Bokeh

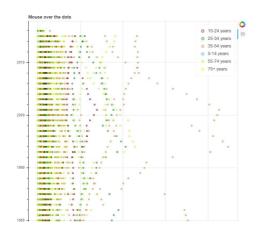
Several Line Plots

```
from bokeh.plotting import figure, output_file, show
# prepare some data
x = [0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0]
y0 = [i**2 \text{ for } i \text{ in } x]
y1 = [10**i \text{ for } i \text{ in } x]
y2 = [10**(i**2) \text{ for i in } x]
# create a new plot
p = figure(
    tools="pan,box_zoom,reset,save",
    y_axis_type="log", y_range=[0.001, 10**11], title="log axis
example".
    x_axis_label='sections', y_axis_label='particles'
# add some renderers
p.line(x, x, legend="y=x")
p.circle(x, x, legend="y=x", fill_color="white", size=8)
p.line(x, y0, legend="y=x^2", line_width=3)
p.line(x, y1, legend="y=10^x", line_color="red")
p.circle(x, y1, legend="y=10^x", fill_color="red", line_color="red", size=6)
p.line(x, y2, legend="y=10^x^2", line_color="orange", line_dash="4 4")
# show the results
show(p)
```

ScatterPlot

```
# bokeh basics
# Create a blank figure with labels
p = figure(plot_width = 600, plot_height = 600,
               title = 'Example Glyphs',
               x_axis_label = 'X', y_axis_label = 'Y'
# Example data
squares_x = [1, 3, 4, 5, 8]
squares_y = [8, 7, 3, 1, 10]
circles_x = [9, 12, 4, 3, 15]
circles_y = [8, 4, 11, 6, 10]
# Add squares glyph
p.square(squares_x, squares_y, size = 12, color = 'navy', alpha = 0.6)
# Add circle glyph
p.circle(circles_x, circles_y, size = 12, color = 'red')
# Set to output the plot in the notebook
output_notebook()
# Show the plot
show(p)
```

```
from bokeh.io import output_notebook
output_notebook()
source = ColumnDataSource(
          data=wh
hover = HoverTool(
          tooltips=[
               ("year", "@year"),
               ("sex", "@sex"),
               ("country", "@country"),
               ("suicides_no","@suicides_no")
p = figure(plot_width=700, plot_height=700, tools=[hover],
              title="Mouse over the dots")
#https://www.kaggle.com/kanncaa1/visualization-bokeh-tutorial-part-1
#https://github.com/bokeh/bokeh/issues/5112
#factors = list(wh.age.unique())
factors = ['5-14 years','15-24 years','25-34 years','35-54 years','55-74 years','75+ years']
colors = ["deepskyblue", "maroon", "green", "peru", "greenyellow", "yellow"]
mapper = CategoricalColorMapper(factors = factors,palette = colors)
p.circle('suicides_no', 'year', size=4, source=source,
     legend='age', fill_alpha=0.2, color = {"field":"age", "transform":mapper})
show(p)
```



WordCloud for text

https://www.datacamp.com/community/tutorials/wordcloud-python

```
text = " ".join(review for review in df.description)
print ("There are {} words in the combination of all review.".format(len(text)))

# Create stopword list:
stopwords = set(STOPWORDS)
stopwords.update(["drink", "now", "wine", "flavor", "flavors"])

# Generate a word cloud image
wordcloud = WordCloud(stopwords=stopwords, background_color="white").generate(text)

# Display the generated image:
```

```
# the matplotlib way:
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis("off")
plt.show()
```

Pandas Bokeh

Libraries

!pip install pandas-bokeh

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import pandas_bokeh
pandas_bokeh.output_notebook()
pd.set_option('plotting.backend', 'pandas_bokeh')
# Create Bokeh-Table with DataFrame:
from bokeh.models.widgets import DataTable, TableColumn
from bokeh.models import ColumnDataSource
```

Line Graph / Line Graph (rangetools) / Step Plot

```
# Line graph using Range Tools
```

Step plot

```
figsize=(1000,800),
fontsize_title=20,
fontsize_label=20,
fontsize_ticks=20,
fontsize_legend=8,
)
```

```
Bar Graph
# Bar Graph (with x = 'time series / date')
df_line.plot_bokeh(kind="bar",title ="India - Power Consumption Regionwise",figsize =(1000,800),xlabel =
"Date", ylabel="MU(millions of units)")
# Bar Graph (with x =  'categorical variable')
data = {
     'Cars':
     ['Maruti Suzuki', 'Honda', 'Toyota', 'Hyundai', 'Benz', 'BMW'],
     '2018': [20000, 15722, 4340, 38000, 2890, 412],
     '2019': [19000, 13700, 340, 31200, 290, 234],
     '2020': [23456, 15891, 440, 36700, 890, 417]
df = pd.DataFrame(data).set_index("Cars")
p_bar = df.plot_bokeh.bar(
     ylabel="Price per Unit",
     title="Car Units sold per Year",
     alpha=0.6)
# Stacked Bar Plot
data = {
     'Cars':
     ['Maruti Suzuki', 'Honda', 'Toyota', 'Hyundai', 'Benz', 'BMW'],
     '2018': [20000, 15722, 4340, 38000, 2890, 412],
     '2019': [19000, 13700, 340, 31200, 290, 234],
     '2020': [23456, 15891, 440, 36700, 890, 417]
df = pd.DataFrame(data).set_index("Cars")
stacked_bar = df.plot_bokeh.bar(
     ylabel="Price per Unit",
     title="Car Units sold per Year",
     stacked=True,
     alpha=0.6)
# Horizontal Bar Plot
(same df as previous bar plot example of cars)
#Reset index, such that "Cars" is now a column of the DataFrame:
df.reset_index(inplace=True)
#Create horizontal bar (via kind keyword):
p_hbar = df.plot_bokeh(
     kind="barh",
     x="Cars",
     ylabel="Price per Unit",
     title="Car Units sold per Year",
```

```
alpha=0.6,
legend = "bottom_right",
show_figure=False)

#Create stacked horizontal bar (via barh accessor):
stacked_hbar = df.plot_bokeh.barh(
    x="Cars",
    stacked=True,
    ylabel="Price per Unit",
    title="Car Units sold per Year",
    alpha=0.6,
    legend = "bottom_right",
    show_figure=False)

Scatter / Point Plot

# Pointplot 1

df_line.plot_bokeh(kind="point",title ="India - Power Consumption Regionwise",figsize =(1000,800),xlabel =
```

```
"Date", ylabel="MU(millions of units)")
# PointPlot 2
df_line.plot_bokeh.point(
     x=df.Date,
     xticks=range(0,1),
     size=5,
     colormap=["#009933", "#ff3399", "#ae0399", "#220111", "#890300"],
     title=" Point Plot - India Power Consumption",
     fontsize_title=20,
     marker = "x", figsize = (1000, 800))
# Scatter
df = pd.read_csv("../input/iris/Iris.csv")
df = df.sample(frac=1)
data_table = DataTable(
     columns=[TableColumn(field=Ci, title=Ci) for Ci in df.columns],
     source=ColumnDataSource(df),
     height=300,
# Create Scatterplot:
p_scatter = df.plot_bokeh.scatter(
    x="PetalLengthCm",
     y="SepalWidthCm",
     category="Species",
     title="Iris DataSet Visualization",
     show_figure=False
# Combine Table and Scatterplot via grid layout:
pandas_bokeh.plot_grid([[data_table, p_scatter]], plot_width=400, plot_height=350)
```

Histogram

```
df_line.plot_bokeh(kind="hist",title ="India - Power Consumption Regionwise",
figsize =(1000,800),
xlabel = "Date",
```

```
ylabel="MU(millions of units)"
```