

Probability

$$P = \frac{\text{what I want}}{\text{Total}}$$

AND - \times - or - $+$

Total Probability = 1

$$P + \bar{P} = 1$$

selecting not-selecting

- 1.) Suresh keeps all his socks in a single drawer. He has a 24 pairs W, 18 Pairs Grey. He picks 3 randomly. Possibility of matching pair

The thing is total socks = $24 + 18$
Ans + 36 for grey

If he picks white we will be left with
or, even if he picks Green he will complete
the task, even if it is white he does
So Probability = 1

- 2.) what will be the possibility of drawing a
jack or a spade from a well shuffled
deck of cards

J or Spade J + S

Since J is also in spade we need to remove that

$$\frac{4}{52} + \frac{13}{52} - \frac{1}{52} = \frac{12}{52} = \frac{3}{13}$$

- 3) A box has 6 black, 4 red, 2 white and 3 blue shirts. when 2 shirts are picked randomly, what is the probability both are white or both are blue.

choosing 2 shirts we will have one shirt on hand then chose next so count will reduce

we need both white or blue
w + blue

Total shirts = 15

$$\frac{2}{15} \times \frac{1}{14} + \frac{3}{15} \times \frac{2}{14} = \frac{1}{105} + \frac{3}{105} = \frac{4}{105}$$

- 4) A pot has 2 white, 6 black, 4 gray and 8 green balls. If one ball is picked randomly from the pot, what is the probability of being black or green

$$\text{Total balls } 2 + 6 + 4 + 8 = 20$$

B (or) G

$$\frac{8}{20} + \frac{6}{20} = \frac{14}{20} = \frac{7}{10}$$

- 5.) There are 2 pots. one pot has 5 red and 3 green. other has 4 red and 2 green marbles. what is the possibility of drawing red marble?

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ + \\ 3 \end{array} \right] \quad \left[\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ + \\ 2 \end{array} \right]$$

See they have given 2 Pots so we have to consider the probability of that too

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{6} = \frac{31}{48}$$

- 6.) In a set of 30 game cards. 17 are white rest are green. 4 white and 5 green are marked important. If a card is chosen randomly, probability of choosing a green or Important card

double
 $67 = 13$ also Imp. Card has Green counting

$$\frac{13}{30} + \frac{9}{30} = \frac{5}{30}$$

$$\frac{17}{30}$$

- 7.) A box has 6 black, 4 red, 2 white and 3 blue shirts. Find the probability of drawing 2 black

Same rule If I had to pick 2 I will pick 1 and then 2

$$\frac{6}{15} \times \frac{5}{14} = \frac{30}{210} = \frac{1}{7}$$

- 8.) A box has 6 black, 4 red, 2 white and 3 blue shirts. what is the probability that 2 red shirts and 1 blue shirt get chosen during a random selection of 3 shirts

we need 2R & 1 Blue randomly possible probabilities

$$R \times R \times B + R \times B \times R + B \times R \times R$$

$$\frac{4}{15} \times \frac{3}{14} \times \frac{3}{13} + \frac{4}{15} \times \frac{3}{14} \times \frac{3}{13} + \frac{3}{15} \times \frac{4}{14} \times \frac{3}{13}$$

$$\frac{36 \times 3}{15 \times 14 \times 13} = \frac{18}{455}$$

9.) A box has 6 black, 4 red, 2 white and 3 blue shirts. what is probability, at least 1 red shirt in 4 shirts that are randomly picked

4 - 1 or 2 or 3 or 4

It says atleast one Red so we can have $1r$ or $2r$ - - $4r$

Remember $1 = \text{Probability of red} + \text{Probability of not red}$

Remove all those
red parts

$$\frac{11}{15} \times \frac{10}{14} \times \frac{9}{13} \times \frac{8}{12} = \frac{22}{91}$$

$$1 - \frac{22}{91} = \frac{69}{91} \quad \text{— Probability of red}$$

10.) on rolling a dice 2 times, the sum of 2 no. is 8. what is the probability that first thrown dice yields 4

2 dice - $6 \times 6 = 36$

which gives sun

$$(2,6) (3,5) (A,A) (5,3) (6,2) = \frac{1}{36}$$

11.) A box has 5 black and 3 green. One shirt is picked and put in another box. The second box has 3 black and 5 green. Now a shirt from second box, what is the probability of black shirt

we have 2 case of 2 scenario

- Pick
 1.) picking one black here and adding then
 2.) Picking green adding there and then
 picking

$$\left[\frac{5B}{3G} \right] + \left[\frac{3B}{5G} \right]$$

$$\frac{5B}{8} \times \frac{4B}{9} = \frac{20}{72} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{9} = \frac{9}{72} \quad \text{--- (2)} \quad \frac{20}{72} + \frac{9}{72} = \frac{29}{72}$$

12.) what is the possibility of having 53 Thursday in a non-leap

There will be 52 weeks The vest could be any day ^{out of 7} So

$$\frac{1}{7}$$

13)

In a drawer there are 4 white socks, 5 Blue Socks, 5 grey sock. Two socks are picked randomly both are same color?

2W or 2B or 2G

$$\frac{4}{12} \times \frac{3}{11} + \frac{5}{12} \times \frac{4}{11} + \frac{5}{12} \times \frac{4}{11}$$

$$\frac{1}{11} + \frac{1}{22} + \frac{5}{33} = \frac{19}{66}$$

14)

what is probability of picking 2 club from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards

Probability of picking 13

$$\frac{13}{52} \times \frac{12}{51} = \frac{1}{17}$$

15)

what are the chances that no 2 boys are sitting together for a photo-shoot there are 5 girls and 2 boys.

use Permutation & combination

2 boys - 2! - 1! group

5 girls + 1 group - 6 group

Total 7

So we can have 7! ways

$$r = n + \bar{n}$$

classmate

Date

Page

$$7! = 6! \times 1! + \bar{n}$$

$$7! = 6! \times 2!$$

$$6! \times 2$$

16) when a coin is tossed, what are the chances of getting at least one tail

(H, H) (H, T) (T, H) (T, T)

at least T

$$P = \frac{w}{T} = \frac{3}{4}$$