



# **PAN9 CYBERSECURITY GATEWAY**

## **Lab 8: Protecting Sensitive Data**

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## Introduction

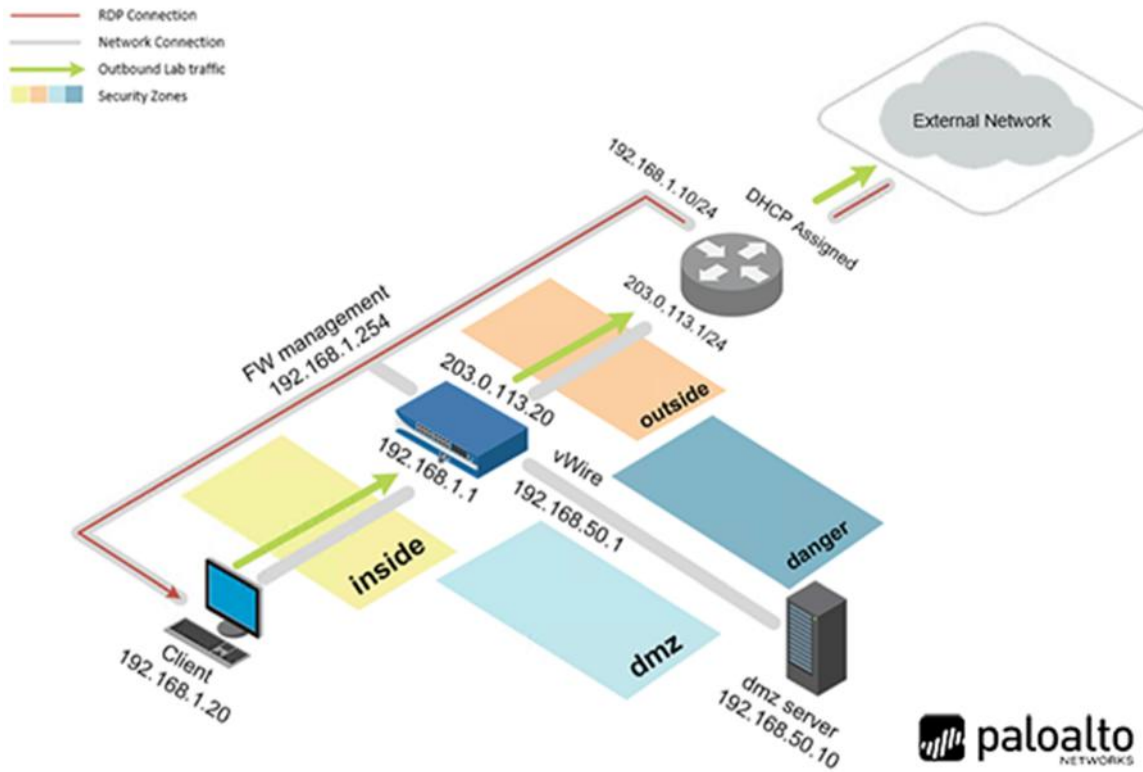
In this lab, you will set up a Data Filtering Profile to protect sensitive and confidential information, such as Social Security numbers.

## Objective

In this lab, you will perform the following tasks:

- ) Create a New Data Pattern
- ) Create a Data Filtering Security Profile
- ) Apply the Data Filtering Profile to the Security Policy
- ) Create a Text File with Fake Social Security Numbers
- ) Monitor Sensitive Data in the Palo Alto Networks Firewall

## Lab Topology



## Lab Settings

The information in the table below will be needed in order to complete the lab. The task sections below provide details on the use of this information.

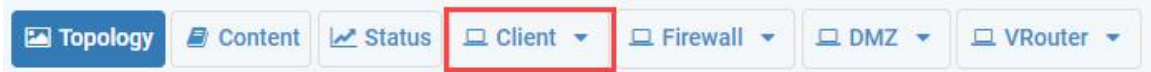
Virtual Machine	IP Address	Account (if needed)	Password (if needed)
Client	192.168.1.20	lab-user	Train1ng\$
DMZ	192.168.50.10	root	Pal0Alt0
Firewall	192.168.1.254	admin	Train1ng\$

## 8 Lab: Protecting Sensitive Data

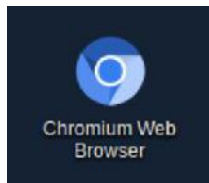
### 8.0 Load Lab Configuration

In this section, you will load the Firewall configuration file.

1. Click on the **Client** tab to access the Client PC.



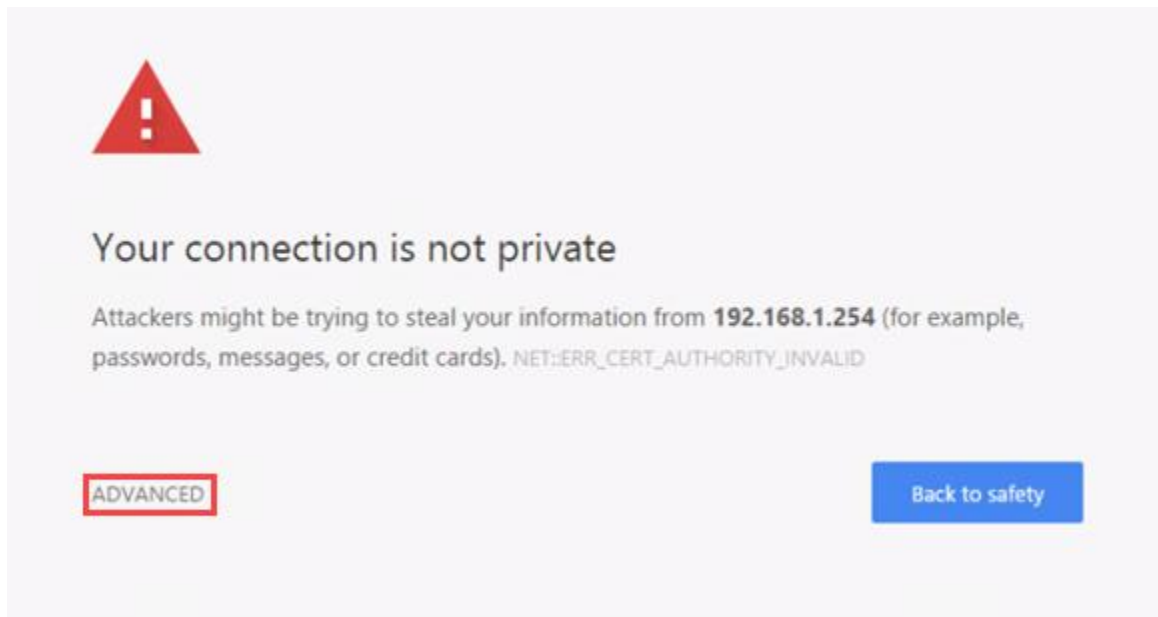
2. Log in to the Client PC as username **lab-user**, password **Train1ng\$**.
3. Double-click the **Chromium Web Browser** icon located on the Desktop.



4. In the *Chromium* address field, type **https://192.168.1.254** and press **Enter**.



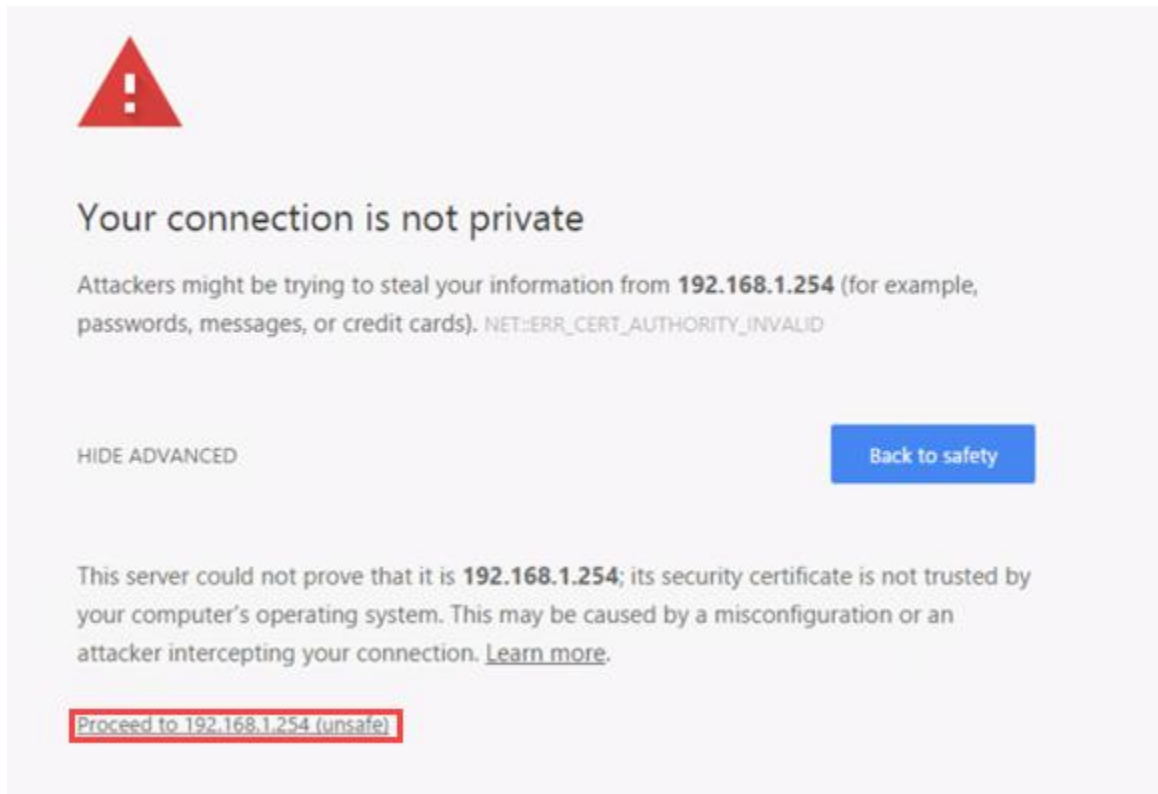
5. You will see a “Your connection is not private” message. Click on the **ADVANCED** link.





If you experience the “Unable to connect” or “502 Bad Gateway” message while attempting to connect to the specified IP above, please wait an additional 1-3 minutes for the Firewall to fully initialize. Refresh the page to continue.

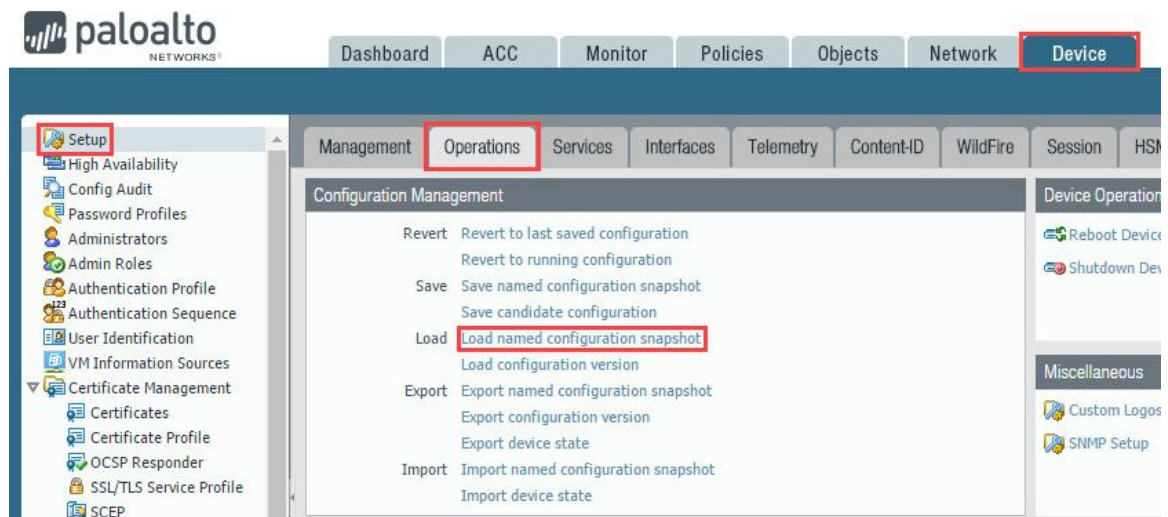
6. Click on **Proceed to 192.168.1.254 (unsafe)**.



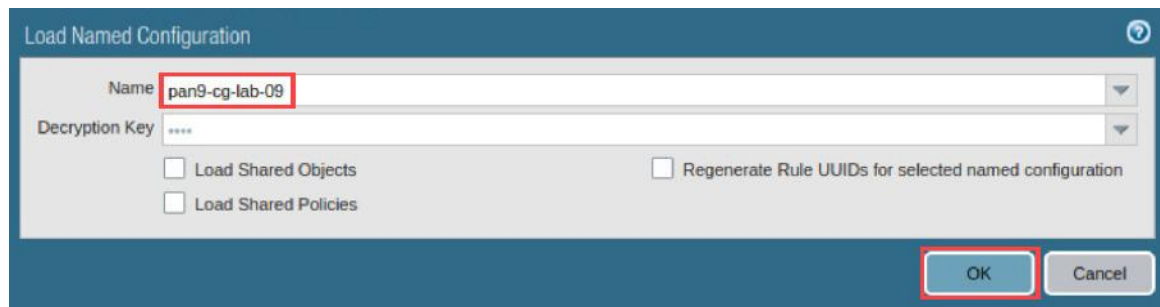
7. Log in to the Firewall web interface as username **admin**, password **Train1ng\$**.



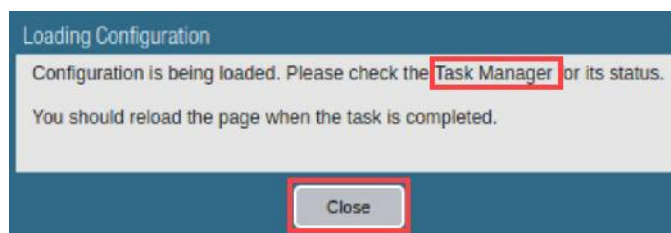
8. In the web interface, navigate to **Device > Setup > Operations** and click on **Load** named configuration snapshot underneath the *Configuration Management* section.



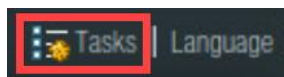
9. In the *Load Named Configuration* window, select **pan9-cg-lab-08** from the *Name* drop-down box and click **OK**.



10. In the Loading Configuration window, a message will show *Configuration is being loaded*. Please check the *Task Manager* for its status. You should reload the page when the task is completed. Click **Close** to continue.

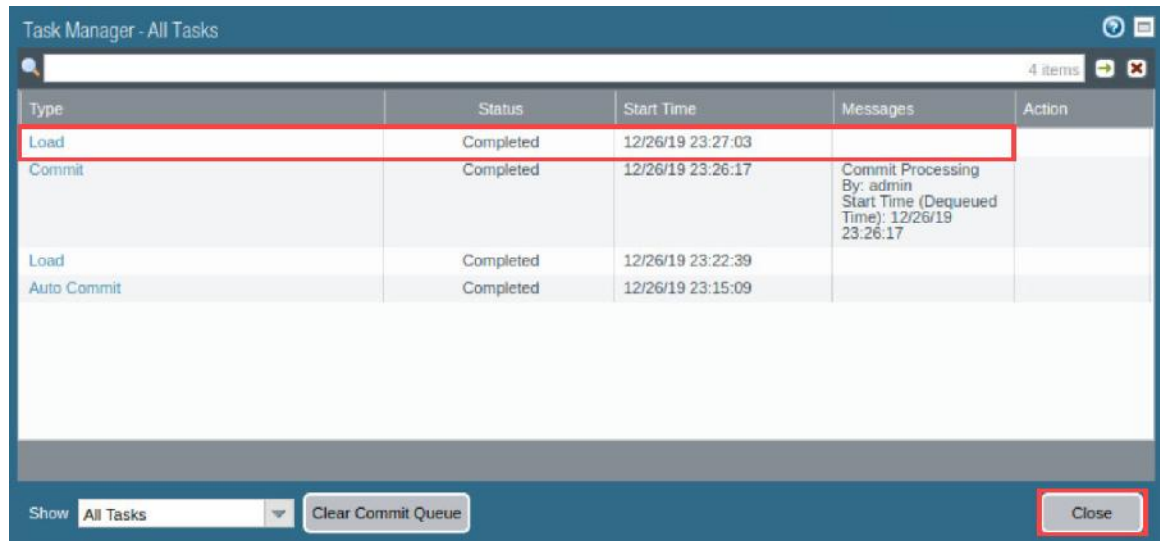


11. Click the **Tasks** icon located at the bottom-right of the web interface.

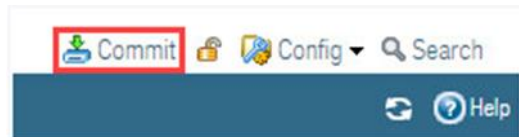




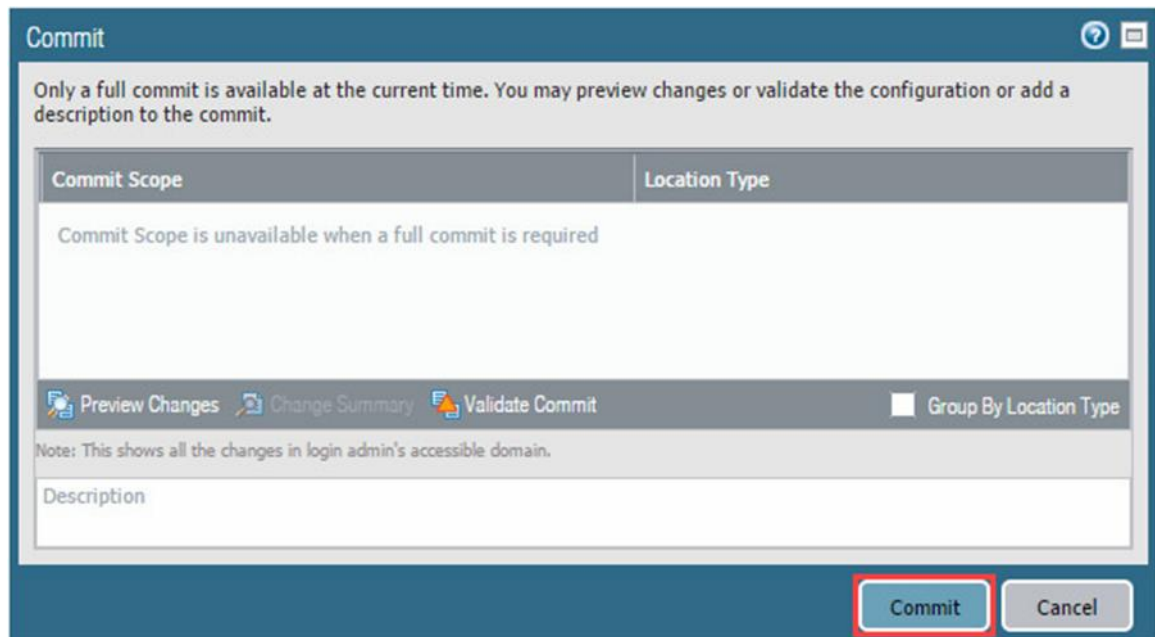
12. In the *Task Manager – All Tasks* window, verify the *Load* type has successfully completed. Click **Close**



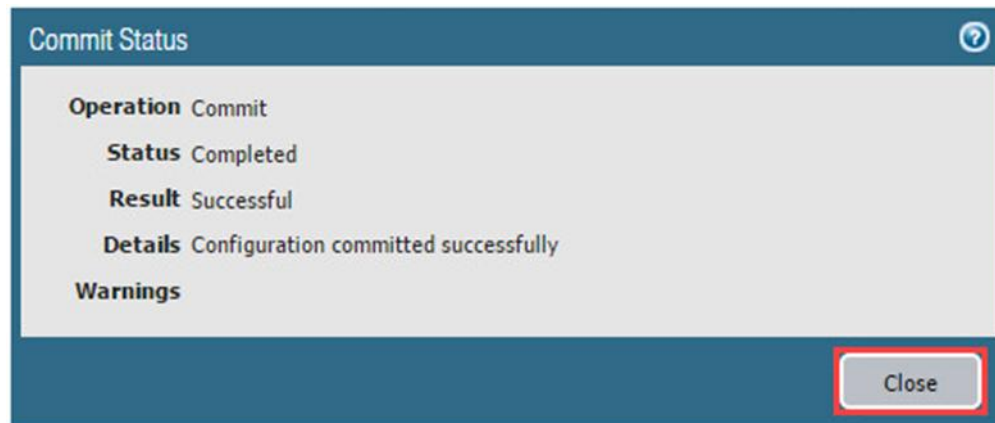
13. Click the **Commit** link located at the top-right of the web interface.



14. In the *Commit* window, click **Commit** to proceed with committing the changes.



15. When the commit operation successfully completes, click **Close** to continue.

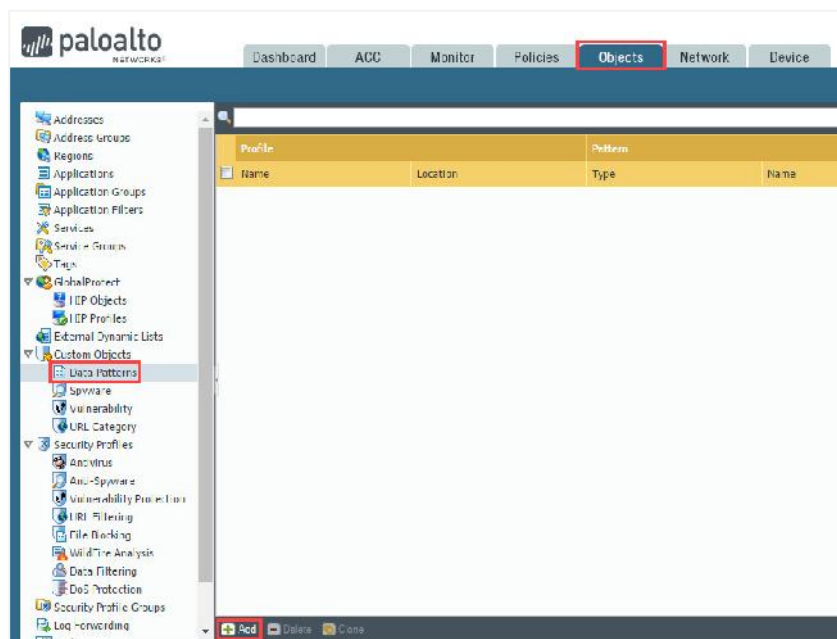


The commit process takes changes made to the Firewall and copies them to the running configuration, which will activate all configuration changes since the last commit.

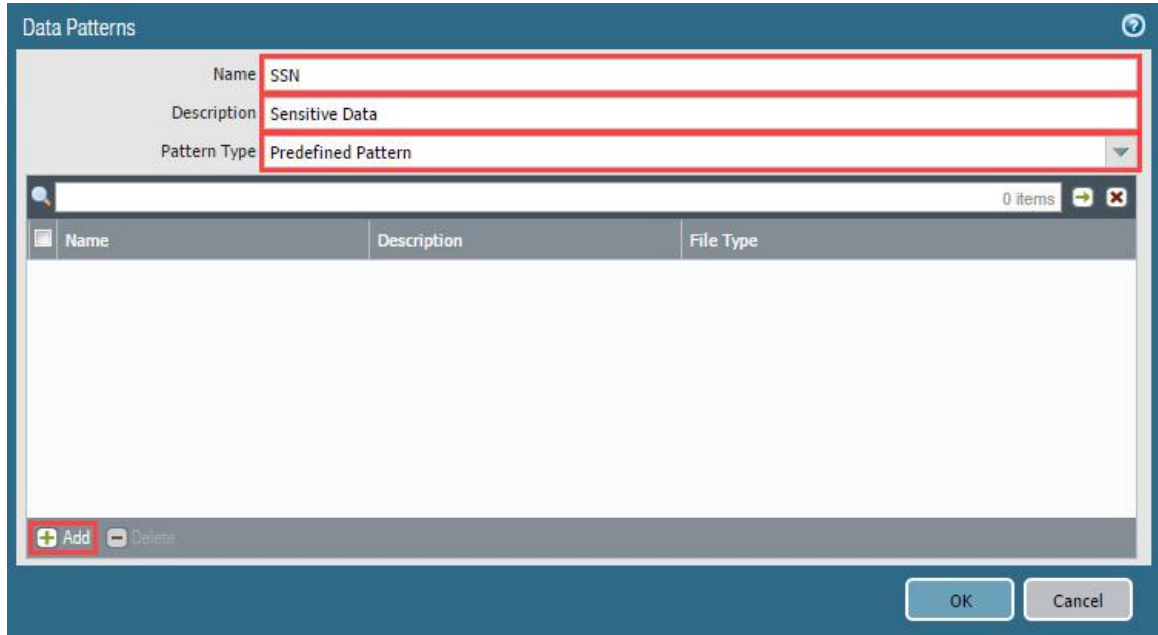
## 8.1 Create a New Data Pattern

In this section, you will create a new data pattern. Data pattern objects detect the information that needs to be filtered. Three types of data patterns are utilized for scanning sensitive information. Predefined patterns are preset patterns used to detect Social Security and credit card numbers. Regular expressions are used to create custom data patterns. File properties are used to scan files for specific file properties and values. For this lab, you will use predefined patterns.

1. Navigate to **Objects > Custom Objects > Data Patterns > Add**.



2. In the *Data Patterns* window, type **ssn** in the *Name* field. Then, type **sensitive data** in the *Description* field. Next, select **Predefined Pattern** for the *Pattern Type*. Finally, click **Add**.



The screenshot shows the 'Data Patterns' window. The 'Name' field contains 'SSN', the 'Description' field contains 'Sensitive Data', and the 'Pattern Type' dropdown is set to 'Predefined Pattern'. The 'Add' button is highlighted with a red box. Below the form is a table with columns 'Name', 'Description', and 'File Type'. The table is currently empty, showing '0 items'. At the bottom right are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

3. In the *Data Patterns* window, select **Social Security Numbers**. Next, click **Add** again and select **Social Security Numbers (without dash separator)**. Finally, click **OK**.



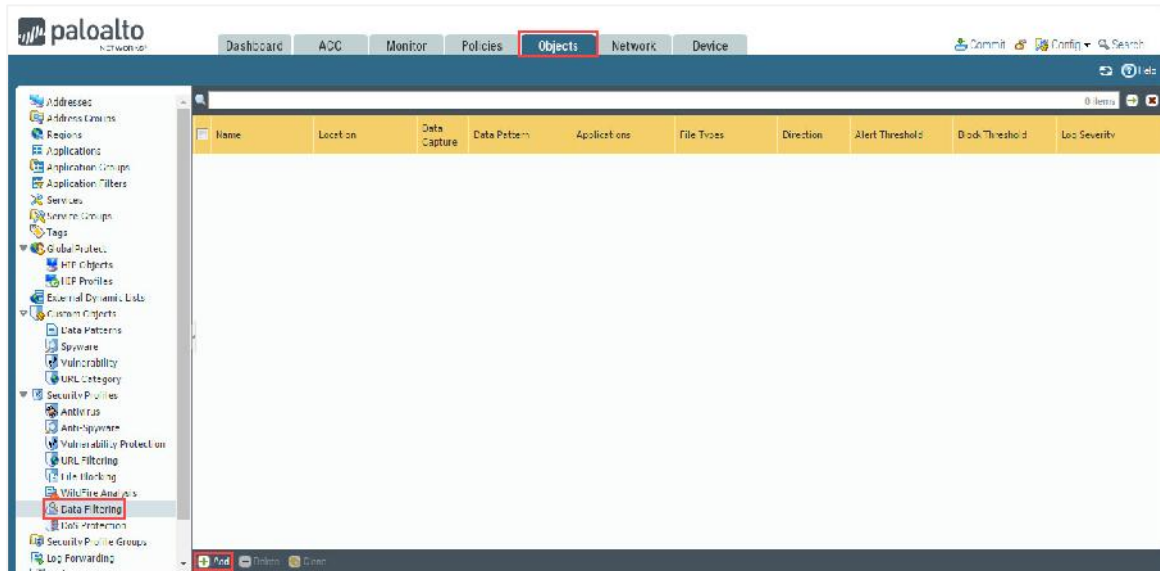
The screenshot shows the 'Data Patterns' window after adding two patterns. The table now contains two items. The 'Add' button is highlighted with a red box. The 'OK' button at the bottom right is also highlighted with a red box.

Name	Description	File Type
<input type="checkbox"/> Social Security Numbers	US Social Security Numbers pattern	Any
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Social Security Numbers (without dash separator)	US Social Security Numbers pattern without dash	Any

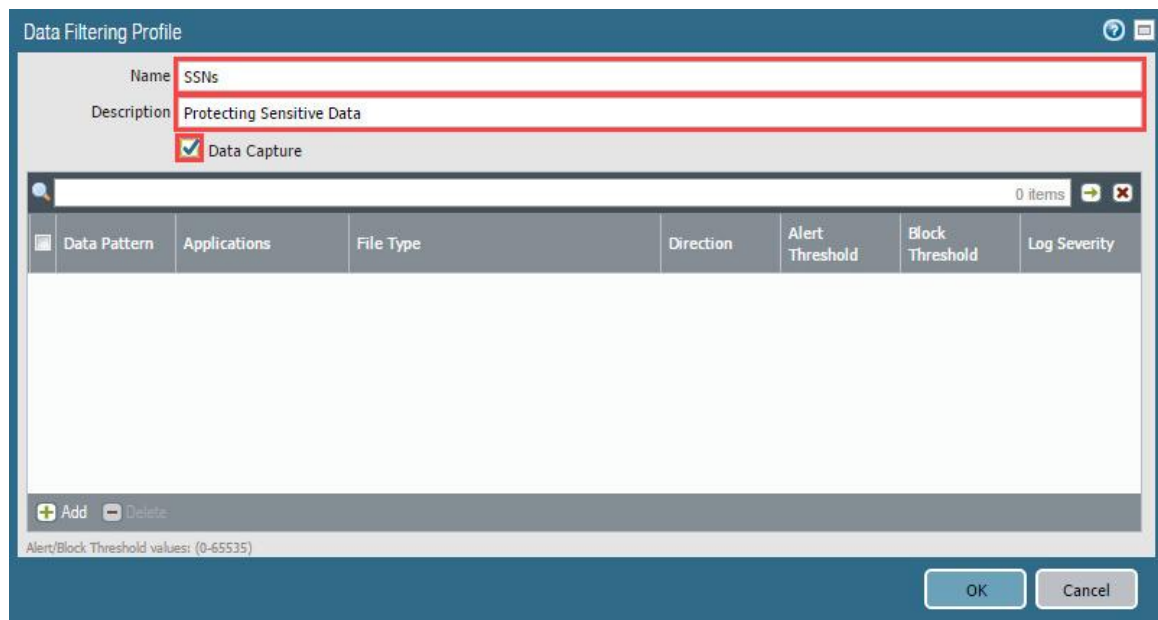
## 8.2 Create a Data Filtering Security Profile

In this section, you will create a Data Filtering Security Profile. Data Filtering Security Profiles prevent sensitive information such as credit card and Social Security numbers from leaving a secured network.

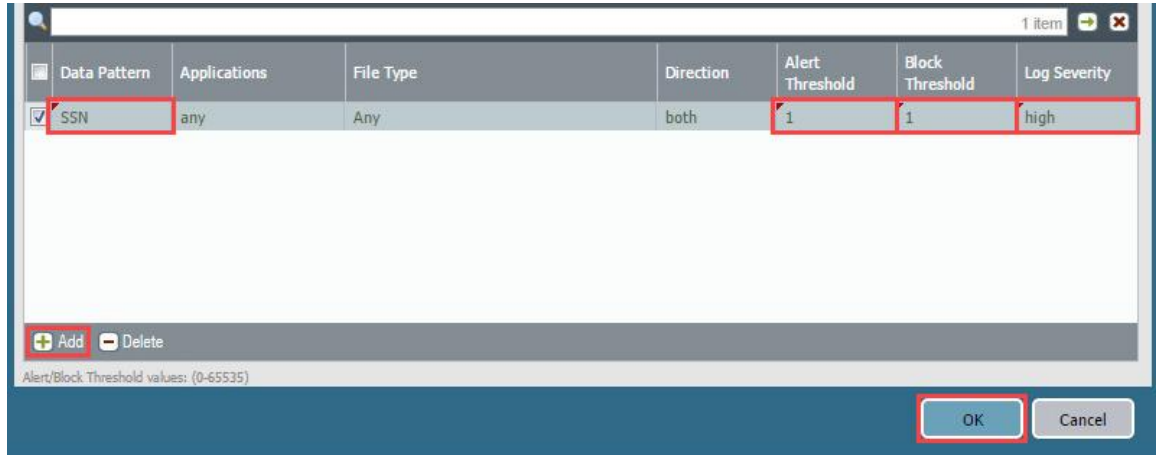
1. Navigate **Objects > Security Profiles > Data Filtering > Add**.



2. In the *Data Filtering Profile* window, type **SSNs** in the *Name* field. Then, type **Protecting Sensitive Data** in the *Description* field. Finally, click the checkbox for **Data Capture**.



- In the *Data Filtering Profile* window, click **Add**. Select **SSN** in the *Data Pattern* field. Then, in the *Alert* and *Block Threshold* fields, type **1** for the values. Next, select **high** from the *Log Severity* dropdown. Finally, click **OK**.



Data Pattern	Applications	File Type	Direction	Alert Threshold	Block Threshold	Log Severity
SSN	any	Any	both	1	1	high

Alert/Block Threshold values: (0-65535)

Buttons: Add, Delete, OK, Cancel

### 8.3 Apply the Data Filtering Profile to the Security Policy

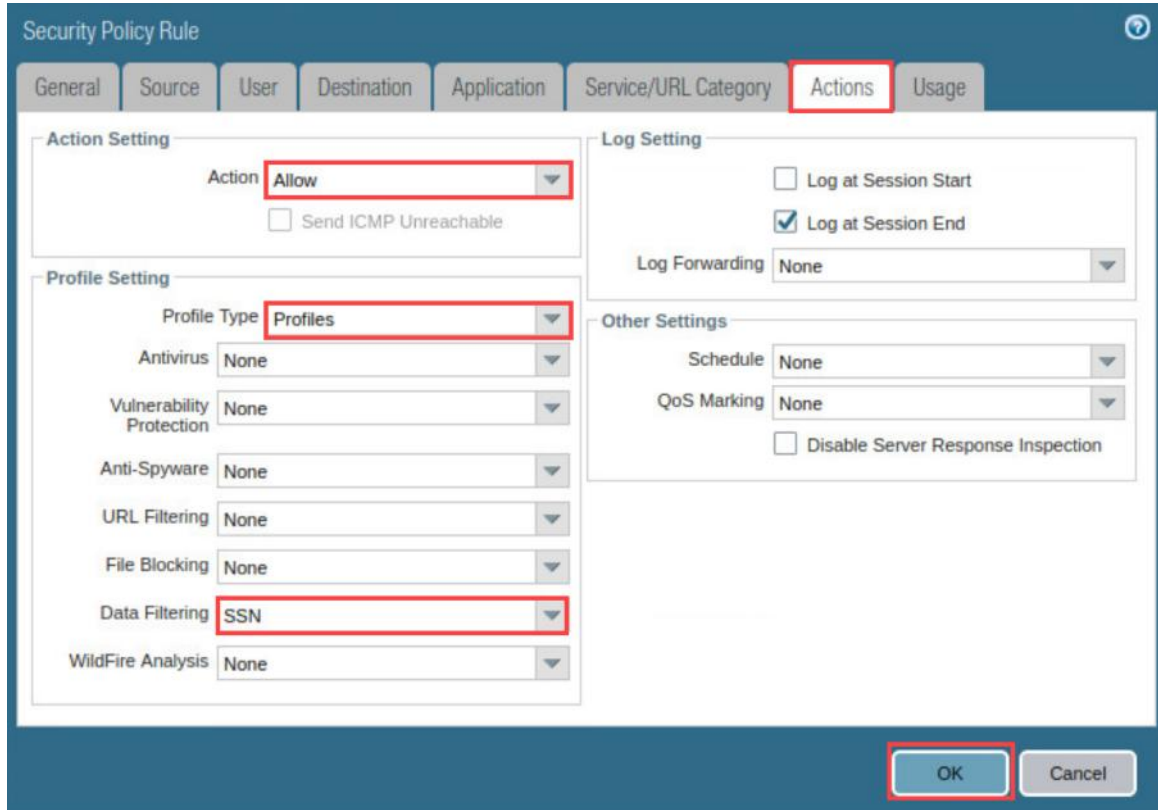
In this section, you will apply the Data Filtering Security Profile you created to the **Allow-Inside-DMZ** Security Policy.

- Navigate to **Policies > Security** and click on **Allow-Inside-DMZ**.



paloalto NETWORKS								
Dashboard ACC Monitor Policies Objects Network Device								
Security								
NAT QoS Policy Based Forwarding Decryption Tunnel Inspection Application Override Authentication DoS Protection								
	Name	Tags	Type	Source				
				Zone	Address	User	HIP Profile	Zone
1	Allow-Inside-Out	none	universal	inside	any	any	any	
2	Allow-Inside-DMZ	none	universal	inside	any	any	any	
3	intrazone-default	none	intrazone	any	any	any	any	(intr
4	interzone-default	none	interzone	any	any	any	any	any

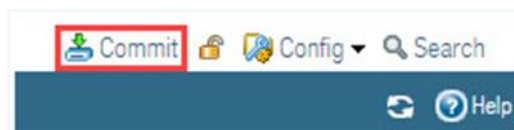
2. In the *Security Policy Rule* window, click on the **Actions** tab. Next, verify **Allow** is selected for the *Action* dropdown. Then, select **Profiles** for the *Profile Type* dropdown. Finally, select **SSNs** in the *Data Filtering* dropdown and click **OK**.



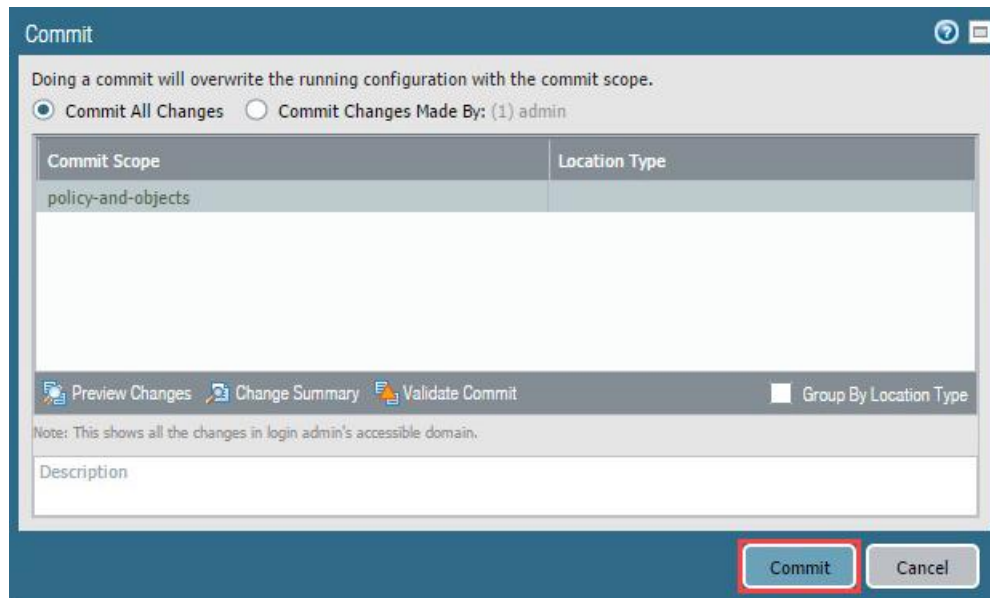
The screenshot shows the 'Security Policy Rule' configuration window with the 'Actions' tab selected. The 'Action' dropdown is set to 'Allow'. The 'Profile Type' dropdown is set to 'Profiles'. The 'Data Filtering' dropdown is set to 'SSN'. The 'Log Setting' section has 'Log at Session End' checked. The 'Other Settings' section has 'Schedule' and 'QoS Marking' set to 'None'. The 'OK' button is highlighted with a red box.

Section	Setting	Value
Action Setting	Action	Allow
	Send ICMP Unreachable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Profile Setting	Profile Type	Profiles
	Antivirus	None
	Vulnerability Protection	None
	Anti-Spyware	None
	URL Filtering	None
	File Blocking	None
	Data Filtering	SSN
	WildFire Analysis	None
Log Setting	Log at Session Start	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Log at Session End	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Log Forwarding	None
Other Settings	Schedule	None
	QoS Marking	None
	Disable Server Response Inspection	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Buttons	OK, Cancel

3. Click the **Commit** link located at the top-right of the web interface.



4. In the Commit window, click **Commit** to proceed with committing the changes.



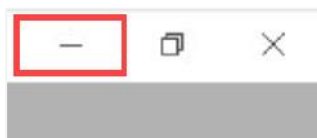
5. When the commit operation successfully completes, click **Close** to continue.



## 8.4 Create a Text File with Fake Social Security Numbers

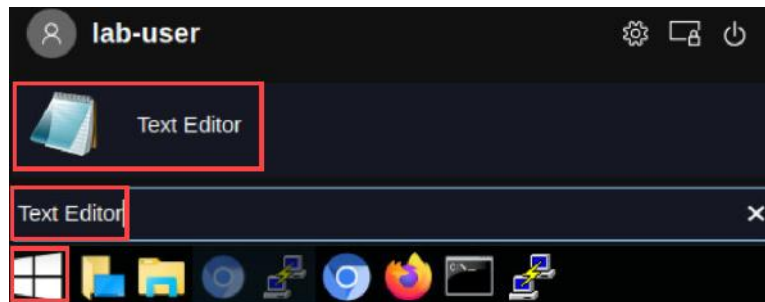
In this section, you will create a text file in Notepad with fake Social Security numbers to test the policy you just applied to the Firewall.

1. Minimize *Chromium* in the upper-right.

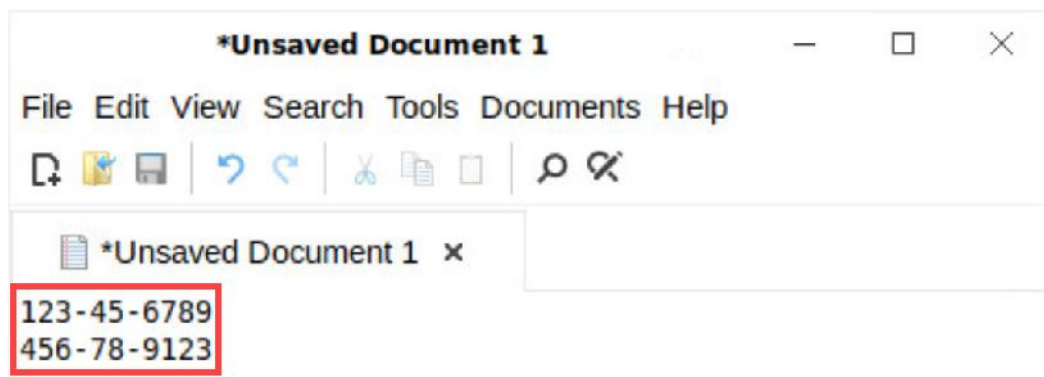




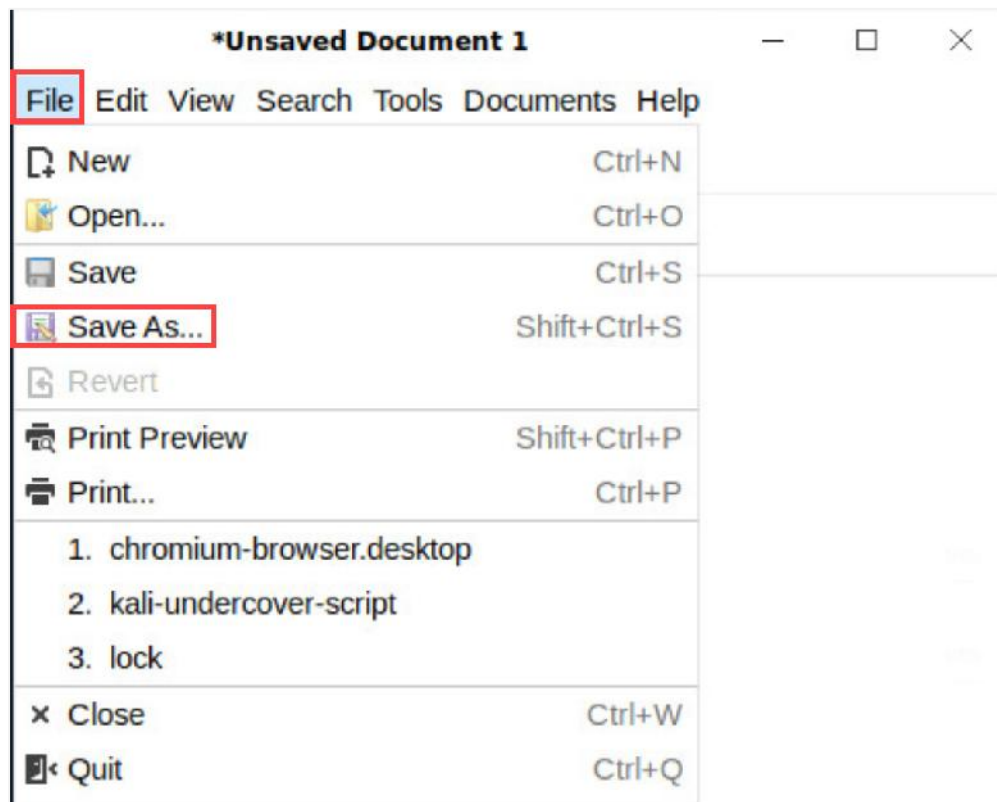
- Click on the **Start** icon, type **Text Editor**, and click **Enter**.



- In the *Unsaved Document 1 – Text Editor* window, type **123-45-6789** and **456-78-9123**. These will be the fake Social Security numbers.

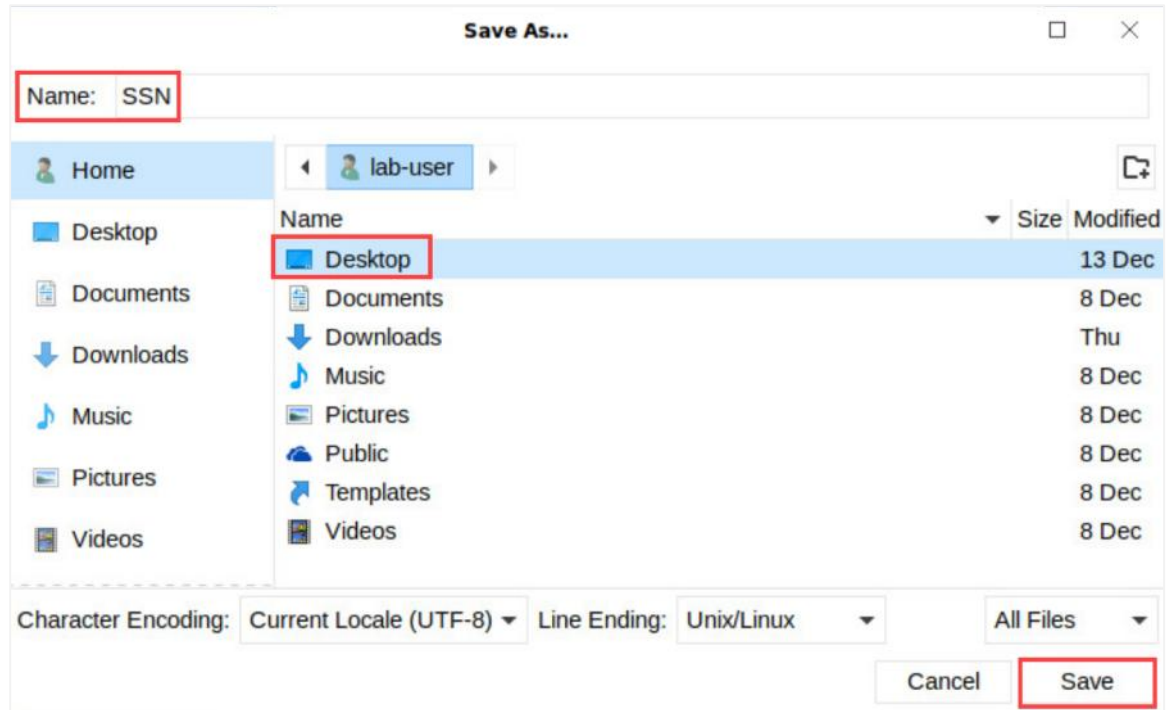


- Click **File > Save As....**





5. In the *Save As* window, double-click **Desktop** on the right. Then, type **ssn** in the *Name* field. Finally, click **Save**.



6. Click the **X** in the upper-right to close Text Editor.



## 8.5 Monitor Sensitive Data in the Palo Alto Networks Firewall

In this section, you will monitor the Social Security number text file created in the previous section. You will notice that the text file you created has been blocked by the Data Security Profile, *SSN*.

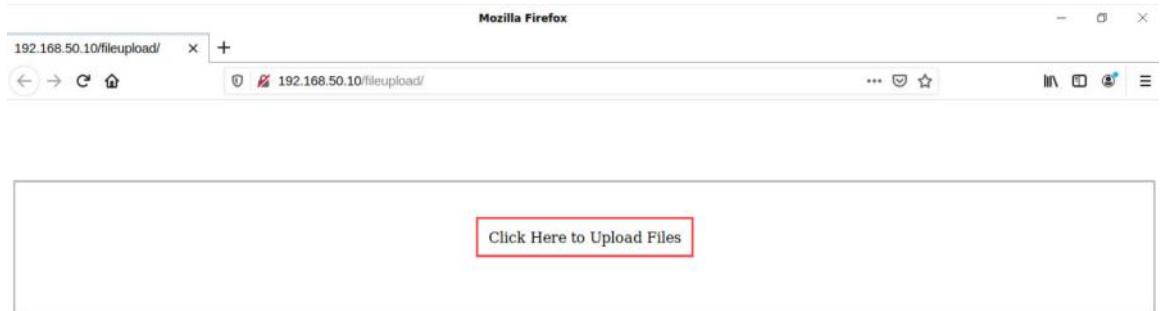
1. Navigate and click on the **Firefox** browser in the Taskbar.



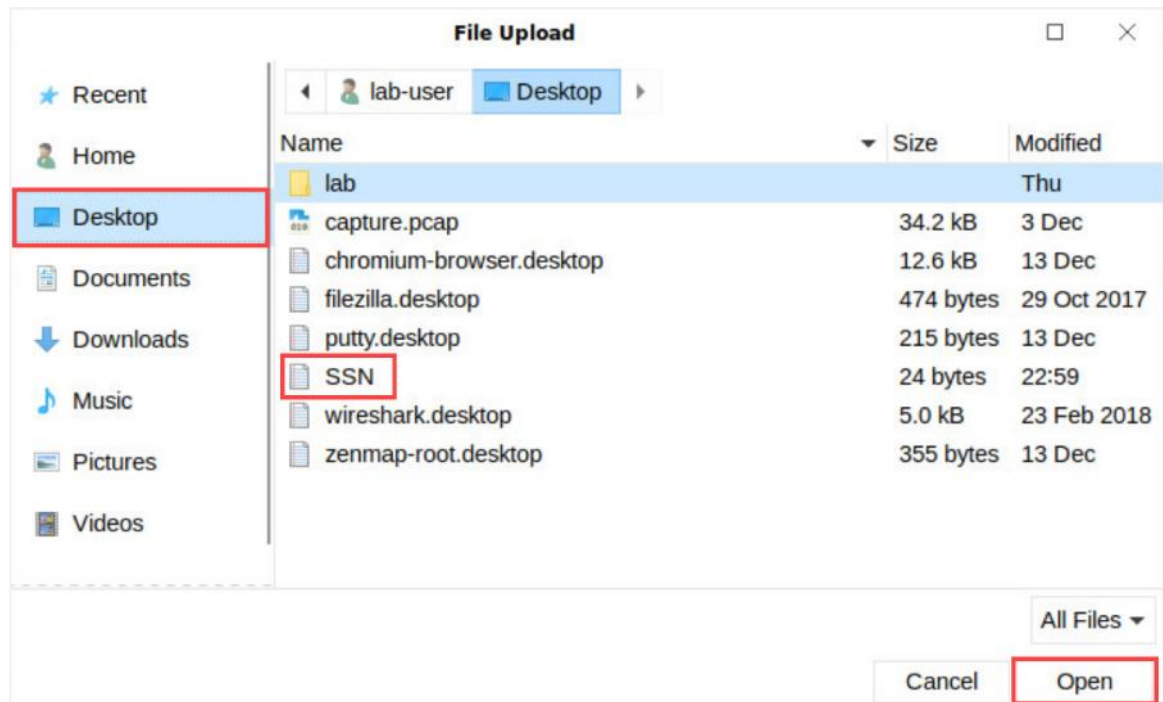
2. In the *Firefox* address field, type `http://192.168.50.10/fileupload` and press **Enter**.



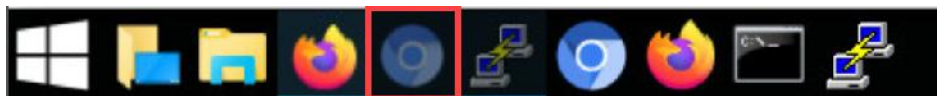
3. Click on **Click Here to Upload Files**.



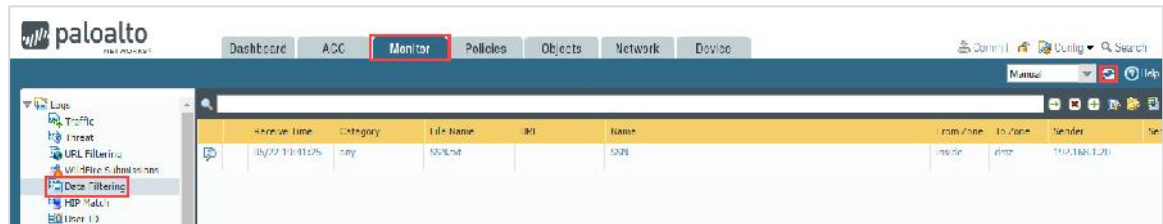
4. In the *File Upload* window, click on **Desktop** on the left. Then, select the **SSN** text file. Finally, click **Open**.



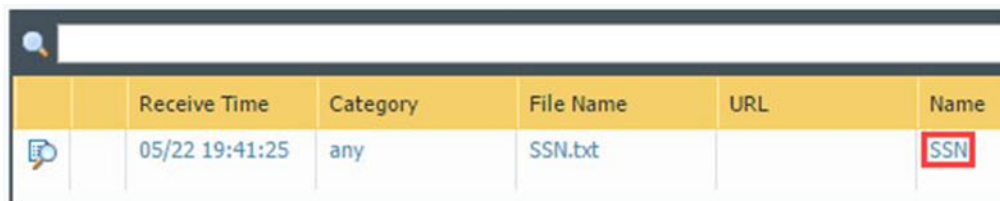
5. Maximize *Chromium* from the Taskbar.



6. Navigate to **Monitor > Logs > Data Filtering**. You may need to click the **Refresh** button in the upper-right to refresh the logs. You may need to wait a few minutes for the logs to update.



7. Notice that the *SSN.txt* was blocked by the *SSN Data Filtering Profile*.

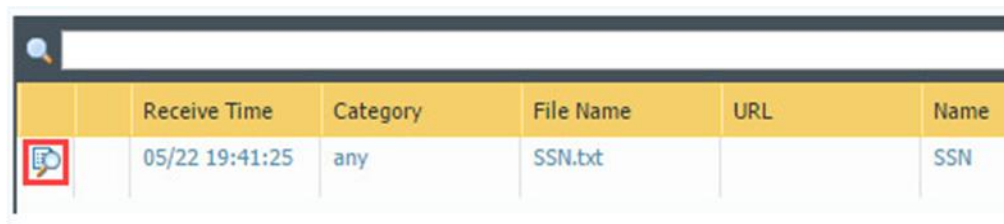


Receive Time	Category	File Name	URL	Name
05/22 19:41:25	any	SSN.txt		SSN



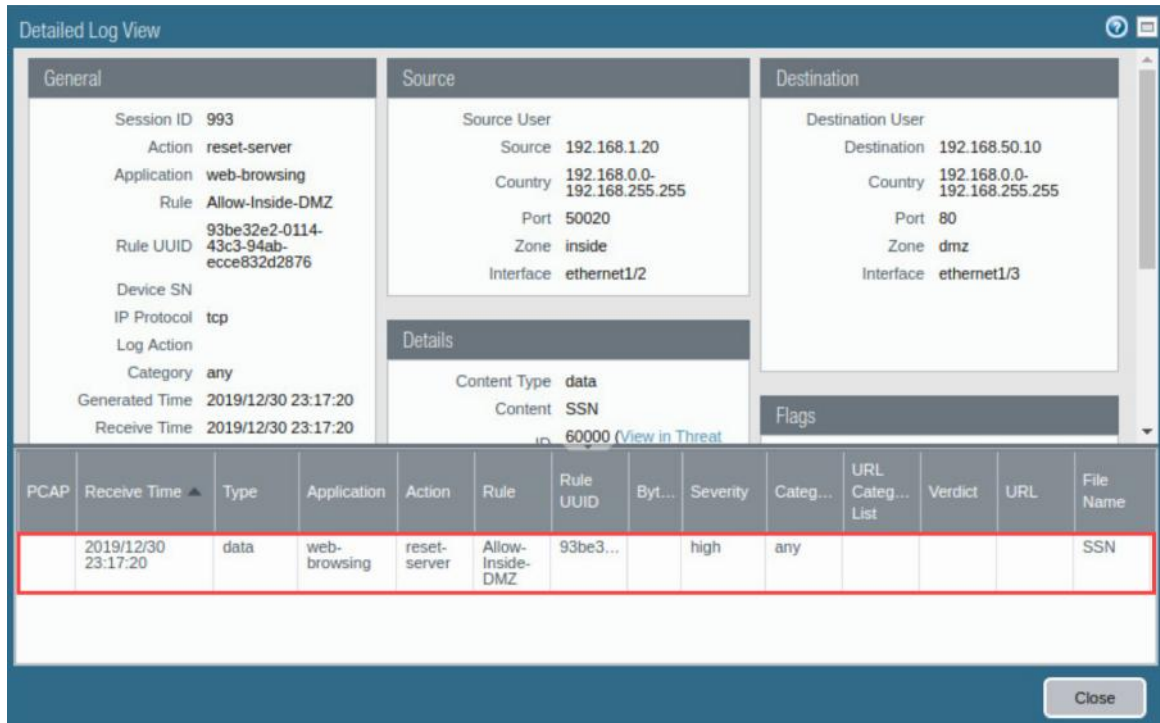
Pause here for 5 minutes to let the logs populate before continuing.

8. Click on the **Detailed Log View** button.



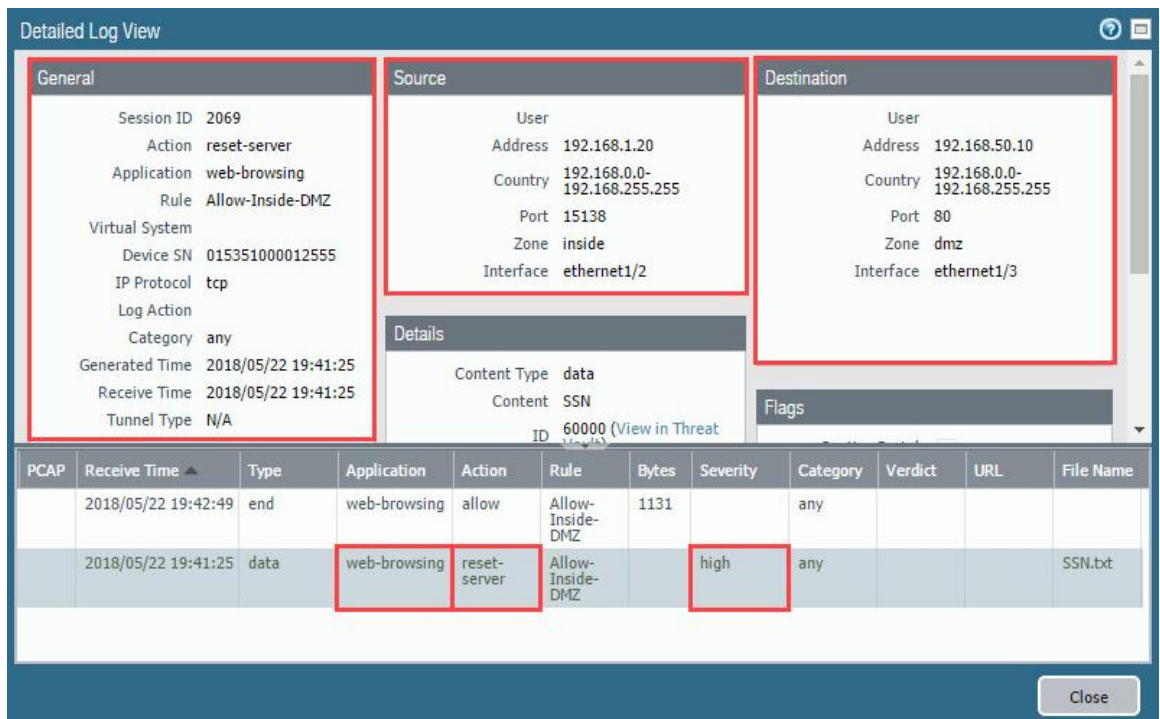
Receive Time	Category	File Name	URL	Name
05/22 19:41:25	any	SSN.txt		SSN

9. On the *Detailed Log View* window, click the **log** file that was just created.



PCAP	Receive Time	Type	Application	Action	Rule	Rule UUID	Bytes	Severity	Category	Verdict	URL	File Name
	2019/12/30 23:17:20	data	web-browsing	reset-server	Allow-Inside-DMZ	93be3...		high	any			SSN

10. Notice the Application **web-browsing** was **reset**, and the Severity was **high** as applied by the Data Security Policy. The *General* section will show the Application, Protocol, and the Category it was assigned. The *Source* section is used to identify where the source originated, and the *Destination* section will identify where the file was designated.



PCAP	Receive Time	Type	Application	Action	Rule	Bytes	Severity	Category	Verdict	URL	File Name
	2018/05/22 19:42:49	end	web-browsing	allow	Allow-Inside-DMZ	1131		any			
	2018/05/22 19:41:25	data	web-browsing	reset-server	Allow-Inside-DMZ		high	any			SSN.txt

11. Use the scroll bar on the right to review the *Details* section.

Detailed Log View

General	Source	Destination
Session ID 993	Source User	Destination User
Action reset-server	Source 192.168.1.20	Destination 192.168.50.10
Application web-browsing	Country 192.168.0.0-192.168.255.255	Country 192.168.0.0-192.168.255.255
Rule Allow-Inside-DMZ	Port 50020	Port 80
Rule UUID 93be32e2-0114-43c3-94ab-ecce832d2876	Zone inside	Zone dmz
Device SN 015351000038610	Interface ethernet1/2	Interface ethernet1/3
IP Protocol tcp		
Log Action		
Category any		
Generated Time 2019/12/30 23:17:20		
Receive Time 2019/12/30 23:17:20		
Tunnel Type N/A		

Details
Content Type data
Content SSN
ID 60000 (View in Threat Vault)
Severity high
Repeat Count 1
File Name SSN
File URL ...

Flags
Captive Portal <input type="checkbox"/>
Proxy Transaction <input type="checkbox"/>
Decrypted <input type="checkbox"/>
Packet Capture <input type="checkbox"/>
Client to Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Server to Client <input type="checkbox"/>
Tunnel Inspected <input type="checkbox"/>

PCAP	Receive Time	Type	Application	Action	Rule	Rule UUID	Bytes	Severity	Category	URL Category List	Verdict	URL	File Name
	2019/12/30 23:17:20	data	web-browsing	reset-server	Allow-Inside-DMZ	93be32e2...		high	any				SSN

Close

12. The lab is now complete; you may end the reservation