

Description

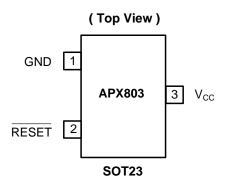
The APX803/D is used for microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits to monitor the power supplies in μ P and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when used with +5V, +3.3V, +3.0V powered circuits.

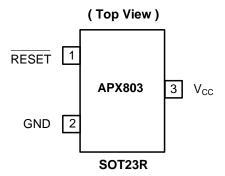
These circuits perform a single function: they assert a reset signal on power up and whenever the V_{CC} supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for a fixed period of time after V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. For the APX803D this period is a minimum of 1ms while for other APX803 variants it is at least 140ms. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on V_{CC} , and the outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for V_{CC} down to 1V.

The APX803 is available with different reset thresholds suitable for operation with a variety of supply voltages, however the APX803D is available with a 2.93V threshold voltage.

The APX803/D have an open collector active low RESET output and compliment Diodes APX809/10 which have push-pull output stages.. Low supply current makes the APX803/D ideal for use in portable equipment. The APX803/D are available in two pin out variants of the 3-pin SOT23 package.

Pin Assignments





Features

- Precision Monitoring of +2.5V, +3V, +3.3V, and +5V
 Power-Supply Voltages
- Fully Specified Over Temperature
- Open-drain RESET Active Low
- Power-On/power supply glitch Reset Pulse
 - APX803D 2ms (Typ)
 - APX803 200ms (Typ)
- 30µA Supply Current (Typ.)
- Guaranteed Reset Valid to VCC = +1V
- · No External Components
- SOT23 and SOT23R: Available in "Green" Molding Compound (No Br, Sb)
- Lead Free Finish/ RoHS Compliant (Note 1)

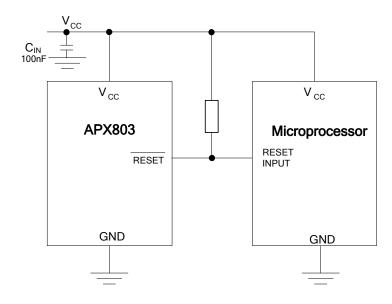
Applications

- Computers
- Controllers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Critical μP and μC Power Monitoring
- Portable/Battery Powered Equipment

Notes: 1. EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS). All applicable RoHS exemptions applied. Please visit our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/lead_free.html.



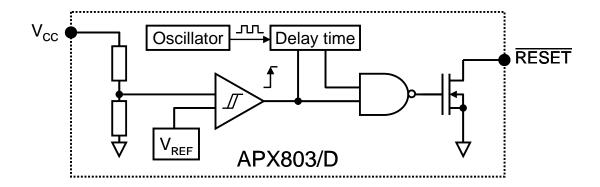
Typical Application Circuit



Pin Descriptions

| Pin Name | Description | |
|--|-------------|--|
| GND | Ground | |
| RESET Reset Output Pin Active Low Open Drain | | |
| V _{CC} Operating Voltage Input | | |

Functional Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Rating | Unit |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------|------|
| ESD HBM Human Body Model ESD Protection | | 2 | kV |
| ESD MM | Machine Model ESD Protection | 200 | V |
| Vcc | Supply Voltage | -0.3 to +6.0 | V |
| V _{RESET} | RESET (open drain) | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| Icc | Input Current, V _{CC} | 20 | mA |
| $\begin{tabular}{lll} Io & Output Current, \overline{RESET} \\ \hline P_D & Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$), derate $4mW/^{\circ}C$ above $+70^{\circ}C$ \\ \hline T_{OP} & Operating Junction Temperature Range \\ \hline T_{ST} & Storage Temperature Range \\ \hline \end{tabular}$ | | 20 | mA |
| | | 400 | mW |
| | | -40 to +105 | °C |
| | | -65 to +150 | °C |

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |
|--|--|-----|------------------------|------|
| Vcc | V _{CC} Supply Voltage V _{IN} Input Voltage | | 5.5 | V |
| V _{IN} | | | (V _{CC} +0.3) | V |
| V _{RESET} | RESET output voltage | 0 | 5.5 | V |
| T _A Operating Ambient Temperature Range | | -40 | 85 | °C |
| dV_{CC}/dt V_{CC} Rate of rise $(V_{CC} = 0 \sim V_T)$ | | | 100 | V/µs |



Electrical Characteristics (T_A = 25°C)

 T_A = -40 to 85 $^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise note. Typical values are at T_A =+25 $^{\circ}$ C.

| Symbol | Parameter | | Test Conditions | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit | |
|--------------------|--|------------|--|------|------|------|--------|--|
| I _{CC} | Supply Current | | V _{TH} + 0.2V | | 30 | 40 | μA | |
| | | APX803-23 | _ | 2.21 | 2.25 | 2.30 | V | |
| | | APX803-26 | | 2.59 | 2.63 | 2.66 | | |
| | | APX803-29 | | 2.89 | 2.93 | 2.96 | | |
| | | APX803D-29 | -T _A = 25°C | 2.89 | 2.93 | 2.96 | | |
| V_{TH} | Reset Threshold | APX803-31 | 1A = 25 C | 3.04 | 3.08 | 3.13 | | |
| VTH | | APX803-40 | | 3.94 | 4.00 | 4.06 | | |
| | | APX803-44 | | 4.31 | 4.38 | 4.45 | | |
| | | APX803-46 | | 4.56 | 4.63 | 4.70 | | |
| | Reset Threshold hysteresis | | $V_{TH-H} - V_{TH-L}$ | | 40 | | mV | |
| | Reset Threshold Tempco | | | | 30 | | ppm/°C | |
| t _S | V _{CC} to RESET delay | | $V_{CC} = V_{TH}$ to $(V_{TH} - 100 \text{mV})$ | | 20 | | μs | |
| 4 | Reset Active Timeout Period | APX803-XX | $T_A = 0$ °C to $+85$ °C | 140 | 200 | 280 | - ms | |
| t _{DELAY} | | APX803D-29 | | 1 | | 3.3 | | |
| | RESET Output Voltage Low | | $V_{CC} = V_{TH} - 0.2$, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$ | | | 0.3 | | |
| V_{OL} | | | $V_{CC} = V_{TH} - 0.2$, $I_{SINK} = 3.5 \text{mA}$ | | | 0.4 | V | |
| | | | $V_{CC} > 1.0V$, $I_{SINK} = 50uA$ | | | 0.3 | | |
| I _{OH} | RESET Output High leakage current | | V _{CC} > V _{TH} +0.2 | | | 1 | μА | |
| θ_{JA} | Thermal Resistance Junction-to- Ambient | | SOT23/SOT23R (Note 2) | | 201 | | °C/W | |
| θ_{JC} | Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case | | SOT23/SOT23R (Note 2) | | 56 | | °C/W | |

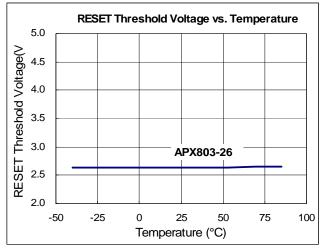
Notes:

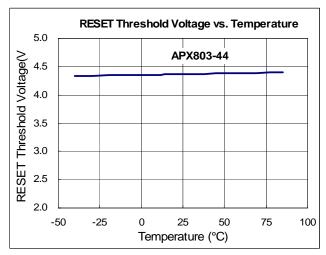
^{2.} Test condition for SOT23 and SOT23R: Devices mounted on FR-4 substrate PC board, 2oz copper, with minimum recommended pad layout.

^{3.} Final datasheet limits to be determined by characterization and correlation.



Typical Performance Characteristics







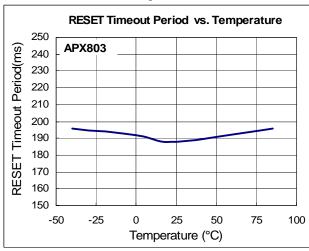


Figure 2

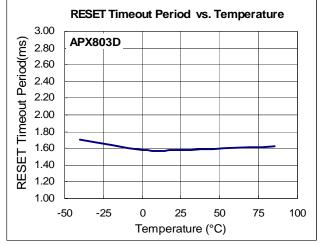


Figure 3

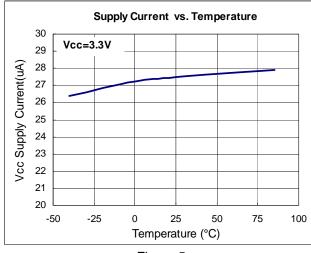


Figure 4

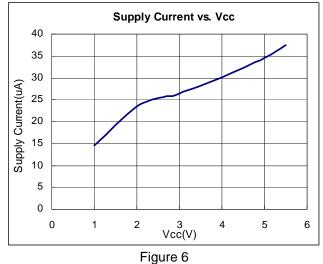
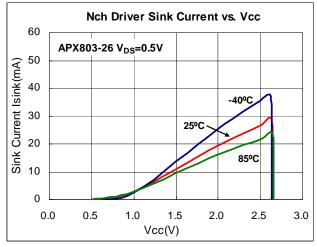


Figure 5



Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



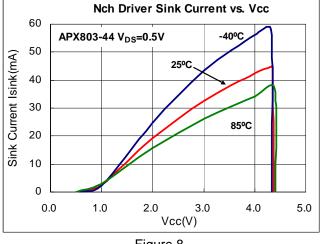
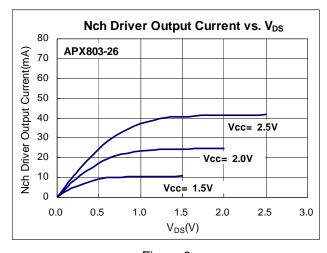


Figure 7





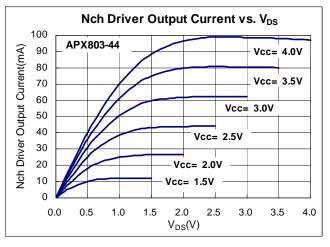
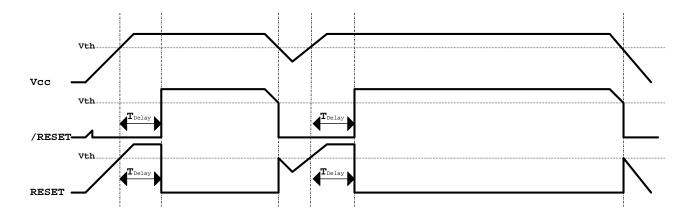


Figure 9 Figure 10



Timing Diagram



Functional Description

Microprocessors (μ Ps) and microcontrollers (μ C) have a reset input to ensure that it starts up in a known state. The APX803/D drive the μ P's reset input to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions. They assert a reset signal whenever the V_{CC} supply voltage declines below a preset threshold and keep it asserted for a fixed period of time after V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. For the APX803D this period is a minimum of 1ms while for other APX803 variants it is at least 140ms. The APX803/D have an open-drain output stage.

Ensuring a Valid Reset Output Down to $V_{CC} = 0$

RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low for $V_{CC} > 1V$. Once V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps \overline{RESET} low for the reset timeout period; after this interval, \overline{RESET} goes high. If a brownout condition occurs (V_{CC} dips below the \overline{RESET} reset threshold), \overline{RESET} goes low. Any time V_{CC} goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero, and \overline{RESET} goes low. The internal timer starts after V_{CC} returns above the reset threshold, and \overline{RESET} remains low for the reset timeout period.

When V_{CC} falls below 1V, the APX803/D RESET output no longer sinks current — it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS logic inputs connected to \overline{RESET} can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications since most μP and other circuitry is inoperative with V_{CC} below 1V.

Interfacing to µP with Bidirectional Reset Pins

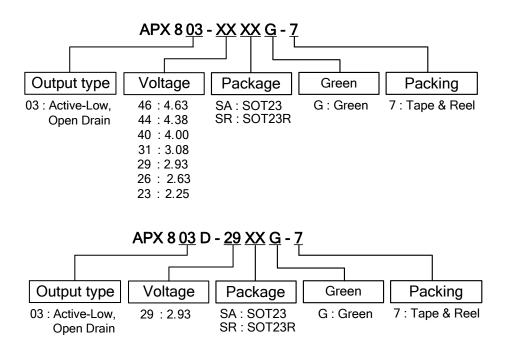
Since the RESET output on the APX803/D is open drain, this device interfaces easily with $\mu P/\mu C$ that have bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11. Connecting the μP supervisor's RESET output directly to the microcontroller's (μC 's) RESET pin with a single pull-up resistor allows either device to assert reset.

Supervising and monitoring Multiple Supplies

Generally, the pull-up resistor connected to the APX803/D will connect to the supply voltage that is being monitored at the IC's V_{CC} pin. However, some systems may use the APX803/D open-drain output to level-shift from the monitored supply to reset the μP powered by a different supply voltage or monitor multiple supplies that will be fed into 1 $\mu C/\mu P$ reset input.



Ordering Information



| | Device | Bookaga Cada | Packaging | 7" Ta | pe and Reel |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------|
| | Device | Package Code | (Note 4) | Quantity | Part Number Suffix |
| Pb , | APX803-XXSAG-7 | SA | SOT23 | 3000/Tape & Reel | -7 |
| P | APX803-XXSRG-7 | SR | SOT23R | 3000/Tape & Reel | -7 |
| P | APX803D-29SAG-7 | SA | SOT23 | 3000/Tape & Reel | -7 |
| P | APX803D-29SRG-7 | SR | SOT23R | 3000/Tape & Reel | -7 |

Notes: 4. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf.



Marking Information

(1) SOT23 and SOT23R

(Top View)

3

XX Y W X

1

2

XX: Identification code

<u>Y</u>: Year 0~9

<u>W</u>: Week: A~Z: 1~26 week;

a~z: 27~52 week; z represents

52 and 53 week

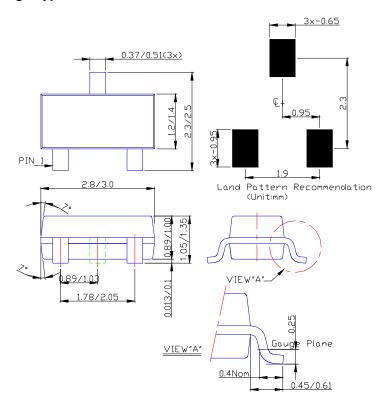
X: A~Z: Green

| Device | Package | Identification Code |
|--------------|---------|---------------------|
| APX803-46SA | SOT23 | V3 |
| APX803-44SA | SOT23 | V4 |
| APX803-40SA | SOT23 | V5 |
| APX803-31SA | SOT23 | V6 |
| APX803-29SA | SOT23 | V7 |
| APX803-26SA | SOT23 | V8 |
| APX803-23SA | SOT23 | V9 |
| APX803-46SR | SOT23R | S3 |
| APX803-44SR | SOT23R | S4 |
| APX803-40SR | SOT23R | S5 |
| APX803-31SR | SOT23R | S6 |
| APX803-29SR | SOT23R | S7 |
| APX803-26SR | SOT23R | S8 |
| APX803-23SR | SOT23R | S9 |
| APX803D-29SA | SOT23 | VN |
| APX803D-29SR | SOT23R | SN |



Package Outline Dimensions (All Dimensions in mm)

(1) Package Type: SOT23 and SOT23R



Notes: 5. Package outline dimensions as shown on Diodes Inc. package outline dimensions document AP02002, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf



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