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ECEN 380
2/4/2026

PS05: 2.50(e), 2.57(a)
2.59(b), 2.60 for 2.59(b),
2.65(b), MATLAB 2.86

2.50(e)

Evaluate the step response for the LTI system with the given impulse response:

e.) $h(t) = e^{-|t|}$



$$S(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t h(\tau) d\tau$$

$$S(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t e^{-|\tau|} d\tau = \left(\int_{-\infty}^0 e^{\tau} d\tau, \tau < 0 \right) = e^{\tau} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 = e^0 - e^{-\infty} = e^0 - \frac{1}{e^{\infty}}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{\tau} d\tau + \int_0^t e^{-\tau} d\tau, \tau \geq 0 \\ & e^{\tau} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 + -e^{-\tau} \Big|_0^t \end{aligned} \right) = \frac{e^0 - e^{-\infty}}{e^0} + -e^{-t} + e^0 = 1 - e^{-t} + e^0$$

$$S(t) = \begin{cases} e^t, t < 0 \\ -e^{-t} + 2, t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$e^{-t} \xrightarrow{+} h(t) = e^{-|t|}$$

2.57(a) Determine the output of the system described by the following differential equation w/ input & initial condition. 2/5

$$\frac{d}{dt}y(t) + 10y(t) = 2x(t); y(0^-) = 1$$

$$x(t) = u(t)$$

Homogeneous eq: $r + 10 = 0$
 $r = -10$
 $y^{(h)}(t) = C_1 e^{-10t}$

Particular eq: $y^{(p)}(t) = K$, $t \geq 0$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(K) + 10(K) = 2, t \geq 0$$

$$0 + 10K = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10K &= 2 \\ K &= 2/10 \\ y^{(p)}(t) &= \frac{1}{5}, t \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$y(t) = y^{(h)}(t) + y^{(p)}(t) = C_1 e^{-10t} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$y(0^-) = 1 \rightarrow y(0^-) = C_1(e^{-10(0^-)}) + \frac{1}{5} = 1 \rightarrow C_1 + \frac{1}{5} = 1 \rightarrow C_1 = 4/5$$

$$\boxed{y(t) = \frac{4}{5}e^{-10t} + \frac{1}{5}}$$

2.59 (b)

3/5

Determine output of system described by the following difference equation w/ input & initial condition.

$$y[n] - \frac{1}{9}y[n-2] = x[n-1]; y[-1] = 1, y[-2] = 0$$

$$x[n] = u[n]$$

Homogeneous eq: $r^2 + 0r - \frac{1}{9} = 0$

$$r^2 - \frac{1}{9}$$

$$y^{(h)}[n] = C_1(-\frac{1}{3})^n + C_2(\frac{1}{3})^n$$

$$y[n] = C_1(-\frac{1}{3})^n + C_2(\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{9}{8}$$

particular eq: $y^{(p)}[n] = k, n \geq 0$

$$y^p[n] - \frac{1}{9}y^p[n-2] = x[n-1], n \geq 0$$

$$\star? y^p[n+2] - \frac{1}{9}y^p[n] = x[n+1]$$

$$k - \frac{1}{9}k = 1$$

$$\frac{8}{9}k = 1$$

$$k = \frac{9}{8}$$

Recursive eq: $y[n] = \frac{1}{9}y[n-2] + x[n-1]$

$$y[0] = \frac{1}{9}y[-2] + x[-1]$$

$$y[0] = 0$$

$$y[1] = \frac{1}{9}y[-1] + x[0]$$

$$= \frac{1}{9}(1) + 1 = \frac{10}{9}$$

$$y[1] = \frac{10}{9}$$

$$y[0] = 0 = C_1(-\frac{1}{3})^0 + C_2(\frac{1}{3})^0 + \frac{9}{8}$$

$$C_1 + C_2 = -\frac{9}{8}$$

$$y[1] = \frac{10}{9} = C_1(-\frac{1}{3})^1 + C_2(\frac{1}{3})^1 + \frac{9}{8}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}C_1 + \frac{1}{3}C_2 = -\frac{1}{12}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -\frac{9}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{12} \end{bmatrix}$$

REF

$$C_1 = -\frac{13}{24}; C_2 = -\frac{7}{12}$$

$$y[n] = \frac{-13}{24}(-\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{-7}{12}(\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{9}{8}$$

2.60 for 2.59(b) Identify the natural and forced responses for: 4/5

$$y[n] = -\frac{1}{2}y[n-2] + x[n-1]; \quad y[-1] = 1, \quad y[-2] = 0$$

$$x[n] = u[n]$$

homogeneous: (from 2.59(b)) $\rightarrow y^{(h)}[n] = C_1(-\frac{1}{3})^n + C_2(\frac{1}{3})^n$

$$y[-1] = 1 = C_1(-\frac{1}{3})^{-1} + C_2(\frac{1}{3})^{-1}$$

$$= C_1(-3) + C_2(3) = 1$$

$$y[-2] = 0 = \frac{-3C_1 + 3C_2}{9C_1 + 9C_2} = 0$$

$$\boxed{y^{(h)}[n] = -\frac{1}{6}(-\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{3})^n}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 3 & 1 \\ 9 & 9 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 3 & 1 \\ 9 & 9 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{REF}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{6} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix}$$

particular eg: (from 2.59(b)) $y^{(p)}[0] = \frac{9}{8}$

Recursive: $y[n] = \frac{1}{2}y[n-2] + x[n-1]$

set initial: $y[-1] = 0; y[-2] = 0$

$$\text{to } 0: \quad y^{(f)}[0] = \frac{1}{2}y(0) + 0 = 0 + \frac{9}{8}$$

$$y^{(f)}[1] = \frac{1}{2}y[0] + x[0] = 1$$

$$y^{(f)}[0] = C_1(-\frac{1}{3})^0 + C_2(\frac{1}{3})^0 + \frac{9}{8}$$

$$y^{(f)}[0] = 0 = C_1 + C_2 + \frac{9}{8} \Rightarrow C_1 + C_2 = -\frac{9}{8}$$

$$y^{(f)}[1] = 1 = -\frac{1}{3}C_1 + \frac{1}{3}C_2 + \frac{9}{8} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{3}C_1 + \frac{1}{3}C_2 = -\frac{1}{8}$$

$$\boxed{y^{(f)}[n] = -\frac{3}{8}(-\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{3}{4}(\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{9}{8}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -\frac{9}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_1 = -\frac{3}{8}; C_2 = -\frac{3}{4}$$

Check: $y^{(t)}[n] = y^{(f)}[n] + y^{(h)}[n] \stackrel{?}{=} 0$

$$-\frac{13}{24}(-\frac{1}{3})^n + -\frac{7}{12}(\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{9}{8} \stackrel{?}{=} -\frac{3}{8}(-\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{3}{4}(\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{9}{8}$$

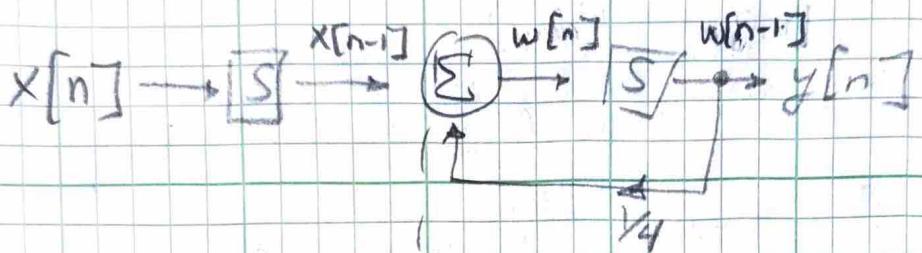
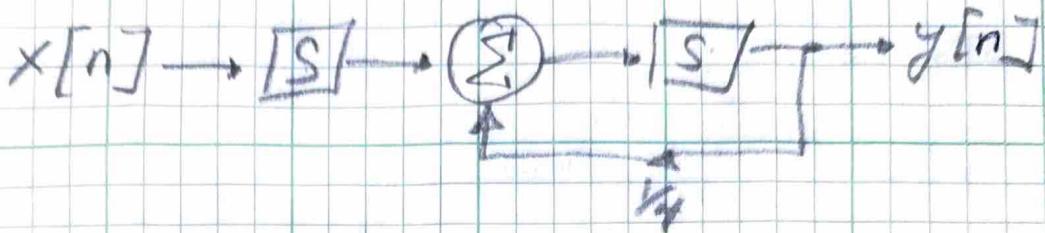
$$+ -\frac{1}{6}(-\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{3})^n$$

$$= -\frac{13}{24}(-\frac{1}{3})^n + -\frac{7}{12}(\frac{1}{3})^n + \frac{9}{8} \quad \checkmark$$

2.65(b)

Find the difference equation
description for the system below:

5/5



$$w[n] = x[n-1] + \frac{1}{4}y[n]$$

$$y[n] = w[n-1] = x[n-2] + \frac{1}{4}y[n-1]$$

$$\boxed{y[n] = x[n-2] + \frac{1}{4}y[n-1]}$$