

Surds & Indices

b - Index
a - base

$$\sqrt[3]{8} \quad \text{Surd}$$

$$p^m p^n = p^{(m+n)}$$

$$\frac{p^m}{p^n} = p^{(m-n)}$$

$$(p^m)^n = p^{mn}$$

$$p^1 = p \quad p^0 = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^p = \frac{a^p}{b^p}$$

$$p^{-n} = \frac{1}{p^n}$$

$$p^n = a\sqrt{b}$$

$$p^{-n} = a - \sqrt{b}$$

Indices tips

$$\left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^c \times \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^a \times \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^b = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{x}{x^b}\right)^a \times \left(\frac{x}{x^c}\right)^b \times \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^{a+b} = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^{(a^2+b^2+ab)} \times \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^{(b^2+c^2+bc)} \times \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^{(c^2+a^2+ac)} = 1$$

Surd tips

$$\sqrt[m]{p} = p^{1/m}$$

$$\sqrt[m]{ab} = \sqrt[m]{a} \times \sqrt[m]{b}$$

$$\sqrt[5]{48} = \sqrt[5]{6} \times \sqrt[5]{8} = \sqrt[5]{6 \times 8}$$

$$\sqrt[m]{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt[m]{a}}{\sqrt[m]{b}}$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{1/m} = \frac{a^{1/m}}{b^{1/m}} \quad (ab)^{1/m} = a^{1/m} b^{1/m}$$

$$(\sqrt[n]{a})^m = a$$

$$(\sqrt[n]{a})^n = (a^{1/n})^n = a^{n/n}$$

$$a^{1/n \cdot n}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{a^n}$$

1.) what will be the product of $\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt[3]{3}$, $\sqrt[4]{5}$

$$\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} \neq \sqrt{a+b}$$

$$2^{1/2} \quad 3^{1/3} \quad 5^{1/4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} \quad \frac{2}{6} \quad \frac{1}{6}$$

$$2\frac{3}{6} \quad 2\frac{2}{6} \quad 1\frac{1}{6}$$

$$(2)^{1/6} (3)^{1/6} (5)^{1/6}$$

$$(360)^{1/6}$$

\approx

2.) Solve for m in $47^{6.5} \times 47^{5.9} \times 47^{3.7} \times 47^{11.3} = 47^m$
 $(6.5 + 5.9 + 3.7 + 11.3)$

$$47$$

$$29.4 = m$$

$$47 = 47$$

$$m = 13.7$$

3) if $m = 1$, what is the value of b

$$1 = 1$$

$$\frac{3b+6}{m} = m$$

$$3b+6=0$$

$$b = \frac{-6}{3} = b = -2$$

4) $10^{65982} \div 10^{65979} = 1000?$

$$\frac{10^{65982}}{10^{65979}} =$$

$$10^3 = 1000$$

$$(1000) = 1000$$

$$? = 1$$

5) find $(m^2 + \bar{m}^2)$, when it is given that $m = 9 + \sqrt{43}$

$$\left(\frac{m^2 + 1}{m^2} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{m + \frac{1}{m}}{m} \right) = \frac{m + \frac{1}{m} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{m}}{m}$$

$$(9 + \sqrt{43} + 9 - \sqrt{43}) = \frac{m^2 + 1}{m^2} + 2$$

$$384 - 2 = m^2 + \bar{m}^2$$

$$382 = m^2 + \bar{m}^2$$

6) which is the smallest amongst $\sqrt{3}, \sqrt[3]{5}, \sqrt[5]{5}, \sqrt[4]{4}$

$$3^{1/2} \quad 2^{1/3} \quad 5^{1/5} \quad 4^{1/4}$$

~~is~~

$$\frac{6}{12} \quad \frac{4}{12} \quad \frac{2}{12} \quad \frac{3}{12}$$

$$(3)^{1/2} \quad (2)^{1/3} \quad (5)^{1/5} \quad (4)^{1/4}$$

$$(729)^{1/12} \quad (76)^{1/12} \quad (25)^{1/12} \quad (4)^{1/4}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 2364} \\ 2 \overline{) 1332} \\ 3 \overline{) 1332} \\ \quad \overline{) 1111} \end{array}$$

Smallest = smallest value

$$(16)^{1/4}$$

7) what will be the value $\sqrt{1+m} + \sqrt{1-m}$ $m=4/5$

$$(\sqrt{1+m} + \sqrt{1-m})^2 = 1+m + 1-m + 2\sqrt{1+m}\sqrt{1-m}$$

$$2 + 2\sqrt{1-m^2}$$

$$2 + 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{16}{25}}$$

$$2 + 2\sqrt{\frac{9}{25}} = 2 + \frac{6}{5} = \frac{16}{5} \quad \text{So it} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}}$$

8.) Find the value of $m^{23/59}$, if $3m^{23/59} + 3m^{-23/59} = 10$
 $p = m^{23/59}$

$$3p + \frac{3}{p} = 10$$

$$5 = \frac{-10}{6} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$3p^2 + 3 = 10p$$

$$p = 1$$

$$3p^2 - 10p + 3 = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{3} - x\right) \left(\frac{5}{3} + x\right)$$

$$3p^2 - 10p + 3 = 0$$

$$3p(p-1) \quad p = 3$$

$$3p = 1$$

$$p = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \wedge \\ -10 \\ \wedge \\ -9 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{25}{36} - x^2 = 1$$

$$x^2 = \frac{25}{36} - 36$$

$$\frac{9}{36} = \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \wedge \\ -10 \\ \wedge \\ -9 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 = \frac{3}{12}$$

9.) $\sqrt{3\sqrt{3\sqrt{3}}} = ?$

$$\sqrt[2^n]{3\sqrt{3\sqrt{3}}} = A$$

$$\sqrt{3\sqrt{3\sqrt{3}}} =$$

$$A$$

$$A$$

$$A^{\frac{2^n-1}{2^n}}$$

$$3^{\frac{8-1}{8}} = 3^{\frac{7}{8}}$$

10) which of the expression is not same

$$6 \times 6 = (6^1)^3 = 2^3 + 3^3 = 8 + 27 = 35$$

$$216 = 6^3 = 216 \neq 35$$

11) value of $2^{(-2)^2}$

$$2^{(-2)^2} = 2^4 = 16$$

12) what is the value of $2^{2(-2)}$

$$2^{-2} = \frac{1}{2^2}$$

$$2^{-2} = \frac{1}{2^2} = \frac{1}{2^2} = 2^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

13) value of M in $\left(\frac{p}{q}\right)^{2m+2} = \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^{a-m}$

$$a^2 = \frac{1}{a^2} \quad a^{-2} = \frac{1}{a^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^{-(a-m)} = \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^{m-a} = \left(\frac{p}{q}\right)^{2m+2}$$

$$m-a = 2m+2$$

$$m-11 = 2m$$

$$-11 = m$$

$$m = -11$$

14.) what is the value of $(36)^{1/6}$

$$(6^2)^{1/6}$$

$$6^{1/3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{6}$$

15.) how many zeros are there in 2000^{10}

$$2 \times 1000^3 = 3 \times 10 = 30$$

16.) what will come in place of ?

$$\frac{72}{?^{815}} = \frac{?^{715}}{24}$$

$$72 \times 24 = ?^{815} \cdot ?^{715}$$

$$72 \times 24 = \frac{8}{5} + \frac{7}{5} = \frac{15}{5} = 3$$

$$72 \times 24 = ?^3$$

$$? = 12$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ \times 24 \\ \hline 288 \\ 1040 \\ \hline 1728 \end{array}$$