



d) $V_{op2} = 1 + \frac{R_4}{R_6} = 5 \Leftrightarrow R_4 = 4 R_5 \Leftrightarrow R_4 = 4 \cdot 10k\Omega = 40k\Omega //$

$V_{op2} = \frac{U_{op2}}{U_{r2}} = \frac{104,5 \cdot (R_4 + R_5)}{U_{r2}} \Rightarrow V_{op2} = \frac{104,5 \cdot 5 R_5}{U_{r2}} \Leftrightarrow V_{op2} \cdot U_{r2} = 104,5 \cdot 5 R_5 \Leftrightarrow \frac{V_{op2} \cdot U_{r2}}{5 \cdot 104,5} = R_5 = \frac{5 \cdot 1V}{5 \cdot 100\mu A} = 10k\Omega //$

$U_{op2} = 104,5 \cdot (R_4 + R_5)$

e) $T_A = 100^\circ C: 0 = -U_{R3} + U_{R2} = -R_3 \cdot I_{r11} + U_{R2} - U_{op11} \Leftrightarrow R_3 \cdot I_{r11} = U_{R2} - U_{op11} \Leftrightarrow R_3 = \frac{1}{I_{r11}} (U_{R2} - U_{op11})$

$T_A = 0^\circ C: 0 = -(U_{R3} + U_{R2} - U_{op12}) = -R_3 \cdot I_{r12} + U_{R2} - U_{op12} \Leftrightarrow R_3 = \frac{1}{I_{r12}} (U_{R2} - U_{op12}) = \frac{1}{62,5\mu A} (0,625V - 0V) = 10k\Omega //$

$\frac{1}{I_{r12}} (U_{R2} - U_{op12}) = \frac{1}{I_{r11}} (U_{R2} - U_{op12}) \Leftrightarrow I_{r12} (U_{R2} - U_{op12}) = I_{r11} (U_{R2} - U_{op12}) \Leftrightarrow U_{R2} = \frac{1}{I_{r11} - I_{r12}} (-I_{r12} U_{op11} + I_{r11} U_{op12}) = 0,625V$

$$R_2 = \frac{U_{R2}}{I_{R2}} = \frac{0,625 \text{ V}}{50 \mu\text{A}} = 12,5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_1 = \frac{U_5 - U_{R2}}{I_{R2}} = \frac{5 \text{ V} - 0,625 \text{ V}}{50 \mu\text{A}} = 83,5 \text{ k}\Omega$$