Brush (Night)

Proper Dental Care

Good oral hygiene results in a mouth that looks and smells healthy. This means:

Your teeth are clean and free of debris

Gums are pink and do not hurt or bleed when you brush or floss

Bad breath is not a constant problem

If your gums do hurt or bleed while <u>brushing</u> or <u>flossing</u>, or you are experiencing persistent bad breath, see your dentist. Any of these conditions may indicate a problem.

Daily preventive care, including proper brushing and flossing, will help stop problems before they develop and is much less painful, expensive, and worrisome than treating conditions that have been allowed to progress.

In between regular visits to the dentist, there are simple steps that each of us can take to greatly decrease the risk of developing tooth decay, gum disease and other dental problems. These include:

- ✓ Brushing thoroughly twice a day and flossing daily
- ✓ Eating a balanced diet and limiting snacks between meals
- ✓ Using dental products that contain fluoride, including toothpaste
- ✓ Rinsing with a fluoride mouth rinse if your dentist tells you to
- ✓ Making sure that your children under 12 drink fluoridated water or take a fluoride supplement if they live in a non-fluoridated area.

Proper Brushing Technique



Tilt the brush at a 45° angle against the <u>gumline</u> and sweep or roll the brush away from the gumline.



Gently brush the outside, inside and chewing surface of each tooth using short backand-forth strokes



Gently brush your tongue to remove bacteria and freshen breath.

Proper Flossing Technique



Use about 18" of floss, leaving an inch or two to work with.



Gently follow the curves of your teeth.



Be sure to clean beneath the gumline, but avoid snapping the floss on the gums.