

Code Repository Documentation

Repository: src

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```

1  #!/usr/bin/env node
2
3  import { Command, OptionValues } from 'commander';
4  import path from 'path';
5  import fs from 'fs-extra';
6  import { run } from './main';
7  import { logger } from './utils/logger';
8  import { PdfOptions } from './utils/types';
9  import { themes } from './utils/themes'; // Import available themes for validation
10
11  /**
12   * Reads the package version from package.json.
13   * Handles potential errors during file reading.
14   * @returns The package version string or a fallback.
15   */
16  function getPackageVersion(): string {
17      let packageVersion = '0.0.0'; // Default fallback version
18      try {
19          // Resolve path relative to the executing JS file (expected in dist/)
20          const packageJsonPath = path.resolve(__dirname, '..', 'package.json');
21          if (fs.existsSync(packageJsonPath)) {
22              const packageJson = fs.readJsonSync(packageJsonPath);
23              packageVersion = packageJson.version || packageVersion;
24          } else {
25              // This might happen during development if 'dist' doesn't exist yet
26              logger.debug(`package.json not found at expected path:
-> ${packageJsonPath}`);
27          }
28          } catch (error) {
29              // Log warning but don't crash if package.json is unreadable
30              logger.warn(`Could not read package.json: ${((error as Error).message)}`);
31          }
32          return packageVersion;
33      }
34
35  /**
36   * Creates and configures the Commander program for the CLI, defining arguments
-> and options.
37   * @returns The configured Commander program instance.
38   */
39  function setupCli(): Command {
40      const program = new Command();
41      const packageVersion = getPackageVersion();
42
43      program
44          .name('codepdf')
45          .description(
-> 'Convert code repositories or directories to beautiful PDFs with syntax highlight
-> ing.')
46          .version(packageVersion)
47          .argument('<repository-path>',
-> 'Path to the code repository or directory to process')
48          .option('-o, --output <path>', 'Output path for the generated PDF file.',

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-> 'code-output.pdf')
49     .option('-t, --title <title>', 'Title for the PDF document cover page.',
-> 'Code Repository Documentation')
50     .option('-f, --font-size <size>', 'Font size (in points) for code blocks.'
-> , '9')
51     .option('--theme <name>', `Syntax highlighting theme (available: ${Object
-> .keys(themes).join(', ')}).`, 'light')
52
-> // Default is true, --no-line-numbers flag makes it false via Commander's boolean
-> handling
53     .option('--line-numbers', 'Show line numbers in code blocks (default).',
-> true)
54     .option('--no-line-numbers', 'Hide line numbers in code blocks.')
55     .option('--paper-size <size>',
-> 'Paper size (A4, Letter, or width,height in points e.g., "595.28,841.89").', 'A4'
-> )
56     .option('-v, --verbose', 'Enable verbose (debug) logging output.', false)
57     .action(runCliAction); // Delegate the core logic to the action function
58
59     return program;
60 }
61
62 /**
63  * Validates parsed command-line options and constructs the PdfOptions object.
64  * Logs errors and exits the process with code 1 if validation fails.
65  * @param repoPathArg The repository path argument provided by the user.
66  * @param options The parsed options object from Commander.
67  * @returns A Promise resolving to an object containing the validated PdfOptions
-> and the resolved repository path.
68  */
69 async function validateAndPrepareOptions(repoPathArg: string, options: OptionValues
-> ): Promise<{ resolvedRepoPath: string; pdfOptions: PdfOptions }> {
70     // Set logger verbosity based on the --verbose flag
71     logger.setVerbose(options.verbose);
72
73     // Resolve paths to absolute paths for consistency
74     const resolvedRepoPath = path.resolve(process.cwd(), repoPathArg);
-> // Resolve relative to current working directory
75     const resolvedOutputPath = path.resolve(process.cwd(), options.output);
76
77     logger.info(`Input path resolved to: ${resolvedRepoPath}`);
78     logger.info(`Output path resolved to: ${resolvedOutputPath}`);
79
80     // --- Validate Input Path ---
81     try {
82         const stats = await fs.stat(resolvedRepoPath);
83         if (!stats.isDirectory()) {
84             logger.error(`L Input path must be a directory${resolvedRepoPath}`);
85             process.exit(1); // Exit on validation failure
86         }
87     } catch (error) {
88         logger.error(`L Cannot access input path${resolvedRepoPath}`);
89         if ((error as NodeJS.ErrnoException).code === 'ENOENT') {

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90         logger.error("    Reason: Path does not exist.");
91     } else {
92         logger.error(`    Reason: ${error as Error}.message`);
93     }
94     process.exit(1); // Exit on validation failure
95 }
96
97 // --- Validate Theme ---
98 const themeName = options.theme.toLowerCase();
99 if (!themes[themeName]) {
100     logger.error(`L Invalid theme specified:${options.theme}`);
101     logger.error(`    Available themes: ${Object.keys(themes).join(', ')} `);
102     process.exit(1); // Exit on validation failure
103 }
104
105 // --- Parse and Validate Paper Size ---
106 let paperSizeOption: PdfOptions['paperSize'];
107 const paperSizeInput = options.paperSize;
108 if (paperSizeInput.includes(',')) {
109     const dims = paperSizeInput.split(',').map(Number);
110     if (dims.length === 2 && !isNaN(dims[0]) && !isNaN(dims[1]) && dims[0] > 0
-> && dims[1] > 0) {
111         paperSizeOption = [dims[0], dims[1]];
112         logger.debug(`Using custom paper size: ${dims[0]}x${dims[1]} points.`);
113     } else {
114         logger.error(`L Invalid custom paper size format:${paperSizeInput}
-> ". Use "width,height" in positive points (e.g., "595.28,841.89").`);
115         process.exit(1); // Exit on validation failure
116     }
117 } else if (paperSizeInput.toUpperCase() === 'A4' || paperSizeInput.toUpperCase
-> () === 'LETTER') {
118     paperSizeOption = paperSizeInput.toUpperCase() as 'A4' | 'Letter';
119     logger.debug(`Using standard paper size: ${paperSizeOption}`);
120 } else {
121     logger.error(`L Invalid paper size name:${paperSizeInput}
-> ". Use "A4", "Letter", or "width,height".`);
122     process.exit(1); // Exit on validation failure
123 }
124
125 // --- Parse and Validate Font Size ---
126 const fontSize = parseInt(options.fontSize, 10);
127 // Add reasonable bounds check for font size
128 if (isNaN(fontSize) || fontSize <= 2 || fontSize > 72) {
129     logger.error(`L Invalid font size:${options.fontSize}
-> ". Must be a positive number (e.g., 8-14 recommended).`);
130     process.exit(1); // Exit on validation failure
131 }
132
133 // --- Construct Final Options Object ---
134 const pdfOptions: PdfOptions = {
135     output: resolvedOutputPath,
136     title: options.title,
137     fontSize: fontSize,

```

```

138
139     // Commander automatically handles boolean flags like --line-numbers / --no-line-
140     // numbers
141     showLineNumbers: options.lineNumbers,
142     theme: themeName,
143     paperSize: paperSizeOption,
144
145     // Define sensible defaults for layout - could be made configurable if needed
146     margins: { top: 50, right: 40, bottom: 50, left: 40 },
147     headerHeight: 25, // Space reserved for header (file path)
148     footerHeight: 25, // Space reserved for footer (page number)
149     tocTitle: "Table of Contents",
150     codeFont: 'Courier', // Standard monospace PDF font (widely available)
151     textFont: 'Helvetica' // Standard sans-serif PDF font (widely available)
152   };
153
154   // Return validated options and resolved path
155   return { resolvedRepoPath, pdfOptions };
156 }
157
158 /**
159  * The main action function executed by Commander when the CLI command is run.
160  * It orchestrates option validation and calls the core application logic (`run`).
161  * Handles top-level errors and sets the process exit code appropriately.
162  * @param repoPathArg The repository path argument provided by the user.
163  * @param options The parsed options object from Commander.
164  */
165 async function runCliAction(repoPathArg: string, options: OptionValues): Promise<
166 void> {
167   try {
168     // Validate inputs and prepare the options object needed by the core logic
169     const { resolvedRepoPath, pdfOptions } = await validateAndPrepareOptions
170 (repoPathArg, options);
171
172     // Execute the main application logic from main.ts
173     await run(resolvedRepoPath, pdfOptions);
174
175     // If 'run' completes without throwing, log final success message
176     logger.info("' Process completed successfully)");
177
178   } catch (error) {
179     // Catch errors propagated from 'run' or validation steps
180     // Specific error messages should have already been logged by the logger
181     logger.error("'L Process failed due to an error)");
182     // Ensure the node process exits with a non-zero code to indicate failure
183     process.exitCode = 1;
184   }
185 }
186
187 // --- Execute CLI ---
188 /**
189  * Entry point check: Only run the CLI setup and parsing logic

```

```
186  * if this script is the main module being executed (i.e., not imported elsewhere).
187  */
188  if (require.main === module) {
189      const cli = setupCli();
190      cli.parse(process.argv); // Parse command-line arguments and execute action
191  } else {
192      // This block usually won't run when executed as a CLI tool,
193      // but useful if exporting setupCli for testing.
194      logger.debug("CLI setup skipped (not main module).");
195  }
196
```

```

1  import path from 'path';
2  import fs from 'fs-extra';
->  // Using fs-extra for convenience like pathExists, readFile, stat
3  import { glob } from 'glob';
4  import ignore, { Ignore } from 'ignore';
->  // Note: 'ignore' package includes its own types
5  import { logger } from './utils/logger';
6  import { FileInfo } from './utils/types';
7
8  /**
9   * Set of common binary file extensions to exclude from processing.
10  * This list can be expanded based on typical project structures.
11  */
12  const BINARY_EXTENSIONS = new Set([
13      // Images
14      'png', 'jpg', 'jpeg', 'gif', 'bmp', 'tiff', 'webp', 'ico',
15      // Audio
16      'mp3', 'wav', 'ogg', 'flac', 'aac', 'm4a',
17      // Video
18      'mp4', 'avi', 'mov', 'wmv', 'mkv', 'webm', 'flv',
19      // Documents
20      'pdf', 'doc', 'docx', 'xls', 'xlsx', 'ppt', 'pptx', 'odt', 'ods', 'odp',
21      // Archives
22      'zip', 'rar', 'gz', 'tar', '7z', 'bz2', 'xz', 'iso', 'dmg',
23      // Executables & Libraries
24      'exe', 'dll', 'so', 'dylib', 'app', 'msi', 'deb', 'rpm',
25      // Compiled code / Intermediate files
26      'o', 'a', 'obj', 'class', 'pyc', 'pyd', 'jar', 'war', 'ear',
27      // Fonts
28      'ttf', 'otf', 'woff', 'woff2', 'eot',
29      // Databases
30      'db', 'sqlite', 'sqlite3', 'mdb', 'accdb', 'dump', 'sqllitedb',
31      // Other common non-text files
32      'lock',
->  // Lock files (e.g., package-lock.json is text, but yarn.lock might be handled di
->  fferently)
33      'log', // Log files (often large and not source code)
34      'svg',
->  // Often treated as code, but can be large assets; exclude for safety unless need
->  ed
35      'DS_Store', // macOS metadata
36      'bin', // Generic binary extension
37      'dat', // Generic data extension
38      // Add more as needed
39  ]);
40
41  /**
42   * Glob patterns for files/directories to always ignore, regardless of .gitignore
->  content.
43   * Uses gitignore pattern syntax. Ensures
->  common build artifacts, dependencies, and metadata are skipped.
44   */
45  const ALWAYS_IGNORE = [

```



```

46     '**/node_modules/**',
47     '**/.git/**',
48     '**/.svn/**',
49     '**/.hg/**',
50     '**/.bzip/**',
51     '**/.DS_Store',
52     // Common build/output directories
53     '**/dist/**',
54     '**/build/**',
55     '**/out/**',
56     '**/target/**', // Java/Rust common target dir
57     '**/.next/**', // Next.js build output
58     '**/.nuxt/**', // Nuxt.js build output
59     '**/.svelte-kit/**', // SvelteKit build output
60     // Common dependency/cache directories
61     '**/bower_components/**',
62     '**/jspm_packages/**',
63     '**/vendor/**', // PHP Composer, Go modules etc.
64     '**/.cache/**',
65     '**/.npm/**',
66     '**/.yarn/**',
67     // Common IDE/Editor directories
68     '**/.vscode/**',
69     '**/.idea/**',
70     '**/*.swp', // Vim swap files
71     '**/*.swo', // Vim swap files
72     '**/.project', // Eclipse
73     '**/.settings', // Eclipse
74     '**/.classpath', // Eclipse
75     // Common OS/Tooling files
76     '**/Thumbs.db',
77     '**/.env', // Environment variables often contain secrets
78     '**/.env.*',
79     // Common log/report directories
80     '**/logs/**',
81     '**/coverage/**',
82     '**/report*/**', // Common report directories
83 ];
84
85 /**
86  * Checks if file content appears to be binary.
87  * This is a heuristic based on the presence of null bytes, which are uncommon in
-> UTF-8 text files.
88  * @param content The file content as a string.
89  * @returns True if the content likely contains binary data, false otherwise.
90  */
91 function isLikelyBinary(content: string): boolean {
92     // A simple check for the NULL character (\u0000).
93     // While not foolproof, it catches many common binary file types.
94     return content.includes('\u0000');
95 }
96
97 /**

```

```

98  * Asynchronously reads and parses all relevant .gitignore
->  files within a repository path.
99  * Handles nested .gitignore
->  files and correctly interprets paths relative to their location.
100 * @param repoPath The absolute path to the repository root.
101 * @param ig The `ignore` instance to add the loaded rules to.
102 */
103 async function loadGitignoreRules(repoPath: string, ig: Ignore): Promise<void> {
104
->  // Find all .gitignore files, excluding globally ignored directories for efficien
->  cy
105    const gitignoreFiles = await glob('**/.gitignore', {
106      cwd: repoPath,
107      absolute: true,
108      dot: true,
109      ignore: ALWAYS_IGNORE,
110      follow: false, // Do not follow symlinks
111    });
112
113    logger.debug(`Found ${gitignoreFiles.length} .gitignore files to process.`);
114
115    // Process each found .gitignore file
116    for (const gitignorePath of gitignoreFiles) {
117      try {
118        // Double-check existence in case glob found a broken link etc.
119        if (await fs.pathExists(gitignorePath)) {
120          const content = await fs.readFile(gitignorePath, 'utf-8');
121
122          // Determine the directory of the .gitignore relative to the repo root
123          const relativeDir = path.dirname(path.relative
->  (repoPath, gitignorePath));
124
125          // Parse lines, handling comments, empty lines, and path relativity
126          const rules = content.split(/\r?\n/).map(line => {
127            const trimmedLine = line.trim();
128            // Ignore comments (#) and empty lines
129            if (!trimmedLine || trimmedLine.startsWith('#')) {
130              return ''; // Return empty string for filtering
131            }
132            // Handle paths relative to the .gitignore file's location
133
134            // If a pattern doesn't start with '/' and the .gitignore isn't in the root, prep
135            // end its directory.
136            // This matches standard gitignore behavior.
137            if (!trimmedLine.startsWith('/') && relativeDir !== '.') {
138              // Handle negation patterns (!) correctly by prepending dir *after* the '!'
139              if (trimmedLine.startsWith('!')) {
140                // Use path.posix.join for consistent forward slashes
141                return '!' + path.posix.join(relativeDir, trimmedLine.

```

```

141         }
142     }
143
144     -> // Use the line as is (it's absolute from repo root, or relativity handled)
145
146     -> // Ensure forward slashes for consistency with 'ignore' package expectations
147         return trimmedLine.replace(/\\/g, '/');
148     }).filter(Boolean);
149
150     -> // Remove empty strings from comments/blank lines
151
152         // Add the parsed rules to the ignore instance
153         if (rules.length > 0) {
154             ig.add(rules);
155             logger.debug(`Loaded ${rules.length} rules from:
156     ${gitignorePath}`);
157         }
158     }
159     } catch (error) {
160
161     -> // Log errors reading/parsing specific gitignore files but continue processing ot
162     -> hers
163         logger.warn(`Failed to read or parse .gitignore file ${gitignorePath}:
164     ${error as Error}.message`);
165     }
166 }
167
168 /**
169  * Finds relevant code files within a given repository path.
170  * It respects .gitignore
171  * -> rules, filters out binary files, skips overly large files,
172  * and ignores common non-code directories/files.
173  * @param repoPath The absolute path to the repository root directory.
174  * @returns A promise resolving to an array of FileInfo objects for
175  * -> included files, sorted alphabetically.
176  * @throws An error if the initial path cannot be accessed or is not a directory.
177  */
178 export async function findCodeFiles(repoPath: string): Promise<FileInfo[]> {
179     logger.info(`Scanning directory: ${repoPath}`);
180
181     // --- 1. Validate repoPath ---
182     try {
183         const stats = await fs.stat(repoPath);
184         if (!stats.isDirectory()) {
185             // Throw a specific error if the path isn't a directory
186             throw new Error(`Input path is not a directory: ${repoPath}`);
187         }
188     } catch (error) {
189         logger.error(`Error accessing input path ${repoPath}: ${error as Error
190     }.message`);
191         // Re-throw the error to halt execution if the path is invalid
192         throw error;
193     }

```

```

184
185 // --- 2. Initialize ignore instance and load rules ---
186 const ig = ignore();
187 ig.add(ALWAYS_IGNORE); // Add global ignores first
188 await loadGitignoreRules(repoPath, ig); // Load all .gitignore rules
189
190 // --- 3. Find all potential files using glob ---
191 // Use stat:true to get file size efficiently during globbing
192 const allFilePaths = await glob('**/*', {
193     cwd: repoPath,
194     absolute: true,
195     nodir: true, // Only files
196     dot: true, // Include dotfiles
197     follow: false, // Don't follow symlinks
198     ignore: ['**/node_modules/**', '**/.git/**'],
199     // Basic ignore for glob performance; main filtering is below
200     stat: true, // Request stats object for size check
201     withFileTypes: false,
202     // Paths are sufficient with absolute:true and nodir:true
203 });
204
205 logger.info(`Found ${allFilePaths.length} total file system entries initially.`);
206
207 // --- 4. Filter and process files ---
208 const includedFiles: FileInfo[] = [];
209 const fileSizeLimit = 10 * 1024 * 1024; // 10 MB limit (configurable?)
210
211 // Process files potentially in parallel
212 await Promise.all(allFilePaths.map(async (globResult) => {
213     // The result from glob with stat:true is an object with a path property
214
215     // However, type definitions might be simpler; cast or check type if needed.
216
217     // For simplicity, assuming it returns path strings or objects easily usable.
218
219     // Let's assume globResult is the path string here for clarity. Adjust if types differ.
220
221     const absolutePath = globResult as string;
222     // Adjust based on actual glob return type with stat:true
223     const relativePath = path.relative(repoPath, absolutePath).replace(/\\/g, '/'); // Ensure forward slashes
224
225     // --- Filtering Logic ---
226     // a) Skip if ignored by .gitignore or global rules
227     if (ig.ignores(relativePath)) {
228         logger.debug(`Ignoring (gitignore/always): ${relativePath}`);
229         return;
230     }
231
232     // b) Skip binary files based on extension
233     const extension = path.extname(absolutePath).substring(1).toLowerCase();
234     if (BINARY_EXTENSIONS.has(extension)) {

```

```

228         logger.debug(`Ignoring (binary extension): ${relativePath}`);
229         return;
230     }
231
232     // c) Read file content and perform content-based checks
233     try {
234         // Get stats (might be redundant if glob provides reliable stats)
235         const stats = await fs.stat(absolutePath);
236
237         // d) Skip overly large files
238         if (stats.size > fileSizeLimit) {
239             logger.warn(`Ignoring (large file > ${fileSizeLimit / 1024 / 1024}
-> MB): ${relativePath}`);
240             return;
241         }
242         // e) Skip empty files
243         if (stats.size === 0) {
244             logger.debug(`Ignoring (empty file): ${relativePath}`);
245             return;
246         }
247
248         // f) Read content and check for binary markers
249         const content = await fs.readFile(absolutePath, 'utf-8');
250         if (isLikelyBinary(content)) {
251             logger.debug(`Ignoring (likely binary content): ${relativePath}`);
252             return;
253         }
254
255         // --- Add to included list ---
256         // If all checks pass, create FileInfo object
257         includedFiles.push({
258             absolutePath,
259             relativePath,
260             content,
261             extension,
262             language: '', // Language detection is done later
263         });
264     } catch (error) {
265         // Catch errors during stat or readFile (permissions, non-UTF8, etc.)
266         logger.warn(`Could not read or process file ${relativePath}
-> (skipping): ${(error as Error).message}`);
267     }
268     }); // End Promise.all map
269
270     // --- 5. Sort results and return ---
271     // Sort alphabetically by relative path for consistent PDF output order
272     includedFiles.sort((a, b) => a.relativePath.localeCompare(b.relativePath));
273
274     logger.success(`Found ${includedFiles.length}
-> relevant text files to include in the PDF.`);
275     return includedFiles;
276 }
277

```

278

```

1  import path from 'path';
2  import { findCodeFiles } from './file-finder';
3  import { highlightCode } from './syntax-highlighter';
4  import { generatePdf } from './pdf-renderer';
5  import { PdfOptions, HighlightedFile, FileInfo } from './utils/types';
6  import { getTheme } from './utils/themes';
7  import { logger } from './utils/logger';
8
9  /**
10   * Main orchestration function for the codepdf tool.
11   * Takes the repository path and PDF options, finds files, highlights them,
12   * and generates the final PDF document. Handles top-level errors.
13   *
14   * @param repoPath Absolute path to the repository/directory to process.
15   * @param options PDF generation options derived from CLI arguments.
16   * @returns A Promise
17   *   that resolves when the process is complete or rejects on critical error.
18   * @throws Propagates errors from file finding or PDF generation stages if
19   *   they are not handled internally.
20   */
21 // *** Added 'export' keyword here ***
22 export async function run(repoPath: string, options: PdfOptions): Promise<void> {
23   logger.info(`Starting processing for repository: ${repoPath}`);
24   logger.info(`Output PDF will be saved to: ${options.output}`);
25   logger.info(`Using Theme: ${options.theme}, Font Size: ${options.fontSize}
26   pt, Line Numbers: ${options.showLineNumbers}`);
27
28   try {
29     // --- Step 1: Find relevant code files ---
30     logger.info("Scanning for code files...");
31     const filesToProcess: FileInfo[] = await findCodeFiles(repoPath);
32
33     // If no files are found, log a warning and exit gracefully.
34     if (filesToProcess.length === 0) {
35       logger.warn(
36         "No relevant code files found in the specified path. Nothing to generate.");
37       return; // Exit the function successfully, nothing more to do.
38     }
39     logger.info(`Found ${filesToProcess.length} files to process.`);
40
41     // --- Step 2: Load the selected syntax theme ---
42     const theme = getTheme(options.theme);
43     logger.info(`Using theme: ${options.theme}`);
44     // Log the name provided by the user
45
46     // --- Step 3: Apply syntax highlighting ---
47     logger.info("Applying syntax highlighting to files...");
48     const highlightStartTime = Date.now();
49
50     // Process highlighting for each file, handling individual file errors
51     const highlightedFiles: HighlightedFile[] = filesToProcess.map(fileInfo =>
52   {
53     try {

```

```

48         // Attempt to highlight the code for the current file
49         return highlightCode(fileInfo, theme);
50     } catch (highlightError) {
51         // Catch and log errors during highlighting of a single file
52         logger.error(`Failed to highlight ${fileInfo.relativePath}:
-> ${((highlightError as Error).message)}`);
53
54         // Return a fallback structure for this file to prevent crashing PDF generation
55         // The content will appear unhighlighted in the PDF.
56         return {
57             ...fileInfo,
58             language: 'plaintext', // Mark as plaintext due to error
59             highlightedLines: fileInfo.content.split(/\r?\n/).map((
-> line, index) => ({
60                 lineNumber: index + 1,
61                 tokens: [{ text: line, color: theme.defaultColor,
-> fontStyle: 'normal' }],
62             })),
63         };
64     });
65     const highlightEndTime = Date.now();
66     logger.info(`Syntax highlighting complete (
-> ${((highlightEndTime - highlightStartTime) / 1000).toFixed(2)}s.`);
67
68
69     // --- Step 4: Generate the PDF document ---
70     logger.info("Generating PDF document...");
71     const repoName = path.basename(repoPath);
72     // Use directory name for cover page context
73
74     // generatePdf handles its own success/error logging for the final PDF generation
75     // step
76     await generatePdf(highlightedFiles, options, theme, repoName);
77
78     } catch (error) {
79         // Catch critical errors (e.g., from file finding, PDF stream setup)
80         logger.error(`! An unexpected critical error occurred during the process!`);
81         logger.error((error as Error).message);
82         // Log the stack trace if verbose mode is enabled for detailed debugging
83         if (logger.isVerbose()) {
84             console.error("Stack Trace:");
85             console.error((error as Error).stack);
86         }
87         // Re-throw the error so the calling context (CLI) knows about the failure
88         // and can set the appropriate exit code.
89         throw error;
90     }

```



```

1  import PDFDocument from 'pdfkit';
2  import fs from 'fs-extra';
3  import path from 'path';
4  import { HighlightedFile, HighlightedLine, HighlightedToken, PdfOptions,
->   SyntaxTheme } from './utils/types';
5  import { logger } from './utils/logger';
6
7  // --- Constants ---
8  const POINTS_PER_INCH = 72;
9  /** Multiplier for calculating line height based on font size for code blocks. */
10 const DEFAULT_LINE_HEIGHT_MULTIPLIER = 1.4;
11
12 /** Indentation (in points) for file names under directory names in the Table of
-> Contents. */
13 const TOC_INDENT = 20;
14 /** Number of spaces used for indenting wrapped lines of code. */
15 const WRAP_INDENT_MULTIPLIER = 2;
16 /** Padding (in points) around the dot leader in the Table of Contents. */
17 const TOC_DOT_PADDING = 5;
18
19 /** Padding (in points) inside the code block container (around text, line number
-> s). */
20 const CODE_BLOCK_PADDING = 10;
21 /** Character(s) used to indicate a wrapped line in the line number gutter. */
22 const WRAP_INDICATOR = '->'; // Using simple ASCII
23
24 // --- Helper Functions ---
25
26 /**
27  * Converts standard paper size names ('A4', 'Letter') or a [width, height] array
28  * into PDF point dimensions [width, height]. Validates input and defaults to A4
29  * on error.
30  * @param size The paper size specified in PdfOptions.
31  * @returns A tuple [width, height] in PDF points.
32  */
33 function getPaperSizeInPoints(size: PdfOptions['paperSize']): [number, number] {
34   if (Array.isArray(size)) {
35     // Validate custom size array
36     if (size.length === 2 && typeof size[0] === 'number' && typeof size[1] ===
-> 'number' && size[0] > 0 && size[1] > 0) {
37       return size;
38     } else {
39       logger.warn(`Invalid custom paper size array: [${size.join(', ')}]
-> . Falling back to A4.`);
40       return [595.28, 841.89]; // Default to A4
41     }
42   }
43   // Handle standard size names
44   switch (size?.toUpperCase()) { // Add safe navigation for size
45     case 'LETTER':
46       return [8.5 * POINTS_PER_INCH, 11 * POINTS_PER_INCH];
47     case 'A4':
48       return [595.28, 841.89]; // A4 dimensions in points

```

```

46         default:
47
48         // Log warning and default to A4 if string is unrecognized or null/undefined
49         logger.warn(`Unrecognized paper size string: "${size}"
50         ". Falling back to A4.`);
51         return [595.28, 841.89];
52     }
53 }
54
55 /**
56  * Calculates the available vertical space (in points) for content on a page,
57  * excluding margins, header, and footer. Ensures result is non-negative.
58  * @param doc The active PDFDocument instance.
59  * @param options The PDF generation options.
60  * @returns The calculated content height in points.
61  */
62 function getContentHeight(doc: PDFKit.PDFDocument, options: PdfOptions): number {
63     const pageHeight = doc.page.height; // Use current page height
64     const calculatedHeight = pageHeight - options.margins.top - options.margins.
65     bottom - options.headerHeight - options.footerHeight;
66     return Math.max(0, calculatedHeight); // Ensure non-negative height
67 }
68
69 /**
70  * Calculates the available horizontal space (in points) for content on a page,
71  * excluding left and right margins. Ensures result is non-negative.
72  * @param doc The active PDFDocument instance.
73  * @param options The PDF generation options.
74  * @returns The calculated content width in points.
75  */
76 function getContentWidth(doc: PDFKit.PDFDocument, options: PdfOptions): number {
77     const pageWidth = doc.page.width; // Use current page width
78     const calculatedWidth = pageWidth - options.margins.left - options.margins.
79     right;
80     return Math.max(0, calculatedWidth); // Ensure non-negative width
81 }
82
83 // --- PDF Rendering Sections ---
84
85 /**
86  * Adds a cover page to the PDF document. Includes basic error handling.
87  * @param doc The active PDFDocument instance.
88  * @param options The PDF generation options.
89  * @param repoName The name of
90  * the repository being processed, displayed on the cover.
91  */
92 function addCoverPage(doc: PDFKit.PDFDocument, options: PdfOptions, repoName:
93 string): void {
94     try {
95         doc.addPage({ margins: options.margins });
96         // Add page with specified margins
97         const contentWidth = getContentWidth(doc, options);

```

```

92     const pageHeight = doc.page.height;
93     const topMargin = doc.page.margins.top;
94     const bottomMargin = doc.page.margins.bottom;
95     const availableHeight = pageHeight - topMargin - bottomMargin;
96
97     // Position elements vertically relative to available height
98     const titleY = topMargin + availableHeight * 0.2;
99     const repoY = titleY + 50; // Adjust spacing as needed
100    const dateY = repoY + 30;
101
102    // Title
103    doc.font(options.textFont + '-Bold')
104      .fontSize(24)
105      .text(options.title, doc.page.margins.left, titleY, {
106        align: 'center',
107        width: contentWidth
108      });
109
110    // Repository Name
111    doc.font(options.textFont)
112      .fontSize(16)
113      .text(`Repository: ${repoName}`, doc.page.margins.left, repoY, {
114        align: 'center',
115        width: contentWidth
116      });
117
118    // Generation Date
119    doc.font(options.textFont) // Reset font style
120      .fontSize(12)
121      .fillColor('#555555') // Use a less prominent color
122      .text(`Generated: ${new Date().toLocaleString()}`, doc.page.margins.left
->    , dateY, {
123        align: 'center',
124        width: contentWidth
125      });
126
->    // *** REMOVED problematic line: doc.fillColor(theme.defaultColor || '#000000');
->    ***
127
128    logger.info('Added cover page.');
```

```

129    } catch (error) {
130      logger.error(`Failed to add cover page: ${(error as Error).message}`);
131      // Decide if this error should halt the process or just be logged
132    }
133  }
134
135  /**
136   * Adds a Table of Contents (TOC) page(s) to the PDF document.
137   * Groups files by directory, estimates page numbers, and renders the list with
->    dot leaders.
138   * Handles page breaks within the TOC itself.
139   * @param doc The active PDFDocument instance.
140   * @param files An array of `HighlightedFile` objects to include in the TOC.
```

```

141  * @param options The PDF generation options.
142  * @param theme The active syntax theme (used for text colors).
143  * @param pageNumberOffset The logical page number
  ->   where the first actual code file will start.
144  * @returns A record mapping file relative paths to their estimated starting page
  ->   number.
145  */
146  function addTableOfContents(
147      doc: PDFKit.PDFDocument,
148      files: HighlightedFile[],
149      options: PdfOptions,
150      theme: SyntaxTheme,
151      pageNumberOffset: number
152  ): Record<string, number> {
153      const pageEstimates: Record<string, number> = {};
  ->      // Stores relativePath -> estimated startPage
154
155      try {
156          doc.addPage(); // Add the first page for the TOC
157          const contentWidth = getContentWidth(doc, options);
158          const startY = doc.page.margins.top;
159          doc.y = startY; // Set starting Y position
160
161          // --- TOC Title ---
162          doc.font(options.textFont + '-Bold')
163              .fontSize(18)
164              .fillColor(theme.defaultColor)
165              .text(options.tocTitle, { align: 'center', width: contentWidth });
166          doc.moveDown(2); // Space after title
167
168          // --- Group Files by Directory ---
169          const filesByDir: Record<string, HighlightedFile[]> = {};
170          files.forEach(file => {
171              const dir = path.dirname(file.relativePath);
172              const dirKey = (dir === '.' || dir === '/') ? '/' : `/${dir.replace(/\\/g, '/')}`; // Normalize key
  ->              if (!filesByDir[dirKey]) filesByDir[dirKey] = [];
173              filesByDir[dirKey].push(file);
174          });
175
176          // --- Estimate Page Numbers ---
177          let estimatedCurrentPage = pageNumberOffset;
178          const codeLinesPerPage = Math.max(1, Math.floor(getContentHeight
  -> (doc, options) / (options.fontSize * DEFAULT_LINE_HEIGHT_MULTIPLIER)));
179
180          const sortedDirs = Object.keys(filesByDir).sort();
  ->          // Sort directory keys alphabetically
181          for (const dir of sortedDirs) {
182              // Sort files within each directory alphabetically
183              const sortedFiles = filesByDir[dir].sort((a, b) => a.relativePath.
  -> localeCompare(b.relativePath));
184              for (const file of sortedFiles) {
185                  pageEstimates[file.relativePath] = estimatedCurrentPage;
186

```

```

-> // Store estimated start page
187     const lineCount = file.highlightedLines.length;
188     // Estimate pages needed for this file (minimum 1 page)
189     const estimatedPagesForFile = Math.max(1, Math.ceil
-> (lineCount / codeLinesPerPage));
190     estimatedCurrentPage += estimatedPagesForFile;
-> // Increment estimated page counter
191     }
192 }
193 logger.debug(`Estimated total pages after code content:
-> ${estimatedCurrentPage - 1}`);
194
195 // --- Render TOC Entries ---
196 doc.font(options.textFont).fontSize(12);
-> // Set default font for TOC entries
197 const tocLineHeight = doc.currentLineHeight() * 1.1;
-> // Approximate line height for TOC entries
198 const tocEndY = doc.page.height - doc.page.margins.bottom;
-> // Bottom boundary for TOC content
199
200 for (const dir of sortedDirs) {
201
-> // Check for page break before rendering directory header (need space for header
-> + one entry)
202     if (doc.y > tocEndY - (tocLineHeight * 2)) {
203         doc.addPage();
204         doc.y = doc.page.margins.top; // Reset Y to top margin
205     }
206
207 // Render Directory Header (if not root)
208 if (dir !== '/') {
209     doc.moveDown(1); // Add space before directory header
210     doc.font(options.textFont + '-Bold')
211         .fillColor(theme.defaultColor)
212         .text(dir, { continued: false }); // Render directory name
213     doc.moveDown(0.5); // Space after directory header
214 }
215
216 // Render File Entries for this Directory
217 const sortedFiles = filesByDir[dir].sort((a, b) => a.relativePath.
-> localeCompare(b.relativePath));
218 for (const file of sortedFiles) {
219     // Check for page break before rendering file entry
220     if (doc.y > tocEndY - tocLineHeight) {
221         doc.addPage();
222         doc.y = doc.page.margins.top; // Reset Y to top margin
223     }
224
225     const fileName = path.basename(file.relativePath);
226     const pageNum = pageEstimates[file.relativePath]?.toString() || '?'
-> ; // Use estimated page
227     const indent = (dir === '/') ? 0 : TOC_INDENT;
-> // Indent if not in root directory

```

```

228         const startX = doc.page.margins.left + indent;
229         const availableWidth = contentWidth - indent;
230         const currentY = doc.y;
231         // Store Y position for precise placement on this line
232
233         // Calculate positions for filename, dots, and page number
234         doc.font(options.textFont).fontSize(12).fillColor(theme.
235         defaultColor); // Ensure correct font for width calc
236         const nameWidth = doc.widthOfString(fileName);
237         const pageNumWidth = doc.widthOfString(pageNum);
238         const fileNameEndX = startX + nameWidth;
239         const pageNumStartX = doc.page.margins.left
240         + contentWidth - pageNumWidth; // Position for right alignment
241
242         // Render file name (ensure it doesn't wrap)
243         doc.text(fileName, startX, currentY, {
244             width: nameWidth,
245             lineBreak: false,
246             continued: false // Stop after filename
247         });
248
249         // Render page number (explicitly positioned)
250         doc.text(pageNum, pageNumStartX, currentY, {
251             width: pageNumWidth,
252             lineBreak: false,
253             continued: false // Stop after page number
254         });
255
256         // Render dot leader in the space between filename and page number
257         const dotsStartX = fileNameEndX + TOC_DOT_PADDING;
258         const dotsEndX = pageNumStartX - TOC_DOT_PADDING;
259         const dotsAvailableWidth = dotsEndX - dotsStartX;
260
261         if (dotsAvailableWidth > doc.widthOfString('. ')) {
262             // Check if there's enough space for at least one dot sequence
263             const dot = '. ';
264             const dotWidth = doc.widthOfString(dot);
265             const numDots = Math.floor(dotsAvailableWidth / dotWidth);
266             const dotsString = dot.repeat(numDots);
267
268             doc.fillColor('#aaaaaa'); // Use a lighter color for dots
269             doc.text(dotsString, dotsStartX, currentY, {
270                 width: dotsAvailableWidth, // Constrain dots width
271                 lineBreak: false,
272                 continued: false
273             });
274             doc.fillColor(theme.defaultColor); // Reset fill color
275         }
276
277         // Move down for the next TOC entry
278         doc.moveDown(0.6); // Adjust spacing as needed
279     } // End loop through files in directory
280 } // End loop through directories

```

```

277         logger.info('Added Table of Contents.');
```

```

278     } catch (error) {
279         logger.error(`Failed to add Table of Contents: ${error as Error}.message`);
280     }
281     // Continue PDF generation even if TOC fails?
282 }
283
284 return pageEstimates; // Return estimates (might be useful for debugging)
285 }
286
287 /**
288  * Renders the header section for a code page. Includes basic error handling.
289  * @param doc The active PDFDocument instance.
290  * @param file The `HighlightedFile` being rendered.
291  * @param options The PDF generation options.
292  * @param theme The active syntax theme.
293  */
294 function renderHeader(doc: PDFKit.PDFDocument, file: HighlightedFile, options: PdfOptions, theme: SyntaxTheme): void {
295     try {
296         const headerY = doc.page.margins.top;
297         // Use actual top margin of the current page
298
299         // Calculate Y position to vertically center typical 9pt text within the header height
300         const headerContentY = headerY + (options.headerHeight - 9) / 2;
301         // Adjust multiplier if needed
302         const contentWidth = getContentWidth(doc, options);
303         const startX = doc.page.margins.left;
304
305         // Draw header background rectangle
306         doc.rect(startX, headerY, contentWidth, options.headerHeight)
307             .fillColor(theme.headerFooterBackground)
308             .fill();
309
310         // Draw file path (truncated with ellipsis if it exceeds available width)
311         doc.font(options.textFont) // Use standard text font
312             .fontSize(9) // Use a smaller font size for header/footer
313             .fillColor(theme.headerFooterColor)
314             .text(file.relativePath, startX + CODE_BLOCK_PADDING, headerContentY, {
315                 width: contentWidth - (CODE_BLOCK_PADDING * 2),
316                 align: 'left',
317                 lineBreak: false, // Prevent wrapping
318                 ellipsis: true // Add '...' if path is too long
319             });
320
321         // Draw border line below the header area
322         doc.moveTo(startX, headerY + options.headerHeight)
323             .lineTo(startX + contentWidth, headerY + options.headerHeight)
324             .lineWidth(0.5) // Use a thin line

```

```

323         .strokeColor(theme.borderColor)
324         .stroke();
325         // Reset fill color after potential changes
326         doc.fillColor(theme.defaultColor || '#000000');
327     } catch (error) {
328         logger.error(`Failed to render header for ${file.relativePath}: ${(error
-> as Error).message}`);
329     }
330 }
331
332 /**
333  * Renders the footer section for a code page. Includes basic error handling.
334  * @param doc The active PDFDocument instance.
335  * @param currentPage The logical page number to display.
336  * @param options The PDF generation options.
337  * @param theme The active syntax theme.
338  */
339 function renderFooter(doc: PDFKit.PDFDocument, currentPage: number, options:
-> PdfOptions, theme: SyntaxTheme): void {
340     try {
341         // Calculate Y position for the top of the footer area
342         const footerY = doc.page.height - doc.page.margins.bottom - options.
-> footerHeight; // Use actual bottom margin
343         // Calculate Y position to vertically center typical 9pt text
344         const footerContentY = footerY + (options.footerHeight - 9) / 2;
345         const contentWidth = getContentWidth(doc, options);
346         const startX = doc.page.margins.left;
347
348         // Draw border line above the footer area
349         doc.moveTo(startX, footerY)
350             .lineTo(startX + contentWidth, footerY)
351             .lineWidth(0.5)
352             .strokeColor(theme.borderColor)
353             .stroke();
354
355         // Draw page number centered in the footer
356         doc.font(options.textFont)
357             .fontSize(9) // Use smaller font size
358             .fillColor(theme.headerFooterColor)
359             .text(`Page ${currentPage}`, startX, footerContentY, {
360                 width: contentWidth,
361                 align: 'center'
362             });
363         // Reset fill color
364         doc.fillColor(theme.defaultColor || '#000000');
365     } catch (error) {
366         logger.error(`Failed to render footer on page ${currentPage}: ${(error as
-> Error).message}`);
367     }
368 }
369
370 /**
371  * Renders the highlighted code content for a single file onto the PDF document.

```



```

372 * Handles page breaks, line numbers (if
    -> enabled), code wrapping, and applies theme styling.
373 * Manages vertical positioning explicitly to avoid overlaps.
374 *
375 * @param doc The active PDFDocument instance.
376 * @param file The `HighlightedFile` object containing the code and tokens.
377 * @param options The PDF generation options.
378 * @param theme The active syntax theme.
379 * @param initialPageNumber The logical page number this file should start on
    -> (used for footer).
380 * @returns The last logical page number used by this file.
381 */
382 function renderCodeFile(
383     doc: PDFKit.PDFDocument,
384     file: HighlightedFile,
385     options: PdfOptions,
386     theme: SyntaxTheme,
387     initialPageNumber: number
388 ): number {
389
390     let currentPage = initialPageNumber;
391     // Tracks the logical page number for the footer
    ->
392     const contentWidth = getContentWidth(doc, options);
393     const contentHeight = getContentHeight(doc, options);
394     const startY = options.margins.top + options.headerHeight;
    ->
395     // Top of code content area
396     const endY = doc.page.height - options.margins.bottom - options.footerHeight;
    ->
397     // Bottom of code content area
398     const startX = options.margins.left;
399     const lineHeight = options.fontSize * DEFAULT_LINE_HEIGHT_MULTIPLIER;
    ->
400     // Calculated line height
401
402     // --- Calculate dimensions related to line numbers ---
403     const maxLineNumDigits = String(file.highlightedLines.length).length;
404     const lineNumberWidth = options.showLineNumbers
    ->
405     ? Math.max(maxLineNumDigits * options.fontSize * 0.65 + CODE_BLOCK_PADDING
406     , 35 + CODE_BLOCK_PADDING) // Ensure min width
407     : 0; // No width if line numbers are disabled
408     const lineNumberPaddingRight = 10;
    ->
409     // Space between line number and start of code
410     // Calculate starting X coordinate for the code text
411     const codeStartX = startX + (options.showLineNumbers
    ->
412     ? lineNumberWidth + lineNumberPaddingRight : CODE_BLOCK_PADDING);
413
414     // Calculate the usable width for the code text (accounts for left/right padding)
415     const codeWidth = contentWidth - (codeStartX - startX) - CODE_BLOCK_PADDING;
416     // Indentation string and its width for wrapped lines
417     const wrapIndent = ' '.repeat(WRAP_INDENT_MULTIPLIER);
418     const wrapIndentWidth = doc.font(options.codeFont).fontSize(options.fontSize).
    ->
419     widthOfString(wrapIndent);
420
421     // --- Page Setup Helper ---

```

```

414
->  /** Sets up the header, footer, and background visuals for a new code page. Return
->  the starting Y coordinate for content. */
415      const setupPageVisuals = (): number => {
416          try {
417              renderHeader(doc, file, options, theme);
418              renderFooter(doc, currentPage, options, theme);
->          // Use the current logical page number
419              const pageContentStartY = startY;
420              doc.y = pageContentStartY;
->          // Reset internal Y cursor (though we manage drawing Y manually)
421
422              // Draw background container for the code block
423              doc.rect(startX, pageContentStartY, contentWidth, contentHeight)
424                  .fillColor(theme.backgroundColor)
425                  .lineWidth(0.75)
426                  .strokeColor(theme.borderColor)
427                  .fillAndStroke(); // Fill and draw border
428
429              // Draw line number gutter background and separator line if enabled
430              if (options.showLineNumbers && lineNumberWidth > 0) {
431                  doc.rect(startX, pageContentStartY, lineNumberWidth, contentHeight)
432                      .fillColor(theme.lineNumberBackground)
433                      .fill(); // Fill gutter background
434                  // Draw vertical separator line
435                  doc.moveTo(startX + lineNumberWidth, pageContentStartY)
436                      .lineTo
->                  (startX + lineNumberWidth, pageContentStartY + contentHeight)
437                      .lineWidth(0.5)
438                      .strokeColor(theme.borderColor)
439                      .stroke();
440              }
441
->          // Return the Y position where actual text content should start (includes top padding)
->
442              return pageContentStartY + CODE_BLOCK_PADDING / 2;
443          } catch (setupError) {
444              logger.error(`Error setting up page visuals for ${file.relativePath}:
->  ${((setupError as Error).message)}`);
445              // Return startY as a fallback, though rendering might be broken
446              return startY;
447          }
448      };
449
450      // --- Initial Page Setup ---
451      doc.addPage(); // Add the first page for this file
452      let currentLineY = setupPageVisuals(); // Set up visuals and get starting Y
453
454
455      // --- Main Rendering Loop (Iterate through source lines) ---
456      for (const line of file.highlightedLines) {
457          const lineStartY = currentLineY;
->          // Store the Y position where this source line begins rendering

```

```

458
459     // --- Page Break Check ---
460
461     // Check if rendering this line (at minimum height) would exceed the available co
462     // ntent area
463     if (lineStartY + lineHeight > endY - CODE_BLOCK_PADDING) {
464         doc.addPage(); // Add a new page
465         currentPage++; // Increment the logical page number
466         currentLineY = setupPageVisuals();
467     } // Set up visuals and get new starting Y
468
469     // --- Draw Line Number ---
470     if (options.showLineNumbers && lineNumberWidth > 0) {
471         try {
472             // Determine a visible color for the line number, fallback to gray
473             const lnColor = (theme.lineNumberColor && theme.lineNumberColor
474             !== theme.lineNumberBackground)
475                 ? theme.lineNumberColor
476                 : '#888888';
477             const numStr = String(line.lineNumber).padStart(maxLineNumDigits,
478             ' '); // Format number string
479             const numX = startX + CODE_BLOCK_PADDING / 2;
480             // X position within padding
481             const numWidth = lineNumberWidth - CODE_BLOCK_PADDING;
482             // Available width in gutter
483
484             doc.font(options.codeFont) // Ensure correct font
485             .fontSize(options.fontSize)
486             .fillColor(lnColor)
487             .text(numStr, numX, currentLineY, { // Draw at current line's Y
488             width: numWidth,
489             align: 'right', // Align number to the right of the gutter
490             lineBreak: false // Prevent number from wrapping
491             });
492         } catch (lnError) {
493             logger.warn(`Error drawing line number ${line.lineNumber} for
494             ${file.relativePath}: ${(lnError as Error).message}`);
495         }
496     }
497
498     // --- Render Code Tokens (Handles Wrapping Internally) ---
499     let currentX = codeStartX;
500     // Reset X position for the start of code content for this line
501     let isFirstTokenOfLine = true; // Reset wrap flag for each new source line
502
503     /** Helper function to advance Y position and handle page breaks during line wrap
504     ping. */
505     const moveToNextWrapLine = () => {
506         currentLineY += lineHeight; // Advance our managed Y position
507         // Check if the *new* position requires a page break
508         if (currentLineY + lineHeight > endY - CODE_BLOCK_PADDING) {

```

```

500         doc.addPage();
501         currentPage++;
502         currentLineY = setupPageVisuals();
503     }
504     // Set X for the wrapped line, applying indentation
505     currentX = codeStartX + wrapIndentWidth;
506     // Draw wrap indicator in the line number gutter
507     if (options.showLineNumbers && lineNumberWidth > 0) {
508         try {
509             const wrapColor = (theme.lineNumberColor && theme.
510 lineNumberColor !== theme.lineNumberBackground)
511                 ? theme.lineNumberColor
512                 : '#888888';
513             doc.font(options.codeFont).fontSize(options.fontSize).fillColor
514 (wrapColor)
515                 .text(WRAP_INDICATOR, startX + CODE_BLOCK_PADDING / 2
516 , currentLineY, { // Draw at the new Y
517                     width: lineNumberWidth - CODE_BLOCK_PADDING,
518                     align: 'right',
519                     lineBreak: false
520                 });
521         } catch (wrapIndicatorError) {
522             logger.warn(`Error drawing wrap indicator for
523 ${file.relativePath}: ${(wrapIndicatorError as Error).message}`);
524         }
525     }
526
527     // --- Token Loop (Iterate through tokens of the current source line) ---
528     for (const token of line.tokens) {
529         try {
530             // Set font and color for the current token
531             doc.font(options.codeFont + (token.fontStyle === 'bold' ? '-Bold'
532 : token.fontStyle === 'italic' ? '-Oblique' : ''))
533                 .fontSize(options.fontSize)
534                 .fillColor(token.color || theme.defaultColor);
535
536             const tokenText = token.text;
537             // Skip empty tokens
538             if (!tokenText || tokenText.length === 0) {
539                 continue;
540             }
541             const tokenWidth = doc.widthOfString(tokenText);
542
543             // --- Wrapping Logic ---
544             if (currentX + tokenWidth <= codeStartX + codeWidth) {
545                 // Token fits: Draw it and advance X
546                 doc.text(tokenText, currentX, currentLineY, { continued: true,
547 lineBreak: false });
548                 currentX += tokenWidth;
549             } else {
550                 // Token needs wrapping: Process it segment by segment

```

```

546         let remainingText = tokenText;
547
548     -> // Move to the next line in the PDF before drawing the wrapped part,
549
550     -> // but only if necessary (first token overflow or subsequent tokens).
551         if (isFirstTokenOfLine && currentX === codeStartX) {
552             moveToNextWrapLine(); // First token overflows immediately
553         } else if (!isFirstTokenOfLine) {
554             // Subsequent token overflows
555             moveToNextWrapLine();
556         }
557         // If first token partially fit, loop handles moves.
558
559     // Loop to draw segments of the remaining text
560     while (remainingText.length > 0) {
561         let fitsChars = 0;
562         let currentSegmentWidth = 0;
563         const
564     -> availableWidth = (codeStartX + codeWidth) - currentX; // Width available
565
566         // Determine how many characters fit
567         for (let i = 1; i <= remainingText.length; i++) {
568             const segment = remainingText.substring(0, i);
569             const width = doc.widthOfString(segment);
570             if (width <= availableWidth + 0.001) { // Tolerance
571                 fitsChars = i;
572                 currentSegmentWidth = width;
573             } else {
574                 break;
575             }
576         }
577
578         // Handle cases where not even one character fits
579         if (fitsChars === 0 && remainingText.length > 0) {
580             if (availableWidth <= 0) {
581
582     -> // No space left, definitely move to next line and retry fitting
583             moveToNextWrapLine();
584             continue;
585
586     -> // Re-evaluate fitting in the next iteration
587             } else {
588
589     -> // Force at least one character if space was available
590             fitsChars = 1;
591             currentSegmentWidth = doc.widthOfString
592
593     -> (remainingText[0]);
594
595             logger.warn(`Forcing character fit `
596     -> `${remainingText[0]}` on wrapped line ${line.lineNumber} of ${file.relativePath}`.
597     -> `);
598
599             }
600         }
601     }

```

```

590         // Draw the segment that fits
591         const textToDraw = remainingText.substring(0, fitsChars);
592         doc.font(options.codeFont + (token.fontStyle === 'bold' ?
-> '-Bold' : token.fontStyle === 'italic' ? '-Oblique' : ''))
593             .fontSize(options.fontSize)
594             .fillColor(token.color || theme.defaultColor);
595         doc.text(textToDraw, currentX, currentLineY, { continued:
-> true, lineBreak: false });
596
597         // Update state for the next segment/token
598         currentX += currentSegmentWidth;
599         remainingText = remainingText.substring(fitsChars);
600
601
-> // If there's still remaining text in this token, move to the next line
602         if (remainingText.length > 0) {
603             moveToNextWrapLine();
604         }
605     } // End while(remainingText)
606 } // End else (wrapping needed)
607 } catch (tokenError) {
608     logger.warn(`Error rendering token "${token.text.substring(0, 20)}
-> ..." on line ${line.lineNumber} of ${file.relativePath}: ${(tokenError as Error
-> ).message}`);
609     // Continue to next token
610     } finally {
611         isFirstTokenOfLine = false;
-> // Mark that we are past the first token for this source line
612     }
613 } // End for loop (tokens)
614
615 // --- Advance Y for Next Source Line ---
616
-> // After processing all tokens for the original source line, move our managed Y p
-> osition down.
617     currentLineY += lineHeight;
618
619 } // End for loop (lines)
620
621     logger.info(`Rendered file ${file.relativePath} spanning pages
-> ${initialPageNumber}-${currentPage}.`);
622     return currentPage; // Return the last logical page number used by this file
623 }
624
625
626 // --- Main PDF Generation Function ---
627
628 /**
629  * Orchestrates the entire PDF generation process:
630  * Finds files, highlights code, sets up the PDF document, adds cover page,
631  * adds table of contents (if applicable), renders each file
-> 's code, and saves the PDF.
632  * Includes error handling for stream operations.

```

```

633 *
634 * @param files An array of `HighlightedFile`
    -> objects already processed by the syntax highlighter.
635 * @param options The `PdfOptions` controlling the generation process.
636 * @param theme The active `SyntaxTheme` object.
637 * @param repoName The name of the repository, used for the cover page.
638 * @returns A Promise that resolves when the PDF
    -> has been successfully written, or rejects on error.
639 * @throws Propagates errors from critical stages like stream writing or PDF
    -> finalization.
640 */
641 export async function generatePdf(
642     files: HighlightedFile[],
643     options: PdfOptions,
644     theme: SyntaxTheme,
645     repoName: string
646 ): Promise<void> {
647     logger.info(`Starting PDF generation for ${files.length} files.`);
648     const startTime = Date.now();
649
650     let doc: PDFKit.PDFDocument | null = null;
651     let writeStream: fs.WriteStream | null = null;
652
653     // Promise wrapper to handle stream events correctly
654     return new Promise(async (resolve, reject) => {
655         try {
656             // Initialize PDF document
657             doc = new PDFDocument({
658                 size: getPaperSizeInPoints(options.paperSize),
659                 margins: options.margins,
660                 autoFirstPage: false,
661                 bufferPages: true,
        -> // Enable buffering for potential page counting/manipulation
662                 info: { // PDF metadata
663                     Title: options.title,
664                     Author: 'codepdf', // Consider making this configurable
665                     Creator: 'codepdf',
666                     CreationDate: new Date(),
667                 }
668             });
669
670             // Setup file stream and pipe PDF output to it
671             const outputDir = path.dirname(options.output);
672             await fs.ensureDir(outputDir); // Ensure output directory exists
673             writeStream = fs.createWriteStream(options.output);
674             doc.pipe(writeStream);
675
676             // --- Register Stream Event Handlers ---
677             // Handle successful completion
678             writeStream.on('finish', () => {
679                 const endTime = Date.now();
680                 logger.success(`PDF generated successfully: ${options.output}`);
681                 logger.info(`Total generation time: ${((endTime - startTime) / 1000}

```

```

->    ).toFixed(2)} seconds.`);
682        resolve(); // Resolve the main promise on successful finish
683    });
684
685    // Handle errors during writing
686    writeStream.on('error', (err) => {
687        logger.error(`WriteStream error for ${options.output}:
->    ${err.message}`);
688        reject(err); // Reject the main promise on stream error
689    });
690
691    // Handle potential errors from the PDFDocument itself
692    doc.on('error', (err) => {
693        logger.error(`PDFDocument error: ${err.message}`);
694        reject(err); // Reject the main promise on document error
695    });
696
697    // --- Add PDF Content ---
698    let physicalPageCount = 0; // Track actual pages added to the document
699
700    // 1. Cover Page
701    addCoverPage(doc, options, repoName);
702    physicalPageCount = doc.bufferedPageRange().count;
703
704    // 2. Table of Contents
705    let tocPages = 0;
706    let fileStartLogicalPageNumber = physicalPageCount + 1;
->    // Logical page files start on
707
708    if (files.length > 1) {
709        const tocStartPhysicalPage = physicalPageCount + 1;
710        addTableOfContents
->    (doc, files, options, theme, fileStartLogicalPageNumber);
711        const tocEndPhysicalPage = doc.bufferedPageRange().count;
712        tocPages = tocEndPhysicalPage - physicalPageCount;
713        physicalPageCount = tocEndPhysicalPage;
714        fileStartLogicalPageNumber = physicalPageCount + 1;
->    // Update logical start page after TOC
715        logger.info(`Table of Contents added (${tocPages}
->    page(s)). Files will start on logical page ${fileStartLogicalPageNumber}
->    . Current physical page count: ${physicalPageCount}`);
716    } else {
717        logger.info('Skipping Table of Contents (single file).');
718    }
719
720    // 3. Render Code Files
721    let lastLogicalPageNumber = physicalPageCount;
->    // Initialize with page count after cover/TOC
722
723    const sortedFiles = files.sort((a, b) => a.relativePath.localeCompare
->    (b.relativePath));
724
725    for (const file of sortedFiles) {

```



```

726         const currentFileStartLogicalPage = lastLogicalPageNumber + 1;
727         logger.debug(`Rendering file: ${file.relativePath}
-> , starting on logical page ${currentFileStartLogicalPage}`);
728
-> // renderCodeFile handles adding pages internally and returns the last logical pa
-> ge number used
729         lastLogicalPageNumber = renderCodeFile
-> (doc, file, options, theme, currentFileStartLogicalPage);
730     }
731
732     // --- Finalize PDF ---
733     logger.info("Finalizing PDF document...");
734     // This triggers the 'finish' event on the writeStream eventually
735     doc.end();
736
737     } catch (error) {
738         // Catch synchronous errors during setup or file processing loops
739         logger.error(`Failed during PDF generation setup or rendering loop:
-> ${((error as Error).message)}`);
740
-> // Ensure stream is closed if open, though pdfkit might handle this on error
741         if (writeStream && !writeStream.closed) {
742             writeStream.close();
743         }
744         reject(error); // Reject the main promise
745     }
746     }); // End Promise wrapper
747 }
748

```

```

1  import hljs from 'highlight.js';
2  import he from 'he'; // Use 'he' library for robust HTML entity decoding
3  import { FileInfo, HighlightedFile, HighlightedLine, HighlightedToken, SyntaxTheme
->    } from './utils/types';
4  import { logger } from './utils/logger';
5
6  // --- Language Mapping ---
7
8  /**
9   * A mapping from common file extensions (lowercase) to the language identifier
10  * expected by highlight.js. This helps when highlight.js might not automatically
11  * detect the correct language based solely on the extension.
12  */
13  const LANGUAGE_MAP: Record<string, string> = {
14    'ts': 'typescript',
15    'tsx': 'typescript',
16    'js': 'javascript',
17    'jsx': 'javascript',
18    'mjs': 'javascript',
19    'cjs': 'javascript',
20    'py': 'python',
21    'pyw': 'python',
22    'rb': 'ruby',
23    'java': 'java',
24    'cs': 'csharp',
25    'go': 'go',
26    'php': 'php',
27    'html': 'html',
28    'htm': 'html',
29    'css': 'css',
30    'scss': 'scss',
31    'sass': 'scss', // Treat sass as scss for highlighting
32    'less': 'less',
33    'json': 'json',
34    'yaml': 'yaml',
35    'yml': 'yaml',
36    'md': 'markdown',
37    'sh': 'bash',
38    'bash': 'bash',
39    'zsh': 'bash',
40    'ksh': 'bash',
41    'fish': 'bash', // Highlight most shells as bash
42    'sql': 'sql',
43    'xml': 'xml',
44    'kt': 'kotlin',
45    'kts': 'kotlin',
46    'swift': 'swift',
47    'pl': 'perl',
48    'pm': 'perl',
49    'rs': 'rust',
50    'lua': 'lua',
51    'dockerfile': 'dockerfile',
52    'h': 'c', // Often C or C++ header, default to C

```

```

53     'hpp': 'cpp',
54     'cpp': 'cpp',
55     'cxx': 'cpp',
56     'cc': 'cpp',
57     'c': 'c',
58     'm': 'objectivec',
59     'mm': 'objectivec',
60     'gradle': 'gradle',
61     'groovy': 'groovy',
62     'cmake': 'cmake',
63     'tf': 'terraform',
64     'vue': 'vue',
65     'svelte': 'svelte',
66     // Add more as needed
67 };
68
69 // --- Theme Mapping Logic ---
70
71 /**
72  * Maps highlight.js CSS class names (found in `result.value`
73  * to semantic token types
74  * defined in the `SyntaxTheme` interface. This
75  * allows applying theme colors correctly.
76  * @param className A space-separated string of CSS classes from highlight.js (e.g
77  * .., "hljs-keyword", "hljs-string").
78  * @returns The corresponding semantic token type key from
79  * `SyntaxTheme['tokenColors']`, or null if no specific mapping is found.
80  */
81 function mapHljsClassToThemeToken(className: string): keyof SyntaxTheme[
82   'tokenColors'] | null {
83   // Order matters slightly - more specific checks first if classes overlap
84   if (className.includes('comment')) return 'comment';
85   if (className.includes('keyword')) return 'keyword';
86   if (className.includes('string')) return 'string';
87   if (className.includes('number')) return 'number';
88   if (className.includes('literal')) return 'literal'; // true, false, null
89   if (className.includes('built_in')) return 'built_in';
90   // console, Math, standard library types/functions
91   if (className.includes('function')) return 'function';
92   // Function definition keyword/name container
93   if (className.includes('class') && className.includes('title')) return 'class'
94   ; // Class definition name
95
96   // Title often applies to function names, class names (usage), important identifiers
97   if (className.includes('title')) return 'title';
98   if (className.includes('params')) return 'params'; // Function parameters
99   if (className.includes('property')) return 'property';
100  // Object properties, member access
101  if (className.includes('operator')) return 'operator';
102  if (className.includes('punctuation')) return 'punctuation';
103  if (className.includes('tag')) return 'tag'; // HTML/XML tags
104  if (className.includes('attr') || className.includes('attribute')) return

```

```

-> 'attr'; // HTML/XML attributes
95   if (className.includes('variable')) return 'variable';
96   if (className.includes('regexp')) return 'regexp';
97
98   // Fallback if no specific class matched our defined types
99   return null;
100 }
101
102 /**
103  * Determines the font style for a token based on highlight.js
->   classes and theme configuration.
104  * @param className A space-separated string of CSS classes from highlight.js.
105  * @param theme The active syntax theme configuration.
106  * @returns The appropriate font style ('normal', 'italic', 'bold', 'bold-italic').
107  */
108 function getFontStyle(className: string, theme: SyntaxTheme): HighlightedToken[
->   'fontStyle'] {
109   const styles = theme.fontStyles || {};
110   // Simple checks for now, could be expanded
111   if (className.includes('comment') && styles.comment === 'italic') return
->   'italic';
112   if (className.includes('keyword') && styles.keyword === 'bold') return 'bold';
113   // Add more style mappings based on theme config if needed
114   return 'normal'; // Default style
115 }
116
117
118 // --- Language Detection ---
119
120 /**
121  * Detects the language identifier for
->   syntax highlighting based on the file extension.
122  * Uses the `LANGUAGE_MAP` for
->   overrides, otherwise falls back to the extension itself.
123  * @param extension The file extension (e.g., 'ts', 'py') without the leading dot.
124  * @returns The language name recognized by highlight.js or the extension itself
->   (lowercase).
125  */
126 function detectLanguage(extension: string): string {
127   const lowerExt = extension?.toLowerCase() || '';
->   // Handle potential null/undefined extension
128   return LANGUAGE_MAP[lowerExt] || lowerExt;
->   // Fallback to extension if no mapping
129 }
130
131 // --- HTML Parsing ---
132
133 /**
134  * Parses the HTML output generated by highlight.js into an array of styled tokens.
135  * This implementation uses a simple stack-based approach to handle nested spans
136  * and correctly applies styles based on the active theme. It also decodes HTML
->   entities.
137  */

```

```

138  * @param highlightedHtml The HTML string generated by `hljs.highlight().value`.
139  * @param theme The syntax theme configuration object.
140  * @returns An array of `HighlightedToken`
141  * objects representing the styled segments of the line.
142  */
143  function parseHighlightedHtml(highlightedHtml: string, theme: SyntaxTheme):
144    HighlightedToken[] {
145    const tokens: HighlightedToken[] = [];
146    // Stack to keep track of nested spans and their classes
147    const stack: { tag: string; class?: string }[] = [];
148    let currentText = '';
149    let currentIndex = 0;
150
151    while (currentIndex < highlightedHtml.length) {
152      const tagStart = highlightedHtml.indexOf('<', currentIndex);
153
154      // Extract text content occurring before the next tag (or until the end)
155      const textBeforeTag = tagStart === -1
156        ? highlightedHtml.substring(currentIndex)
157        : highlightedHtml.substring(currentIndex, tagStart);
158
159      if (textBeforeTag) {
160        currentText += textBeforeTag;
161      }
162
163      // If no more tags, process remaining text and exit
164      if (tagStart === -1) {
165        if (currentText) {
166          const decodedText = he.decode(currentText); // Decode entities
167          const currentStyle = stack[stack.length - 1];
168
169          // Get style from top of stack
170          const themeKey = currentStyle?.class ? mapHljsClassToThemeToken
171            (currentStyle.class) : null;
172          tokens.push({
173            text: decodedText,
174            color: themeKey ? (theme.tokenColors[themeKey] ?? theme.
175              defaultColor) : theme.defaultColor,
176            fontStyle: currentStyle?.class ? getFontStyle(currentStyle.
177              class, theme) : 'normal',
178          });
179        }
180        break; // Exit loop
181      }
182
183      const tagEnd = highlightedHtml.indexOf('>', tagStart);
184      if (tagEnd === -1) {
185        // Malformed HTML (unclosed tag) - treat the rest as text
186        logger.warn(
187          "Malformed HTML detected in highlighter output (unclosed tag).");
188        currentText += highlightedHtml.substring(tagStart);
189        // Process the potentially malformed remaining text
190        if (currentText) {
191          const decodedText = he.decode(currentText);

```

```

184         const currentStyle = stack[stack.length - 1];
185         const themeKey = currentStyle?.class ? mapHljsClassToThemeToken
-> (currentStyle.class) : null;
186         tokens.push({
187             text: decodedText,
188             color: themeKey ? (theme.tokenColors[themeKey] ?? theme.
-> defaultColor) : theme.defaultColor,
189             fontStyle: currentStyle?.class ? getFontStyle(currentStyle.
-> class, theme) : 'normal',
190         });
191     }
192     break; // Exit loop
193 }
194
195 const tagContent = highlightedHtml.substring(tagStart + 1, tagEnd);
196 const isClosingTag = tagContent.startsWith('/');
197
198 // Process any accumulated text *before* handling the current tag
199 if (currentText) {
200     const decodedText = he.decode(currentText);
201     const currentStyle = stack[stack.length - 1];
202     const themeKey = currentStyle?.class ? mapHljsClassToThemeToken
-> (currentStyle.class) : null;
203     tokens.push({
204         text: decodedText,
205         color: themeKey ? (theme.tokenColors[themeKey] ?? theme.
-> defaultColor) : theme.defaultColor, // Use default if key not in theme
206         fontStyle: currentStyle?.class ? getFontStyle(currentStyle.class
-> , theme) : 'normal',
207     });
208     currentText = ''; // Reset accumulated text
209 }
210
211 // Handle the tag itself
212 if (isClosingTag) {
213     // Closing tag: Pop the corresponding tag from the stack
214     const tagName = tagContent.substring(1).trim();
215     if (stack.length > 0 && stack[stack.length - 1].tag === tagName) {
216         stack.pop();
217     } else if (tagName === 'span') {
218
219         // Allow potentially mismatched </span> tags from hljs sometimes? Log it.
220         logger.debug(`Potentially mismatched closing tag </${tagName}>
-> encountered.`);
221         if (stack.length > 0 && stack[stack.length - 1].tag === 'span'
-> ) stack.pop(); // Try popping if top is span
222     }
223 } else {
224     // Opening tag: Extract tag name and class, push onto stack
225     // Improved regex to handle tags without attributes
226     const parts = tagContent.match(/^(?![a-zA-Z0-9]+(?:\s+(.))*$)/ || [null
-> , tagContent, ''];
227     const tagName = parts[1];

```

```

227         const attributesStr = parts[2] || '';
228         let className: string | undefined;
229         // Simple class attribute parsing
230         const classAttrMatch = attributesStr.match(/class="([^"]*)"/);
231         if (classAttrMatch) {
232             className = classAttrMatch[1];
233         }
234         stack.push({ tag: tagName, class: className });
235     }
236
237     // Move index past the processed tag
238     currentIndex = tagEnd + 1;
239 }
240
241 // Filter out any tokens that ended up with empty text after decoding/parsing
242 return tokens.filter(token => token.text.length > 0);
243 }
244
245
246 // --- Main Highlighting Function ---
247
248 /**
249  * Applies syntax highlighting to the content of a single file.
250  * It detects the language, processes the content line by line using highlight.js,
251  * parses the resulting HTML into styled tokens, and applies colors/styles from
252  * -> the theme.
253  * Includes fallbacks for unsupported languages or highlighting errors.
254  *
255  * @param fileInfo The `FileInfo` object containing the file
256  * -> 's path, content, and extension.
257  * @param theme The `SyntaxTheme` object defining the colors and styles to apply.
258  * @returns A `HighlightedFile` object
259  * -> containing the original file info plus the array of `HighlightedLine` objects.
260  */
261 export function highlightCode(fileInfo: FileInfo, theme: SyntaxTheme):
262     HighlightedFile {
263     const language = detectLanguage(fileInfo.extension);
264     // Verify if the detected language is actually supported by highlight.js
265     const detectedLanguageName = hljs.getLanguage(language) ? language :
266     'plaintext';
267     logger.debug(`Highlighting ${fileInfo.relativePath} as language:
268     ${detectedLanguageName}`);
269
270     const highlightedLines: HighlightedLine[] = [];
271     // Robustly split lines, handling \n and \r\n
272     const lines = fileInfo.content.split(/\r?\n/);
273
274     try {
275         // Process line by line
276         lines.forEach((line, index) => {
277             let lineTokens: HighlightedToken[];
278             const lineNumber = index + 1; // 1-based line number

```

```

274         if (line.trim() === '') {
275             // Handle empty lines simply: one empty token
276             lineTokens = [{ text: '', fontStyle: 'normal', color: theme.
-> defaultColor }];
277         } else {
278             // *** REMOVED explicit type annotation for 'result' ***
279             let result = null; // Initialize as null
280             try {
281
-> // Attempt highlighting with the detected (and verified) language
282                 if (detectedLanguageName !== 'plaintext') {
283
-> // ignoreIllegals helps prevent errors on slightly malformed code
284                     result = hljs.highlight(line, { language
-> : detectedLanguageName, ignoreIllegals: true });
285                 } else {
286
-> // If language wasn't registered, try auto-detection as a fallback
287                     logger.debug(`Attempting auto-detect for line ${lineNumber}
-> in ${fileInfo.relativePath}`);
288                     result = hljs.highlightAuto(line);
289                 }
290             } catch (highlightError) {
291
-> // Log specific highlighting errors but continue processing the file
292                 logger.warn(`Highlighting failed for line ${lineNumber} in
-> ${fileInfo.relativePath}, using plain text. Error: ${(highlightError as Error
-> ).message}`);
293                 result = null; // Ensure result is null on error
294             }
295
296             // Parse the HTML output (or use encoded plain text as fallback)
297             // Use optional chaining on result?.value
298             const htmlToParse = result?.value ?? he.encode(line);
299             lineTokens = parseHighlightedHtml(htmlToParse, theme);
300
301
-> // Final safety check: If parsing resulted in empty tokens for a non-empty line,
-> use a single plain token
302             if (lineTokens.length === 0 && line.length > 0) {
303                 logger.debug(
-> `Token parsing yielded empty array for non-empty line ${lineNumber} in
-> ${fileInfo.relativePath}. Using plain text token.`);
304                 lineTokens = [{ text: line, color: theme.defaultColor,
-> fontStyle: 'normal' }];
305             }
306         }
307
308         // Add the processed line (tokens) to the results
309         highlightedLines.push({
310             lineNumber: lineNumber,
311             tokens: lineTokens,
312         });

```



```

313         });
314
315         } catch (processingError) {
316
317             // Catch unexpected errors during the line processing loop (less likely now)
318             logger.error(`Critical error during highlighting loop for
319             ${fileInfo.relativePath}: ${(processingError as Error).message}`);
320
321             // Fallback: return the file structure but with unhighlighted lines to prevent to
322             // tal failure
323             const fallbackLines = lines.map((line, index) => ({
324                 lineNumber: index + 1,
325                 tokens: [{ text: line, color: theme.defaultColor, fontStyle: 'normal'
326             as const }],
327             }));
328             return {
329                 ...fileInfo,
330                 language: 'plaintext', // Indicate highlighting failed
331                 highlightedLines: fallbackLines,
332             };
333         }
334
335         // Return the processed file info with highlighted lines
336         return {
337             ...fileInfo,
338             language: detectedLanguageName,
339             // Store the language that was actually used for highlighting
340             highlightedLines,
341         };
342     }
343 }

```

```

1  /**
2   * Defines the severity levels for log messages.
3   */
4  export enum LogLevel {
5      ERROR = 'ERROR',
6      WARN = 'WARN',
7      INFO = 'INFO',
8      DEBUG = 'DEBUG',
9      SUCCESS = 'SUCCESS'
10 }
11
12 /**
13  * ANSI color codes for console output.
14  */
15  const COLORS = {
16      [LogLevel.ERROR]: '\x1b[31m', // Red
17      [LogLevel.WARN]: '\x1b[33m', // Yellow
18      [LogLevel.INFO]: '\x1b[36m', // Cyan
19      [LogLevel.DEBUG]: '\x1b[35m', // Magenta
20      [LogLevel.SUCCESS]: '\x1b[32m', // Green
21      RESET: '\x1b[0m' // Reset color
22  };
23
24  /** Internal flag to control verbose output. */
25  let isVerbose = false;
26
27  /**
28   * Sets the logging verbosity.
29   * @param verbose If true, DEBUG level messages will be printed.
30   */
31  export function setVerbose(verbose: boolean): void {
32      isVerbose = !!verbose; // Ensure boolean value
33      if (isVerbose) {
34          // Use the log function itself to report verbose status
35          log('Verbose logging enabled.', LogLevel.DEBUG);
36      }
37  }
38
39  /**
40   * Logs a message to the console with appropriate level and color.
41   * DEBUG messages are only shown if verbose mode is enabled.
42   * @param message The message string to log.
43   * @param level The severity level of the message (defaults to INFO).
44   */
45  export function log(message: string, level: LogLevel = LogLevel.INFO): void {
46      // Skip DEBUG messages if not in verbose mode
47      if (level === LogLevel.DEBUG && !isVerbose) {
48          return;
49      }
50
51      const timestamp = new Date().toISOString();
52      const color = COLORS[level] || COLORS.RESET;
53      const reset = COLORS.RESET;

```

```

54
55     // Construct the log string with timestamp, level, and message
56     const logString = `${color}[${timestamp}] [${level}]${reset} ${message}`;
57
58
59     // Use console.error for ERROR level, console.warn for WARN, console.log otherwise
60     // This ensures logs go to the correct stream (stderr/stdout)
61     switch (level) {
62         case LogLevel.ERROR:
63             console.error(logString);
64             break;
65         case LogLevel.WARN:
66             console.warn(logString);
67             break;
68         default:
69             console.log(logString);
70             break;
71     }
72
73     /**
74      * A convenient wrapper object for logging functions by level.
75      */
76     export const logger = {
77         error: (message: string) => log(message, LogLevel.ERROR),
78         warn: (message: string) => log(message, LogLevel.WARN),
79         info: (message: string) => log(message, LogLevel.INFO),
80         debug: (message: string) => log(message, LogLevel.DEBUG),
81         success: (message: string) => log(message, LogLevel.SUCCESS),
82         setVerbose: setVerbose,
83         /** Checks if verbose logging is currently enabled. */
84         isVerbose: (): boolean => isVerbose,
85     };
86
87

```

```

1  import { SyntaxTheme } from './types';
2
3  /**
4   * Defines the 'light' syntax highlighting theme, similar to GitHub's light theme.
5   */
6  const lightTheme: SyntaxTheme = {
7      defaultColor: '#24292e', // Default text color
8      backgroundColor: '#ffffff', // White background for code blocks
9      lineNumberColor: '#aaaaaa', // Light gray for line numbers
10     lineNumberBackground: '#f6f8fa',
11     // Very light gray background for the line number gutter
12     headerFooterColor: '#586069', // Medium gray for text in headers/footers
13     headerFooterBackground: '#f6f8fa',
14     // Match line number background for consistency
15     borderColor: '#e1e4e8',
16     // Light gray border color for separators and containers
17     tokenColors: {
18         comment: '#6a737d', // Gray
19         keyword: '#d73a49', // Red
20         string: '#032f62', // Dark blue
21         number: '#005cc5', // Blue
22         literal: '#005cc5', // Blue (true, false, null)
23         built_in: '#005cc5', // Blue (console, Math, etc.)
24         function: '#6f42c1', // Purple (function definitions)
25         title: '#6f42c1',
26         // Purple (function/class usage, important identifiers)
27         class: '#6f42c1', // Purple (class definitions)
28         params: '#24292e', // Default text color for parameters
29         property: '#005cc5', // Blue for object properties/member access
30         operator: '#d73a49', // Red
31         punctuation: '#24292e', // Default text color
32         tag: '#22863a', // Green (HTML/XML tags)
33         attr: '#6f42c1', // Purple (HTML/XML attributes)
34         variable: '#e36209', // Orange (variables)
35         regexp: '#032f62', // Dark blue
36     },
37     fontStyles: {
38         comment: 'italic',
39     }
40 };
41
42 /**
43  * Defines the 'dark' syntax highlighting theme, similar to GitHub's dark theme.
44  */
45 const darkTheme: SyntaxTheme = {
46     defaultColor: '#c9d1d9', // Light gray default text
47     backgroundColor: '#0d1117', // Very dark background for code blocks
48     lineNumberColor: '#8b949e', // Medium gray for line numbers
49     lineNumberBackground: '#161b22',
50     // Slightly lighter dark background for the gutter
51     headerFooterColor: '#8b949e', // Medium gray for text in headers/footers
52     headerFooterBackground: '#161b22', // Match line number background
53     borderColor: '#30363d', // Darker gray border color

```

```

49     tokenColors: {
50         comment: '#8b949e',      // Medium gray
51         keyword: '#ff7b72',      // Light red/coral
52         string: '#a5d6ff',       // Light blue
53         number: '#79c0ff',       // Bright blue
54         literal: '#79c0ff',      // Bright blue
55         built_in: '#79c0ff',     // Bright blue
56         function: '#d2a8ff',     // Light purple
57         title: '#d2a8ff',        // Light purple
58         class: '#d2a8ff',        // Light purple
59         params: '#c9d1d9',       // Default text color
60         property: '#79c0ff',     // Bright blue
61         operator: '#ff7b72',     // Light red/coral
62         punctuation: '#c9d1d9',  // Default text color
63         tag: '#7ee787',          // Light green
64         attr: '#d2a8ff',         // Light purple
65         variable: '#ffa657',     // Light orange
66         regexp: '#a5d6ff',      // Light blue
67     },
68     fontStyles: {
69         comment: 'italic',
70     }
71 };
72
73 // Add more themes here following the SyntaxTheme interface
74 // e.g., const solarizedLightTheme: SyntaxTheme = { ... };
75
76 /**
77  * A record mapping theme names (lowercase) to their corresponding SyntaxTheme
78  * objects.
79  * Used to look up themes based on the command-line option.
80  */
81 export const themes: Record<string, SyntaxTheme> = {
82     light: lightTheme,
83     dark: darkTheme,
84     // Add other themes here:
85     // solarized: solarizedLightTheme,
86 };
87
88 /**
89  * Retrieves the theme object for a given theme name.
90  * Falls back to the 'light' theme if the requested theme name is not found.
91  * @param themeName The name of the theme requested (case-insensitive).
92  * @returns The corresponding SyntaxTheme object.
93  */
94 export function getTheme(themeName: string): SyntaxTheme {
95     // Normalize the input name (lowercase, default to 'light' if null/undefined)
96     const normalizedName = themeName?.toLowerCase() || 'light';
97     const theme = themes[normalizedName];
98
99     // Check if the theme exists
100     if (!theme) {
101         // Log a warning if the theme wasn't found and we're falling back

```

```
101         console.warn(`[Theme Warning] Theme "${themeName}`  
->    " not found. Available themes: ${Object.keys(themes).join(', ')}  
->    . Falling back to "light" theme.`);  
102         return themes.light; // Return the default light theme  
103     }  
104     return theme; // Return the found theme  
105 }  
106  
107
```

```

1  /**
2   * Represents
->  information about a single file discovered within the target repository.
3   * This interface holds metadata and the raw content before processing.
4   */
5  export interface FileInfo {
6      /** The absolute path to the file on the filesystem. */
7      absolutePath: string;
8
9      /** The path to the file relative to the root of the scanned repository. Used for
->  display and TOC generation. */
10     relativePath: string;
11     /** The raw text content of the file, read as UTF-8. */
12     content: string;
13
14     /** The file extension (e.g., 'ts', 'js', 'py') without the leading dot, converted
->  to lowercase. */
15     extension: string;
16
17     /** The programming language detected for syntax highlighting purposes. Initially
->  empty, populated by the highlighter. */
18     language: string;
19 }
20
21 /**
22  * Represents a single, styled segment (token) within a line of highlighted code.
23  * Tokens are typically keywords, strings, comments, operators, etc.
24  */
25 export interface HighlightedToken {
26     /** The text content of this specific token. */
27     text: string;
28
29     /** Optional: The hex color code (e.g., '#0000ff') determined by the syntax theme
->  for this token type. */
30     color?: string;
31
32     /** Optional: The font style ('normal', 'italic', 'bold', 'bold-italic') determined
->  by the syntax theme. Defaults to 'normal'. */
33     fontStyle?: 'normal' | 'italic' | 'bold' | 'bold-italic';
34 }
35
36 /**
37  * Represents a single line of source code after syntax highlighting,
38  * broken down into styled tokens.
39  */
40 export interface HighlightedLine {
41     /** The original line number (1-based) in the source file. */
42     lineNumber: number;
43     /** An array of styled tokens that make up this line. */
44     tokens: HighlightedToken[];
45 }
46
47 /**

```

```

43  * Represents
->   a file after its content has been processed by the syntax highlighter.
44  * Extends FileInfo with the tokenized lines.
45  */
46  export interface HighlightedFile extends FileInfo {
47      /** An array of highlighted lines, each containing styled tokens. */
48      highlightedLines: HighlightedLine[];
49  }
50
51  /**
52   * Configuration options controlling the PDF generation process.
53   * These are typically derived from command-line arguments or defaults.
54   */
55  export interface PdfOptions {
56      /** The absolute path where the output PDF file will be saved. */
57      output: string;
58      /** The main title displayed on the cover page of the PDF document. */
59      title: string;
60      /** The font size (in points) to use for rendering code blocks. */
61      fontSize: number;
62      /** Flag indicating whether line numbers should be displayed next to the code. */
63      showLineNumbers: boolean;
64
65      /** The identifier (e.g., 'light', 'dark') of the syntax highlighting theme to use. */
66      theme: string;
67
68      /** The paper size for the PDF document. Can be a standard name ('A4', 'Letter')
69       * or a custom size specified as [width, height] in PDF points (72
70       * points per inch).
71       */
72      paperSize: 'A4' | 'Letter' | [number, number];
73
74      /** Margins (in points) for the top, right, bottom, and left edges of each page. */
75      margins: { top: number; right: number; bottom: number; left: number };
76
77      /** The height (in points) reserved for the header section on each code page. */
78      headerHeight: number;
79
80      /** The height (in points) reserved for the footer section on each code page. */
81      footerHeight: number;
82
83      /** The title text used for the Table of Contents page. */
84      tocTitle: string;
85
86      /** The name of the font to use for rendering code blocks (e.g., 'Courier', 'Consolas'). Must be a standard PDF font or embedded. */
87      codeFont: string;
88
89      /** The name of the font to use for non-code text (titles, TOC, headers, footers)
90       * (e.g., 'Helvetica', 'Times-Roman'). Must be a standard PDF font or embedded. */
91      textFont: string;
92  }
93
94  /**

```



```

86  * Defines the color scheme and styling rules for a syntax highlighting theme.
87  * Used by the PDF renderer to apply colors and styles to code tokens.
88  */
89  export interface SyntaxTheme {
90      /** The default text color used when no specific token rule applies. */
91      defaultColor: string;
92      /** The background color for the main code rendering area. */
93      backgroundColor: string;
94      /** The text color for line numbers. */
95      lineNumberColor: string;
96      /** The background color for the line number gutter area. */
97      lineNumberBackground: string;
98      /** The text color used in page headers and footers. */
99      headerFooterColor: string;
100     /** The background color used for page headers and footers. */
101     headerFooterBackground: string;
102
103     -> /** The color used for border lines (e.g., around code blocks, header/footer sepa
104     -> rators). */
105     borderColor: string;
106
107     -> /** A mapping of semantic token types (derived from highlight.js classes) to spec
108     -> ific hex color codes. */
109     tokenColors: {
110         keyword?: string;
111         string?: string;
112         comment?: string;
113         number?: string;
114         function?: string; // e.g., function name definition
115         class?: string;    // e.g., class name definition
116         title?: string;    // e.g., function/class usage, important identifiers
117         params?: string;   // Function parameters
118         built_in?: string; // Built-in functions/variables/types
119         literal?: string;  // e.g., true, false, null, undefined
120         property?: string; // Object properties, member access
121         operator?: string;
122         punctuation?: string;
123         attr?: string;      // HTML/XML attributes names
124         tag?: string;       // HTML/XML tags names including </>
125         variable?: string; // Variable declarations/usage
126         regexp?: string;   // Regular expressions
127
128     -> // Add more specific highlight.js scopes as needed (e.g., 'meta', 'section', 'typ
129     -> e')
130     };
131     /** Optional: A mapping of semantic token types to specific font styles. */
132     fontStyles?: {
133         comment?: 'italic';
134         keyword?: 'bold';
135         // Add more styles if desired
136     };
137 }

```

133