



NETLAB+



PALO ALTO NETWORKS – EDU 210

Lab 1: Connect to the Management Network

Document Version: 2022-07-18

Contents

Introduction	3
Objective	3
Lab Topology	4
Theoretical Lab Topology.....	4
Lab Settings	5
1 Connect to the Management Network.....	6
1.1 Load Lab Configuration	6
1.2 Configure the Update Server and DNS Server	11
1.3 Configure General Settings of the Firewall	13
1.4 Modify the Management Interface.....	14
1.5 Check for New PAN-OS Software	16

Introduction

Your organization has just received a new Palo Alto Networks firewall, and you have been tasked with deploying it. The first steps will be to connect to the firewall's management interface address and configure basic settings to provide the firewall with network access.

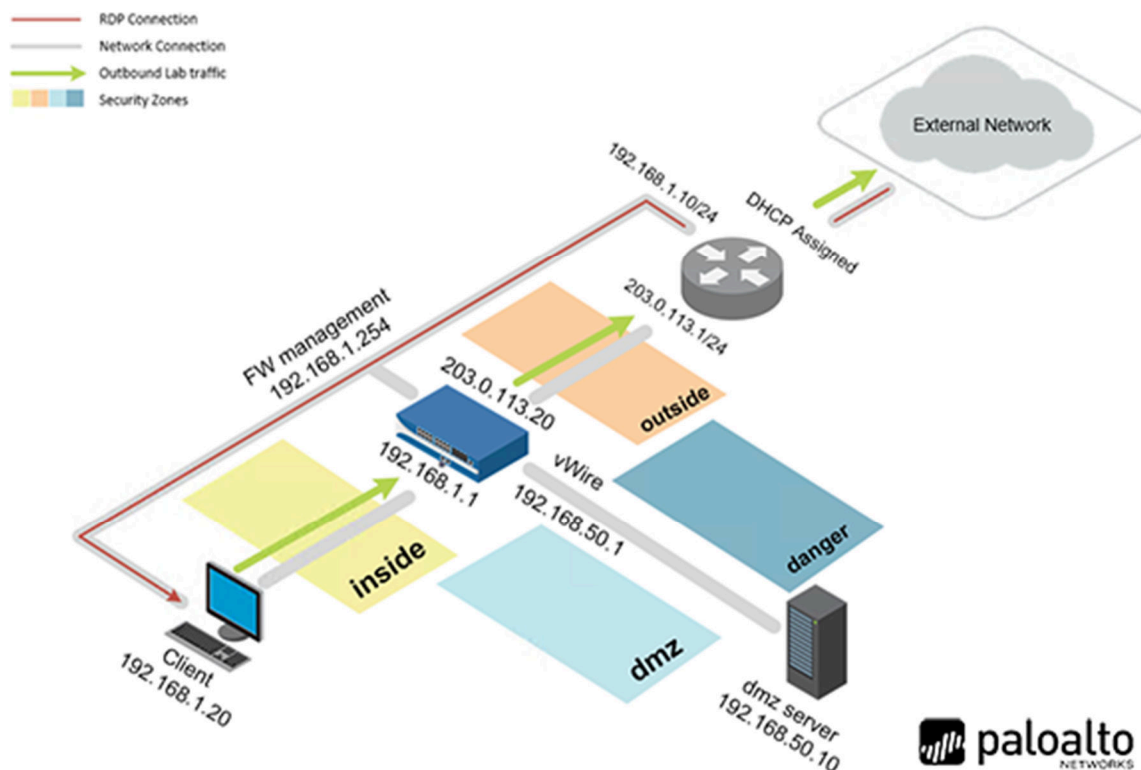
In this lab, you will connect to the Palo Alto Networks firewall management interface and configure basic settings to provide the firewall with network access.

Objective

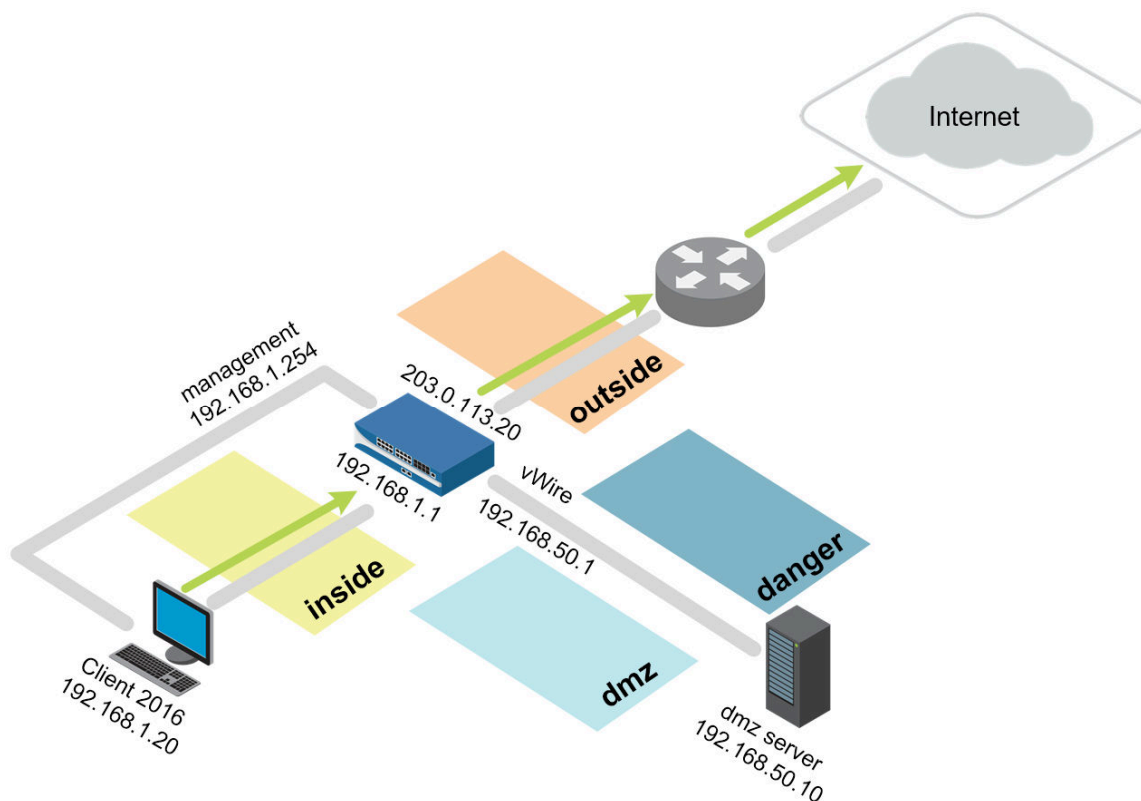
In this lab, you will perform the following tasks:

- Connect to the firewall web interface
- Load a starting lab configuration
- Set DNS servers for the firewall
- Set NTP servers for the firewall
- Configure a login banner for the firewall
- Configure permitted IP addresses for the firewall management
- Check for new PAN-OS software

Lab Topology



Theoretical Lab Topology



Lab Settings

The information in the table below will be needed to complete the lab. The task sections below provide details on the use of this information.

Virtual Machine	IP Address	Account (if needed)	Password (if needed)
Client	192.168.1.20	lab-user	Pa10Alt0!
DMZ	192.168.50.10	root	Pa10Alt0!
Firewall	192.168.1.254	admin	Pa10Alt0!
VRouter	192.168.1.10	root	Pa10Alt0!

1 Connect to the Management Network

1.1 Load Lab Configuration

In this section, you will load the Firewall configuration file.

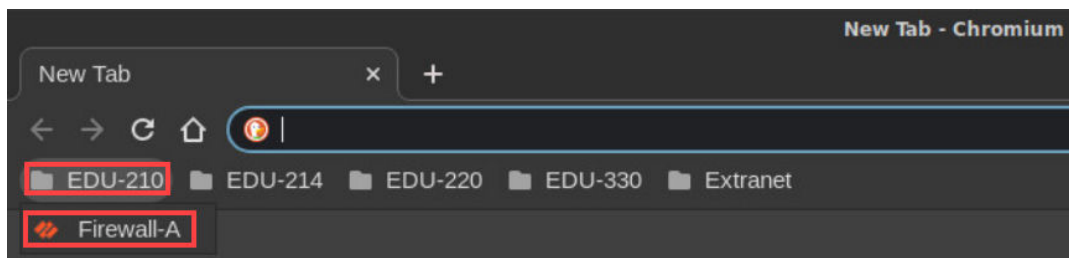
1. Click on the **Client** tab to access the Client PC.



2. Double-click the **Chromium Web Browser** icon located on the desktop.



3. In the *Chromium* web browser, click on the **EDU-210** bookmark folder in the bookmarks bar and then click on **Firewall-A**.



4. You will see a "Your connection is not private" message. Next, click on the **ADVANCED** link.



Your connection is not private

Attackers might be trying to steal your information from **192.168.1.254** (for example, passwords, messages, or credit cards). [Learn more](#)

NET::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID

Advanced

Back to safety



If you experience the "Unable to connect" or "502 Bad Gateway" message while attempting to connect to the specified IP above, please wait an additional 1-3 minutes for the Firewall to fully initialize. Refresh the page to continue.

- Click on **Proceed to 192.168.1.254 (unsafe)**.



Your connection is not private

Attackers might be trying to steal your information from **192.168.1.254** (for example, passwords, messages, or credit cards). [Learn more](#)

NET::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID

Hide advanced

Back to safety

This server could not prove that it is **192.168.1.254**; its security certificate is not trusted by your computer's operating system. This may be caused by a misconfiguration or an attacker intercepting your connection.

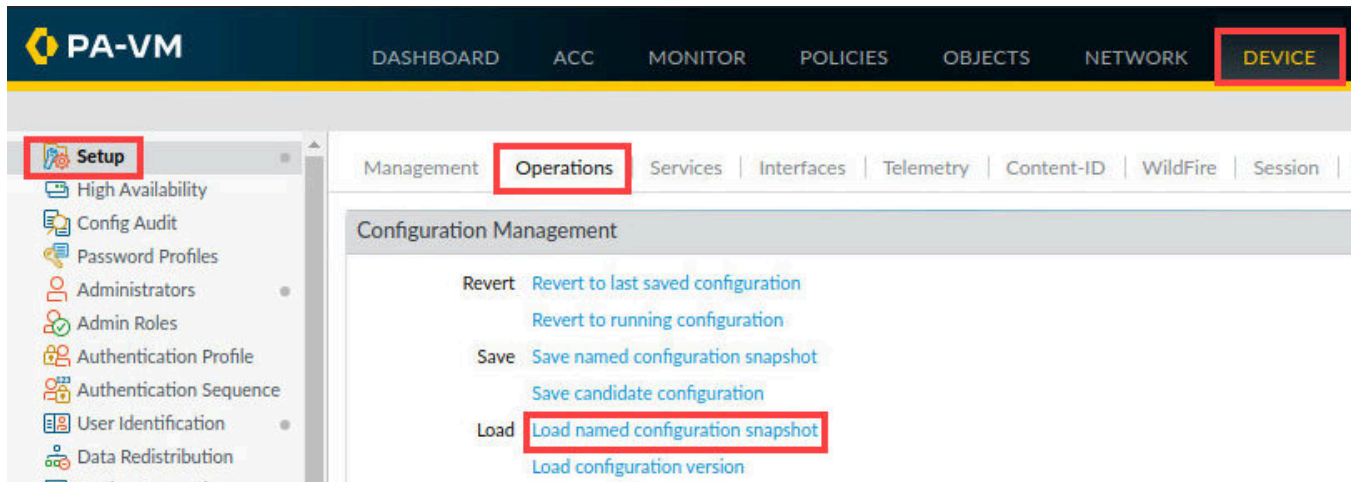
[Proceed to 192.168.1.254 \(unsafe\)](#)

- Log in to the firewall web interface as username **admin**, password **Pa10Alt0!**.

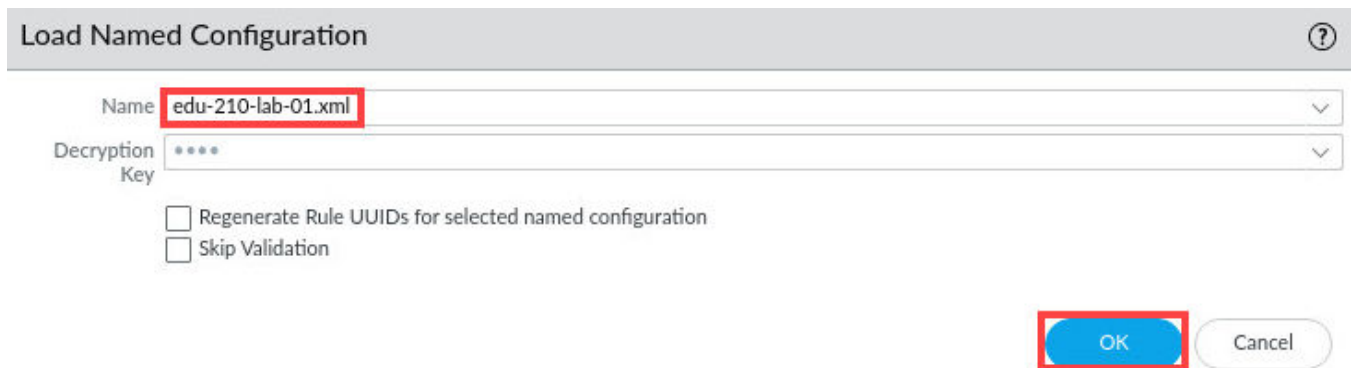


The image shows the Palo Alto Networks login page. It features the Palo Alto Networks logo at the top. Below the logo, there is a username field containing the text "admin" and a password field filled with dots. A blue "Log In" button is positioned below the password field. The entire login form is enclosed in a yellow rectangular border.

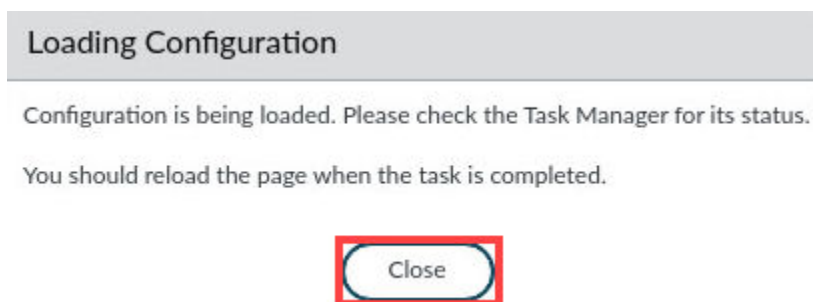
7. Navigate to **Device > Setup > Operations** in the web interface and click on **Load** named **configuration snapshot** underneath the *Configuration Management* section.



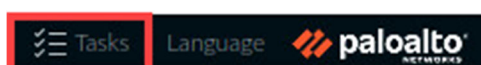
8. In the *Load Named Configuration* window, select **edu-210-lab-01.xml** from the *Name* dropdown box and click **OK**.



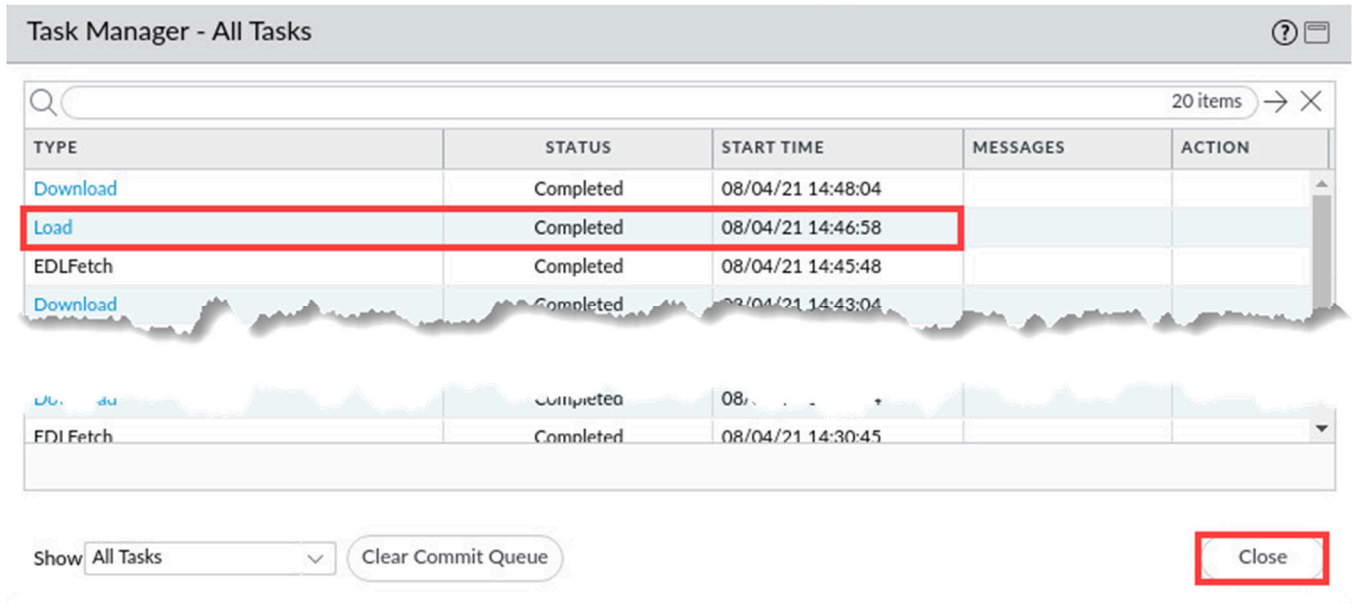
9. In the *Loading Configuration* window, a message will show *Configuration is being loaded*. Please check the *Task Manager* for its status. You should reload the page when the task is completed. Click **Close** to continue.



10. Click the **Tasks** icon located at the bottom-right of the web interface.



11. In the *Task Manager – All Tasks* window, verify the *Load* type has been completed. Click **Close**



The screenshot shows the 'Task Manager - All Tasks' window. It contains a table with the following data:

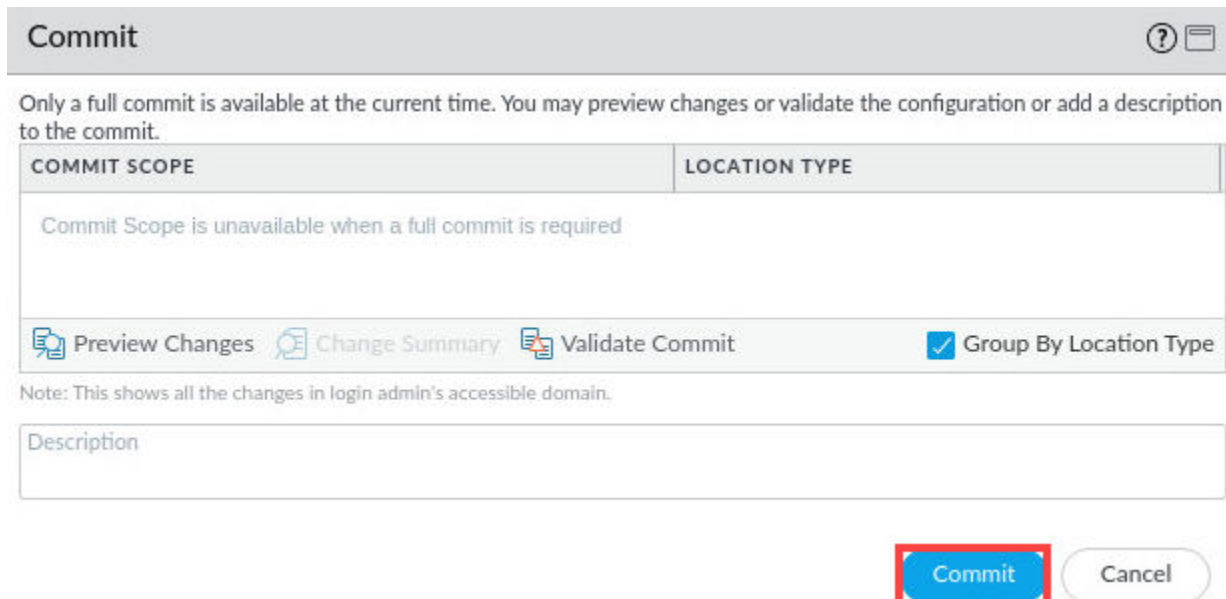
TYPE	STATUS	START TIME	MESSAGES	ACTION
Download	Completed	08/04/21 14:48:04		
Load	Completed	08/04/21 14:46:58		
EDLFetch	Completed	08/04/21 14:45:48		
Download	Completed	08/04/21 14:43:04		
FDI Fetch	Completed	08/04/21 14:30:45		

At the bottom of the window, there is a 'Show' dropdown menu set to 'All Tasks', a 'Clear Commit Queue' button, and a 'Close' button highlighted with a red box.

12. Click the **Commit** link located at the top-right of the web interface.



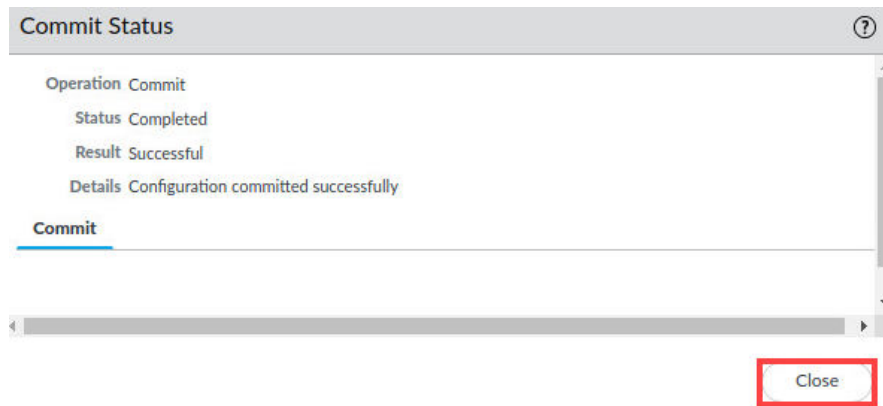
13. In the *Commit* window, click **Commit** to proceed with committing the changes.



The screenshot shows the 'Commit' window. It contains the following elements:

- Commit Scope** and **Location Type** headers.
- A message: 'Commit Scope is unavailable when a full commit is required'.
- Buttons: 'Preview Changes', 'Change Summary', 'Validate Commit', and a checked checkbox for 'Group By Location Type'.
- A note: 'Note: This shows all the changes in login admin's accessible domain.'
- A text input field labeled 'Description'.
- At the bottom right, a 'Commit' button (highlighted with a red box) and a 'Cancel' button.

14. When the *Commit* operation completes, click **Close** to continue.



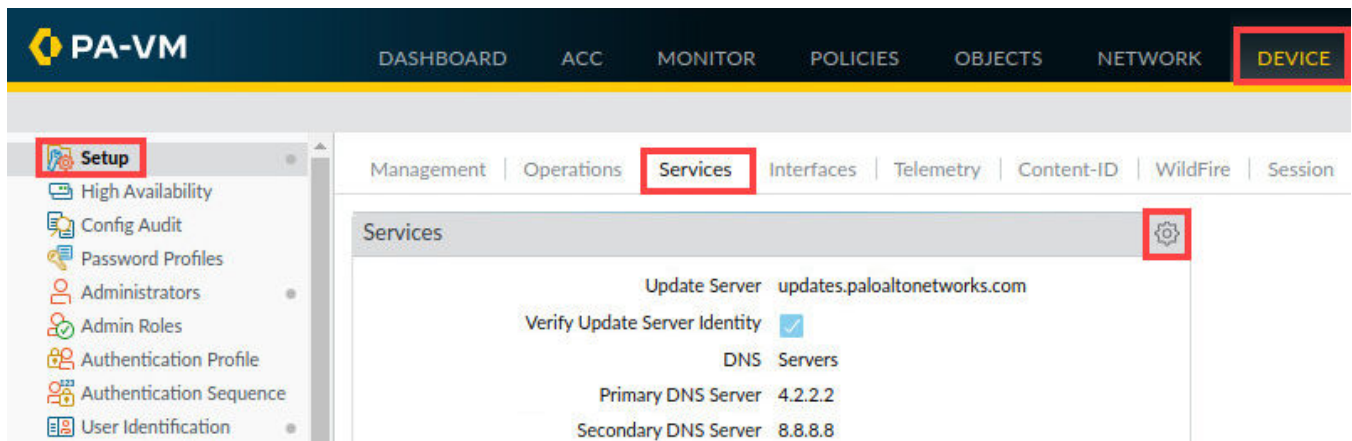
The commit process takes changes made to the Firewall and copies them to the running configuration, which will activate all configuration changes since the last commit.

15. Leave the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall* open and continue to the next task.

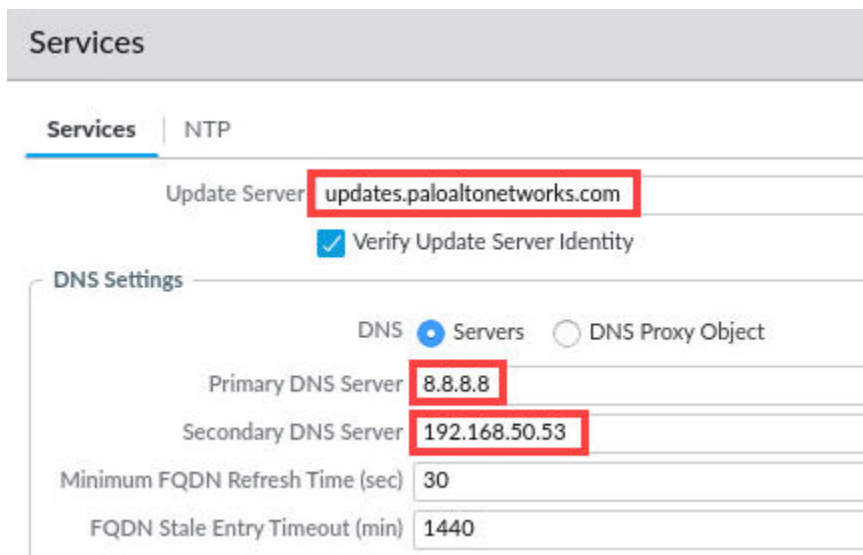
1.2 Configure the Update Server and DNS Server

In this section, you will configure the DNS and Update Server settings. The DNS server configuration settings are used for all DNS queries that the firewall initiates in support of FQDN Address objects, logging, and firewall management.

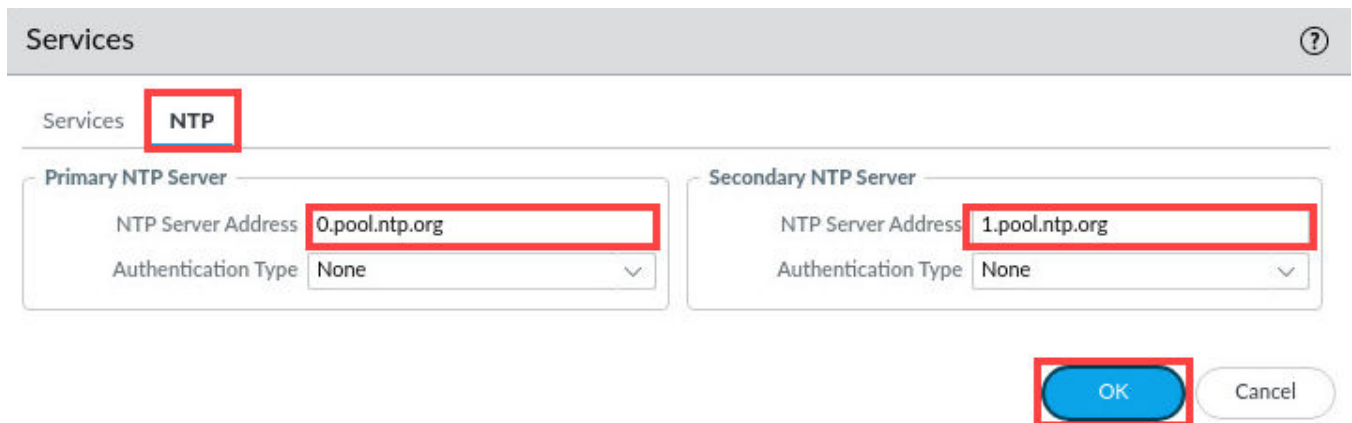
1. In the web interface, select **Device > Setup > Services**. Click the **Services** gear icon to open the *Services* window.



2. In the *Services* window, verify that the *Update Server* is set to **updates.paloaltonetworks.com**. Set the *Primary DNS Server* to **8.8.8.8** and the *Secondary DNS Server* to **192.168.50.53**.

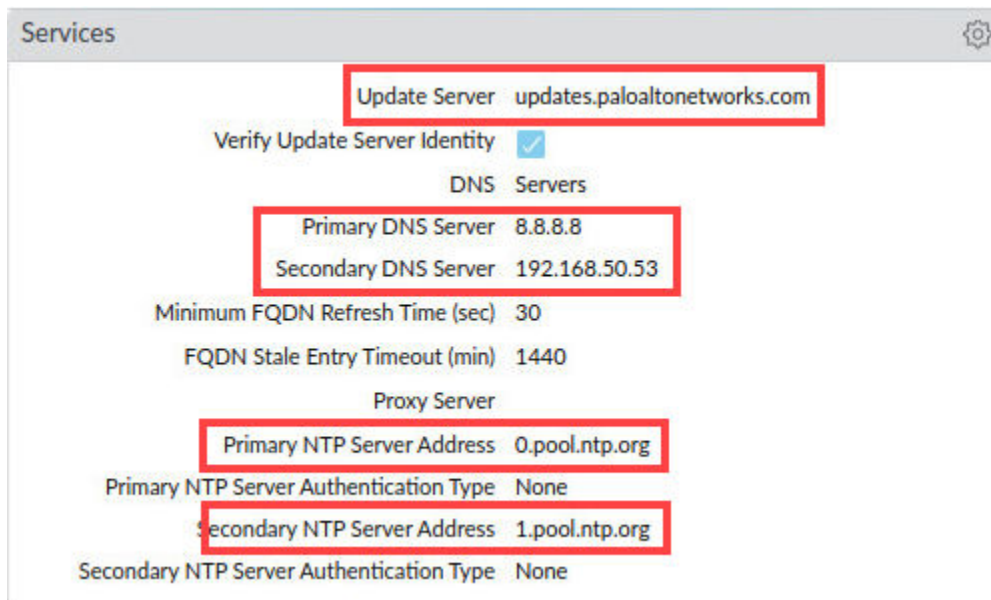


3. Select the **NTP** tab. Set the *Primary NTP Server* to **0.pool.ntp.org** and the *Secondary NTP Server* to **1.pool.ntp.org**. Click **OK**.



The screenshot shows the 'Services' window with the 'NTP' tab selected. The 'Primary NTP Server' section has 'NTP Server Address' set to '0.pool.ntp.org' and 'Authentication Type' set to 'None'. The 'Secondary NTP Server' section has 'NTP Server Address' set to '1.pool.ntp.org' and 'Authentication Type' set to 'None'. The 'OK' button is highlighted with a red box.

4. Verify the settings have been updated in the *Services* window.



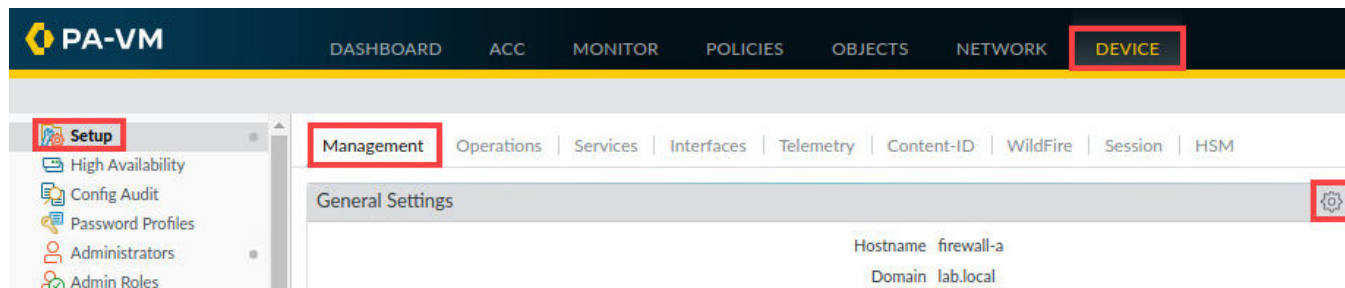
The screenshot shows the 'Services' window with various settings. The 'Update Server' is set to 'updates.paloaltonetworks.com'. The 'Verify Update Server Identity' checkbox is checked. The 'DNS Servers' section has 'Primary DNS Server' set to '8.8.8.8' and 'Secondary DNS Server' set to '192.168.50.53'. The 'Proxy Server' section has 'Primary NTP Server Address' set to '0.pool.ntp.org' and 'Secondary NTP Server Address' set to '1.pool.ntp.org'. The 'Primary NTP Server Authentication Type' and 'Secondary NTP Server Authentication Type' are both set to 'None'.

5. Leave the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall* open and continue to the next task.

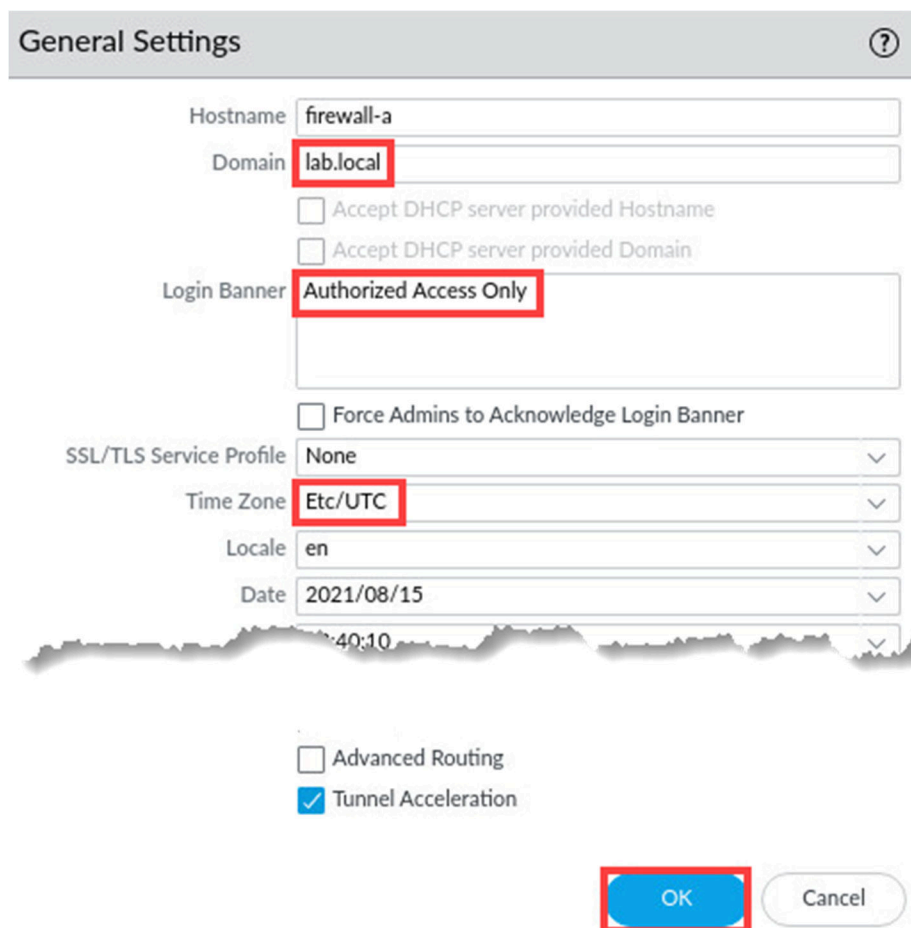
1.3 Configure General Settings of the Firewall

In this section, you will configure the general settings of the Palo Alto Networks Firewall. You will verify the Domain, set your location's time zone, and set a login banner.

1. Navigate **Device > Setup > Management**. Click on the **General Settings** gear icon to open the *General Settings* window.



2. In the *General Settings* window, verify the *Domain* listed is **lab.local**. For the *Login Banner*, enter **Authorized Access Only**. Choose the *Time Zone* of your location. For this lab, we chose to use **Etc/UTC** as the *Time Zone*. Click **OK**.



General Settings

Hostname: firewall-a

Domain: lab.local

☐ Accept DHCP server provided Hostname

☐ Accept DHCP server provided Domain

Login Banner: Authorized Access Only

☐ Force Admins to Acknowledge Login Banner

SSL/TLS Service Profile: None

Time Zone: Etc/UTC

Locale: en

Date: 2021/08/15

40:10

☐ Advanced Routing

☒ Tunnel Acceleration

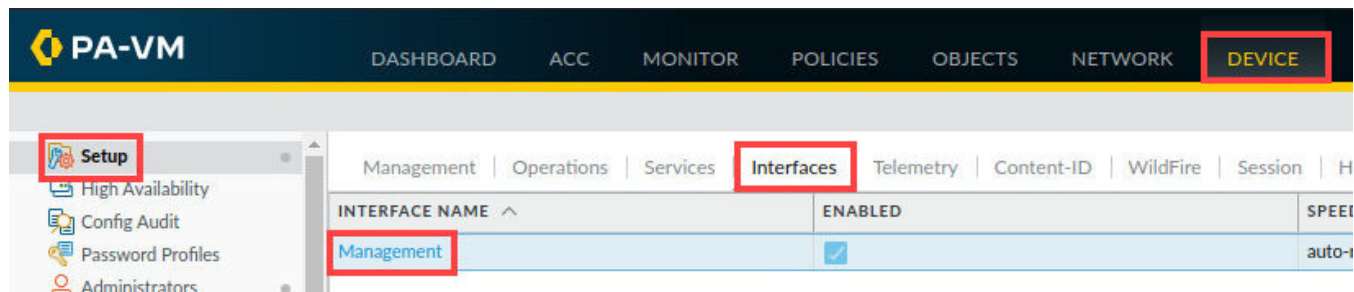
OK Cancel

3. Leave the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall* open and continue to the next task.

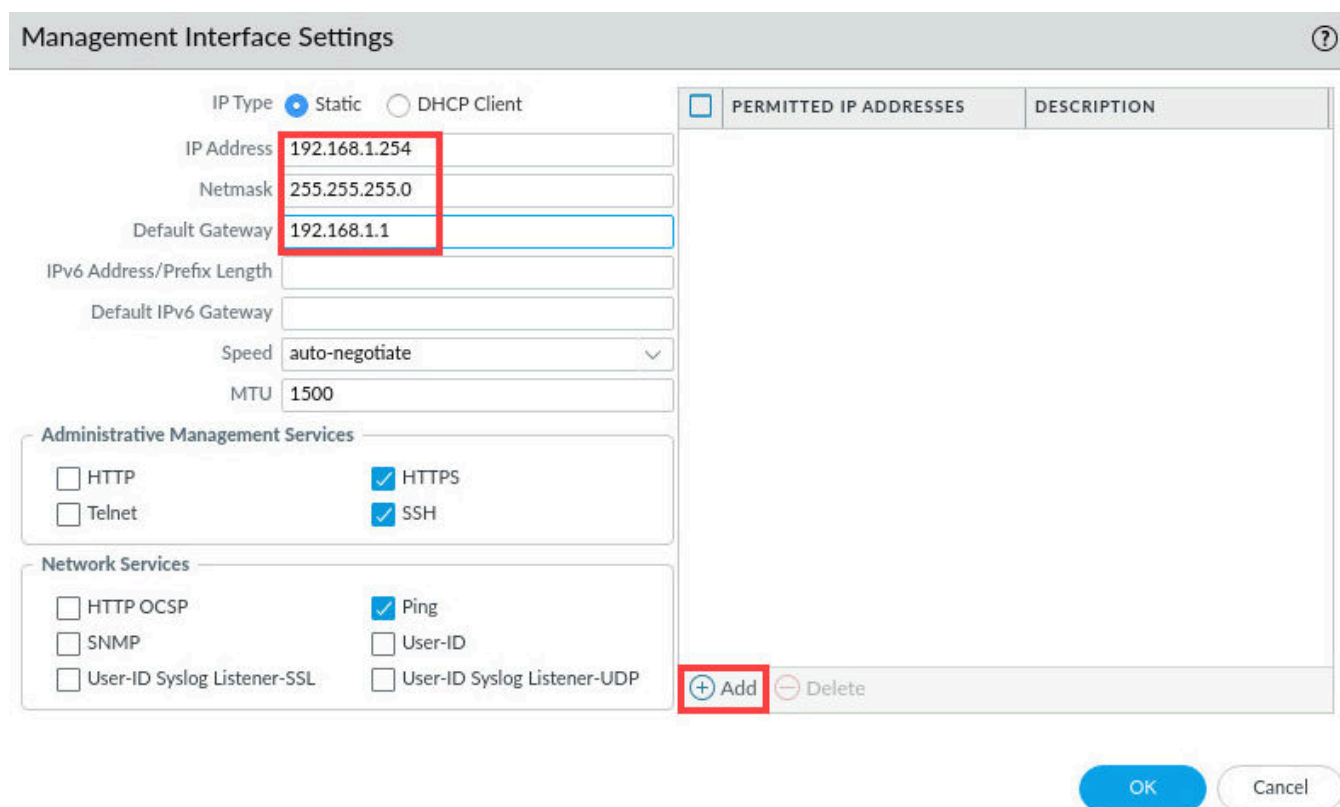
1.4 Modify the Management Interface

In this section, you will modify the management interface of the firewall.

1. Navigate to **Device > Setup > Interfaces** and click on interface name **Management**.



2. In the *Management Interface Settings* window, verify **192.168.1.254** for the *IP Address*, **255.255.255.0** for the *Netmask*, and **192.168.1.1** for the *Default Gateway*. At the bottom of the *Permitted IP Addresses* area, click **Add**.



The screenshot shows the 'Management Interface Settings' window. The 'IP Type' is set to 'Static'. The 'IP Address' is 192.168.1.254, 'Netmask' is 255.255.255.0, and 'Default Gateway' is 192.168.1.1. The 'Speed' is set to 'auto-negotiate' and 'MTU' is 1500. Under 'Administrative Management Services', 'HTTP' and 'Telnet' are unchecked, while 'HTTPS' and 'SSH' are checked. Under 'Network Services', 'HTTP OCSP', 'SNMP', and 'User-ID Syslog Listener-SSL' are unchecked, while 'Ping' is checked. The 'Permitted IP Addresses' table is empty. At the bottom of the table, the 'Add' button (highlighted with a red box) and 'Delete' button are visible. 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom right.

Management Interface Settings

IP Type: ☒ Static ☐ DHCP Client

IP Address: 192.168.1.254

Netmask: 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

IPv6 Address/Prefix Length:

Default IPv6 Gateway:

Speed: auto-negotiate

MTU: 1500

Administrative Management Services

☐ HTTP ☒ HTTPS

☐ Telnet ☒ SSH

Network Services

☐ HTTP OCSP ☒ Ping

☐ SNMP ☐ User-ID

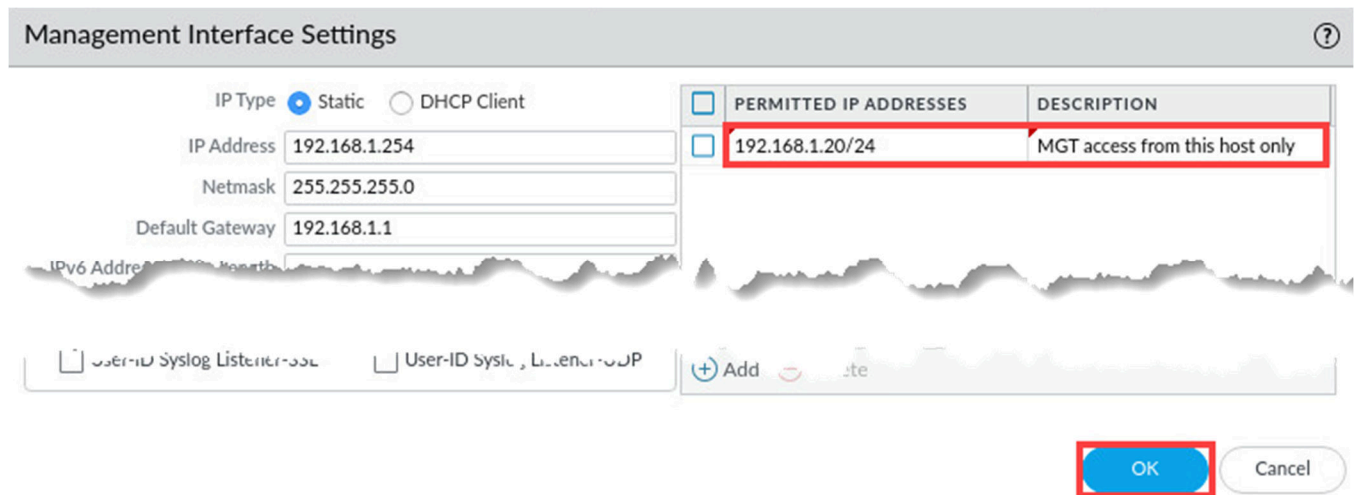
☐ User-ID Syslog Listener-SSL ☐ User-ID Syslog Listener-UDP

PERMITTED IP ADDRESSES

+ Add - Delete

OK Cancel

3. In the *Permitted IP Addresses*, type **192.168.1.20/24** for the *IP Address* and **MGT access from this host only** for the *description*. Click **OK**.



The image shows the 'Management Interface Settings' dialog box. On the left, there are fields for 'IP Type' (Static selected), 'IP Address' (192.168.1.254), 'Netmask' (255.255.255.0), and 'Default Gateway' (192.168.1.1). On the right, there is a table with two columns: 'PERMITTED IP ADDRESSES' and 'DESCRIPTION'. The first row contains '192.168.1.20/24' and 'MGT access from this host only'. At the bottom right, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

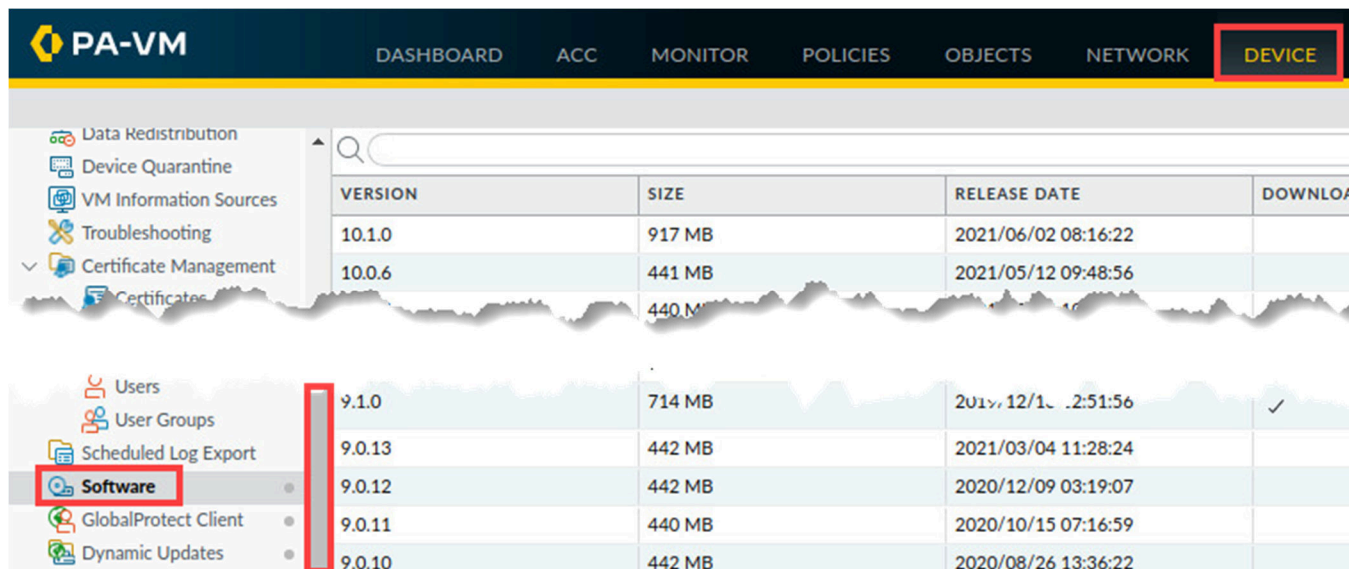
PERMITTED IP ADDRESSES	DESCRIPTION
192.168.1.20/24	MGT access from this host only

4. Leave the *Palo Alto Networks Firewall* open and continue to the next task.

1.5 Check for New PAN-OS Software

In this section, you will check for new PAN-OS software and commit your changes.

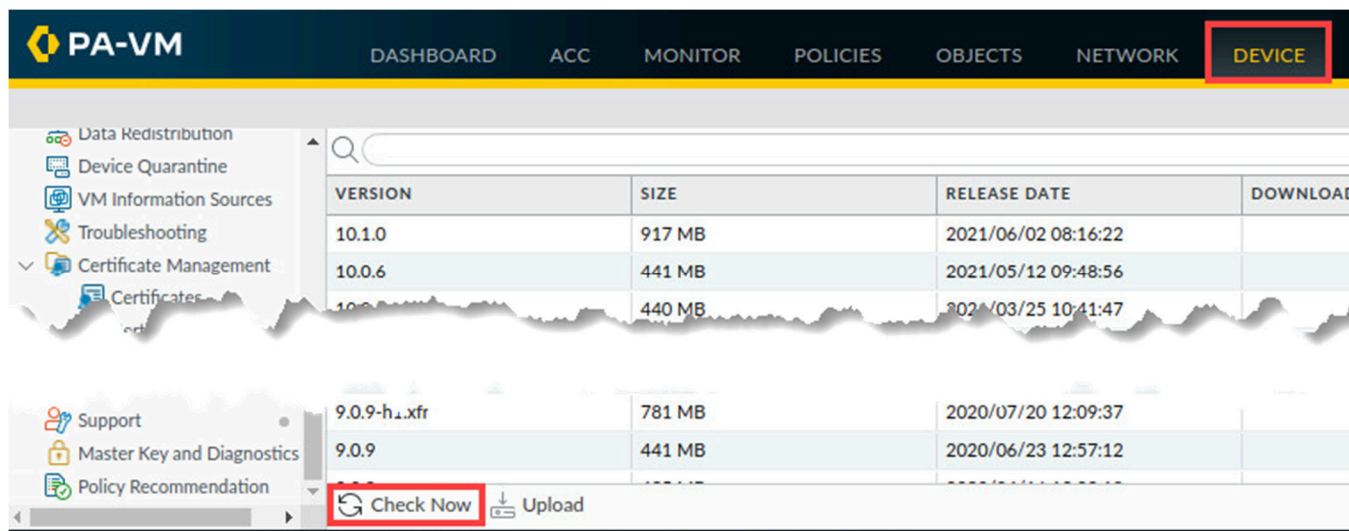
1. In the *PA-VM* web interface, navigate to **Device > Software**. If needed, use the scroll bar to find Software.



The screenshot shows the PA-VM web interface with the 'DEVICE' tab selected. The left sidebar contains a search bar and a list of categories. The 'Software' category is highlighted with a red box. The main content area displays a table of software versions.

VERSION	SIZE	RELEASE DATE	DOWNLOAD
10.1.0	917 MB	2021/06/02 08:16:22	
10.0.6	441 MB	2021/05/12 09:48:56	
9.1.0	714 MB	2021/12/1 12:51:56	✓
9.0.13	442 MB	2021/03/04 11:28:24	
9.0.12	442 MB	2020/12/09 03:19:07	
9.0.11	440 MB	2020/10/15 07:16:59	
9.0.10	442 MB	2020/08/26 13:36:22	

2. In the *Software* window, click **Check Now** in the bottom-left corner.



The screenshot shows the PA-VM web interface with the 'DEVICE' tab selected. The left sidebar contains a search bar and a list of categories. The 'Software' category is highlighted with a red box. The main content area displays a table of software versions.

VERSION	SIZE	RELEASE DATE	DOWNLOAD
10.1.0	917 MB	2021/06/02 08:16:22	
10.0.6	441 MB	2021/05/12 09:48:56	
10.0.5	440 MB	2021/03/25 10:41:47	
9.0.9-h4.xfr	781 MB	2020/07/20 12:09:37	
9.0.9	441 MB	2020/06/23 12:57:12	

At the bottom of the 'Software' section, there is a 'Check Now' button highlighted with a red box, and an 'Upload' button next to it.

- The Palo Alto Networks Firewall will complete a *software check*. Monitor the *software check*, and when the process is complete, the firewall will display an updated list of available software.

Contacting Update Server

Checking for new software ...



VERSION	SIZE	RELEASE DATE	DOWNLOADED	CURRENTLY INSTALLED	ACTION
10.1.1	297 MB	2021/07/21 09:33:46			Download
10.1.0	917 MB	2021/06/02 08:16:22			Download
10.0.6	441 MB	2021/05/12 09:48:56			Download
10.0.5	440 MB	2021/03/25 10:41:47			Download
10.0.4	431 MB	2021/02/01 17:09:54			Download
10.0.3	431 MB	2020/12/09 19:38:09			Download
10.0.2	430 MB	2020/10/28 11:33:33			Download
10.0.1	332 MB	2020/09/03 09:32:34			Download
10.0.0	806 MB	2020/07/16 20:15:10	✓	✓	Reinstall
9.1.10	398 MB	2021/06/10 11:28:23			Download

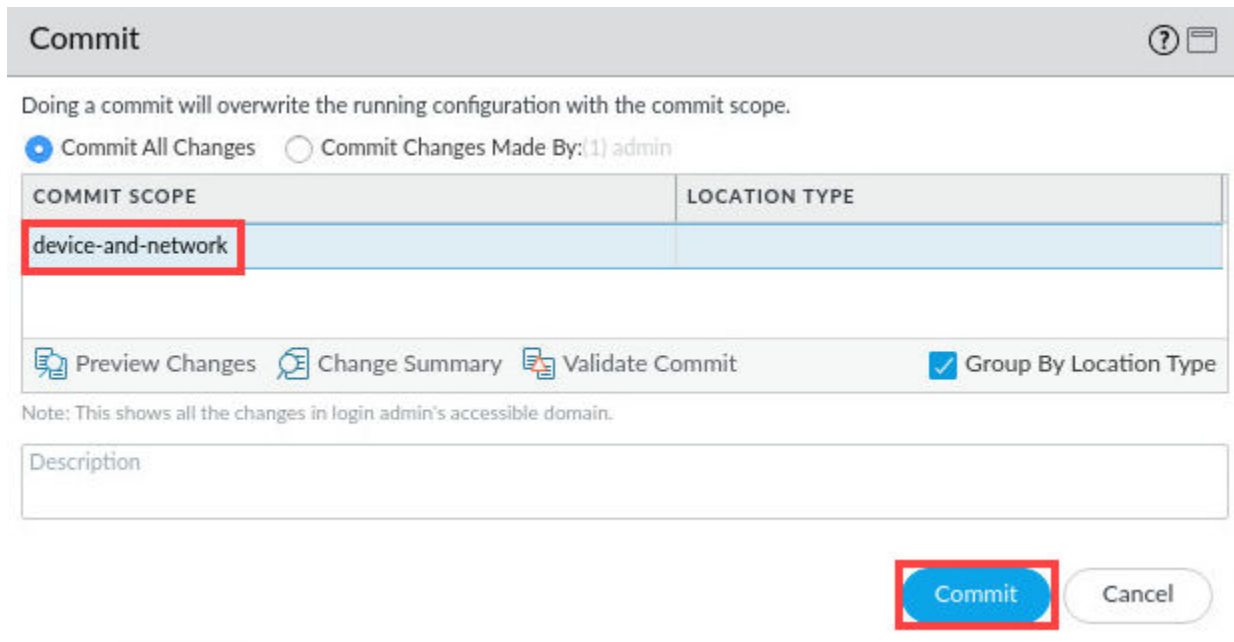


The list you see will vary from this example. Also, newer versions of PAN-OS software may be available at the time you carry out these steps. Do not upgrade your firewall.

- Commit your changes to the firewall by clicking the **Commit** button at the upper-right of the *PA-VM* web interface.

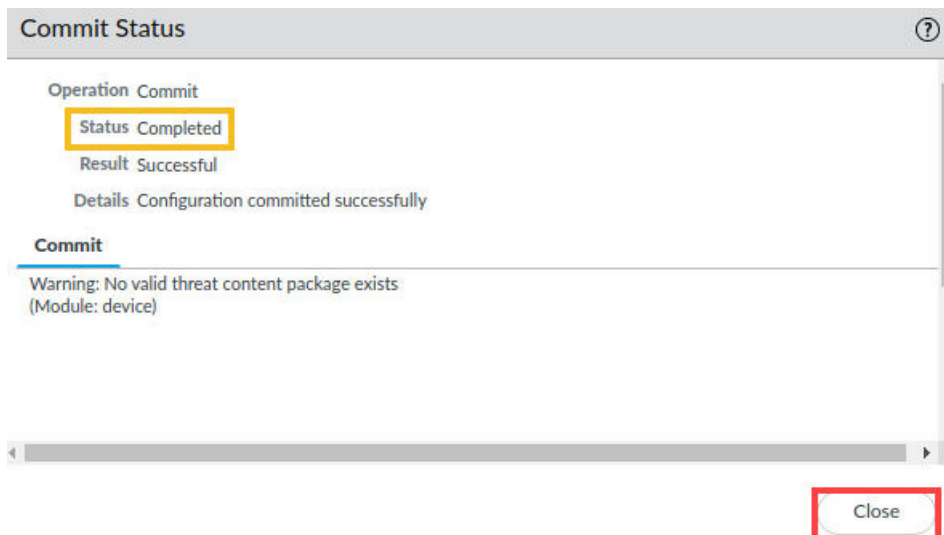


5. In the *Commit* window, view the commit scope. Click **Commit**.



The screenshot shows the 'Commit' window. At the top, it says 'Doing a commit will overwrite the running configuration with the commit scope.' Below this, there are two radio buttons: 'Commit All Changes' (selected) and 'Commit Changes Made By: (1) admin'. A table with two columns, 'COMMIT SCOPE' and 'LOCATION TYPE', is shown. The first row in the table has 'device-and-network' in the 'COMMIT SCOPE' column, which is highlighted with a red box. Below the table, there are three icons with labels: 'Preview Changes', 'Change Summary', and 'Validate Commit'. To the right of these is a checkbox labeled 'Group By Location Type' which is checked. Below the icons, a note states: 'Note: This shows all the changes in login admin's accessible domain.' At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Commit' (highlighted with a red box) and 'Cancel'.

6. Wait until the *Commit* process is complete. Click **Close**.



The screenshot shows the 'Commit Status' window. It has a tabbed interface with 'Operation Commit' selected. Under this tab, there are three sections: 'Status Completed' (highlighted with a yellow box), 'Result Successful', and 'Details Configuration committed successfully'. Below these is a 'Commit' section with a warning message: 'Warning: No valid threat content package exists (Module: device)'. At the bottom right, there is a 'Close' button (highlighted with a red box).

7. The lab is now complete; you may end your reservation.