

1. descargar el pdf encriptado
2. abrimos el terminal para crear un documento .hash del pdf
3. ocupamos el metodo de fuerza bruta para poder descifrar la contraseña
4. ocupamos john ... y el nombre del .hash que creamos del pdf
5. encontramos la contraseña
6. abrimos cyber chef
7. seleccionamos desenscriptar AES/128
8. y lo logramos luego de descifrar bien el key y el IV (31 F y 31 A o 16 bytes en cada una)
9. finalmente nos entrego el mensaje LAB1-logrado

La llave es: Fs

- I. Ds
- II. Cs
- III. Bs
- IV. As
- V. 9s
- VI. 8s
- VII. 7s

10.

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- I. Ds
- II. Cs
- III. Bs
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- V. 9s
- VI. 8s
- VII. 7s

https://gchq.github.io/CyberChef/#recipe=AES_Decrypt([option:'Hex',string:'FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF'],[option:'Hex',string:'AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA'])

Kali Docs Kali Forums Kali NetHunter Exploit-DB Google Hacking DB OffSec

Last build: A month ago - Version 10 is here! Read about the new features here

Options About

Recipe

AES Decrypt

Key: FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF HEX IV: AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA HEX

Mode: CBC Input: Hex Output: Raw

Input

87652b6fc9d718f54cc82637453cab2fj

Output

LAB1-Logradq

STEP BAKE! Auto Bake

fz104@fz104: ~/Documents

```
john lab.hash
stat: lab.hash: No such file or directory

(fz104@fz104)~$ cd Documents

(fz104@fz104)~/Documents$ john lab.hash
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (PDF [MD5 SHA2 RC4/AES 32/64])
No password hashes left to crack (see FAQ)

(fz104@fz104)~/Documents$ john --show=lab.hash
Password files required, but none specified

(fz104@fz104)~/Documents$ john lab.hash
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (PDF [MD5 SHA2 RC4/AES 32/64])
No password hashes left to crack (see FAQ)

(fz104@fz104)~/Documents$
```

KALI LINUX

"the quieter you become, the more you are able to hear"

Desktop icons: Terminal, Files, Downloads, Firefox, Mail, LibreOffice, VLC, Steam, GIMP, PDF Reader, App Store.

```
fz104@fz104: ~/Documents

(fz104@fz104)-[~/Documents]
$ john lab.hash
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (PDF [MD5 SHA2 RC4/AES 32/64])
No password hashes left to crack (see FAQ)

(fz104@fz104)-[~/Documents]
$ john --show=lab.hash
Password files required, but none specified

(fz104@fz104)-[~/Documents]
$ john lab.hash
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (PDF [MD5 SHA2 RC4/AES 32/64])
No password hashes left to crack (see FAQ)

(fz104@fz104)-[~/Documents]
$ john --show lab.hash
/home/fz104/Documents/lab.pdf:185020

1 password hash cracked, 0 left

(fz104@fz104)-[~/Documents]
$
```

1. descargar el pdf encriptado
2. abrimos el terminal para crear
3. ocupamos el metodo de fuerza
4. ocupamos john ... y el nombre
5. encontramos la contraseña
6. abrimos cyber chef
7. seleccionamos descriptar AES

https://gchq.github.io/CyberChef/#recipe=AES_Decrypt('option':'Hex','string':'FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF'),('option':'Hex','string':'AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA')

Last build: A month ago - Version 10 is here! Read about the new features here

Options About / Support

Recipe

AES Decrypt

Key: FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF HEX IV: AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA HEX

Mode: CBC Input: Hex Output: Raw

Input

87652b6fc8d718f54cc82637453cab2f

total: 2
loaded: 2

Output

LAB1-logradq