Github: https://github.com/SergiuChis/FLCD

For the implementation of the symbol table, a hash table is used. We can see in it's representation that it has a size an array of strings.

```
class SymbolTable
{
  private:
    std::string* hash_table;
    int size;
```

```
SymbolTable::SymbolTable(int Size)
{
    size = Size;
    hash_table = new std::string[size];

    for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i)
    {
        | hash_table[i] = "";
    }
}</pre>
```

Each element is added by running it through a simple hash function. The function sums up the ascii values of each character of the string, and returns the remainder of dividing the sum and the size of the table (sum % size).

```
int SymbolTable::hash(std::string Element)
{
   int sum_of_ascii_codes = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < Element.size(); ++i)
   {
        sum_of_ascii_codes += (int)Element[i];
    }
   return sum_of_ascii_codes % size;
}</pre>
```

The add method uses the hash function to obtain the index at which we should place the element. If that place in memory is occupied, we try the next one. If all are occupied, we fail to add the element, because the table is full.

```
int SymbolTable::add(std::string Element)
{
   // std::cout << "Adding: " << Element << std::endl;</pre>
   int hash value = hash(Element);
    // std::cout << "Hash value starting: " << hash value << std::endl;</pre>
    int hv copy = hash value;
    int cycle = 0;
   while (hash table[hash value] != "")
        if (hash table[hash value] == Element)
        {
            std::cout << "Already existing" << std::endl;</pre>
            return hash value;
        if (hash value == hv copy)
            cycle++;
        if (cycle == 2)
            std::cout << "Table full" << std::endl;</pre>
            return hash value;
        hash value = (hash value + 1) % size;
    hash table[hash value] = Element;
   // std::cout << "Added at index: " << hash value << std::endl;</pre>
    return hash value;
```