Stat 330 Homework 4

Sean Gordon

February 26, 2020

1)
(a) X= # of drivers until one doesn't make a full stop.

$$X \sim \text{Geo}(1 - .85) = \text{Geo}(.15)$$

 $P(X < 10) = ?$

(b) X = # of correct answers out of total answers.

$$X \sim Bin(20, .6)$$

$$P(X \ge 12) = ?$$

(c) X = # of customers that arrive between 1:00 pm and 2:00 pm.

$$X \sim Pois(16)$$

$$P(X=14) = ?$$

2) (a) There are 6 possible doubles rolls out of 36 possible rolls. Thus, p = $6/36 = .16\tilde{6}$

(b)
$$E(X) = 0(1-p) + 1(p) = 0(.83\tilde{3}) + 1(.16\tilde{6}) = .16\tilde{6}$$

 $E(X^2) = 0^2(1-p) + 1^2(p) = 0^2(.83\tilde{3}) + 1^2(.16\tilde{6}) = .16\tilde{6}$
 $Var(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2 = .16\tilde{6} - (.16\tilde{6})^2 = .16\tilde{6} - 0.027\tilde{7} = 0.138\tilde{8}$

(c) Y $\sim Bin(5, .167)$

(d)
$$E(Y) = np = 5*.167 = 0.835$$

(e)
$$P(Y=3) = {5 \choose 3} (0.167)^3 (0.835)^{5-3} = .032$$

(f)

(g)

- (a) X = Bin(
- 4) (a) $X \sim Pois(10)$

(b)
$$\frac{e^{-10}(10)^8}{8!} =$$

- (c) X $\sim \text{Pois}(10/(60/12)) = \text{Pois}(2)$
- (d) $\frac{e^{-2}(2)^3}{3!} =$
- (e) $E(X) = \lambda = 2$

i.
$$P(X \le 1) \Rightarrow P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) = 0.1 + 0.2 = 0.3$$

ii.
$$P(-1 < X \le 1) \Rightarrow P(X = 0) + P(X = 1) = 0.3 + 0.1 = 0.4$$

iii.
$$P(X < 0) \Rightarrow P(X = -2) + P(X = -1) = 0.1 + 0.3 = 0.4$$

i.
$$F(1) = 0.8$$

ii.
$$F(0.5) = F(0) = 0.7$$

iii.
$$P(X \ge 0) = 1 - F(-1) = 0.6$$

(e)
$$E(X) = -2(0.1) + -1(0.3) + 0(0.3) + 1(0.1) + 2(0.2) = 0.2$$

 $E(X^2) = -2^2(0.1) + -1^2(0.3) + 0^2(0.3) + 1^2(0.1) + 2^2(0.2) = 0.6$
Variance = $E(X^2)$ - $E(X)^2 = 0.6$ - $(0.2)^2 = 0.56$

(a)
$$Im(Y) = \{8, 6, 4, 2, 0\}$$

(b)
$$E(X) = 8(0.1) + 6(0.3) + 4(0.3) + 2(0.1) + 0(0.2) = 4$$

 $E(X^2) = 8^2(0.1) + 6^2(0.3) + 4^2(0.3) + 2^2(0.1) + 0^2(0.2) = 22.4$
Variance = $E(X^2)$ - $E(X)^2 = 22.4$ - $(4)^2 = 38.4$

4)
$$Var(aX) = E([aX]^2) - [E(aX)]^2 = a^2E(X^2) - a^2E(X)^2 = a^2(E(X^2) - E(X)^2) = a^2Var(X)$$

(a)
$$P(X=2) = {6 \choose 2} (0.05)^2 (0.95)^{6-2}$$

 $15*(0.05)^2 (0.95)^4 = .0305$

(b)
$$P(X \le 2) = P(X=0) + P(X=1) + P(X=2) \Rightarrow$$

$$\binom{6}{0}(0.05)^{0}(0.95)^{6-0} + \binom{6}{1}(0.05)^{1}(0.95)^{6-1} + \binom{6}{2}(0.05)^{2}(0.95)^{6-2} = 0.735 + 0.232 + 0.031 = 0.998$$

6)
(a)
$$P(X \ge 5) = P(X = 5) + P(X = 6) + P(X = 7) + P(X = 8) + P(X = 9) + P(X = 10) \Rightarrow$$

$${10 \choose 5} (0.2)^5 (0.8)^{10-5} + {10 \choose 6} (0.2)^6 (0.8)^{10-6} + {10 \choose 7} (0.2)^7 (0.8)^{10-7} +$$

$${10 \choose 8} (0.2)^8 (0.8)^{10-8} + {10 \choose 9} (0.2)^9 (0.8)^{10-9} + {10 \choose 10} (0.2)^{10} (0.8)^{10-10} =$$

$$0.02642 + 0.00551 + .00079 + .00007 + \sim 0 + \sim 0 = .033$$

(b)
$$P(X \ge 5) = 1 - P(X \le 4) = (.2)(.8)^{4-1} + (.2)(.8)^{3-1} + (.2)(.8)^{2-1} + (.2)(.8)^{1-1} = .1024 + .128 + .16 + .2 = .5904$$