## **LP2980**

LP2980 Micropower 50 mA Ultra Low-Dropout Regulator In SOT-23 Package



Literature Number: SNOS733L



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# Micropower 50 mA Ultra Low-Dropout Regulator In SOT-23 Package

## **General Description**

The LP2980 is a 50 mA, fixed-output voltage regulator designed specifically to meet the requirements of battery-powered applications.

Using an optimized VIP® (Vertically Integrated PNP) process, the LP2980 delivers unequaled performance in all specifications critical to battery-powered designs:

**Dropout Voltage.** Typically 120 mV @ 50 mA load, and 7 mV @ 1 mA load.

Ground Pin Current. Typically 375  $\mu A$  @ 50 mA load, and 80  $\mu A$  @ 1 mA load.

Sleep Mode. Less than 1  $\mu A$  quiescent current when ON/ OFF pin is pulled low.

**Minimum Part Count.** Requires only 1  $\mu$ F of external capacitance on the regulator output.

**Precision Output.** 0.5% tolerance output voltages available (A grade).

 $5.0\text{V},\,4.7\text{V},\,3.3\text{V},\,3.0\text{V}$  and 2.5V versions available as standard products.

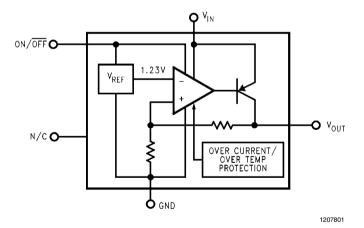
## **Features**

- Ultra low dropout voltage
- Output voltage accuracy 0.5% (A Grade)
- Guaranteed 50 mA output current
- Requires only 1 µF external capacitance
- < 1 µA quiescent current when shutdown
  </p>
- Low ground pin current at all load currents
- High peak current capability (150 mA typical)
- Wide supply voltage range (16V max)
- Fast dynamic response to line and load
- Low Z<sub>OUT</sub> over wide frequency range
- Over-Temperature and Over-Current protection
- -40°C to +125°C junction temperature range

## **Applications**

- Cellular Phone
- Palmtop/Laptop Computer
- Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
- Camcorder, Personal Stereo, Camera

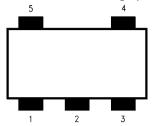
## **Block Diagram**



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## **Connection Diagram**

5-Lead Small Outline Package (SOT-23)



Top View
See NS Package Number MF05A

## **Pin Descriptions**

Name	Pin Number	Function
V <sub>IN</sub>	1	Input Voltage
GND	2	Common Ground (device substrate)
ON/OFF	3	Logic high enable input
N/C	4	Post package trim - do not connect to this pin
V <sub>OUT</sub>	5	Regulated output voltage

## **Ordering Information**

**TABLE 1. Package Marking and Order Information** 

If a non-standard voltage is required, see the LP2980-ADJ. Order Package Grade Output Voltage (V) Supplied as Information Marking LONA LP2980AIM5X-2.5 3000 Units on Tape and Reel Α LP2980AIM5-2.5 LONA 1000 Units on Tape and Reel 2.5 L0NB LP2980IM5X-2.5 3000 Units on Tape and Reel STD LP2980IM5-2.5 L0NB 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5X-2.8 L13A 3000 Units on Tape and Reel Α LP2980AIM5-2.8 L13A 1000 Units on Tape and Reel 2.8 L13B LP2980IM5X-2.8 3000 Units on Tape and Reel STD LP2980IM5-2.8 L13B 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5X-2.9 L<sub>12</sub>A 3000 Units on Tape and Reel Α LP2980AIM5-2.9 L12A 1000 Units on Tape and Reel 2.9 LP2980IM5X-2.9 L12B 3000 Units on Tape and Reel STD LP2980IM5-2.9 L12B 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5X-3.0 L02A 3000 Units on Tape and Reel Α L02A LP2980AIM5-3.0 1000 Units on Tape and Reel 3.0 LP2980IM5X-3.0 L02B 3000 Units on Tape and Reel STD L02B LP2980IM5-3.0 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5X-3.2 L31A 3000 Units on Tape and Reel Α L31A LP2980AIM5-3.2 1000 Units on Tape and Reel 3.2 L31B LP2980IM5X-3.2 3000 Units on Tape and Reel STD LP2980IM5-3.2 L31B 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5X-3.3 L00A 3000 Units on Tape and Reel Α L00A 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5-3.3 3.3 LP2980IM5X-3.3 L00B 3000 Units on Tape and Reel STD L00B 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980IM5-3.3 L21A 3000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5X-3.8 Α L21A LP2980AIM5-3.8 1000 Units on Tape and Reel 3.8 LP2980IM5X-3.8 L21B 3000 Units on Tape and Reel STD LP2980IM5-3.8 L21B 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5X-4.7 L37A 3000 Units on Tape and Reel Α LP2980AIM5-4.7 L37A 1000 Units on Tape and Reel 4.7 LP2980IM5X-4.7 L37B 3000 Units on Tape and Reel STD LP2980IM5-4.7 L37B 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980AIM5X-5.0 L01A 3000 Units on Tape and Reel Α LP2980AIM5-5.0 L01A 1000 Units on Tape and Reel 5.0 L01B 3000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980IM5X-5.0 STD L01B 1000 Units on Tape and Reel LP2980IM5-5.0

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C

**Operating Junction Temperature** 

Range -40°C to +125°C

Lead Temperature

(Soldering, 5 sec.) 260°C

ESD Rating (Note 2) 2 kV Power Dissipation (Note 3) Internally Limited Input Supply Voltage (Survival) -0.3V to +16VInput Supply Voltage (Operating) 2.1V to +16V Shutdown Input Voltage (Survival) -0.3V to +16V Output Voltage (Survival), (Note 4) -0.3V to +9V I<sub>OUT</sub> (Survival) **Short Circuit Protected** 

Input-Output Voltage (Survival),

(Note 5) -0.3V to +16V

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Limits in standard typeface are for  $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the full operating temperature range. Unless otherwise specified:  $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1V$ ,  $I_L = 1$  mA,  $C_{OUT} = 1$   $\mu$ F,  $V_{ON/OFF} = 2V$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	LP2980AI-XX (Note 6)		<b>LP2980I-XX</b> (Note 6)		Units
				Min	Max	Min	Max	<u> </u>
$\Delta V_{O}$	Output Voltage Tolerance	I <sub>1</sub> = 1 mA		-0.50	0.50	-1.0	1.0	
7.0		1 mA < I <sub>1</sub> < 50 mA		-0.75	0.75	-1.5	1.5	%V <sub>NOM</sub>
				-2.5	2.5	-3.5	3.5	NOW
ΔV <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage	V <sub>O(NOM)</sub> + 1V	0.007		0.014		0.014	%/V
$\frac{\sigma}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 16V			0.032		0.032	
V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>O</sub>	Dropout Voltage	I <sub>1</sub> = 0	1		3		3	mV
IIV O	(Note 7)				5		5	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1 mA	7		10		10	1
					15		15	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 10 mA	40		60		60	]
					90		90	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 50 mA	120		150		150	
					225		225	
I <sub>GND</sub>	Ground Pin Current	$I_L = 0$	65		95		95	μΑ
					125		125	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1 mA	80		110		110	
					170		170	ļ
		I <sub>L</sub> = 10 mA	140		220		220	
					460		460	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 50 mA	375		600		600	
					1200		1200	ļ
.,		V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> < 0.18V	0		1		1	
V <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	ON/OFF Input Voltage	High = O/P ON	1.4	1.6	0.40	1.6	0.40	V
1	(Note 8)	Low = O/P OFF	0.55		0.18		0.18	
ON/OFF	ON/OFF Input Current	V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> = 0	0		-1		-1	μA
	<u> </u>	V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> = 5V	5	400	15	400	15	
I <sub>O(PK)</sub>	Peak Output Current	$V_{OUT} \ge V_{O(NOM)} - 5\%$	150	100		100		mA
$e_n$	Output Noise	BW = 300 Hz–50 kHz,	160					μV
	Voltage (RMS)	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 μF						
$\Delta V_{OUT}$	Ripple Rejection	f = 1 kHz	63					dB
$\Delta V_{IN}$		C <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 μF						
I <sub>O(MAX)</sub>	Short Circuit Current	R <sub>L</sub> = 0 (Steady State) (Note 9)	150					mA

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the component may occur. Electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device outside of its rated operating conditions.

Note 2: The ESD rating of pins 3 and 4 for the SOT-23 package is 1 kV.

**Note 3:** The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature,  $T_{J(MAX)}$ , the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and the ambient temperature,  $T_{A}$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated using:

$$P(MAX) = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}$$

The value of  $\theta_{JA}$  for the SOT-23 package is 220°C/W. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.

Note 4: If used in a dual-supply system where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the LP2980 output must be diode-clamped to ground.

**Note 5:** The output PNP structure contains a diode between the  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  terminals that is normally reverse-biased. Reversing the polarity from  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  will turn on this diode (See *REVERSE CURRENT PATH*).

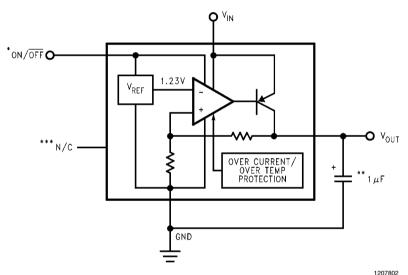
Note 6: Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed through correlation using Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. The limits are used to calculate National's Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).

Note 7: Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 100 mV below the value measured with a 1V differential.

Note 8: The ON/OFF inputs must be properly driven to prevent misoperation. For details, refer to ON/OFF INPUT OPERATION.

Note 9: See related curve(s) in *Typical Performance Characteristics* section.

## **Typical Application Circuit**

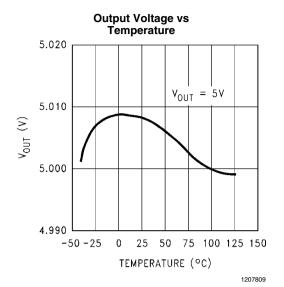


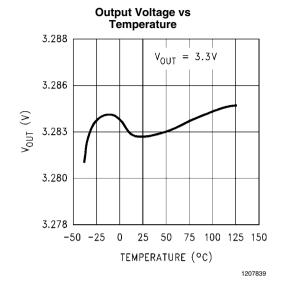
\*ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$  input must be actively terminated. Tie to  $V_{\text{IN}}$  if this function is not to be used.

\*\*Minimum Output Capacitance is 1 µF to insure stability over full load current range. More capacitance provides superior dynamic performance and additional stability margin (see Application Hints).

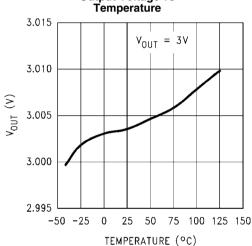
\*\*\*Do not make connections to this pin.

# 

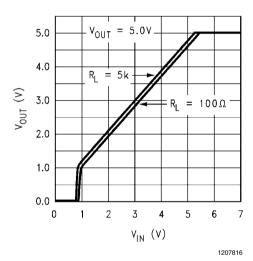




Output Voltage vs Temperature

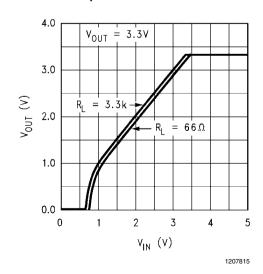


**Dropout Characteristics** 

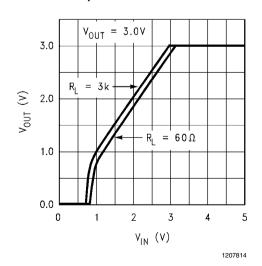


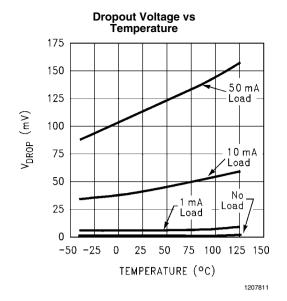
**Dropout Characteristics** 

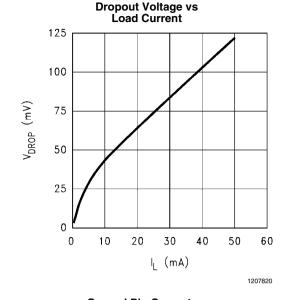
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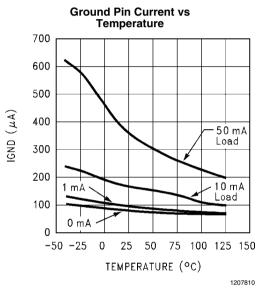


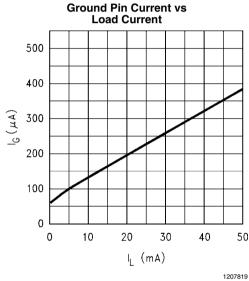
**Dropout Characteristics** 



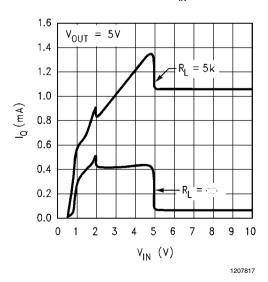






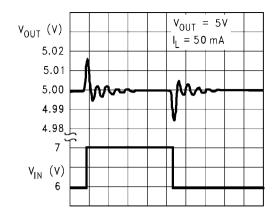


Input Current vs V<sub>IN</sub>

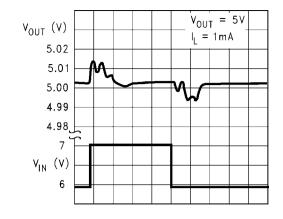


Input Current vs V<sub>IN</sub>  $V_{OUT} = 5V$  $R_L = 100 \Omega$ I<sub>Q</sub> (mA) = 500Ω  $V_{IN}(V)$ 

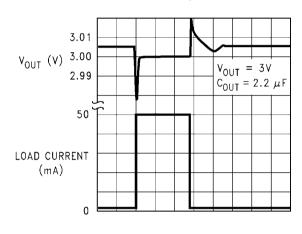
## **Line Transient Response**



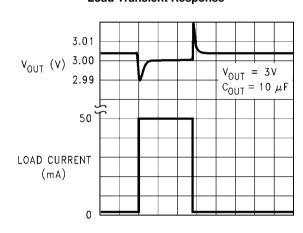
## **Line Transient Response**



## **Load Transient Response**

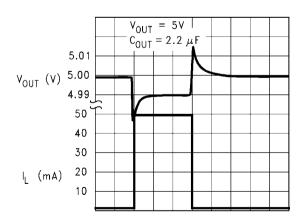


## **Load Transient Response**



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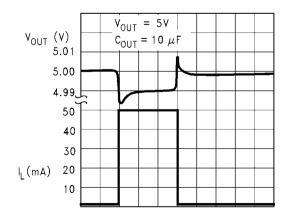
## **Load Transient Response**



10 μs/div →

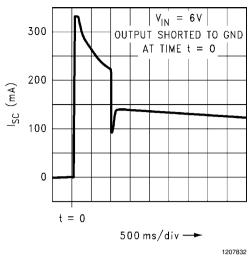
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## **Load Transient Response**

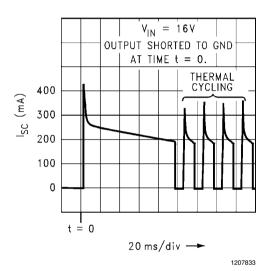


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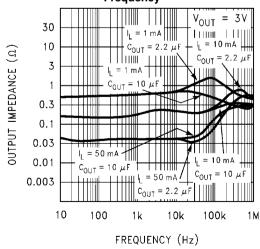
## **Short Circuit Current**



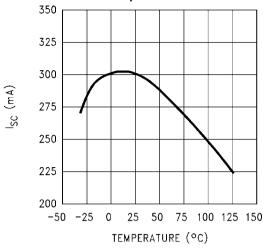
## **Short Circuit Current**



## **Output Impedance vs** Frequency

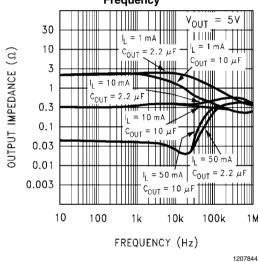


## **Instantaneous Short Circuit Current** vs Temperature

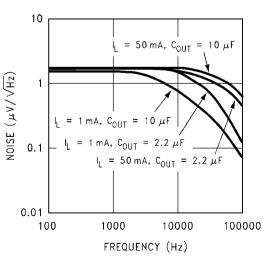


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## **Output Impedance vs** Frequency



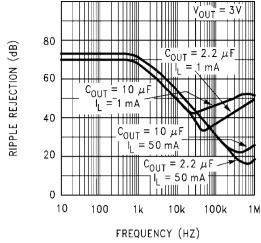
## **Output Noise Density**



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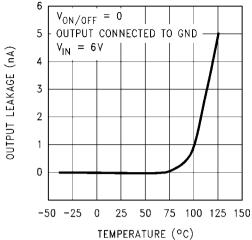
## Ripple Rejection



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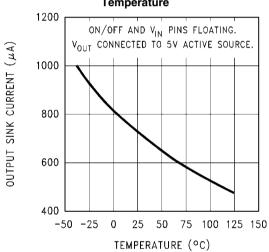
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## Input to Output Leakage vs Temperature

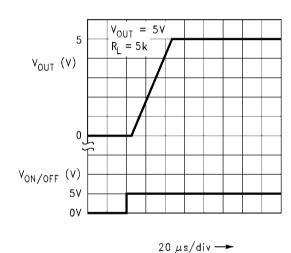


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## Output Reverse Leakage vs **Temperature**

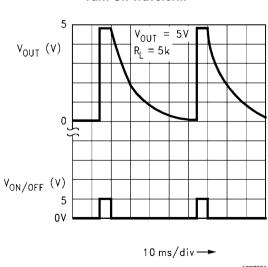


## **Turn-On Waveform**

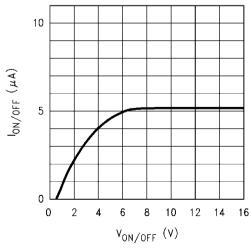


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## **Turn-Off Waveform**



ON/OFF Pin Current vs V<sub>ON/OFF</sub>



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## **Application Hints**

## OUTPUT CAPACITOR

Like any low-dropout regulator, the LP2980 requires an output capacitor to maintain regulator loop stability. This capacitor must be selected to meet the requirements of minimum capacitance and equivalent series resistance (ESR) range. It is not difficult to find capacitors which meet the criteria of the LP2980, as the acceptable capacitance and ESR ranges are wider than for most other LDOs.

In general, the capacitor value must be at least 1  $\mu$ F (over the actual ambient operating temperature), and the ESR must be within the range indicated in *Figures 1, 2* and *Figure 3*. It should be noted that, although a maximum ESR is shown in these Figures, it is very unlikely to find a capacitor with ESR that high.

## **Tantalum Capacitors**

Surface-mountable solid tantalum capacitors offer a good combination of small physical size for the capacitance value, and ESR in the range needed by the LP2980.

The results of testing the LP2980 stability with surface-mount solid tantalum capacitors show good stability with values of at least 1  $\mu F$ . The value can be increased to 2.2  $\mu F$  (or more) for even better performance, including transient response and noise

Small value tantalum capacitors that have been verified as suitable for use with the LP2980 are shown in *Table 2*. Capacitance values can be increased without limit.

## **Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors**

Although probably not a good choice for a production design, because of relatively large physical size, an aluminum electrolytic capacitor can be used in the design prototype for an LP2980 regulator. A value of at least 1 µF should be used, and the ESR must meet the conditions of *Figures 1, 2* and *Figure 3*. If the operating temperature drops below 0°C, the regulator may not remain stable, as the ESR of the aluminum electrolytic capacitor will increase, and may exceed the limits indicated in the Figures.

TABLE 2. Surface-Mount Tantalum Capacitor Selection Guide

1 μF Surface-Mount Tantalums				
Manufacturer Part Number				
Kemet	T491A105M010AS			
NEC	NRU105M10			
Siemens	B45196-E3105-K			
Nichicon	F931C105MA			
Sprague	293D105X0016A2T			
2.2 μF Surface-Mount Tantalums				
Manufacturer Part Number				
Kemet	T491A225M010AS			
NEC	NRU225M06			
Siemens	B45196/2.2/10/10			
Nichicon	F930J225MA			
Sprague	293D225X0010A2T			

## **Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors**

Surface-mountable multilayer ceramic capacitors may be an attractive choice because of their relatively small physical size and excellent RF characteristics. However, they sometimes

have ESR values lower than the minimum required by the LP2980, and relatively large capacitance change with temperature. The manufacturer's datasheet for the capacitor should be consulted before selecting a value.

Test results of LP2980 stability using multilayer ceramic capacitors show that a minimum value of 2.2  $\mu$ F is usually needed for the 5V regulator. For the lower output voltages, or for better performance, a higher value should be used, such as 4.7  $\mu$ F.

Multilayer ceramic capacitors that have been verified as suitable for use with the LP2980 are shown in *Table 3*.

TABLE 3. Surface-Mount Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor Selection Guide

2.2 μF Surface-Mount Ceramic			
Manufacturer	Part Number		
Tokin	1E225ZY5U-C203		
Murata	GRM42-6Y5V225Z16		
4.7 μF Surface-Mount Ceramic			
Manufacturer	Part Number		
Tokin	1E475ZY5U-C304		

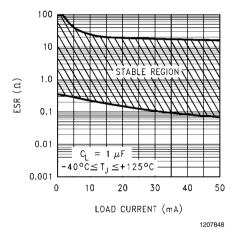


FIGURE 1. 1 µF ESR Range

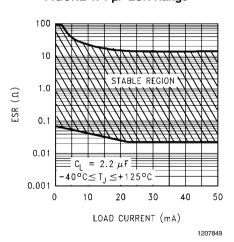


FIGURE 2. 2.2 µF ESR Range

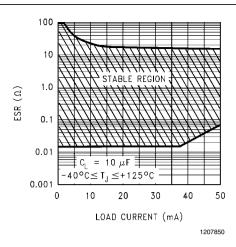


FIGURE 3. 10 µF ESR Range

## **REVERSE CURRENT PATH**

The internal PNP power transistor used as the pass element in the LP2980 has an inherent diode connected between the regulator output and input. During normal operation (where the input voltage is higher than the output) this diode is reverse biased (See *Figure 4*).

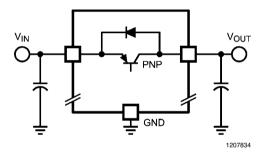


FIGURE 4. LP2980 Reverse Current Path

However, if the input voltage is more than a  $V_{BE}$  below the output voltage, this diode will turn ON and current will flow into the regulator output. In such cases, a parasitic SCR can latch which will allow a high current to flow into the  $V_{IN}$  pin and out the ground pin, which can damage the part.

The internal diode can also be turned on if the input voltage is abruptly stepped down to a voltage which is a  $V_{\text{BE}}$  below the output voltage.

In any application where the output voltage may be higher than the input voltage, an external Schottky diode must be connected from  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  (cathode on  $V_{IN}$ , anode on  $V_{OUT}$ . See *Figure 5*), to limit the reverse voltage across the LP2980 to 0.3V (See *Absolute Maximum Ratings*).

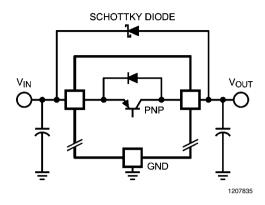


FIGURE 5. Adding External Schottky Diode Protection

## **ON/OFF INPUT OPERATION**

The LP2980 is shut off by pulling the ON/OFF input low, and turned on by driving the input high. If this feature is not to be used, the ON/OFF input should be tied to  $V_{\rm IN}$  to keep the regulator on at all times (the ON/OFF input must **not** be left floating).

To ensure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the ON/OFF input must be able to swing above and below the specified turn-on/turn-off voltage thresholds which guarantee an ON or OFF state (see Electrical Characteristics).

The ON/OFF signal may come from either a totem-pole output, or an open-collector output with pull-up resistor to the LP2980 input voltage or another logic supply. The high-level voltage may exceed the LP2980 input voltage, but must remain within the Absolute Maximum Ratings for the ON/OFF pin.

It is also important that the turn-on/turn-off voltage signals applied to the ON/OFF input have a slew rate which is greater than 40 mV/ $\mu$ s.

**IMPORTANT:** The regulator shutdown function will not operate correctly if a slow-moving signal is used to drive the ON/ OFF input.

## **Increasing Output Current**

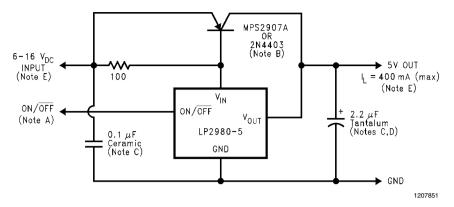


FIGURE 6. 5V/400mA Regulator

The LP2980 can be used to control higher-current regulators, by adding an external PNP pass device. With the PNP transistors shown in *Figure 6*, the output current can be as high as 400 mA, as long as the input voltage is held within the Safe Operation Boundary Curves shown below in *Figure 7*.

To ensure regulation, the minimum input voltage of this regulator is 6V. This "headroom" is the sum of the  $V_{\rm BE}$  of the external transistor and the dropout voltage of the LP2980.

### Notes:

A. Drive this input with a logic signal (see Application Hints). If the shutdown function is not to be used, tie the ON/OFF pin directly to the  $\rm V_{IN}$  pin.

B. Recommended devices (other PNP transistors can be used if the current gain and voltage ratings are similar).

- C. Capacitor is required for regulator stability. Minimum size is shown, and may be increased without limit.
- D. Increasing the output capacitance improves transient response and increases phase margin.
- E. Maximum safe input voltage and load current are limited by power dissipation in the PNP pass transistor and the maximum ambient temperature for the specific application. If a TO-92 transistor such as the MPS2907A is used, the thermal resistance from junction-to-ambient is 180°C/W in still air.

Assuming a maximum allowable junction temperature of 150° C for the MPS2907A device, the following curves show the maximum  $\rm V_{IN}$  and  $\rm I_L$  values that may be safely used for several ambient temperatures.

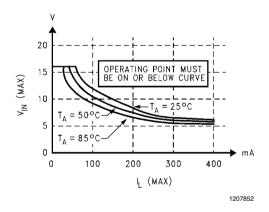


FIGURE 7. Safe Operation Boundary Curves for Figure 6

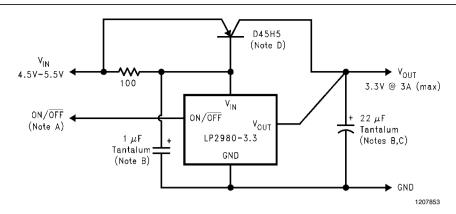


FIGURE 8. 5V to 3.3V @ 3A Converter

With limited input voltage range, the LP2980 can control a 3.3V, 3A regulator with the use of a high current-gain external PNP pass transistor as shown in *Figure 8*. If the regulator is to be loaded with the full 3A, heat sinking will be required on the pass transistor to keep it within its rated temperature range. Refer to the Heatsink Thermal Resistance Requirements, below. For best load regulation at the high load current, the LP2980 output voltage connection should be made as close to the load as possible.

Although this regulator can handle a much higher load current than can the LP2980 alone, it can be shut down in the same manner as the LP2980. When the ON/OFF control is brought low, the converter will be in shutdown, and will draw less than 1  $\mu$ A from the source.

## Notes:

A. Drive this input with a logic signal (see Application Hints). If the shutdown function is not to be used, tie the ON/OFF pin directly to the  $\rm V_{IN}$  pin.

- B. Capacitor is required for regulator stability. Minimum size is shown, and may be increased without limit.
- C. Increasing the output capacitance improves transient response and increases phase margin.
- D. A heatsink may be required for this transistor. The maximum allowable value for thermal resistance of the heatsink is dependent on ambient temperature and load current (see curves in *Figure 9*). Once the value is obtained from the graph, a heatsink must be selected which has a thermal resistance equal to or lower than this value. If the value is above 60°C/W, no heatsink is required (the TO-220 package alone will safely dissipate this).

For these curves, a maximum junction temperature of 150°C is assumed for the pass transistor. The case-to-heatsink attachment thermal resistance is assumed to be 1.5°C/W. All calculations are for 5.5V input voltage (which is worst-case for power dissipation).

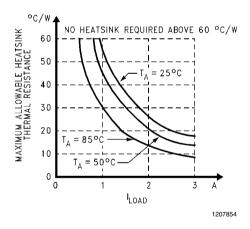
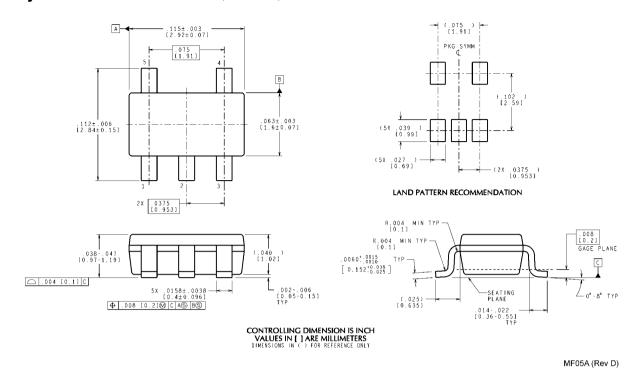


FIGURE 9. Heatsink Thermal Resistance Requirements for Figure 8

## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



5-Lead Small Outline Package (SOT-23)

NS Package Number MF05A

For Order Numbers, refer to *Table 1* in the "Order Information" section of this document.

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