Deepfake Video Detection using Vision Transformers

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CS22B1090

1 Introduction

This project implements a Vision Transformer-based model to detect fake videos in the Celeb-DF dataset. This report details the development and evaluation of this project for classifying deepfake videos using a Vision Transformer (ViT) architecture. The Celeb-DF v2 dataset is used for training and testing the model. Key evaluation metrics such as Accuracy, AUC, Precision, and Equal Error Rate (EER) are reported.

2 Requirements

torch
torchvision
scikit-learn
numpy
opencv-python
pandas

3 Dataset

• Dataset: Celeb-DF v2

• Classes: Real (0) and Fake (1)

• Total Videos: Approximately 5639

• Format: MP4

4 Preprocessing

- Created custom dataset and dataloader for loading videos from Celeb-DF dataset
- Converted video frames from BGR to RGB
- Applied resizing and normalization using ImageNet statistics
- Selected a fixed number of maximum frames per video (e.g., 32)
- Used padding (repeating the last frame) if a video had fewer frames

5 Vision Transformer (ViT) Architecture

- Patch embedding of video frames with embed dimension 768
- Implementation of multi head self attention
- MLP classification head
- Transformer encoder blocks with variable depth to increase or decrease complexity
- Use of patch embedding and transformer encoder blocks along with normalization layer and head

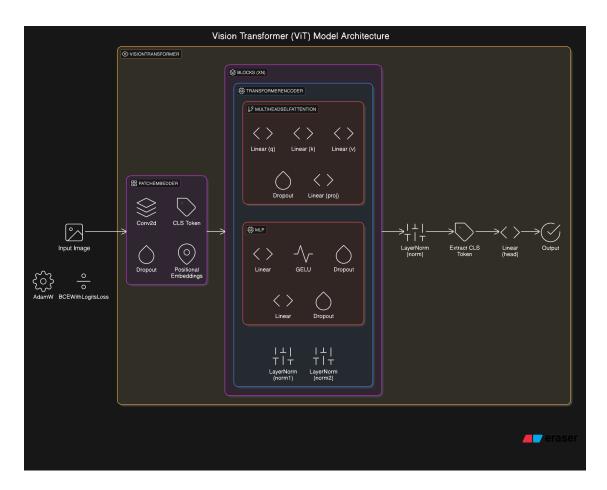


Figure 1: Block diagram of the Vision Transformer architecture

6 Training Details

• Optimizer: AdamW

• Learning Rate: 3e-4

• Weight Decay: 0.05

• Loss Function: BCEWithLogitsLoss

• Epochs: 10

• Batch Size: 2

7 Evaluation Metrics

Per-video evaluation using:

• Accuracy: 88.52%

• Area Under Curve (AUC): 49.87

• Precision: 88.52%

• Equal Error Rate (EER): 0.00

8 References

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