

# 6.15 Invertierbarkeit von Matrizen

a)

$$i) A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ sei } A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot A^{-1} = E$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2a+c & a+b \\ b+d & b+d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2a+c=1 \Leftrightarrow 2a-a=1 \Leftrightarrow a=1$$

$$a+c=0 \Leftrightarrow c=-a \Leftrightarrow c=-1$$

$$b+d=0 \Leftrightarrow d=-b \Leftrightarrow d=2$$

$$b+d=1 \Leftrightarrow -b=1 \Leftrightarrow b=-1$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} //$$

$$ii) A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ sei } A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot A^{-1} = E$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a+c & a+b \\ b+d & b+d \end{pmatrix}$$

In ein LGS übertragen:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a+c=1 \\ a+c=0 \end{array} \right\} \text{Widerspruch}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} b+d=1 \\ b+d=0 \end{array} \right\} \text{Widerspruch}$$

Die Matrix A ist nicht invertierbar.

$$iii) A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ sei } A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot A^{-1} = E$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3a+d+4g & d-2g & a+2d \\ 3b+e+4h & e-2h & b+2e \\ 3c+f+4i & f-2i & c+2f \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3a+d+4g=1 \Rightarrow 3 \cdot (-2) + d + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = -6d + d + 2d \Rightarrow 3d = 1 \Rightarrow d = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$d-2g=0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} = 2g \Rightarrow g = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$a+2d=0 \Rightarrow a = -2d \Rightarrow a = -2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$3b+e+4h=0 \Rightarrow 0 = 3 \cdot (-2) + e + 4 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -6e + e - 2e + 2e \Rightarrow e = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$e-2h=1 \Rightarrow \frac{2}{3} = -2 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{2}{3} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{2}{3} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{2}{3} = 1$$

$$b+2e=0 \Rightarrow b = -2e \Rightarrow b = -2 \cdot \frac{2}{3} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$3c+f+4i=0 \Rightarrow 0 = 3 \cdot (-2) + f + 2f = 3-3f \Rightarrow f=1$$

$$f-2i=0 \Rightarrow 1 = 2i \Rightarrow i = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$c+2f=1 \Rightarrow c = 1-2f \Rightarrow c = 1-2 = -1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{4}{3} & -1 \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -8 & -6 \\ -2 & 4 & 6 \\ 6 & 12 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Im 2ten LGS verrechnet!

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{sei } A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} a & s & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot A^{-1} = E$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a & s & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

In ein LGS übertragen:

$$\begin{aligned} a + 2s + 3g &= 1 \\ 2a + 3s + 4g &= 0 \\ a + 5s + 2g &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 2 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & | & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & | & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & | & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & | & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1/2: -1 &\Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2} - 0,5 \\ 2: -1 &\Rightarrow d = 5,75 \\ 1/2: -1 &\Rightarrow g = 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a + 2s + 3g &= 0 \\ 2a + 3s + 4g &= 1 \\ 5a + 2s + 2g &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & | & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 2 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & | & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & | & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & | & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & | & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2s &= 1 \Rightarrow s = \frac{1}{2} \\ 2e &= -5 \Rightarrow e = -\frac{5}{2} \\ -h &= \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow h = -\frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c + 2f + 3i &= 0 \\ 2c + 3f + 4i &= 0 \\ c + 5f + 2i &= 1 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 2 & | & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & | & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & | & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & | & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & | & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & | & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2c &= -1 \Rightarrow c = -\frac{1}{2} \\ 2f &= -1 \Rightarrow f = -\frac{1}{2} \\ -i &= \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow i = -\frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{5}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 5 & -5 & -1 \\ 1 & -3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{verrechnen!}$$

$$\text{iii)} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a & s & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} s_a + d + 4g & d - 2g & a + 2d \\ 3s + e + h & e - 2h & d + 2e \\ 3c + f + i & f - 2i & c + 2f \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{ad } a: \quad \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{ad } d: \quad \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{ad } i: \quad \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & | & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & | & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 8 & -4 \\ -2 & -2 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3}$$

noch mal verrechnet!