

# **PAN9 CYBERSECURITY GATEWAY**

**Lab 4: Creating Packet Captures** 

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#### Introduction

In this lab, you will utilize Wireshark to initiate a packet capture. Wireshark captures packets and allows network administrators to examine the data within the packet.

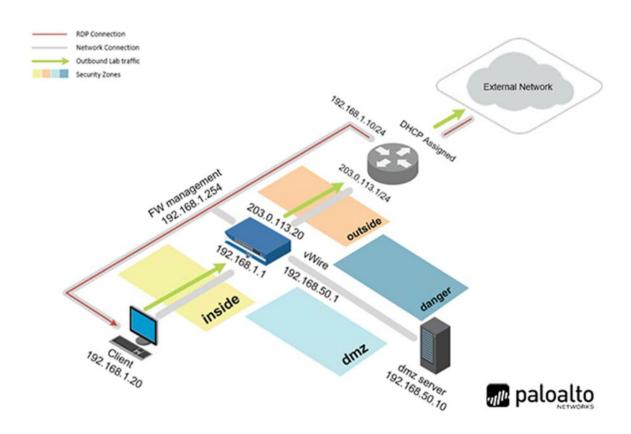
# **Objective**

In this lab, you will perform the following tasks:

) Create a Packet Capture using Wireshark



## **Lab Topology**





## **Lab Settings**

The information in the table below will be needed in order to complete the lab. The task sections below provide details on the use of this information.

Virtual Machine	IP Address	Account (if needed)	Password (if needed)
Client	192.168.1.20	lab-user	Train1ng\$
DMZ	192.168.50.10	root	Pal@Alt@
Firewall	192.168.1.254	admin	Train1ng\$



### 4 Lab: Creating Packet Captures

#### 4.0 Load Lab Configuration

In this section, you will load the Firewall configuration file.

1. Click on the Client tab to access the Client PC.



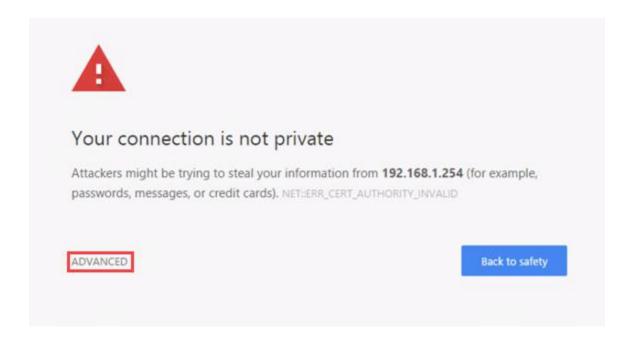
- 2. Log in to the Client PC as username lab-user, password Trainlng\$.
- 3. Double-click the **Chromium Web Browser** icon located on the Desktop.



4. In the *Chromium* address field, type https://192.168.1.254 and press Enter.



5. You will see a "Your connection is not private" message. Click on the **ADVANCED** link.

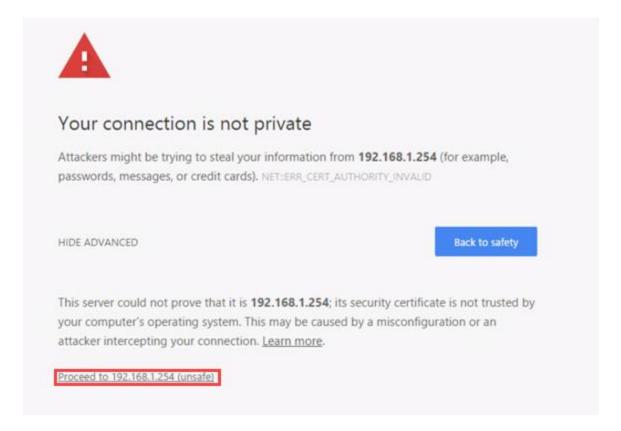






If you experience the "Unable to connect" or "502 Bad Gateway" message while attempting to connect to the specified IP above, please wait an additional 1-3 minutes for the Firewall to fully initialize. Refresh the page to continue.

6. Click on Proceed to 192.168.1.254 (unsafe).

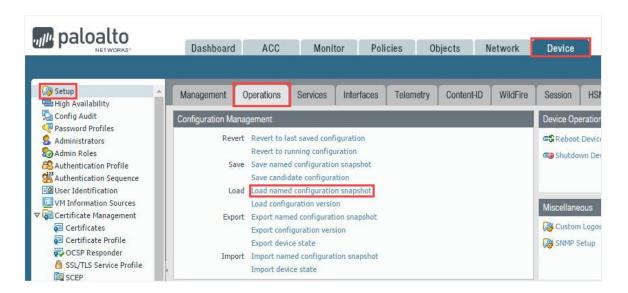


7. Log in to the Firewall web interface as username admin, password Train1ng\$.

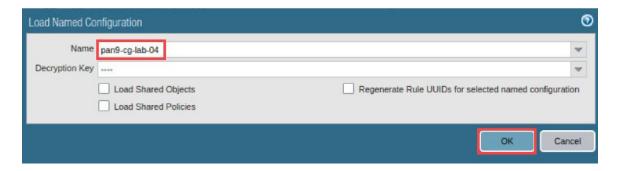




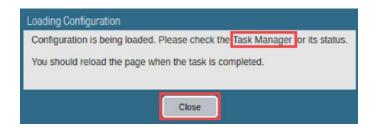
 In the web interface, navigate to Device > Setup > Operations and click on Load named configuration snapshot underneath the Configuration Management section.



9. In the *Load Named Configuration* window, select **pan9-cg-lab-04** from the *Name* dropdown box and click **OK**.



10. In the Loading Configuration window, a message will show *Configuration is being loaded*. *Please check the Task Manager for its status. You should reload the page when the task is completed*. Click **Close** to continue.

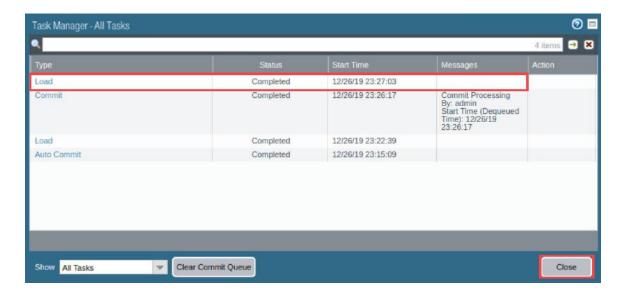


11. Click the **Tasks** icon located at the bottom-right of the web interface.





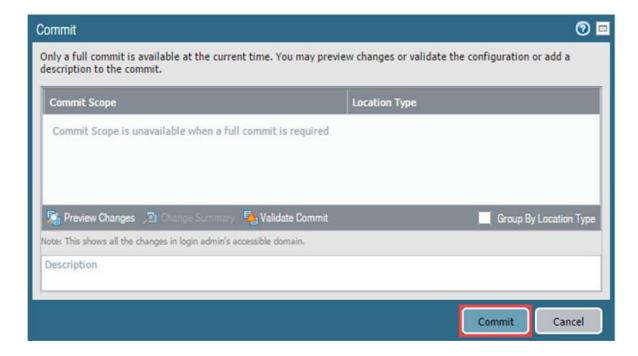
12. In the *Task Manager – All Tasks* window, verify the *Load* type has successfully completed. Click **Close**.



13. Click the **Commit** link located at the top-right of the web interface.



14. In the Commit window, click Commit to proceed with committing the changes.





15. When the commit operation successfully completes, click **Close** to continue.





The commit process takes changes made to the Firewall and copies them to the running configuration, which will activate all configuration changes since the last commit.

#### 4.1 Create a Wireshark Packet Capture

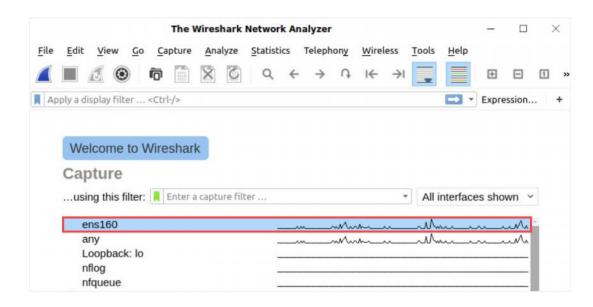
In this section, you will create a packet capture using Wireshark on the Client. Wireshark is a program used to capture packets from a computers' network adapter. All traffic going from and coming to the Client, in this case, will be recorded.

1. Click on the **Start Menu** icon, located at the bottom-left and select **Wireshark**.

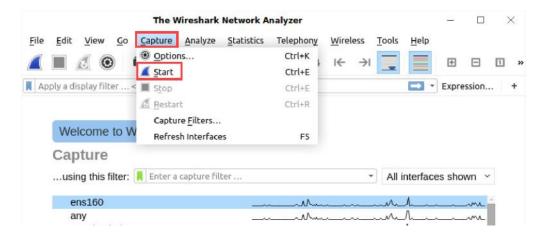




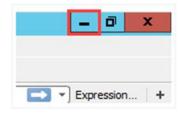
2. Click on the ens160 interface from the list.



3. From the menu bar, click on Capture > Start.



4. Minimize Wireshark by clicking in the upper-right.



5. In Chromium, click on the New tab button.

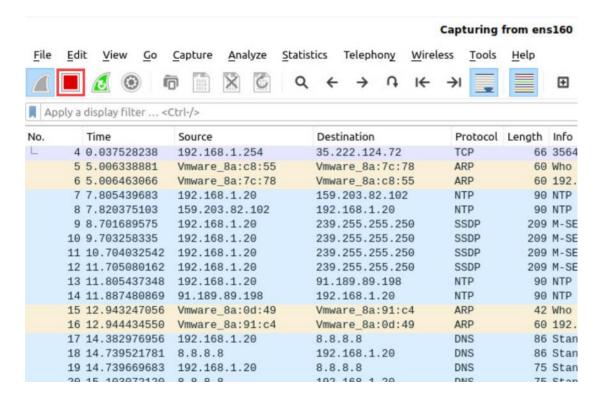




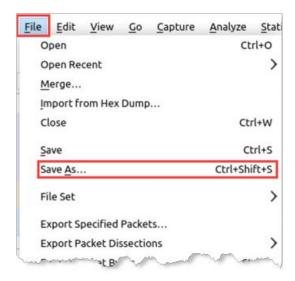
6. In the address bar, type http://www.panlabs.com and press Enter.



7. Wait for 5 to 10 seconds, reopen **Wireshark**, and then click the **Stop capturing** packets button.

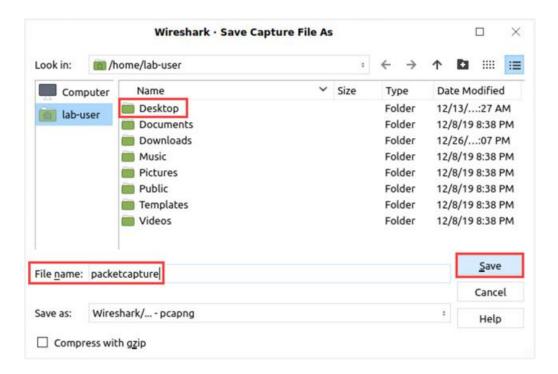


8. To save the Wireshark packet capture, click on **File > Save As...**.





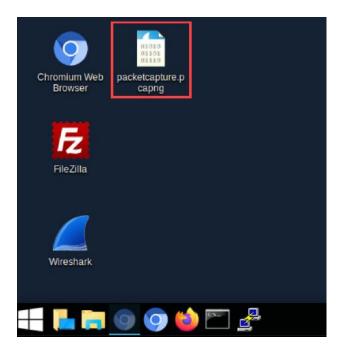
9. In the *Save file as* window, double-click on **Desktop** in the *Name* pane. Verify the path /home/lab-user/Desktop is shown, type packetcapture in the *File* name field. Finally, click **Save**.



10. Close Wireshark by clicking on the close icon.

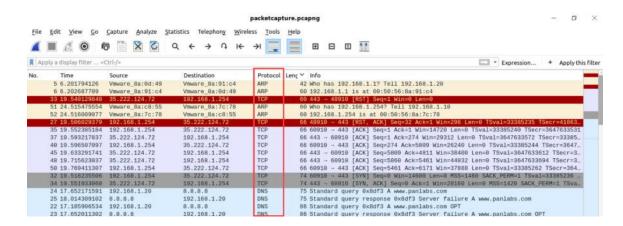


11. On the client desktop, double-click on the **packetcapture.pcapng** file to examine the Wireshark capture.





12. While examining the Wireshark Packet Capture, notice the **ARP**, **DNS**, **TCP**, **and HTTP** Protocols.





Due to the nature of the lab environment, your packet capture may differ from the results above.



**ARP**, Address Resolution Protocol, will find the IP addresses of devices on the same network by resolving MAC address to IP addresses.

**DNS**, Domain Name System, resolves fully qualified domain names to an IP address. For example, if you type <a href="https://www.google.com">www.google.com</a> in a web browser, DNS resolves <a href="https://www.google.com">www.google.com</a> to the associated IP address.

**TCP**, Transmission Control Protocol, is a connection-oriented protocol. When a program using TCP establishes a connection, the connection is maintained until the application has finished exchanging messages with the other end.

**HTTP**, Hypertext Transfer Protocol, is a TCP application protocol for distributed, collaborative, and hypermedia information systems. Web servers use HTTP to show information to web browsers.

13. The lab is now complete; you may end the reservation.