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diamondsmtcarsiris

10▼records per page

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Basic Usage

The `DataTables` application demonstrates HTML tables using the jQuery library `DataTables`. To run the example type:

```
# this requires shiny >= 0.8
if (packageVersion('shiny') > '0.7') {
  library(shiny)
  runGitHub("shiny-examples", "rstudio", subdir = "012-datatables")
}
```

The basic usage is to create an output element in the UI using `dataTableOutput(id = 'foo')`, and render a table using `output$foo <- renderDataTable({ data })` in the server script. Normally `renderDataTable()` takes an expression that returns a rectangular data object with column names, such as a data frame or a matrix. Below is a minimal example:

```
library(shiny)

runApp(list(
  ui = basicPage(
    h2('The mtcars data'),
    dataTableOutput('mytable')
  ),
  server = function(input, output) {
    output$mytable = renderDataTable({
      mtcars
    })
  }
))
```

By default, the data is paginated, showing 25 rows per page. The number of rows to display can be changed through the drop down menu in the top-left. We can sort the columns by clicking on the column headers, and sort multiple columns by holding the `Shift` key while clicking (the sorting direction loops through ascending, descending, and none if we keep on clicking). We can search globally in the table using the text input box in the top-right, or search individual columns using the text boxes at the bottom. Currently the searching terms are treated as regular expressions in R. Since searching can be time-consuming in large datasets, there is a delay of 0.5 seconds (customizable) before searching is really processed; that means if we type fast enough in the search box, searching may be processed only once on the server side even if we have typed more than one character.

Customizing DataTables

There are a large number of options in `DataTables` that are customizable (see its website for details). In [this example](#), we show a few possibilities. First, we create the UI to display three datasets `diamonds`, `mtcars`, and `iris`, with each dataset in its own tab:

```
ui.R

library(shiny)
library(ggplot2) # for the diamonds dataset

shinyUI(pageWithSidebar(
  headerPanel('Examples of DataTables'),
  sidebarPanel(
    checkboxGroupInput('show_vars', 'Columns in diamonds to show:', names(diamonds),
      selected = names(diamonds)),
    helpText('For the diamonds data, we can select variables to show in the table;
      for the mtcars example, we use bSortClasses = TRUE so that sorted
      columns are colored since they have special CSS classes attached;
      for the iris data, we customize the length menu so we can display 5
      rows per page.')
  ),
  mainPanel(
    tabsetPanel(
      tabPanel('diamonds',
        dataTableOutput("mytable1")),
      tabPanel('mtcars',
        dataTableOutput("mytable2")),
      tabPanel('iris',
        dataTableOutput("mytable3"))
    )
  )
))
```

We also added a checkbox group to select the columns to show in the `diamonds` data.

Server Script

The `options` argument in `renderDataTable()` can take a list (literally an R list) of options, and pass them to `DataTables` when the table is initialized. For example, for the `mtcars` data, we pass `bSortClasses = TRUE` to `DataTables` so that the sorted columns will have CSS classes attached on them (this is disabled by default); in this example, we can see the sorted columns are highlighted by darker colors. For the `iris` data, we pass the options `aLengthMenu` and `iDisplayLength` to customize the drop down menu, which has items `[10, 25, 50, 100]` by default; now the menu has three items `[5, 30, 50]`, and 5 is selected as the default value.

```
server.R

library(shiny)

shinyServer(function(input, output) {

  # a large table, reative to input$show_vars
  output$mytable1 = renderDataTable({
    library(ggplot2)
    diamonds[, input$show_vars, drop = FALSE]
  })

  # sorted columns are colored now because CSS are attached to them
  output$mytable2 = renderDataTable({
    mtcars
  }, options = list(bSortClasses = TRUE))

  # customize the length drop-down menu; display 5 rows per page by default
  output$mytable3 = renderDataTable({
    iris
  }, options = list(aLengthMenu = c(5, 30, 50), iDisplayLength = 5))

})
```

For more `DataTable` options, please refer to its full reference on its website.

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