Quest2

August 27, 2018

1 Quest 2: Regex, Files, Urls

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STUDENT_ID = "35460312"
QUEST_NAME = "QUEST2"
CODING_NAME = "MonsterPeach"
In [1]: #Quest: Regex, Files, Urls
        import re, pytest, requests
        __STUDENT_ID__ = "35460312"
                                            # replace with your 8 digit student id
        __QUEST_NAME__ = "QUEST2"
                                            # QUEST NAME
        __CODING_NAME__ = "MonsterPeach"
                                                   # replace with your coding name - max 15 ch
In [2]: def count_vowels(mystr):
            """return the number of vowels, upper and lowercase a,e,i,o,u in the string
            >>> count_vowels('aaacvemmikkOOzzuU') -> 9
           mystr = mystr.lower()
            vowel_list = re.findall(r'[aiueo]', mystr)
            return len(vowel_list)
In [3]: count_vowels('aaacvemmikk00zzuU')
Out[3]: 9
In [4]: def is_valid_python_hex(mystr):
            """is string a valid hex: begins with 0x and contains only 0-9 and A-F (lower or u_{ij}
             >>> is\_valid\_python\_hex('Ox1A2f') -> True
             >>> is_valid_python_hex('x1A2f') -> False
             >>> is_valid_python_hex('Ox1A2G') -> False
           mystr = mystr.lower()
            if re.match(r'^[0x]{2}[a-f0-9]{4}$', mystr) is None:
                return False
           return True
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In [5]: print(is_valid_python_hex('0x1A2f'))
       print(is_valid_python_hex('x1A2f'))
       print(is_valid_python_hex('0x1A2G'))
True
False
False
In [6]: def has_vowel(mystr):
            HHH
                return True if a vowel upper or lowercase in string
            >>> has_vowel("zcxvsd")
                                       -> False
            >>> has_vowel("vcbxvefjk") -> True
           mystr = mystr.lower()
            if re.search(r'[aiueo]', mystr) is None:
                return False
           return True
In [7]: print(has vowel("zcxvsd"))
       print(has_vowel("vcbxvefjk"))
False
True
In [8]: def is_integer(mystr):
            """ returns True if integer with optional minus sign
            >>> is_integer("2345")
                                      -> True
            >>> is_integer("-192345") -> True
            >>> is_integer("234x5")
                                       -> False
            n n n
            if re.search(r'^[\-]?[0-9]*\$', mystr) is not None:
                return True
            return False
In [9]: print(is_integer("2345"))
       print(is_integer("-192345"))
       print(is_integer("234x5"))
True
True
False
In [10]: def get_extension(mystr):
             """ returns the extension for a filename or 'NONE' if no extension
             >>> get_extension('foo.zip')
                                             -> 'zip'
             >>> get_extension('foo.doc.txt') -> 'txt'
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>>> qet_extension('foozip') -> 'NONE'
             11 11 11
             extension_type = re.search(r'[\.]{1}.\w*\$', mystr)
             if extension type is not None:
                 return extension_type.group(0)[1:]
             return 'NONE'
In [11]: print(get_extension('foo.zip'))
         print(get_extension('foo.doc.txt'))
         print(get_extension('foozip'))
zip
txt
NONE
In [12]: def is number(mystr):
             """ floating point number with optional - sign and optional decimal point
             >>> is_number('234')
                                        -> True
             >>> is_number('-234')
                                         -> True
             >>> is_number('234.')
                                        -> True
             >>> is number('234.999') -> True
             >>> is_number('234.99.77') -> False
             >>> is_number('234a.88') -> False
             if re.search(r'^{(-)}[0-9]*[\.]?[0-9]*[\.]?, mystr) is not None:
                 return True
            return False
In [13]: print(is number('234'))
        print(is_number('-234'))
         print(is number('234.'))
        print(is_number('234.999'))
         print(is_number('234.99.77'))
         print(is_number('234a.88'))
True
True
True
True
False
False
In [14]: def convert_date_format(mystr):
             """ convert date format YYYY-MO-DAY TO MO-DAY-YYYY. If not in date format
                 return "NONE" . Check only 4 digits for year and 2 digits for MO and DAY
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>>> convert_date_format('2018-03-04') -> '03-04-2018'
             >>> convert_date_format('2018.03-04') -> 'NONE'
             >>> convert_date_format('2018-03-054') -> 'NONE'
             return str = 'NONE'
             date\_format = re.search(r'^\d{4}\-\d{2}\-\d{2}\+', mystr)
             if date format is not None:
                 return_str = date_format.group(0)[5:7] + '-' + date_format.group(0)[8:10] + '-
             return return str
In [15]: print(convert_date_format('2018-03-04'))
         print(convert_date_format('2018.03-04'))
         print(convert_date_format('2018-03-054'))
03-04-2018
NONE
NONE
In [16]: #File functions
         def readFileCountLines(filename):
             """use download file from Canvas: pytestFile1.txt - return number of lines
             >>> readFileCountLines('pytestFile1.txt') -> 4
             11 11 11
             with open(filename, 'r') as f:
                 return count = sum(1 for newline in f)
             f.close()
             return return count
In [17]: readFileCountLines('pytestFile1.txt')
Out[17]: 4
In [18]: def readFileCountStringOccurrences(filename, stringval):
             """read file: pyTestFile1.txt - return number of times stringval appears
             >>> readFileCountStringOccurrences('pytestFile1.txt','rollo') -> 3
             11 11 11
             word_count = 0
             with open(filename, 'r') as f:
                 for word in f.read().split():
                     if word.lower() == stringval:
                         word_count += 1
                 f.close()
                 return word_count
In [19]: readFileCountStringOccurrences('pytestFile1.txt','rollo')
Out[19]: 3
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In [20]: def readFileSumDigitsGreaterThanNumber(filename, number):
             """e.g. file = "hello22world2100and18and 1000", number = 999 \rightarrow 3100
              >>> readFileSumDigitsGreaterThanNumber('pytestFile1.txt',15) -> 88
             return num = 0
             with open(filename, 'r') as f:
                 text = f.read().lower()
                 for num in text.split():
                         if num.isdigit() and int(num) > number:
                             return_num += int(num)
                 f.close()
                 return return_num
In [21]: readFileSumDigitsGreaterThanNumber('pytestFile1.txt',15)
Out[21]: 88
In [22]: def remove_all_but_alpha(mystr):
             """ remove all characters that are not alpha a-z A-Z
             >>> remove\_all\_but\_alpha('hey-99-where8isthe**big\_table**') -> 'heywhere<math>isthebigt
             mystr = re.sub(r'[^a-zA-Z]*','', mystr)
             return mystr
In [23]: remove_all_but_alpha('hey-99-where8isthe**big_table**')
Out[23]: 'heywhereisthebigtable'
In [24]: #URL functions
         def readurlCountStringOccurrences(urlname, stringval):
             """return number of times stringval appears in text of url - ignore case
              >>> readurlCountStringOccurrences('http://s2.smu.edu/~coyle/testurls/foo.txt','r
             word_count = 0
             uf = requests.get(urlname).text.split()
             for word in uf:
                 if word.lower() == stringval:
                     word_count += 1
             return word_count
In [25]: readurlCountStringOccurrences('http://s2.smu.edu/~coyle/testurls/foo.txt','rollo')
Out[25]: 3
In [26]: def readurlCountValidPhoneNumbers(urlname):
             """return count of valid phone number formats: no separator, dash separator, peri
             valid: 2126663333, 212-666-3333, 212.666.3333
```