

Battle of Neighbourhoods - Week 1

1. Introduction/Business Problem

Toronto is the capital city of the Canadian province of Ontario. With a recorded population of 2,731,571 in 2016, It is the most populous city in Canada and the fourth most populous city in North America. The city is the anchor of the Golden Horseshoe, an urban agglomeration of 9,245,438 people (as of 2016) surrounding the western end of Lake Ontario, while the Greater Toronto Area (GTA) proper had a 2016 population of 6,417,516. Toronto is an international centre of business, finance, arts, and culture, and is recognized as one of the most multicultural and cosmopolitan cities in the world the diverse population of Toronto reflects its current and historical role as an important destination for immigrants to Canada. More than 50 percent of residents belong to a visible minority population group, and over 200 distinct ethnic origins are represented among its inhabitants. While the majority of Torontonians speak English as their primary language, over 160 languages are spoken in the city

Hotel and Restaurant

Coming down to business problems, There is any a hotel/restaurant near beach side. As it is a famous tourist spot, there is already lots of attention towards it. I need to search the hotel near to the city where more people are attracted and comfortable for a stay and with a good meal. Unfortunately Only the five star hotels provide the variants menus according to the taste foreign comesfrom. The menu foods can be variants with Italian, American, typical south & north, asian foods and indian foods to grab their taste.

Expected / Interested Audience

20% local and 80% foreign peoples visit Toronto once in a year. Some people stay for couple of days or more. Also they find some place for hangout or a good meal. Their main focus might be belonging to stay somewhere near to reach venues.

2.a Importing Library

```
In [75]: # Import Libraries
import numpy as np # data in a vectorized manner manipulation
import pandas as pd # data analysis
import requests # HTTP Library
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup # scraping library

from pandas.io.json import json_normalize # tranform JSON file into a pandas data
import json # JSON files manipulation

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans # clustering algorithm

pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)

# Matplotlib and associated plotting modules
import matplotlib.cm as cm
import matplotlib.colors as colors
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

#!conda install -c conda-forge geopy --yes
from geopy.geocoders import Nominatim

#!conda install -c conda-forge folium=0.5.0 --yes
import folium # map rendering library

print("@@Libraries Imported@@")
```

@@Libraries Imported@@

2.b foursquare credential id

```
In [76]: CLIENT_ID = 'Y4A0TAYDY23ILH3DR4XZZDYEZDHNECVYXORDA4N4WLLJ3NB' # your Foursquare
CLIENT_SECRET = 'XSI4HLFPMXC1PFUWGYR1U35DVKV0032KWR3FQGGIJINNPEG2' # your Foursqu
VERSION = '20200804' # Foursquare API version
LIMIT = 100

print('Your credentails:')
print('CLIENT_ID: ' + CLIENT_ID)
print('CLIENT_SECRET: ' + CLIENT_SECRET)
```

Your credentails:

CLIENT_ID: Y4A0TAYDY23ILH3DR4XZZDYEZDHNECVYXORDA4N4WLLJ3NB
 CLIENT_SECRET: XSI4HLFPMXC1PFUWGYR1U35DVKV0032KWR3FQGGIJINNPEG2

2.c Credentials and Location

Use geopy library to get the latitude and longitude values of Toronto

```
In [77]: address = 'Toronto, Ontario'

geolocator = Nominatim(user_agent="foursquare_agent")
location = geolocator.geocode(address)
latitude = location.latitude
longitude = location.longitude
print('The geograpical coordinate of Toronto are {}, {}'.format(latitude, longitude))
```

The geograpical coordinate of Toronto are 43.6534817, -79.3839347.

2.d Search for hotel & restaurant within 1 KM

```
In [78]: #Querying for hotel & restaurant

qry_hotl = 'hotel'
qry_rst = 'restaurant'

radius = 1000
url_hotel = 'https://api.foursquare.com/v2/venues/search?client_id={}&client_secret={}&v=2&query={}&radius={}'
url_restaurant = 'https://api.foursquare.com/v2/venues/search?client_id={}&client_secret={}&v=2&query={}&radius={}'
#url
```

Send the GET Request of hotel & restaurants and examine the results

```
In [79]: results_hotel = requests.get(url_hotel).json()
results_restaurant = requests.get(url_restaurant).json()
#results_restaurant
```

Get relevant part of JSON and transform it into a pandas dataframes

```
In [80]: # assign relevant part of JSON to venues
venues_hotel = results_hotel['response']['venues']
venues_restaurant = results_restaurant['response']['venues']

# tranform venues into a dataframe and merging both data
df_hotel = json_normalize(venues_hotel)
df_restaurant = json_normalize(venues_restaurant)

df = pd.concat([df_hotel, df_restaurant])

print("There are {} restaurants and hotels at Toronto".format(df.shape[0]))
```

There are 100 restaurants and hotels at Toronto

Define information of interest and filter dataframe

```
In [81]: # keep only columns that include venue name, and anything that is associated with
flt_columns = ['name', 'categories'] + [col for col in df.columns if col.startswith('distance')]
df_flt = df.loc[:, flt_columns]

# function that extracts the category of the venue
def get_category_type(row):
    try:
        categories_list = row['categories']
    except:
        categories_list = row['venue.categories']

    if len(categories_list) == 0:
        return None
    else:
        return categories_list[0]['name']

# filter the category for each row
df_flt['categories'] = df_flt.apply(get_category_type, axis=1)

# clean column names by keeping only last term
df_flt.columns = [column.split('.')[-1] for column in df_flt.columns]

#dataframe_filtered
hotels_df=df_flt[['name','categories','distance','lat','lng','id']]
hotels_df.head()
```

Out[81]:

	name	categories	distance	lat	lng	id
0	Sheraton Centre Toronto Hotel	Hotel	324	43.650594	-79.384530	4ab2d511f964a5209b6c20e3
1	Chelsea Hotel	Hotel	562	43.658498	-79.383097	51d212c3498ebf27dc469bc9
2	One King West Hotel & Residence	Hotel	686	43.649139	-79.377876	4af96fbbf964a520c01122e3
3	The Rex Hotel Jazz & Blues Bar	Jazz Club	499	43.650505	-79.388577	4b68aed1f964a520de862be3
4	The Omni King Edward Hotel	Hotel	797	43.649191	-79.376006	4adf7d0bf964a520127b21e3

```
In [82]: hotels_df.tail()
```

```
Out[82]:
```

	name	categories	distance	lat	lng	id
45	Cru Restaurant	Restaurant	607	43.649820	-79.378350	5c636fa1492814002c0cb117
46	Citrus Restaurant & Lounge @ The Grand Hotel	Lounge	841	43.656273	-79.374221	4fd6c6c1e4b03326d77bd7c8
47	East Restaurant Asian Street Flair	Asian Restaurant	660	43.649985	-79.390563	4ae31ac7f964a520799021e3
48	The Winding Road Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	741	43.656013	-79.392451	5dfaabffbdacac0008c8a53a
49	Zhu's Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	748	43.656277	-79.392393	4b589c8ff964a520396128e3

2.e Location of Hotels

```

In [83]: hotels_map = folium.Map(location=[latitude, longitude], zoom_start=11) # generate

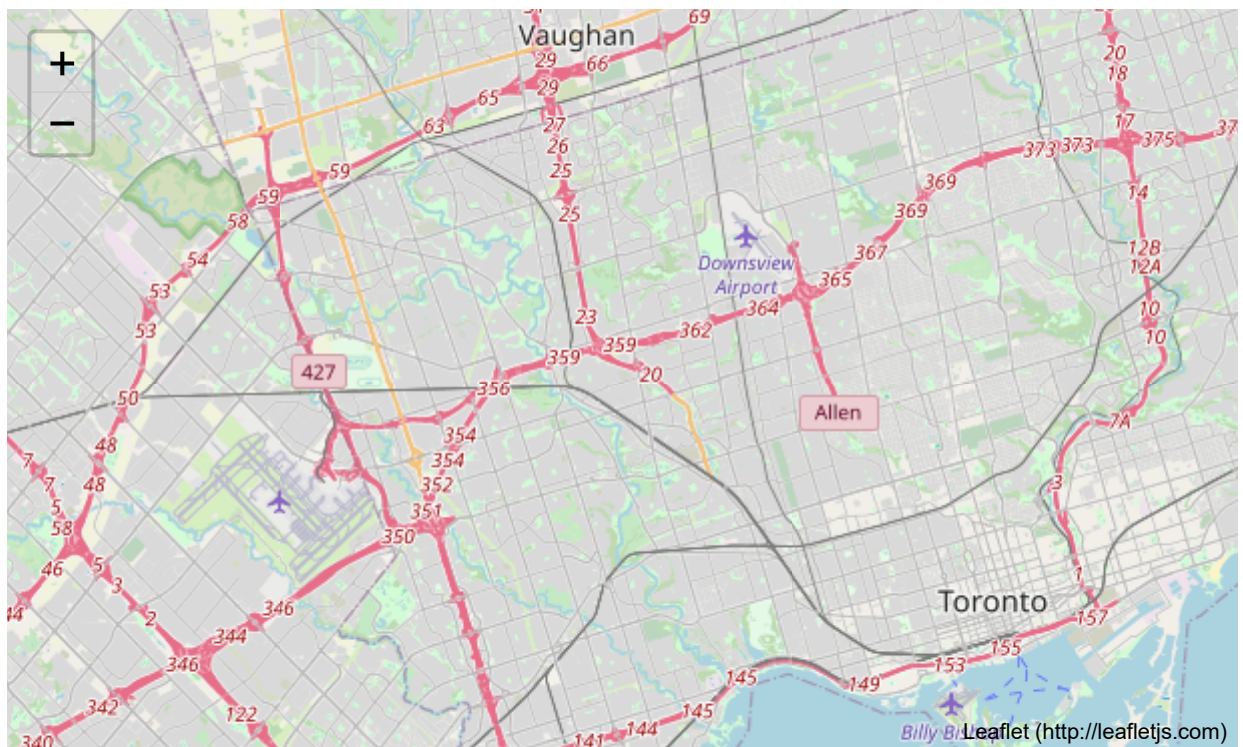
# add a red circle marker to represent the core location of Toronto
folium.features.CircleMarker(
    [latitude, longitude],
    radius=1000,
    color='#3388ff',
    popup='Toronto',
    fill_opacity = 0.7
).add_to(hotels_map)

# add the Italian restaurants as blue circle markers
for lat, lng, label in zip(hotels_df.lat, hotels_df.lng, hotels_df.name):
    folium.features.CircleMarker(
        [lat, lng],
        radius=1000,
        color='#3388ff',
        fill_opacity=0.7
    ).add_to(hotels_map)

# display map
hotels_map

```

Out[83]:



In []: