

Problem C

Longest Run on a Snowboard

Input: standard input

Output: standard output

Time Limit: 5 seconds

Memory Limit: 32 MB

Michael likes snowboarding. That's not very surprising, since snowboarding is really great. The bad thing is that in order to gain speed, the area must slide downwards. Another disadvantage is that when you've reached the bottom of the hill you have to walk up again or wait for the ski-lift.

Michael would like to know how long the longest run in an area is. That area is given by a grid of numbers, defining the heights at those points. Look at this example:

1	2	3	4	5
16	17	18	19	6
15	24	25	20	7
14	23	22	21	8
13	12	11	10	9

One can slide down from one point to a connected other one if and only if the height decreases. One point is connected to another if it's at left, at right, above or below it. In the sample map, a possible slide would be **24-17-16-1** (start at **24**, end at **1**). Of course if you would go **25-24-23-...-3-2-1**, it would be a much longer run. In fact, it's the longest possible.

Input

The first line contains the number of test cases **N**. Each test case starts with a line containing the name (it's a single string), the number of rows **R** and the number of columns **C**. After that follow **R** lines with **C** numbers each, defining the heights. **R** and **C** won't be bigger than **100**, **N** not bigger than **15** and the heights are always in the range from **0** to **100**.

For each test case, print a line containing the name of the area, a colon, a space and the length of the longest run one can slide down in that area.

Sample Input

```
2
Feldberg 10 5
56 14 51 58 88
26 94 24 39 41
24 16 8 51 51
76 72 77 43 10
38 50 59 84 81
5 23 37 71 77
96 10 93 53 82
94 15 96 69 9
74 0 62 38 96
37 54 55 82 38
Spiral 5 5
1 2 3 4 5
16 17 18 19 6
```

15 24 25 20 7
14 23 22 21 8
13 12 11 10 9

Sample Output

Feldberg: 7

Spiral: 25

(Math Lovers' Contest, Problem Setter: Stefan Pochmann)