

Name: Shaan Yadav

NetID: ay140

Honor Code: *I have adhered to the Duke Community Standard in completing this assignment.*

1. Code for Simple Line Following

- The QTI code for simple line following from the exploration (following a line, regardless of hashmarks).

```
//Pins for QTI connections on board
#define leftQTI 51
#define middleQTI 53
#define rightQTI 52

#include <Servo.h>                                // Include servo library
Servo servoLeft;                                  // Declare left servo signal
Servo servoRight;

// Define pins for built-in RGB LED
#define redpin 45
#define greenpin 46
#define bluepin 44

int hashCount = 0;
int reds[5] = {0, 0, 255, 255, 100};
int greens[5] = {255, 0, 0, 255, 255};
int blues[5] = {255, 255, 255, 0, 0};

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600); //start the serial monitor so we can view the output

  servoLeft.attach(12);                            // Attach left signal to P13
  servoRight.attach(11);                           // Attach left signal to P12

  servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1500);                // 1.5 ms stay still sig, pin 13
  servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1500);               // 1.5 ms stay still sig, pin 12

  pinMode(redpin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(greenpin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(bluepin, OUTPUT);

  // start with light off
  analogWrite(redpin, 255);
```

```

analogWrite(greenpin, 255);
analogWrite(bluepin, 255);
}

void loop() {
    int lQTI = rcTime(leftQTI);
    int mQTI = rcTime(middleQTI);
    int rQTI = rcTime(rightQTI);

    // Serial.println("left: " + String(lQTI) + " middle: " + String(mQTI) + " right: " +
String(rQTI));

    int state = 4*(lQTI < 200) + 2*(mQTI < 200) + (rQTI < 150);
    // Serial.println(state);

    switch(state) {
        // not on line
        case 7:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1450);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            break;
        // right sensor --> turn right
        case 6:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            delay(30);
            break;
        // middle sensor --> go forward
        case 5:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1450);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            break;
        // middle + right sensor --> turn right, slight
        case 4:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            delay(40);
            break;
        // left sensor --> turn left
        case 3:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1450);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1450);
            delay(25);

```

```

        break;
    // left + middle sensor --> turn left, slight
    case 1:
        servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1450);
        servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
        break;
    // everything else
    default:
        break;
}
delay(50);
}

//Defines funtion 'rcTime' to read value from QTI sensor
// From Ch. 6 Activity 2 of Robotics with the BOE Shield for Arduino
long rcTime(int pin)
{
    pinMode(pin, OUTPUT);    // Sets pin as OUTPUT
    digitalWrite(pin, HIGH); // Pin HIGH
    delay(1);                // Waits for 1 millisecond
    pinMode(pin, INPUT);     // Sets pin as INPUT
    digitalWrite(pin, LOW);  // Pin LOW
    long time = micros();    // Tracks starting time
    while(digitalRead(pin)); // Loops while voltage is high
    time = micros() - time;  // Calculate decay time
    return time;             // Return decay time
}

```

2. Code for Line Following with Hashmarks

- The code for following lines, stopping at hashmarks, turning on the appropriate RGB LED colors, and turning them off before continuing. Code should show that the 'bot does not move on past the final hash mark. Make sure your TA has marked your group as finishing IDC Checkpoint 1.

```
//Pins for QTI connections on board
#define leftQTI 51
#define middleQTI 53
#define rightQTI 52

#include <Servo.h>                                // Include servo library
Servo servoLeft;                                  // Declare left servo signal
Servo servoRight;

// Define pins for built-in RGB LED
#define redpin 45
#define greenpin 46
#define bluepin 44

int hashCount = 0;
int reds[5] = {0, 0, 255, 255, 100};
int greens[5] = {255, 0, 0, 255, 255};
int blues[5] = {255, 255, 255, 0, 0};

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600); //start the serial monitor so we can view the output

  servoLeft.attach(12);                            // Attach left signal to P13
  servoRight.attach(11);                            // Attach left signal to P12

  servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1500);                // 1.5 ms stay still sig, pin 13
  servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1500);                // 1.5 ms stay still sig, pin 12

  pinMode(redpin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(greenpin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(bluepin, OUTPUT);

  // start with light off
  analogWrite(redpin, 255);
  analogWrite(greenpin, 255);
  analogWrite(bluepin, 255);
```

```

}

void loop() {
    int lQTI = rcTime(leftQTI);
    int mQTI = rcTime(middleQTI);
    int rQTI = rcTime(rightQTI);

    // Serial.println("left: " + String(lQTI) + " middle: " + String(mQTI) + " right: " +
    String(rQTI));

    int state = 4*(lQTI < 200) + 2*(mQTI < 200) + (rQTI < 150);
    // Serial.println(state);

    switch(state) {
        // not on line
        case 7:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1450);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            break;
        // right sensor --> turn right
        case 6:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            delay(30);
            break;
        // middle sensor --> go forward
        case 5:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1450);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            break;
        // middle + right sensor --> turn right, slight
        case 4:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1550);
            delay(40);
            break;
        // left sensor --> turn left
        case 3:
            servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1450);
            servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1450);
            delay(25);
            break;
        // left + middle sensor --> turn left, slight

```

```

case 1:
    servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1450);
    servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1450);
    delay(25);
    break;
// at HASHMARK --> stop, forward
case 0:
    servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1500);
    servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1500);

    // turn on light
    // analogWrite(redpin, hashmarkColours[hashCount][0]);
    // analogWrite(greenpin, hashmarkColours[hashCount][1]);
    // analogWrite(bluepin, hashmarkColours[hashCount][2]);

    analogWrite(redpin, reds[hashCount % 5]);
    analogWrite(greenpin, greens[hashCount % 5]);
    analogWrite(bluepin, blues[hashCount % 5]);

    delay(2000);

    hashCount+=1;

    // turn light off
    analogWrite(redpin, 255);
    analogWrite(greenpin, 255);
    analogWrite(bluepin, 255);

    servoRight.writeMicroseconds(1300);
    servoLeft.writeMicroseconds(1700); // right 13 is forward, left 17 is forward

    delay(500);

    break;
// everything else
default:
    break;
}
delay(50);
}

```

```
//Defines funtion 'rcTime' to read value from QTI sensor
// From Ch. 6 Activity 2 of Robotics with the BOE Shield for Arduino
long rcTime(int pin)
{
    pinMode(pin, OUTPUT);    // Sets pin as OUTPUT
    digitalWrite(pin, HIGH); // Pin HIGH
    delay(1);                // Waits for 1 millisecond
    pinMode(pin, INPUT);     // Sets pin as INPUT
    digitalWrite(pin, LOW);  // Pin LOW
    long time = micros();    // Tracks starting time
    while(digitalRead(pin)); // Loops while voltage is high
    time = micros() - time;  // Calculate decay time
    return time;             // Return decay time
}
```

3. Reflection Paragraph

- Brief paragraph reflecting on your experience with this lab.

I really enjoyed this lab, especially iteratively debugging and improving the bots to follow the line. I feel like I learnt a lot by having a final objective and just working towards the final goal with my partner was an extremely helpful learning experience.