

Logarithms

Exponent form: $a^m = x$

log form: $\log_a(x) = m$

exp \longleftrightarrow log

base doesn't change

$x = \text{lhs}$
 $m = \text{rhs}$ } Swapped

Exp to log conversions

$$10^3 = 1000 \Rightarrow \log_{10}(1000) = 3$$

$$2^3 = 8 \Rightarrow \log_2(8) = 3$$

$$3^{-2} = 1/9 \Rightarrow \log_3(1/9) = -2$$

$$\log_1 = 0$$

$$\log_a(a) = 1$$

$$\text{Product rule: } \log_a(xy) = \log_a(x) + \log_a(y) \neq \log(x+y)$$

$$\text{quotient rule: } \log_a(x/y) = \log_a(x) - \log_a(y)$$

$$\text{log Power: } \log(x^y) = y \cdot \log(x)$$

$$\text{Power is to base: } \log_a^b(x) = (1/b) \log_a(x)$$

$$\text{Switch base: } \log_a(x) = 1/\log_x(a)$$

$$\text{change base} = \log_a(x) = \log_c(x) / \log_c(a) = \log(x) / \log(a)$$

find the value of

i) $\log_5(25)$

$$\log_5(25) = 2 \times \log_5(5)$$

$$\frac{2 \times 1}{2}$$

ii) $\log_{81} 3$

$$81 = 3^4$$

$$\log_{3^4}(3) = \frac{1}{4} \times \log_3(3)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \times 1$$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$

find the value of

$\log_{\sqrt{7}}(1/243)$

$$\frac{1}{243} = \frac{1}{7^3} = 7^{-3}$$

$$\sqrt{7} = 7^{1/2}$$

$$\log_{7^{1/2}}(7^{-3}) = -3 \times \log_{7^{1/2}}(7)$$

$$-3 \times \frac{1}{1/2} \log_7 7$$

$$-3 \times 2 \times 1 = -6$$

$\log_{10001}(1000)$

$$1000 = 10^3$$

$$10001 = \frac{1}{10^4} = 10^{-4}$$

$$\log_{10^{-4}}(10^3) = 3 \times \frac{1}{-4} \log_{10} 10$$

$$= -3/4$$

v) $\log_2 \left(\frac{512 \times 256}{32} \right)$

$$\log_2 \left(\frac{2^9 \times 2^8}{2^5} \right)$$

$$\log_2 2^2$$

$$12 \times \log_2(12)$$

$$\frac{12}{2}$$

vi) $\log_2(0.625)$

$$0.625 = \frac{1}{2^4}$$

$$\log_2 \left(\frac{1}{2^4} \right) = \log_2(2^{-4})$$

$$-4 \times \log_2 2 = -4 \times 1$$

$$-4$$

2) find

3) If
between

4) find

5)

6)

2.) Find the value of y , if $\log_y (25/a) = -1$

$$y^{-1} = \frac{25}{a} \quad \frac{1}{y} = \frac{25}{a} \quad y = \frac{a}{25}$$

3.) If $\log_a u = 36$ and $\log_3 u = 6$, what is relation between u and a .

$$\begin{aligned} a^{36} &= u & 3^6 &= u \\ u &= 3^{71} & u &= 3^6 \\ (3^6)^n &= u = u \end{aligned}$$

when no base given take it as 10

4.) Find $\frac{10 \log 10000}{5 \log 100}$

$$\frac{10 \log (10)^4}{5 \log (10)^2} = \frac{10 \times 4 \times \log (10)}{5 \times 2 \times \log (10)} = \frac{4 \times 1}{1} = 4$$

5.) $\log_2 (2^1 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 2^3 \cdots 2^n)$

$$\log_2 (2^{1+2+\cdots+n})$$

$$\log_2 (2)^{45} = 45 \times \log_2 (2)$$

45

6.) $\log_2 \log_2 \log_3 \log_5 (125) = ?$

$$\log_2 \log_2 \log_3 (3)$$

$$\log_2 \log_2 (1) = 0 \quad \log_2 (2) = 1$$

$$\log_5 (125)$$

$$\log_5 (5^3)$$

3

7) Find the value of $\log(15/16) - \log(27/45) + \log(48/75)$ by product

$$\log\left(\frac{15}{16} \times \frac{45}{27} \times \frac{48}{75}\right)$$

$$\log 1 = 0$$

8) $\log_{10} 2 = p$; $\log_{10} 7 = q$. Find the value of $\log_5 4$ use change base

$$\log_5(4 \times 7) = \log_5 4 + \log_5 7$$

$$\log_5(2^2) + \log_5 7 = 2 \log_5 2 + \log_5 7$$

$$\text{change base to } 10 \quad \frac{2 \log_{10} 2}{\log_{10} 5} + \frac{\log_{10} 7}{\log_{10} 5} = \frac{2p}{\log_{10}(10/2)} + \frac{q}{\log_{10}(10/2)}$$

$$\frac{2p}{\log_{10} 10 - \log_{10} 2} + \frac{q}{\log_{10} 10 - \log_{10} 2} = \frac{2p}{1-p} + \frac{q}{1-p} = \frac{2p+q}{1-p}$$

9) $\log(x^2 - 6x + 10) = 0$ find the value of x

$$\log(x^2 - 6x + 10) = 0 = \log 1$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 10 = 1$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

10) If $\log(105) = p$, find $(\log_{100} 101)(\log_{101} 102)$
 $(\log_{104} 105)$.

$$\log_a(x) = \frac{\log(x)}{\log(a)}$$

$$\log_{100}(101) = \frac{\log 101}{\log 100}$$

$$\frac{\log 101}{\log 100} \times \frac{\log 102}{\log 101} \times \dots \times \frac{\log 105}{\log 104}$$

$$\frac{\log 105}{\log 100} = \log_{100}(105) = \log_{10}(105)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \log_{10} 105 = \frac{1}{2} \times p = p/2$$

11) $\log 11 = a$ find $\log(1/110)$.

$$\log \frac{1}{110} = \log(110)^{-1}$$

$$1/a = a^{-1}$$

Product rule

$$-1 \times \log 110$$

$$-(\log(11 \times 10))$$

$$-[\log 11 + \log 10]$$

$$-[a + 1] = -a - 1 = \log \frac{1}{110}$$

12) if $\log 2 = 0.3010$, find the value of $\log 1024$

$$\log 1024 = \log (2)^{10}$$

$$10 \log 2$$

$$10 \times (0.3010)$$

$$3.010$$

Characteristic

&
Mantissa =

Characteristic
we calculate

NO 71: (No. of digits in integral part - 1)

NO < 11: (No. of zeroes immediately after decimal point) + 1

Mantissa
needs log table
Always five

applying those rules

before decimal

$$\log 7.23 < 1 = 0$$

$$\log 0.0723 < 1 = -1$$

$$\log 71.32712 \quad 2-1 = 1$$

$$[+1] = -2$$