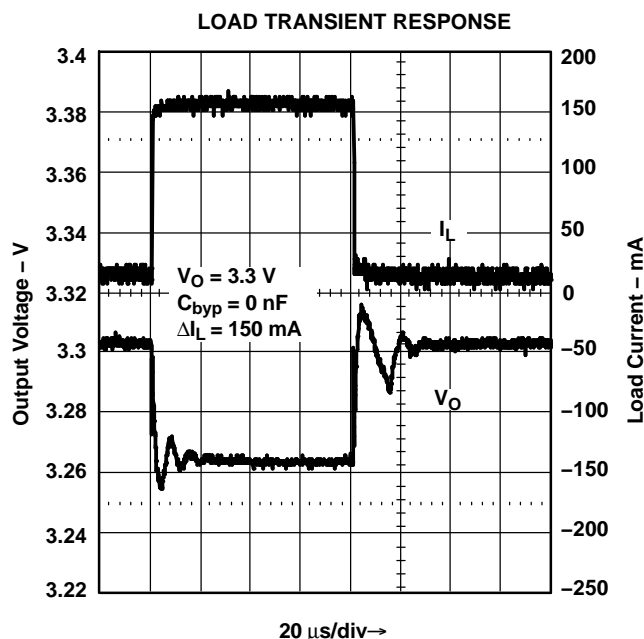


Figure 19.

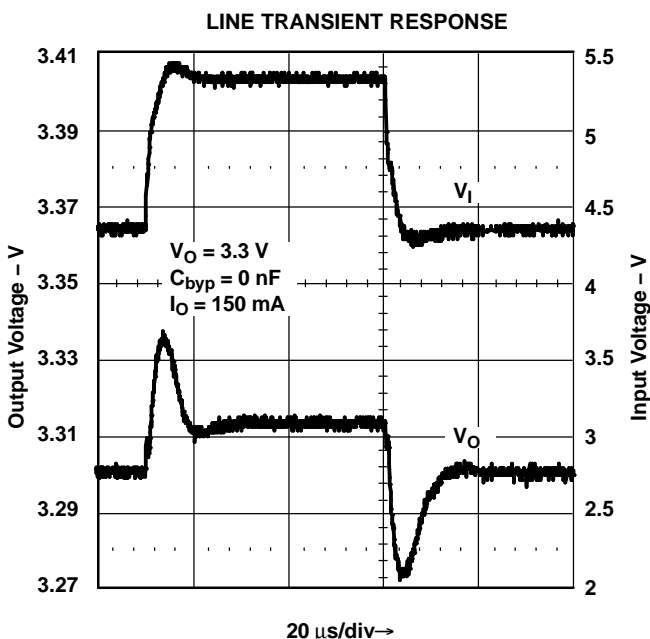


Figure 20.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$C_{IN} = 1 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu\text{F}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, ON/OFF Pin Tied to V_{IN} (unless otherwise specified)

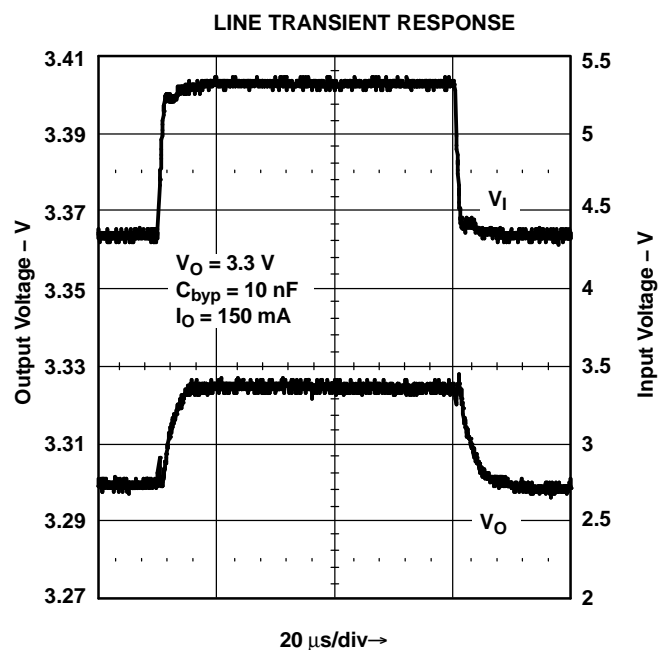


Figure 21.

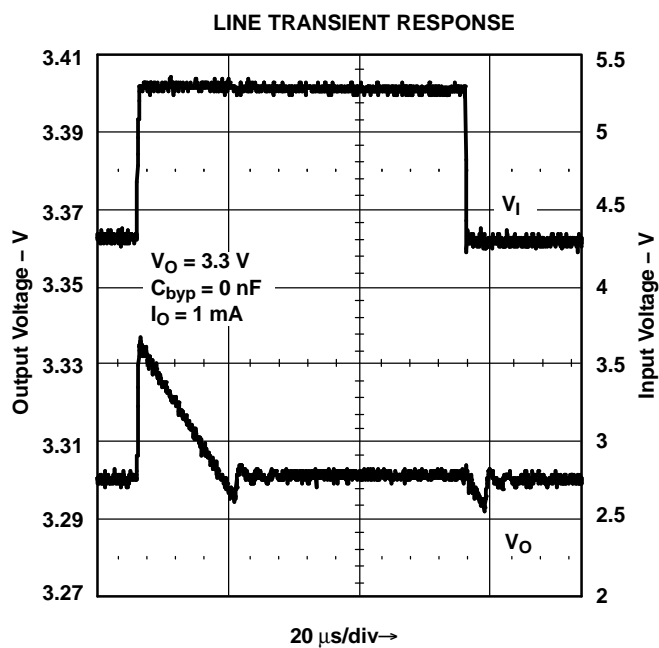


Figure 22.

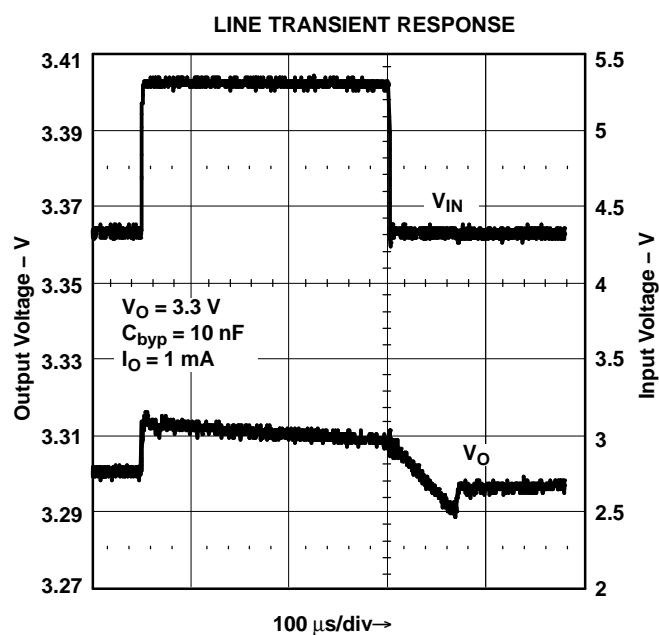


Figure 23.

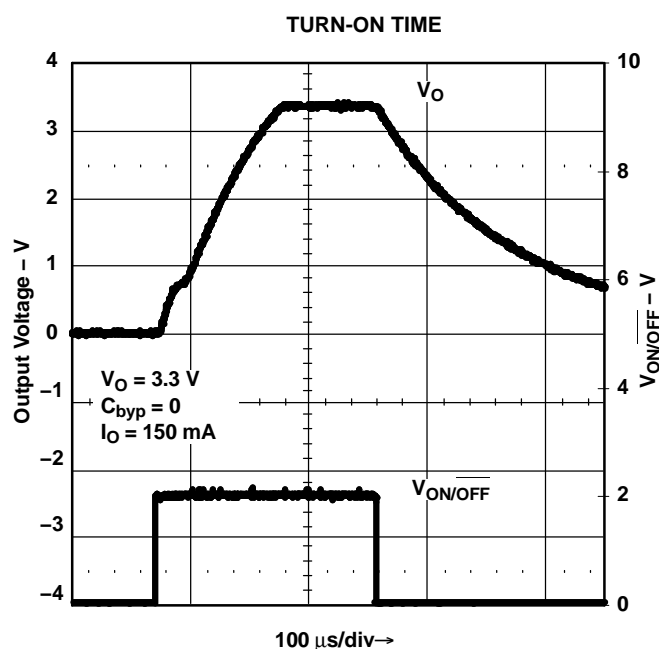


Figure 24.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ON/OFF Pin Tied to V_{IN} (unless otherwise specified)

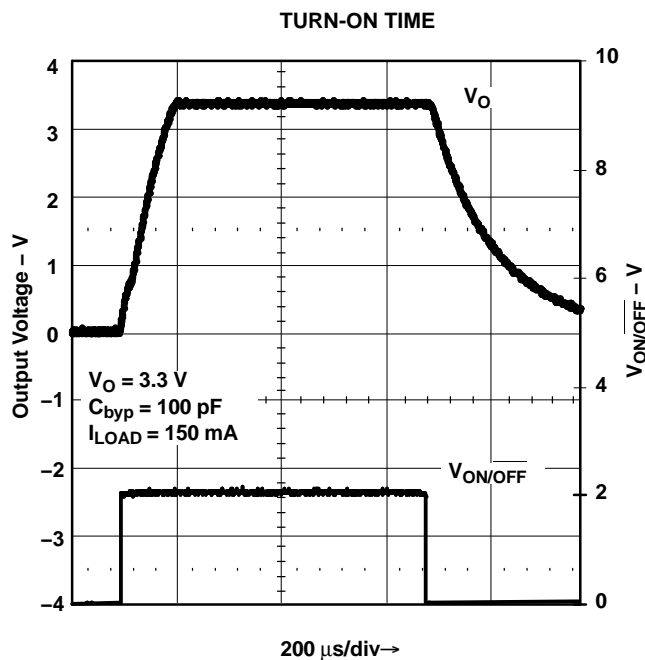


Figure 25.

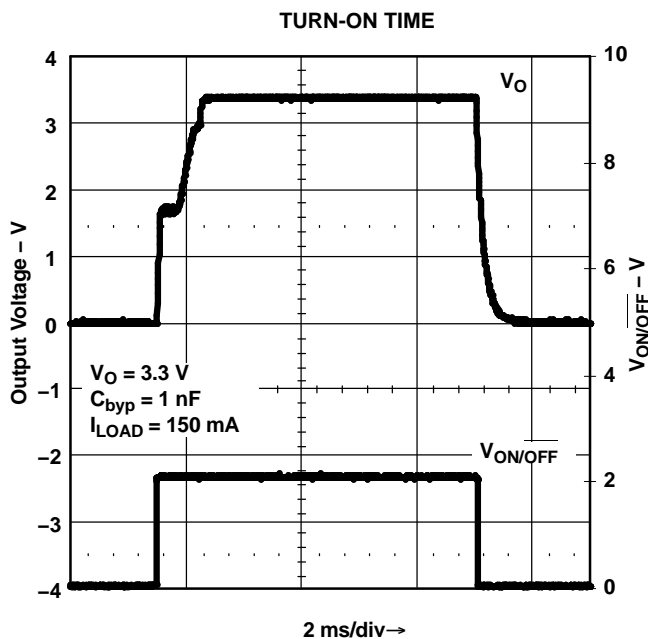


Figure 26.

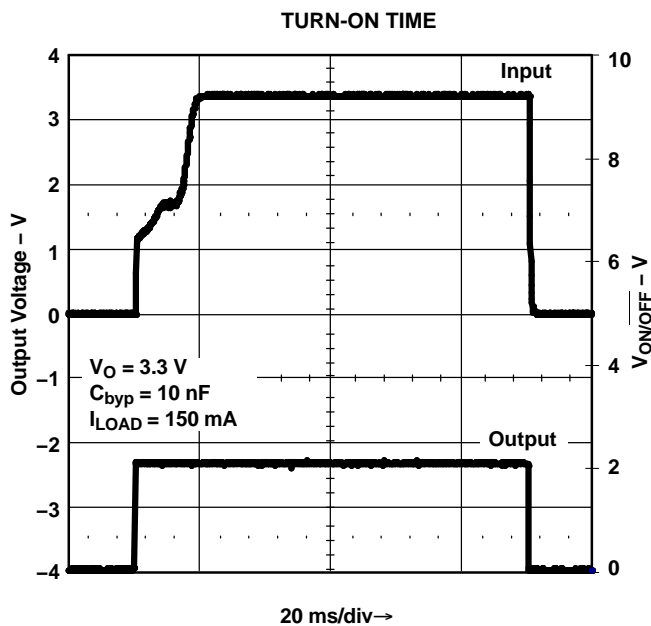


Figure 27.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Capacitors

Input Capacitor (C_{IN})

A minimum value of 1 μF (over the entire operating temperature range) is required at the input of the LP2985. In addition, this input capacitor should be located within 1 cm of the input pin and connected to a clean analog ground. There are no equivalent series resistance (ESR) requirements for this capacitor, and the capacitance can be increased without limit.

Output Capacitor (C_{OUT})

As an advantage over other regulators, the LP2985 permits the use of low-ESR capacitors at the output, including ceramic capacitors that can have an ESR as low as 5 m Ω . Tantalum and film capacitors also can be used if size and cost are not issues. The output capacitor also should be located within 1 cm of the output pin and be returned to a clean analog ground.

As with other PNP LDOs, stability conditions require the output capacitor to have a minimum capacitance and an ESR that falls within a certain range.

- Minimum C_{OUT} : 2.2 μF (can be increased without limit to improve transient response stability margin)
- ESR range: see [Figure 28](#)

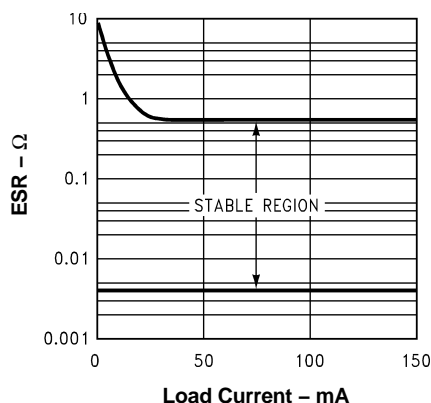


Figure 28. 2.2-V/3.3- μF ESR Curves

It is critical that both the minimum capacitance and ESR requirement be met *over the entire operating temperature range*. Depending on the type of capacitors used, both these parameters can vary significantly with temperature (see *capacitor characteristics*).

Noise Bypass Capacitor (C_{BYPASS})

The LP2985 allows for low-noise performance with the use of a bypass capacitor that is connected to the internal bandgap reference via the BYPASS pin. This high-impedance bandgap circuitry is biased in the microampere range and, thus, cannot be loaded significantly, otherwise, its output – and, correspondingly, the output of the regulator – changes. Thus, for best output accuracy, dc leakage current through C_{BYPASS} should be minimized as much as possible and never should exceed 100 nA.

A 10-nF capacitor is recommended for C_{BYPASS} . Ceramic and film capacitors are well suited for this purpose.

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

Capacitor Characteristics

Ceramics

Ceramic capacitors are ideal choices for use on the output of the LP2985 for several reasons. For capacitances in the range of 2.2 μF to 4.7 μF , ceramic capacitors have the lowest cost and the lowest ESR, making them choice candidates for filtering high-frequency noise. For instance, a typical 2.2- μF ceramic capacitor has an ESR in the range of 10 m Ω to 20 m Ω and, thus, satisfies minimum ESR requirements of the regulator.

Ceramic capacitors have one major disadvantage that must be taken into account – a poor temperature coefficient, where the capacitance can vary significantly with temperature. For instance, a large-value ceramic capacitor ($\geq 2.2 \mu\text{F}$) can lose more than half of its capacitance as the temperature rises from 25°C to 85°C. Thus, a 2.2- μF capacitor at 25°C drops well below the minimum C_{OUT} required for stability, as ambient temperature rises. For this reason, select an output capacitor that maintains the minimum 2.2 μF required for stability over the entire operating temperature range. Note that there are some ceramic capacitors that can maintain a $\pm 15\%$ capacitance tolerance over temperature.

Tantalum

Tantalum capacitors can be used at the output of the LP2985, but there are significant disadvantages that could prohibit their use:

- In the 1- μF to 4.7- μF range, tantalum capacitors are more expensive than ceramics of the equivalent capacitance and voltage ratings.
- Tantalum capacitors have higher ESRs than their equivalent-sized ceramic counterparts. Thus, to meet the ESR requirements, a higher-capacitance tantalum may be required, at the expense of larger size and higher cost.
- The ESR of a tantalum capacitor increases as temperature drops, as much as double from 25°C to –40°C. Thus, ESR margins must be maintained over the temperature range to prevent regulator instability.

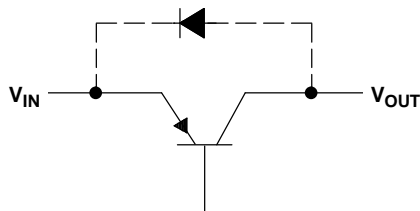
ON/OFF Operation

The LP2985 allows for a shutdown mode via the $\text{ON}/\overline{\text{OFF}}$ pin. Driving the pin LOW ($\leq 0.3 \text{ V}$) turns the device OFF; conversely, a HIGH ($\geq 1.6 \text{ V}$) turns the device ON. If the shutdown feature is not used, $\text{ON}/\overline{\text{OFF}}$ should be connected to the input to ensure that the regulator is on at all times. For proper operation, do not leave $\text{ON}/\overline{\text{OFF}}$ unconnected, and apply a signal with a slew rate of $\geq 40 \text{ mV}/\mu\text{s}$.

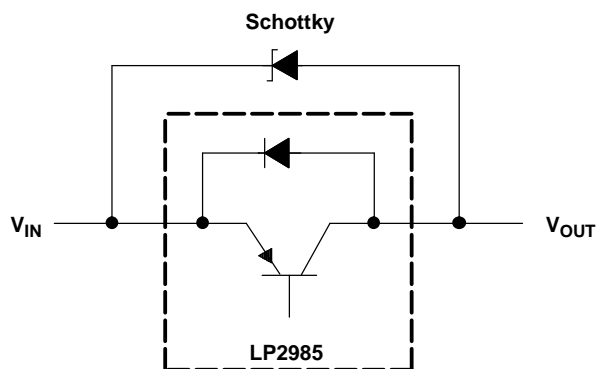
APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

Reverse Input-Output Voltage

There is an inherent diode present across the PNP pass element of the LP2985.



With the anode connected to the output, this diode is reverse biased during normal operation, since the input voltage is higher than the output. However, if the output is pulled higher than the input for any reason, this diode is forward biased and can cause a parasitic silicon-controlled rectifier (SCR) to latch, resulting in high current flowing from the output to the input. Thus, to prevent possible damage to the regulator in any application where the output may be pulled above the input, an external Schottky diode should be connected between the output and input. With the anode on output, this Schottky limits the reverse voltage across the output and input pins to ~ 0.3 V, preventing the regulator's internal diode from forward biasing.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
LP2985-28DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-28DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-28DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-28DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-28YEQR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YEQ	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-28YEUR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YEU	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-28YZQR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YZQ	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-28YZUR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YZU	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-33DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-33DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-33YEQR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YEQ	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-33YEUR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YEU	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-33YZQR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YZQ	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-33YZUR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YZU	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-50DBVR	PREVIEW	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-50DBVT	PREVIEW	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985A-18DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-18DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-18DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-18DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-28DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-28DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-28DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-28DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-33DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
LP2985A-33DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

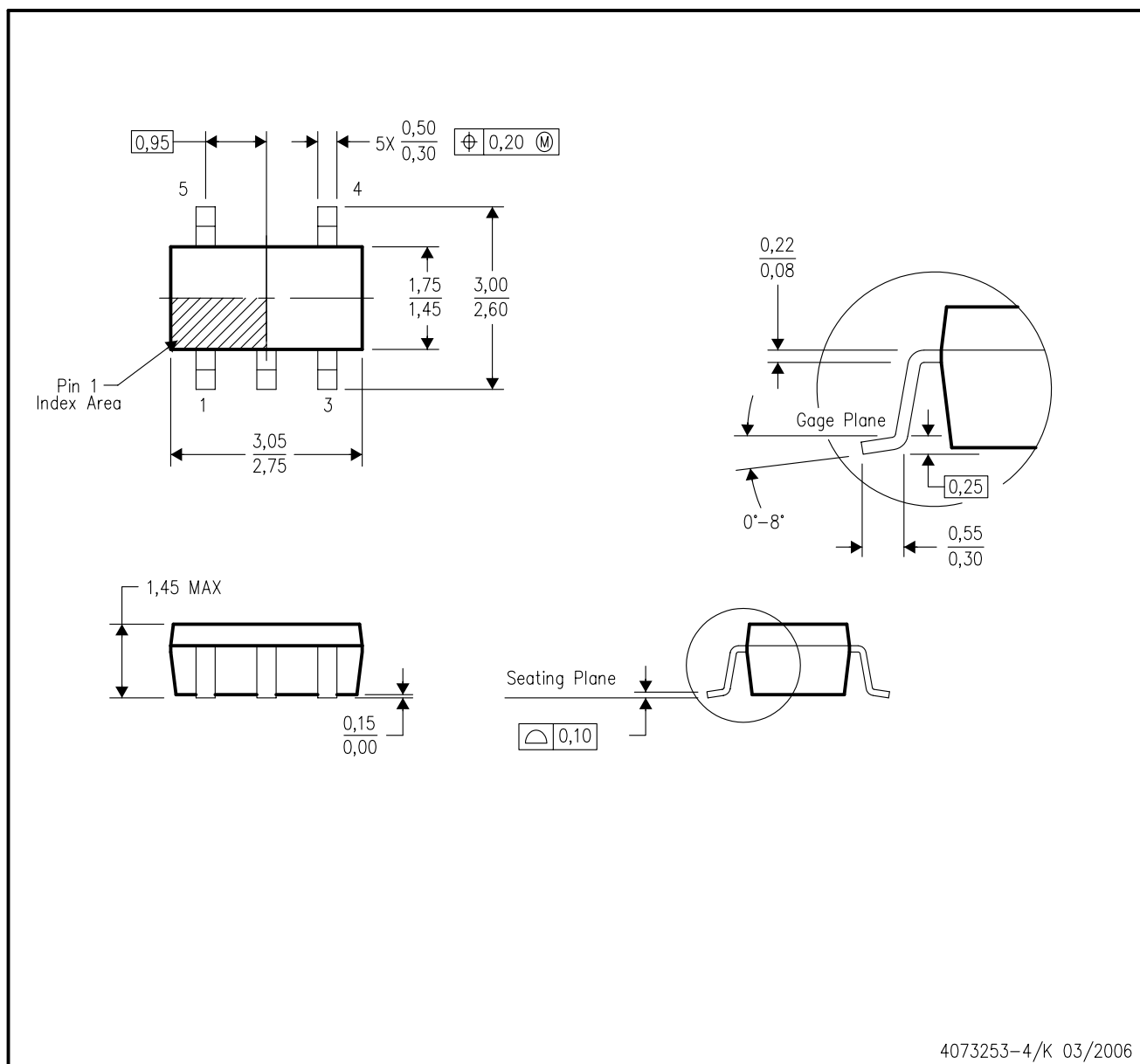
⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

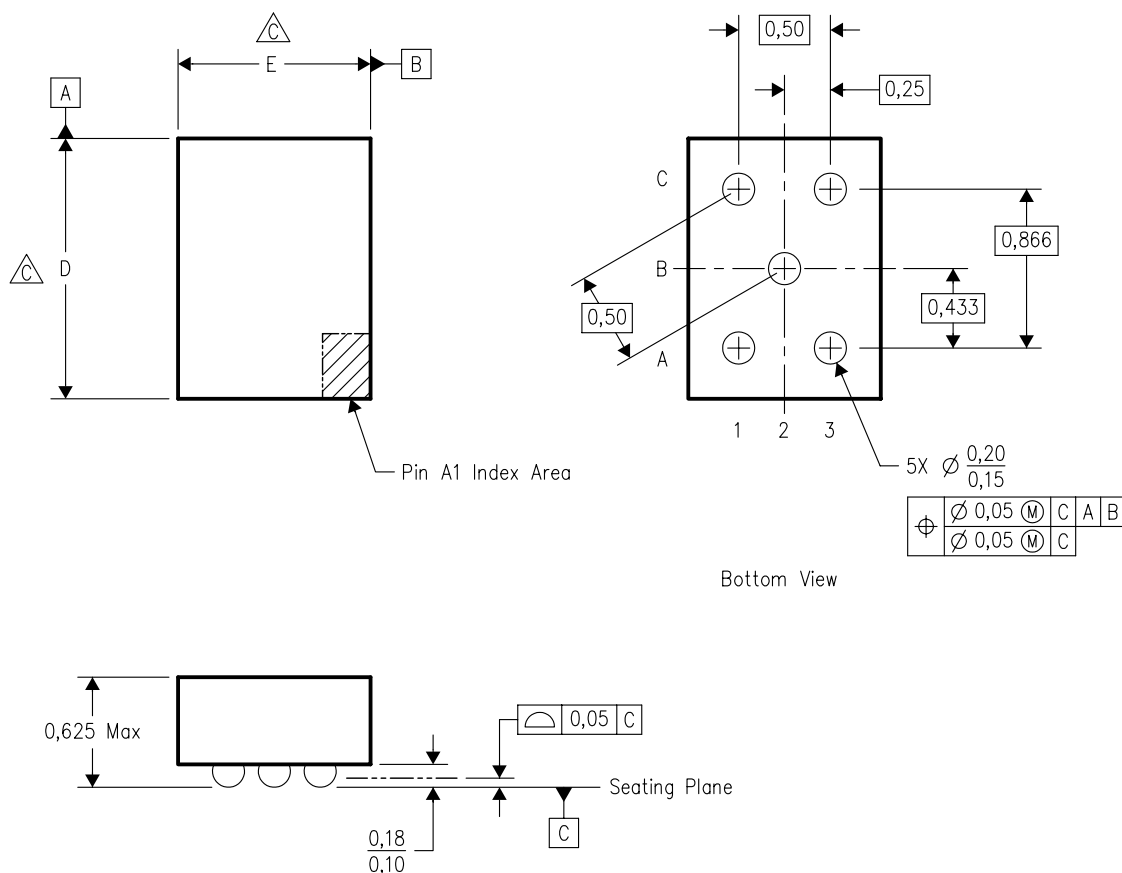
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.

YEQ (R-XBGA-N5)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



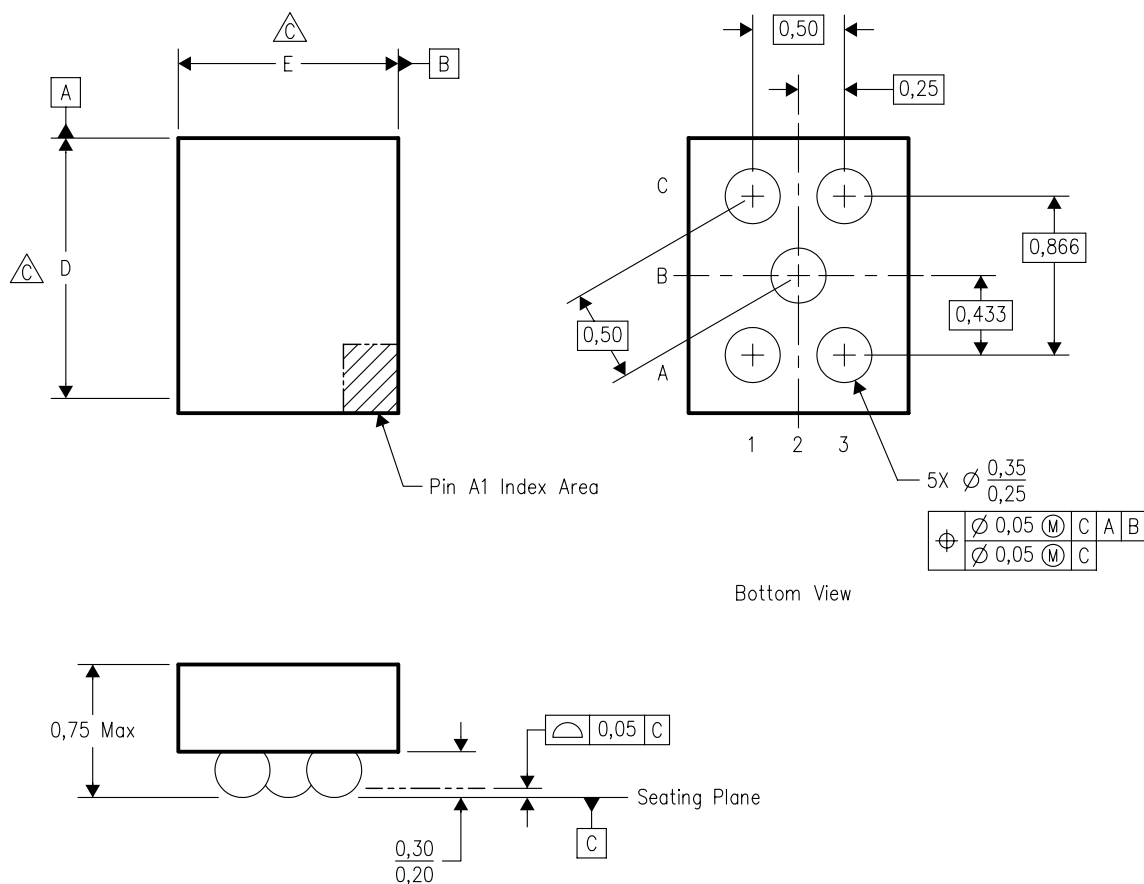
4205338/C 04/2004

- Notes:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - $\triangle C$ Devices in this YEQ package can have dimension D ranging from 1.17 to 1.67 and dimension E ranging from 0.80 to 1.30. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.
 - D. NanoStar™ package configuration.
 - E. This package contains tin-lead (SnPb) balls. Refer to the 5 YZQ package (drawing 4205677) for lead-free balls.

NanoStar is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

YEU (R-XBGA-N5)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



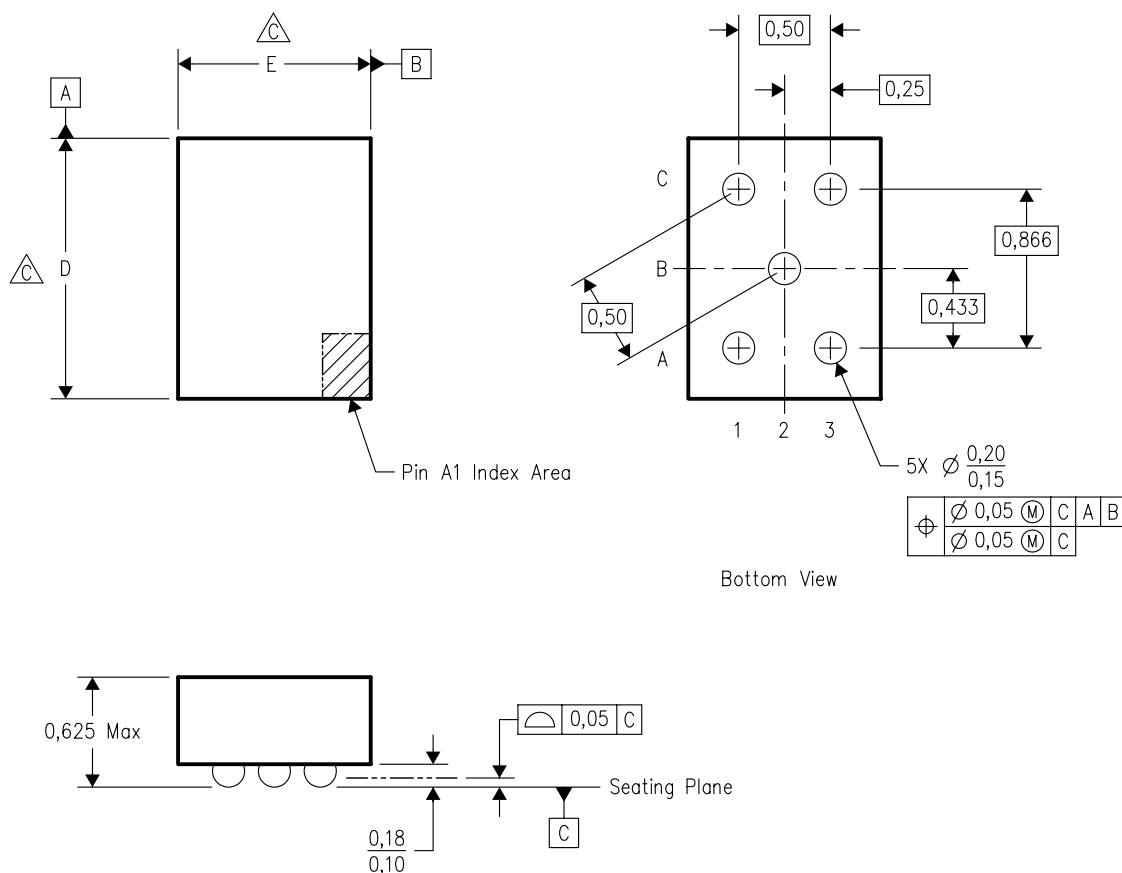
4205430/B 04/2004

- Notes:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Devices in this YEU package can have dimension D ranging from 1.25 to 1.75 and dimension E ranging from 0.95 to 1.45. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.
 - D. NanoStar™ package configuration.
 - E. This package contains tin-lead (SnPb) balls. Refer to the 5 YZU package (drawing 4205678) for lead-free balls.

NanoStar is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

YZQ (R-XBGA-N5)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



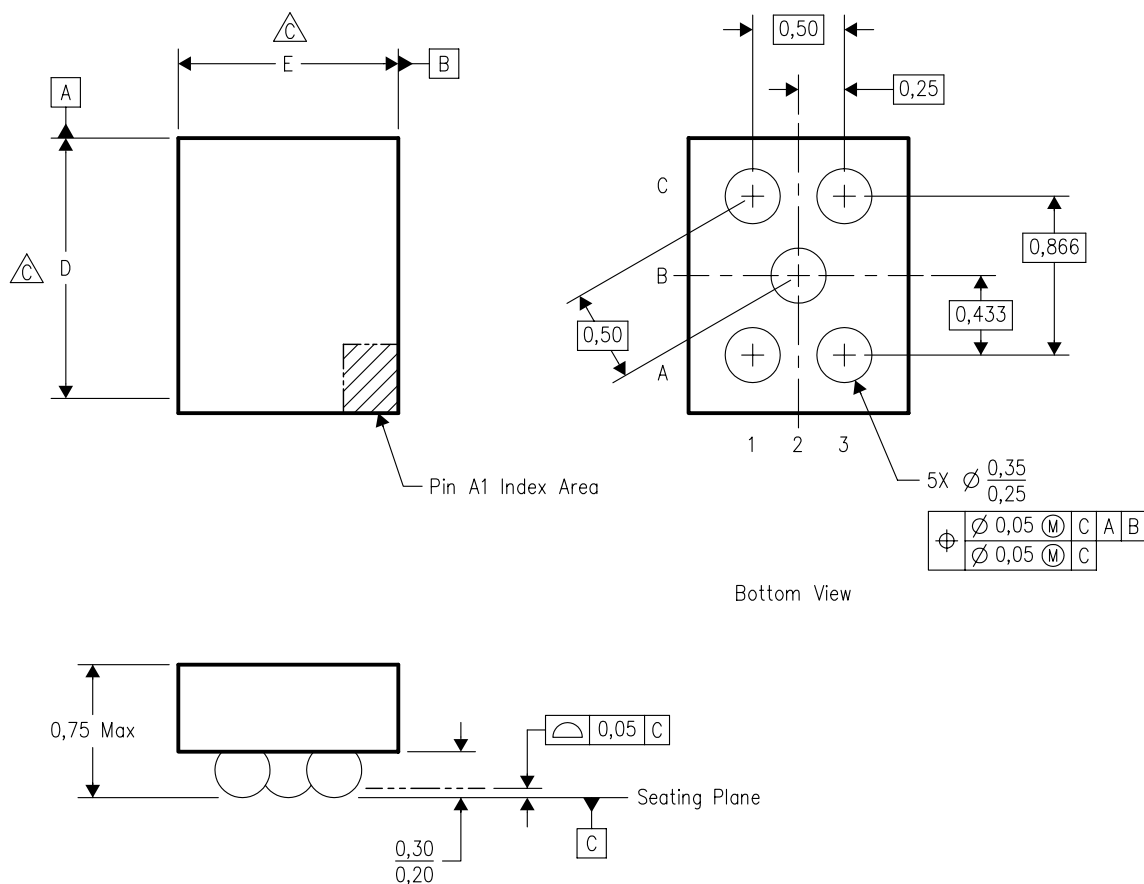
4205677/B 04/2004

- Notes:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Devices in this YZQ package can have dimension D ranging from 1.17 to 1.67 and dimension E ranging from 0.80 to 1.30. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.
 - D. NanoFree™ package configuration.
 - E. This package contains lead-free balls. Refer to the 5 YEQ package (drawing 4205338) for tin-lead (SnPb) balls.

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YZU (R-XBGA-N5)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



4205678/B 04/2004

- Notes:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Devices in this YZQ package can have dimension D ranging from 1.25 to 1.75 and dimension E ranging from 0.95 to 1.45. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.
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