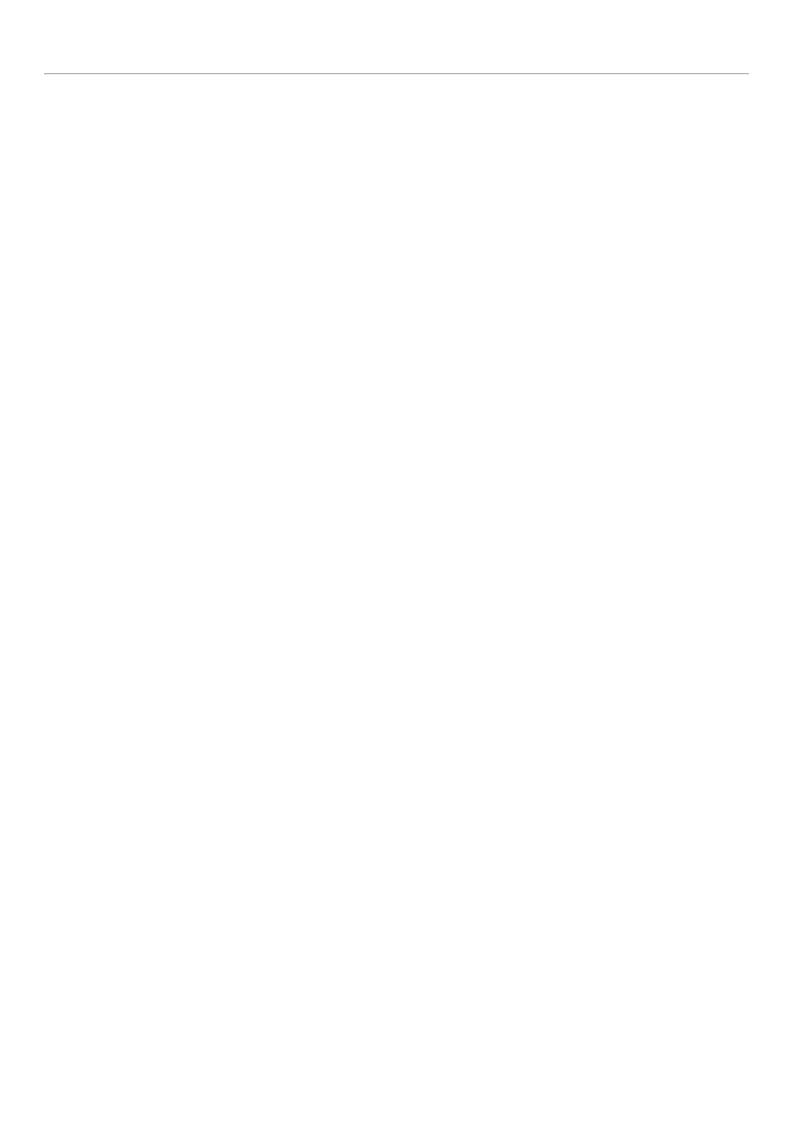
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)	
(ITIMIN OIIC)	

⊠ QUA	RTERLY REPORT PURSUANT T	O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF T	HE SECURITIES EXCHANGE	EACT OF 1934
For the quarterly	period ended March 23, 2024 (12	weeks)		
			OR	
□ TRA	NSITION REPORT PURSUANT T	O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF T	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE	EACT OF 1934
For the transition	n period fromto			
Commission file	number <u>1-1183</u>			
		PepsiCo12-alt-300.jp	g	
		*	siCo, Inc.	
		(Exact Name of Registra	ant as Specified in its Charter)	
North Carolina				13-1584302
(State or Other J	urisdiction of			(I.R.S. Employer
Incorporation or	Organization)			Identification No.)
		700 Anderson Hill Roa	d, Purchase, New York 10577	
	(Ac	ldress of principal executive of	offices and Zip Code)	
		(914	253-2000	
		egistrant's telephone number	including area code	
	IX	egistiant's telephone number,	N/A	
	(F. N. F. A.)	1 15 5 137		
	(Former Name, Former Ad	dress and Former Fiscal Year	, if Changed Since Last Report	
	Giti		- 12(h) -£4h - Citi Eh -	A -4 -£1024.
	Securities	registered pursuant to Section	1 12(b) of the Securities Excha	nge Act 01 1934:
	Title of each class			Name of each exchange on which registered
				mi 37 1 0 137 1 77 0
Comm	non Stock, par value 1-2/3 cents pe		PEP PEP24	The Nasdag Stock Market LLC
Comm	on Stock, par value 1-2/3 cents pe 0.250% Senior Notes Due 2024 2.625% Senior Notes Due 2026]	PEP24	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
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Comm	0.250% Senior Notes Due 2024 2.625% Senior Notes Due 2026]]]	PEP24 PEP26	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
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Comm	0.250% Senior Notes Due 2024 2.625% Senior Notes Due 2026 0.750% Senior Notes Due 2027 0.875% Senior Notes Due 2028 0.500% Senior Notes Due 2028 3.200% Senior Notes Due 2029 1.125% Senior Notes Due 2031 0.400% Senior Notes Due 2032 0.750% Senior Notes Due 2033 3.550% Senior Notes Due 2034	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	PEP24 PEP26 PEP27 PEP28 EP28A PEP29 PEP31 PEP32 PEP32 PEP33	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
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Number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of April 16, 2024 was 1,374,785,980.



PepsiCo, Inc. and Subsidiaries

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income

PepsiCo, Inc. and Subsidiaries (in millions except per share amounts, unaudited)

	 12 Weeks Ended			
	 3/23/2024	3/25/2023		
Net Revenue	\$ 18,250 \$	17,846		
Cost of sales	8,248	7,988		
Gross profit	10,002	9,858		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	7,285	7,229		
Operating Profit	2,717	2,629		
Other pension and retiree medical benefits income	58	61		
Net interest expense and other	(202)	(200)		
Income before income taxes	2,573	2,490		
Provision for income taxes	520	546		
Net income	2,053	1,944		
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	11	12		
Net Income Attributable to PepsiCo	\$ 2,042 \$	5 1,932		
Net Income Attributable to PepsiCo per Common Share				
Basic	\$ 1.49 \$	5 1.40		
Diluted	\$ 1.48 \$	5 1.40		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding				
Basic	1,375	1,378		
Diluted	1,380	1,384		

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

PepsiCo, Inc. and Subsidiaries (in millions, unaudited)

	12 Weeks Ended			
		3/23/2024		3/25/2023
Net income	\$	2,053	\$	1,944
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of taxes:				
Net currency translation adjustment		(182)		(235)
Net change on cash flow hedges		3		(59)
Net pension and retiree medical adjustments		11		(4)
Net change on available-for-sale debt securities and other		523		(1)
		355		(299)
Comprehensive income		2,408		1,645
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		11		12
Comprehensive Income Attributable to PepsiCo	\$	2,397	\$	1,633

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

PepsiCo, Inc. and Subsidiaries (in millions, unaudited)

		12 Weeks En		
		3/23/2024	3/25/2023	
Operating Activities				
Net income	\$	2,053 \$	1,944	
Depreciation and amortization		641	590	
Impairment and other charges/(credits)		_	(13)	
Product recall-related impact		167	_	
Cash payments for product recall-related impact		(108)	_	
Operating lease right-of-use asset amortization		127	116	
Share-based compensation expense		97	93	
Restructuring and impairment charges		96	112	
Cash payments for restructuring charges		(60)	(64)	
Pension and retiree medical plan expense		31	30	
Pension and retiree medical plan contributions		(218)	(175)	
Deferred income taxes and other tax charges and credits		116	78	
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts and notes receivable		(96)	(348)	
Inventories		(291)	(542)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(342)	(288)	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(3,408)	(2,259)	
Income taxes payable		222	290	
Other, net		(68)	44	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		(1,041)	(392)	
Investing Activities				
Capital spending		(614)	(581)	
Sales of property, plant and equipment		7	19	
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired, investments in noncontrolled affiliates and purchases of intangible and other assets		(6)	(16)	
Other divestitures, sales of investments in noncontrolled affiliates and other assets		53	85	
Short-term investments, by original maturity:			0.5	
More than three months - purchases		<u></u>	(158)	
More than three months - maturities		_	100	
Three months or less, net		8	19	
Other investing, net		(10)		
Net Cash Used for Investing Activities	_	(562)	(532)	

(Continued on following page)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

PepsiCo, Inc. and Subsidiaries (in millions, unaudited)

	12 Weeks Ended			
		3/23/2024		3/25/2023
Financing Activities				
Proceeds from issuances of long-term debt	\$	1,761	\$	2,986
Payments of long-term debt		(1,252)		(1,251)
Short-term borrowings, by original maturity:				
More than three months - proceeds		2,313		393
More than three months - payments		(1,631)		(1)
Three months or less, net		774		491
Cash dividends paid		(1,767)		(1,608)
Share repurchases		(146)		(160)
Proceeds from exercises of stock options		66		46
Withholding tax payments on restricted stock units (RSUs) and performance stock units (PSUs) converted		(108)		(116)
Other financing		_		(3)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		10		777
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash		(38)		(116)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash		(1,631)		(263)
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, Beginning of Year		9,761		5,100
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, End of Period	\$	8,130	\$	4,837
Supplemental Non-Cash Activity				
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	\$	259	\$	213

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet

PepsiCo, Inc. and Subsidiaries (in millions except per share amounts)

		(Unaudited) 3/23/2024		12/30/2023
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,047	\$	9,711
Short-term investments		303		292
Accounts and notes receivable, less allowance (\$180 and \$175, respectively)		10,938		10,815
Inventories:				
Raw materials and packaging		2,465		2,388
Work-in-process		97		104
Finished goods		3,007		2,842
		5,569		5,334
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,148		798
Total Current Assets		26,005		26,950
Property, plant and equipment		54,510		54,439
Accumulated depreciation		(27,718)		(27,400)
Property, Plant and Equipment, net		26,792		27,039
Amortizable Intangible Assets, net		1,173		1,199
Goodwill		17,646		17,728
Other Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets		13,680		13,730
Investments in Noncontrolled Affiliates		2,734		2,714
Deferred Income Taxes		4,444		4,474
Other Assets		7,566		6,661
Total Assets	\$	100,040	\$	100,495
1000				
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Short-term debt obligations	\$	8,161	\$	6.510
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	•	22,073	_	25,137
Total Current Liabilities		30,234		31,647
Long-Term Debt Obligations		37,707		37,595
Deferred Income Taxes		4,087		3,895
Other Liabilities		8,822		8,721
Total Liabilities		80,850		81,858
Commitments and contingencies		00,050		01,050
PepsiCo Common Shareholders' Equity				
Common stock, par value 1 ² / ₃ ¢ per share (authorized 3,600 shares; issued, net of repurchased common stock at par value 1,374 shares, respectively)	lue: 1,375 and	23		23
Capital in excess of par value		4,132		4,261
Retained earnings		70,331		70.035
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(15,179)		(15,534)
Repurchased common stock, in excess of par value (492 and 493 shares, respectively)		(40,260)		(40,282)
Total PepsiCo Common Shareholders' Equity				18,503
1 1 1		19,047		
Noncontrolling interests		143		134
Total Equity		19,190	_	18,637
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	100,040	\$	100,495

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Equity

PepsiCo, Inc. and Subsidiaries

(in millions, except per share amounts, unaudited)

12 Weeks Ended 3/23/2024 3/25/2023 Shares Shares Amount Amount Common Stock Balance, beginning of period 1,374 \$ 23 1,377 \$ 23 Change in repurchased common stock 1,375 Balance, end of period 23 1,378 23 Capital in Excess of Par Value Balance, beginning of period 4,261 4,134 Share-based compensation expense 92 94 Stock option exercises, RSUs and PSUs converted (113)(116)Withholding tax on RSUs and PSUs converted (108)(116)3,996 Balance, end of period 4,132 **Retained Earnings** Balance, beginning of period 70,035 67,800 2,042 1,932 Net income attributable to PepsiCo Cash dividends declared (a) (1,746)(1,590)Balance, end of period 70,331 68,142 **Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss** Balance, beginning of period (15,534) (15,302)Other comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to PepsiCo 355 (299)Balance, end of period (15,179) (15,601)Repurchased Common Stock Balance, beginning of period (40,282)(493) (490)(39,506) Share repurchases (1) (158)(1) (174)Stock option exercises, RSUs and PSUs converted 2 179 2 162 Other Balance, end of period (492) (40,260) (489) (39,518) Total PepsiCo Common Shareholders' Equity 19,047 17,042 **Noncontrolling Interests** Balance, beginning of period 134 124 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest 11 12 Distributions to noncontrolling interests (1) (1) Other, net (1) (2) Balance, end of period 143 133 **Total Equity** 19,190 17,175

⁽a) Cash dividends declared per common share were \$1.265 and \$1.15 for the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023, respectively.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation and Our Divisions

Basis of Presentation

When used in this report, the terms "we," "us," "our," "PepsiCo" and the "Company" mean PepsiCo, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, collectively.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the rules and regulations for reporting the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (Form 10-Q). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 30, 2023 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. These financial statements have been prepared on a basis that is substantially consistent with the accounting principles applied in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2023 (2023 Form 10-K). This report should be read in conjunction with our 2023 Form 10-K. In our opinion, these financial statements include all normal and recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation. The results for the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for any future period or the full year.

Raw materials, direct labor and plant overhead, as well as purchasing and receiving costs, costs directly related to production planning, inspection costs and raw materials handling facilities, are included in cost of sales. The costs of moving, storing and delivering finished product, including merchandising activities, are included in selling, general and administrative expenses.

While our financial results in the United States and Canada (North America) are reported on a 12-week basis, all of our international operations are reported on a monthly calendar basis for which the months of January and February are reflected in our results for the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023.

The preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. Additionally, the business and economic uncertainty resulting from volatile geopolitical conditions and the high interest rate and inflationary cost environment has made such estimates and assumptions more difficult to calculate. Accordingly, actual results and outcomes could differ from those estimates.

Our significant interim accounting policies include the recognition of a pro rata share of certain estimated annual sales incentives and certain advertising and marketing costs in proportion to revenue or volume, as applicable, and the recognition of income taxes using an estimated annual effective tax rate.

Unless otherwise noted, tabular dollars are in millions, except per share amounts. All per share amounts reflect common per share amounts, assume dilution unless otherwise noted, and are based on unrounded amounts. Certain reclassifications were made to the prior year's financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

Our Divisions

We are organized into seven reportable segments (also referred to as divisions), as follows:

1) Frito-Lay North America (FLNA), which includes our branded convenient food businesses in the United States and Canada;

- 2) Quaker Foods North America (QFNA), which includes our branded convenient food businesses, such as cereal, rice, pasta and other branded food, in the United States and Canada;
- 3) PepsiCo Beverages North America (PBNA), which includes our beverage businesses in the United States and Canada;
- 4) Latin America (LatAm), which includes all of our beverage and convenient food businesses in Latin America;
- 5) Europe, which includes all of our beverage and convenient food businesses in Europe;
- 6) Africa, Middle East and South Asia (AMESA), which includes all of our beverage and convenient food businesses in Africa, the Middle East and South Asia; and
- 7) Asia Pacific, Australia and New Zealand and China region (APAC), which includes all of our beverage and convenient food businesses in Asia Pacific, Australia and New Zealand, and China region.

Net revenue of each division is as follows:

	12 Weeks Ended				
		3/23/2024		3/25/2023	
FLNA	\$	5,676	\$	5,583	
QFNA		593		777	
PBNA		5,874		5,798	
LatAm		2,067		1,777	
Europe		1,936		1,886	
AMESA		1,040		1,019	
APAC		1,064		1,006	
Total	\$	18,250	\$	17,846	

Our primary performance obligation is the distribution and sales of beverage and convenient food products to our customers. The following table reflects the percentage of net revenue generated between our beverage business and our convenient food business for each of our international divisions, as well as our consolidated net revenue:

			12	Week	s Ended					
		3/23/2024				3/25/2023				
	Beverages ^(a)	Beverages (a) Convenient Foods			Beverages ^(a)		Convenient Foods			
LatAm	9	%	91	%	9	%	91	%		
Europe	45	%	55	%	46	%	54	%		
AMESA	32	%	68	%	31	%	69	%		
APAC	15	%	85	%	15	%	85	%		
PepsiCo	41	%	59	%	41	%	59	%		

⁽a) Beverage revenue from company-owned bottlers, which primarily includes our consolidated bottling operations in our PBNA and Europe divisions, was 35% and 36% of our consolidated net revenue in the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023, respectively. Generally, our finished goods beverage operations produce higher net revenue but lower operating margin as compared to concentrate sold to authorized bottling partners for the manufacture of finished goods beverages.

Operating profit/(loss) of each division is as follows:

	12 Weeks Ended				
	 3/23/2024		3/25/2023		
FLNA	\$ 1,554	\$	1,599		
QFNA (a)	(49)		188		
PBNA	510		483		
LatAm	485		364		
Europe	202		71		
AMESA	152		168		
APAC	 233		227		
Total divisions	3,087		3,100		
Corporate unallocated expenses	 (370)		(471)		
Total	\$ 2,717	\$	2,629		

⁽a) In the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, operating loss included a pre-tax charge of \$167 million (\$128 million after-tax or \$0.09 per share) in cost of sales for property, plant and equipment write-offs, employee severance costs and other costs associated with a previously announced voluntary recall of certain bars and cereals in our QFNA division (Quaker Recall).

Note 2 - Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Adopted

In September 2022, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance to enhance the transparency of supplier finance programs to allow financial statement users to understand the effect on working capital, liquidity and cash flows. The new guidance requires disclosure of key terms of the program, including a description of the payment terms, payment timing and assets pledged as security or other forms of guarantees provided to the finance provider or intermediary. Other requirements include the disclosure of the amount that remains unpaid as of the end of the reporting period, a description of where these obligations are presented in the balance sheet and a rollforward of the obligation during the annual period. We adopted the guidance in the first quarter of 2023, except for the rollforward, which is effective for the current fiscal year 2024. We will adopt the rollforward guidance when it becomes effective in our 2024 annual reporting, on a prospective basis. See Note 12 for disclosures currently required under this guidance.

Not Yet Adopted

In December 2023, the FASB issued guidance to enhance transparency of income tax disclosures. On an annual basis, the new guidance requires a public entity to disclose: (1) specific categories in the rate reconciliation, (2) additional information for reconciling items that are equal to or greater than 5% of the amount computed by multiplying income (or loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense (or benefit) by the applicable statutory income tax rate, (3) income taxes paid (net of refunds received) disaggregated by federal (national), state, and foreign taxes, with foreign taxes disaggregated by individual jurisdictions in which income taxes paid is equal to or greater than 5% of total income taxes paid, (4) income (or loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense (or benefit) disaggregated between domestic and foreign, and (5) income tax expense (or benefit) from continuing operations disaggregated between federal (national), state and foreign. The guidance is effective for fiscal year 2025 annual reporting, with early adoption permitted, to be applied on a prospective basis, with retrospective application permitted. We will adopt the guidance when it becomes effective, in our 2025 annual reporting, on a prospective basis.

In November 2023, the FASB issued guidance to enhance disclosure of expenses of a public entity's reportable segments. The new guidance requires a public entity to disclose: (1) on an annual and interim basis, significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) and included within each reported measure of segment profit or loss, (2) on an annual and interim basis, an amount for other segment items (the difference between segment revenue less the significant expenses disclosed under the significant expense principle and each reported measure of segment profit or loss), including a description of its composition, (3) on an annual and interim basis, information about a reportable segment's profit or loss and assets previously required to be disclosed only on an annual basis, and (4) the title and position of the CODM and an explanation of how the CODM uses the reported measure(s) of segment profit or loss in assessing segment performance and how to allocate resources. The new guidance also clarifies that if the CODM uses more than one measure of a segment's profit or loss, one or more of those measures may be reported and requires that a public entity that has a single reportable segment provide all the disclosures required by the amendments in this update and all existing segment disclosures. The guidance is effective for the current fiscal year 2024 annual reporting, and in the first quarter of 2025 for interim period reporting, with early adoption permitted. Upon adoption, this guidance should be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented. We will adopt the guidance when it becomes effective in our 2024 annual reporting.

Note 3 - Restructuring and Impairment Charges

2019 Multi-Year Productivity Plan

We publicly announced a multi-year productivity plan on February 15, 2019 (2019 Productivity Plan) that leverages new technology and business models to further simplify, harmonize and automate processes; re-engineer our go-to-market and information systems, including deploying the right automation for each market; and simplify our organization and optimize our manufacturing and supply chain footprint. To build on the successful implementation of the 2019 Productivity Plan, in 2022, we expanded and extended the plan through the end of 2028 to take advantage of additional opportunities within the initiatives described above. As a result, we expect to incur pre-tax charges of approximately \$3.65 billion, including cash expenditures of approximately \$2.9 billion. These pre-tax charges are expected to consist of approximately 55% of severance and other employee-related costs, 10% for asset impairments (all non-cash) resulting from plant closures and related actions, and 35% for other costs associated with the implementation of our initiatives.

The total plan pre-tax charges are expected to be incurred by division approximately as follows:

	FLNA	QFNA	PBNA	LatAm	Europe	AMESA	APAC	Corporate
Expected pre-tax charges	10 %	1 %	30 %	10 %	25 %	5 %	4 %	15 %

A summary of our 2019 Productivity Plan charges is as follows:

	12 W	eeks E	Ended	
	3/23/202	24	3/25/2023	
Cost of sales	\$	6 \$	3	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8	3	110	
Other pension and retiree medical benefits expense/(income) (a)		7	(1)	
Total restructuring and impairment charges	\$ 9	6 \$	112	
After-tax amount	\$ 7	6 \$	98	
Impact on net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share	\$ (0.0	5) \$	(0.07)	

	 12 Week	s Ended	Plan to Date
	3/23/2024	3/25/2023	through 3/23/2024
FLNA	\$ 22	\$ 7	\$ 274
QFNA	4	_	23
PBNA	10	5	277
LatAm	5	5	205
Europe	18	89	584
AMESA	_	5	97
APAC	_	1	85
Corporate	30	1	347
	89	113	1,892
Other pension and retiree medical benefits expense/(income) (a)	7	(1)	104
Total	\$ 96	\$ 112	\$ 1,996

(a) Income amount represents adjustments for changes in estimates of previously recorded amounts.

		Plan to Date			
		3/23/2024	3/25/2023		through 3/23/2024
Severance and other employee costs	\$	72	\$ 92	\$	1,122
Asset impairments		1	_		193
Other costs		23	20		681
Total	\$	96	\$ 112	\$	1,996

Severance and other employee costs primarily include severance and other termination benefits, as well as voluntary separation arrangements. Other costs primarily include costs associated with the implementation of our initiatives, including contract termination costs, consulting and other professional fees.

A summary of our 2019 Productivity Plan activity for the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 is as follows:

	oyee Costs	Asset Impairments	Other Costs	Total
Liability as of December 30, 2023	\$ 188	\$ 	\$ 9	\$ 197
2024 restructuring charges	72	1	23	96
Cash payments	(39)	_	(21)	(60)
Non-cash charges and translation	(5)	(1)	(1)	(7)
Liability as of March 23, 2024	\$ 216	\$ 	\$ 10	\$ 226

Substantially all of the restructuring accrual at March 23, 2024 is expected to be paid by the end of 2024.

Other Productivity Initiatives

There were no material charges related to other productivity and efficiency initiatives outside the scope of the 2019 Productivity Plan. We regularly evaluate different productivity initiatives beyond the productivity plan and other initiatives described above.

Note 4 - Intangible Assets

A summary of our amortizable intangible assets is as follows:

				3/23/2024			12/30/2023	
	Accumulated Gross Amortization Net				Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net	
Acquired franchise rights	\$	835	\$	(216)	\$ 619	\$ 840	\$ (214)	\$ 626
Customer relationships		553		(267)	286	560	(265)	295
Brands		1,086		(987)	99	1,093	(989)	104
Other identifiable intangibles		445		(276)	169	449	(275)	174
Total	\$	2,919	\$	(1,746)	\$ 1,173	\$ 2,942	\$ (1,743)	\$ 1,199

The change in the book value of indefinite-lived intangible assets is as follows:

	Balance 12/30/2023	Translation and Other	Balance 3/23/2024
FLNA			
Goodwill	\$ 453	\$ (2)	\$ 451
Brands	251	_	251
Total	704	(2)	702
QFNA		`	
Goodwill	189	_	189
Total	189	_	189
PBNA			
Goodwill	11,961	(10)	11,951
Reacquired franchise rights	7,114	(18)	7,096
Acquired franchise rights	1,737	(3)	1,734
Brands	2,508		2,508
Total	23,320	(31)	23,289
LatAm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Goodwill	460	(8)	452
Brands	82	(1)	81
Total	542	(9)	533
Europe			
Goodwill	3,166	(30)	3,136
Reacquired franchise rights	419	(6)	413
Acquired franchise rights	154	(4)	150
Brands	1,124	(7)	1,117
Total	4,863	(47)	4,816
AMESA	<u> </u>		
Goodwill	991	(22)	969
Brands	137	(5)	132
Total	1,128	(27)	1,101
APAC	<u></u>		
Goodwill	508	(10)	498
Brands	204	(6)	198
Total	712	(16)	696
Total goodwill	17,728	(82)	17,646
Total reacquired franchise rights	7,533	(24)	7,509
Total acquired franchise rights	1,891	(7)	1,884
Total brands	4,306	(19)	4,287
Total	\$ 31,458	\$ (132)	\$ 31,326
	- 51,100	. (152)	

Note 5 - Income Taxes

Numerous countries have agreed to a statement in support of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) model rules that propose a global minimum tax rate of 15%. Certain countries have enacted legislation incorporating the agreed global minimum tax effective in 2024. Legislation enacted as of March 23, 2024 did not have a material impact on our financial statements for the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and is not expected to have a material impact on our 2024 financial statements.

Note 6 - Share-Based Compensation

The following table summarizes our total share-based compensation expense, which is primarily recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses:

	12 W	12 Weeks Ended				
	3/23/20	24	3/25/2023			
Share-based compensation expense – equity awards	\$	7 \$	93			
Share-based compensation expense – liability awards		5	6			
Restructuring charges		5)	1			
Total	\$	7 \$	100			

The following table summarizes share-based awards granted under the terms of the PepsiCo, Inc. Long-Term Incentive Plan:

			12 Weeks	Ended		
	3/23	3/2024	ļ	3/25	5/202	23
	Granted ^(a)		Weighted- verage Grant Price	Granted ^(a)	We	eighted-Average Grant Price
Stock options	1.8	\$	164.25	2.0	\$	171.00
RSUs and PSUs	2.3	\$	164.25	2.1	\$	171.00

⁽a) In millions. All grant activity is disclosed at target.

We granted long-term cash awards to certain executive officers and other senior executives with an aggregate target value of \$19 million for both the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023.

Our weighted-average Black-Scholes fair value assumptions are as follows:

	12 Weeks	Ended
	3/23/2024	3/25/2023
Expected life	7 years	7 years
Risk-free interest rate	4.2 %	4.2 %
Expected volatility	16 %	16 %
Expected dividend yield	2.9 %	2.7 %

Note 7 - Pension and Retiree Medical Benefits

The components of net periodic benefit cost/(income) for pension and retiree medical plans are as follows:

12 Weeks Ended Pension Retiree Medical U.S. **International** 3/23/2024 3/25/2023 3/23/2024 3/25/2023 3/23/2024 Service cost 80 76 \$ 9 6 Other pension and retiree medical benefits income: Interest cost 8 25 135 137 27 7 Expected return on plan assets (197)(35)(3) (201)(39)(3) Amortization of prior service credits (6)(1) (6) (1) Amortization of net losses/(gains) 4 2 18 16 (6)(6)Special termination benefits 7 (1)Total other pension and retiree medical benefits income (47)(51)(8)(8)(3) (2) Total 25 4 33 4

We regularly evaluate opportunities to reduce risk and volatility associated with our pension and retiree medical plans.

In the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023, we made discretionary contributions of \$150 million and \$125 million, respectively, to our U.S. qualified defined benefit plans, and \$27 million and \$17 million, respectively, to our international defined benefit plans.

Note 8 - Debt Obligations

In the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, we issued, through our wholly-owned consolidated finance subsidiary, PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd., the following notes:^(a)

Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount ^(b)	
Floating rate	February 2027	\$ 300	
4.650 %	February 2027	\$ 550	
4.550 %	February 2029	\$ 450	
4.700 %	February 2034	\$ 450	

⁽a) PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd. is a finance subsidiary and has no assets, operations, revenues or cash flows other than those related to the issuance, administration and repayment of the notes and any other notes that may be issued in the future. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by PepsiCo, Inc. on a senior unsecured basis and may be assumed at any time by PepsiCo, Inc. as the primary and sole obligor.

The net proceeds from the issuances of the above notes were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of commercial paper.

In the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, \$1.3 billion of U.S. dollar-denominated senior notes matured and were paid.

As of March 23, 2024, we had \$3.6 billion of commercial paper outstanding, excluding discounts.

⁽b) Excludes debt issuance costs, discounts and premiums.

Note 9 - Financial Instruments

We are exposed to market risks arising from adverse changes in:

- commodity prices, affecting the cost of our raw materials and energy;
- · foreign exchange rates and currency restrictions; and
- interest rates.

There have been no material changes during the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 with respect to our risk management policies or strategies and valuation techniques used in measuring the fair value of the financial assets or liabilities disclosed in Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements in our 2023 Form 10-K.

Certain of our agreements with our counterparties require us to post full collateral on derivative instruments in a net liability position if our credit rating is at A2 (Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) or A (S&P Global Ratings) and we have been placed on credit watch for possible downgrade or if our credit rating falls below either of these levels. The fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that were in a net liability position as of March 23, 2024 was \$178 million. We have posted no collateral under these contracts and no credit-risk-related contingent features were triggered as of March 23, 2024.

The notional amounts of our financial instruments used to hedge the above risks as of March 23, 2024 and December 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Notional Amounts ^(a)						
	3/23/2024		12/30/2023				
Commodity	\$ 1.5	\$	1.7				
Foreign exchange	\$ 3.9	\$	3.8				
Interest rate	\$ 1.3	\$	1.3				
Net investment (b)	\$ 3.0	\$	3.0				

⁽a) In billions.

As of March 23, 2024, approximately 12% of total debt, after the impact of the related interest rate derivative instruments, was subject to variable rates, compared to 9% as of December 30, 2023.

Debt Securities

Held-to-Maturity

As of March 23, 2024, we had no investments in held-to-maturity debt securities. As of December 30, 2023, we had \$309 million of investments in commercial paper held-to-maturity debt securities recorded in cash and cash equivalents. Held-to-maturity debt securities are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value, and realized gains or losses are reported in earnings. As of December 30, 2023, gross unrecognized gains and losses and the allowance for expected credit losses were not material.

Available-for-Sale

There were no impairment charges related to investments in available-for-sale debt securities in both the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023. Related to our Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs) investment in Celsius Holdings, Inc. (Celsius), we recorded an unrealized gain of \$691 million in other comprehensive income during the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024. There were no Level 3 investments during the 12 weeks ended March 25, 2023.

⁽b) The total notional amount of our net investment hedges consists of non-derivative debt instruments.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of our financial assets and liabilities as of March 23, 2024 and December 30, 2023 are categorized as follows:

		 3/23/2024			 12/30/2023			
	Fair Value Hierarchy Levels ^(a)	 Assets(a)		Liabilities ^(a)	Assets(a)		Liabilities ^(a)	
Available-for-sale debt securities (b)	2,3	\$ 2,027	\$	_	\$ 1,334	\$	_	
Index funds (c)	1	\$ 303	\$	_	\$ 292	\$		
Prepaid forward contracts (d)	2	\$ 13	\$	_	\$ 13	\$		
Deferred compensation (e)	2	\$ _	\$	491	\$ 	\$	477	
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments:								
Foreign exchange (f)	2	\$ 9	\$	16	\$ 3	\$	31	
Interest rate (f)	2	_		155	5		135	
Commodity (g)	2	4		26	10		24	
		\$ 13	\$	197	\$ 18	\$	190	
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:								
Foreign exchange (f)	2	\$ 8	\$	17	\$ 33	\$	38	
Commodity (g)	2	7		7	5		13	
		\$ 15	\$	24	\$ 38	\$	51	
Total derivatives at fair value (h)		\$ 28	\$	221	\$ 56	\$	241	
Total		\$ 2,371	\$	712	\$ 1,695	\$	718	

- (a) Fair value hierarchy levels are categorized consistently by Level 1 (quoted prices in active markets for identical assets), Level 2 (significant other observable inputs) and Level 3 in both years. Unless otherwise noted, financial assets are classified on our balance sheet within prepaid expenses and other current assets and other assets. Financial liabilities are classified on our balance sheet within accounts payable and other current liabilities and other liabilities.
- (b) Includes Level 2 assets of \$180 million and Level 3 assets of \$1,847 million as of March 23, 2024, and Level 2 assets of \$178 million and Level 3 assets of \$1,156 million as of December 30, 2023. As of March 23, 2024 and December 30, 2023, \$2,027 million and \$1,334 million were classified as other assets, respectively. The fair values of our Level 2 investments approximate the transaction price and any accrued returns, as well as the amortized cost. The fair value of our Level 3 investment in Celsius is estimated using probability-weighted discounted future cash flows based on a Monte Carlo simulation using significant unobservable inputs such as an 80% probability that a certain market-based condition will be met and an average estimated discount rate of 8.1% based on Celsius' estimated synthetic credit rating. An increase in the probability that certain market-based conditions will be met or a decrease in the discount rate would result in a higher fair value measurement, while a decrease in the probability that certain market-based conditions will be met or an increase in the discount rate would result in a lower fair value measurement.
- (c) Based on the price of index funds. These investments are classified as short-term investments and are used to manage a portion of market risk arising from our deferred compensation liability.
- (d) Based primarily on the price of our common stock.
- (e) Based on the fair value of investments corresponding to employees' investment elections.
- (f) Based on recently reported market transactions of spot and forward rates.
- (g) Primarily based on recently reported market transactions of swap arrangements.
- (h) Derivative assets and liabilities are presented on a gross basis on our balance sheet. Amounts subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements which are not offset on our balance sheet as of March 23, 2024 and December 30, 2023 were not material. Collateral received or posted against our asset or liability positions was not material. Exchange-traded commodity futures are cash-settled on a daily basis and, therefore, not included in the table.

The carrying amounts of our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments recorded at amortized cost approximate fair value (classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy) due to their short-term maturity. The fair value of our debt obligations as of March 23, 2024 and December 30, 2023 was \$42 billion and \$41 billion, respectively, based upon prices of identical or similar instruments in the marketplace, which are considered Level 2 inputs.

Losses/(gains) on our cash flow and net investment hedges are categorized as follows:

		12 Wee	ks Ended					
Recogr Accumula	nized in ated Other			Reclassi Accumula	fied fron ited Othe	from Other		
 3/23/2024		3/25/2023		3/23/2024		3/25/2023		
\$ (14)	\$	16	\$	9	\$	1		
25		11		24		3		
39		65		21		9		
(52)		37		_		_		
\$ (2)	\$	129	\$	54	\$	13		
\$	Recogn Accumula Comprehe 3/23/2024 \$ (14) 25 39 (52)	\$ (14) \$ 25 39 (52)	Losses/(Gains) Recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss 3/23/2024 3/25/2023 \$ (14) \$ 16 25 11 39 65 (52) 37	Losses/(Gains) Recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Losses/(Gains) Reclassi Accumulate	Losses/(Gains) Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss 3/23/2024 3/25/2023 3/23/2024 \$ (14) \$ 16 \$ 9 \$ 25 11 24 39 65 21 (52) 37 —		

⁽a) Foreign exchange derivative losses/(gains) are included in net revenue and cost of sales. Interest rate derivative losses/(gains) are included in selling general and administrative expenses. Commodity derivative losses/(gains) are included in either cost of sales or selling general and administrative expenses, depending on the underlying commodity. See Note 11 for further information

Based on current market conditions, we expect to reclassify net losses of \$107 million related to our cash flow hedges from accumulated other comprehensive loss within common shareholders' equity into net income during the next 12 months.

Losses/(gains) recognized in the income statement related to our non-designated hedges are categorized as follows:

		12 Weeks Ended										
	·		3/23/2024			3/25/2023						
	Cost	Selling, general and administrative expenses				Cost of sales		Selling, general and administrative expenses		Total		
Foreign exchange	\$		\$ 18	\$	18	\$	(1)	\$ (5)	\$	(6)		
Commodity		(1)	(25)		(26))	31	50		81		
Total	\$	(1)	\$ (7)	\$	(8)	\$	30	\$ 45	\$	75		

Note 10 - Net Income Attributable to PepsiCo per Common Share

The computations of basic and diluted net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share are as follows:

		12 Weeks Ended							
		3/23	3/2024		3/25	5/2023			
		Shares ^(a)		Income	Shares ^(a)				
Basic net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share	\$	1.49		\$	1.40				
Net income available for PepsiCo common shareholders	\$	2,042	1,375	\$	1,932	1,378			
Dilutive securities:									
Stock options, RSUs, PSUs and other (b)		_	5		_	6			
Diluted	\$	2,042	1,380	\$	1,932	1,384			
Diluted net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share	\$	1.48		\$	1.40				

- (a) Weighted-average common shares outstanding (in millions).
- (b) The dilutive effect of these securities is calculated using the treasury stock method.

The weighted-average amount of antidilutive securities excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per common share was 5 million and 3 million for the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023, respectively.

Note 11 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Attributable to PepsiCo

The changes in the balances of each component of accumulated other comprehensive loss attributable to PepsiCo are as follows:

	Tran	rency slation stment	Cash Flow Hedges]	Pension and Retiree Medical	vailable-for-sale ebt securities and other ^(a)	Co	ccumulated Other omprehensive Loss ibutable to PepsiCo
Balance as of December 30, 2023 (b)	\$	(13,255)	\$ (31)	\$	(2,719)	\$ 471	\$	(15,534)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income before reclassifications (c)		(168)	 (47)		4	 685		474
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		_	51		9	_		60
Net other comprehensive (loss)/income		(168)	 4		13	 685		534
Tax amounts		(14)	(1)		(2)	(162)		(179)
Balance as of March 23, 2024 (b)	\$	(13,437)	\$ (28)	\$	(2,708)	\$ 994	\$	(15,179)

- (a) The changes primarily represent fair value increases in available-for-sale debt securities, including our investment in Celsius convertible preferred stock. See Note 9 for further information.
- (b) Pension and retiree medical amounts are net of taxes of \$1,282 million as of December 30, 2023 and \$1,280 million as of March 23, 2024.
- (c) Currency translation adjustment primarily reflects depreciation of the South African rand, Canadian dollar and Russian ruble.

	Currency Franslation Edjustment	Cash Flow Hedges	Pension and etiree Medical	Available-for-sale ebt securities and other	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Attributable to PepsiCo
Balance as of December 31, 2022 (a)	\$ (12,948)	\$ 1	\$ (2,361)	\$ 6	\$ (15,302)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications (b)	(350)	 (92)	(9)	(1)	(452)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss (c)	108	13	 5		 126
Net other comprehensive loss	(242)	(79)	(4)	(1)	(326)
Tax amounts	7	20	 		 27
Balance as of March 25, 2023 (a)	\$ (13,183)	\$ (58)	\$ (2,365)	\$ 5	\$ (15,601)

- (a) Pension and retiree medical amounts are net of taxes of \$1,184 million as of both December 31, 2022 and March 25, 2023.
- (b) Currency translation adjustment primarily reflects depreciation of the Egyptian pound and Russian ruble.
- (c) Release of currency translation adjustment is in relation to the sale of a non-strategic brand and an investment within our AMESA division.

The reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to the income statement are summarized as follows:

	12 Week	s E	inded	
	 3/23/2024		3/25/2023	Affected Line Item in the Income Statement
Currency translation:				
Divestitures	\$ 	\$	108	Selling, general and administrative expenses
Cash flow hedges:				
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ _	\$	(2)	Net revenue
Foreign exchange contracts	9		3	Cost of sales
Interest rate derivatives	21		3	Selling, general and administrative expenses
Commodity contracts	21		10	Cost of sales
Commodity contracts	 		(1)	Selling, general and administrative expenses
Net losses before tax	51		13	
Tax amounts	(13)		(4)	
Net losses after tax	\$ 38	\$	9	
Pension and retiree medical items:				
Amortization of prior service credits	\$ (7)	\$	(7)	Other pension and retiree medical benefits income
Amortization of net losses	16		12	Other pension and retiree medical benefits income
Net losses before tax	9		5	
Tax amounts	(2)		(1)	
Net losses after tax	\$ 7	\$	4	
Total net losses reclassified, net of tax	\$ 45	\$	121	

Note 12 - Supply Chain Financing Arrangements

We maintain voluntary supply chain finance agreements with several participating global financial institutions. Under these agreements, our suppliers, at their sole discretion, may elect to sell their accounts receivable with PepsiCo to these participating global financial institutions. As of March 23, 2024 and December 30, 2023, \$1.6 billion and \$1.7 billion, respectively, of our accounts payable are to suppliers participating in these financing arrangements. For further information on the key terms of these supply chain financing programs, see Note 14 to our consolidated financial statements in our 2023 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Our discussion and analysis is intended to help the reader understand our results of operations and financial condition and is provided as an addition to, and should be read in connection with, our condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. Unless otherwise noted, tabular dollars are presented in millions, except per share amounts. All per share amounts reflect common stock per share amounts, assume dilution unless otherwise noted, and are based on unrounded amounts. Percentage changes are based on unrounded amounts.

Our Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The critical accounting policies and estimates below should be read in conjunction with those outlined in our 2023 Form 10-K.

Total Marketplace Spending

We offer sales incentives and discounts through various programs to customers and consumers. Total marketplace spending includes sales incentives, discounts, advertising and other marketing activities. Sales incentives and discounts are primarily accounted for as a reduction of revenue. A number of our sales incentives, such as bottler funding to independent bottlers and customer volume rebates, are based on annual targets, and accruals are established during the year, as products are delivered, for the expected payout, which may occur after year end once reconciled and settled.

These accruals are based on contract terms and our historical experience with similar programs and require management judgment with respect to estimating customer and consumer participation and performance levels. Differences between estimated expense and actual incentive costs are normally insignificant and are recognized in earnings in the period such differences are determined. In addition, certain advertising and marketing costs are also based on annual targets and recognized during the year as incurred.

For interim reporting, our policy is to allocate our forecasted full-year sales incentives for most of our programs to each of our interim reporting periods in the same year that benefits from the programs. The allocation methodology is based on our forecasted sales incentives for the full year and the proportion of each interim period's actual gross revenue or volume, as applicable, to our forecasted annual gross revenue or volume, as applicable. Based on our review of the forecasts at each interim period, any changes in estimates and the related allocation of sales incentives are recognized beginning in the interim period that they are identified. In addition, we apply a similar allocation methodology for interim reporting purposes for certain advertising and other marketing activities.

Income Taxes

In determining our quarterly provision for income taxes, we use an estimated annual effective tax rate which is based on our expected annual income, statutory tax rates and tax structure and transactions, including transfer pricing arrangements, available to us in the various jurisdictions in which we operate. Significant judgment is required in determining our annual tax rate and in evaluating our tax positions. Subsequent recognition, derecognition and measurement of a tax position taken in a previous period are separately recognized in the quarter in which they occur.

Our Business Risks

This Form 10-Q contains statements reflecting our views about our future performance that constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (Reform Act). Statements that constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Reform Act are generally identified through the inclusion of words such as "aim," "anticipate," "believe," "drive," "estimate," "expect," "expressed confidence," "forecast," "future," "goal," "guidance," "intend," "may," "objective," "outlook," "plan," "position," "potential," "project," "seek," "should," "strategy," "target," "will" or similar statements or variations of such words and other similar expressions. All statements addressing our future operating performance, and statements addressing events and developments that we expect or anticipate will occur in the future, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Reform Act. These forward-looking statements are based on currently available information, operating plans and projections about future events and trends. They inherently involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those predicted in any such forward-looking statement. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited

to: the risks associated with the deadly conflict in Ukraine; future demand for PepsiCo's products; damage to PepsiCo's reputation or brand image; product recalls or other issues or concerns with respect to product quality and safety; PepsiCo's ability to compete effectively; PepsiCo's ability to attract, develop and maintain a highly skilled and diverse workforce or effectively manage changes in our workforce; water scarcity; changes in the retail landscape or in sales to any key customer; disruption of PepsiCo's manufacturing operations or supply chain, including continued increased commodity, packaging, transportation, labor and other input costs; political, social or geopolitical conditions in the markets where PepsiCo's products are made, manufactured, distributed or sold; PepsiCo's ability to grow its business in developing and emerging markets; changes in economic conditions in the countries in which PepsiCo operates; future cyber incidents and other disruptions to our information systems; failure to successfully complete or manage strategic transactions; PepsiCo's reliance on third-party service providers and enterprise-wide systems; climate change or measures to address climate change and other sustainability matters; strikes or work stoppages; failure to realize benefits from PepsiCo's productivity initiatives; deterioration in estimates and underlying assumptions regarding future performance of our business or investments that can result in impairment charges; fluctuations or other changes in exchange rates; any downgrade or potential downgrade of PepsiCo's credit ratings; imposition or proposed imposition of new or increased taxes aimed at PepsiCo's products; imposition of limitations on the marketing or sale of PepsiCo's products; changes in laws and regulations related to the use or disposal of plastics or other packaging materials; failure to comply with personal data protection and privacy laws; increase in income tax rates, changes in income tax laws or disagreements with tax authorities; failure to adequately protect PepsiCo's intellectual property rights or infringement on intellectual property rights of others; failure to comply with applicable laws and regulations; potential liabilities and costs from litigation, claims, legal or regulatory proceedings, inquiries or investigations; and other risks and uncertainties including those described in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations- Our Business Risks," included in our 2023 Form 10-K and in "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Our Business Risks" of this Form 10-Q. Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they are made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Risks Associated with Commodities and Our Supply Chain

During the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, we continued to experience higher operating costs, including on transportation and labor costs, which may continue for the remainder of 2024. Many of the commodities used in the production and transportation of our products are purchased in the open market. The prices we pay for such items are subject to fluctuation, and we manage this risk through the use of fixed-price contracts and purchase orders, pricing agreements and derivative instruments, including swaps and futures. A number of external factors, including the ongoing conflict in Ukraine, the inflationary cost environment, adverse weather conditions, supply chain disruptions and labor shortages, have impacted and may continue to impact transportation and labor costs. When prices increase, we may or may not pass on such increases to our customers without suffering reduced volume, revenue, margins and operating results.

See Note 9 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q and Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements in our 2023 Form 10-K for further information on how we manage our exposure to commodity prices.

Risks Associated with Climate Change

Certain jurisdictions in which our products are made, manufactured, distributed or sold have either imposed, or are considering imposing, new or increased legal and regulatory requirements to reduce or mitigate the potential effects of climate change, including regulation of greenhouse gas emissions and

potential carbon pricing programs. These new or increased legal or regulatory requirements, along with initiatives to meet our sustainability goals, could result in significant increased costs and additional investments in facilities and equipment. However, we are unable to predict the scope, nature and timing of any new or increased environmental laws and regulations and therefore cannot predict the ultimate impact of such laws and regulations on our business or financial results. We continue to monitor existing and proposed laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which our products are made, manufactured, distributed and sold and to consider actions we may take to potentially mitigate the unfavorable impact, if any, of such laws or regulations.

Risks Associated with International Operations

In the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, our financial results outside of North America reflect the months of January and February. In the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, our operations outside of the United States generated 38% of our consolidated net revenue, with Mexico, Canada, China, Russia, Brazil, the United Kingdom and South Africa comprising approximately 23% of our consolidated net revenue. As a result, we are exposed to foreign exchange risk in the international markets in which our products are made, manufactured, distributed or sold. In the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, unfavorable foreign exchange reduced net revenue growth by 0.5 percentage points primarily due to declines in the Russian ruble and Chinese yuan, partially offset by an appreciation of the Mexican peso. Currency declines against the U.S. dollar which are not offset could adversely impact our future financial results.

In addition, volatile economic, political, social and geopolitical conditions, civil unrest and wars and other military conflicts, acts of terrorism and natural disasters and other catastrophic events in certain markets in which our products are made, manufactured, distributed or sold, including in Argentina, Brazil, China, Mexico, the Middle East, Pakistan, Russia, Turkey and Ukraine, continue to result in challenging operating environments and have resulted in and could continue to result in changes in how we operate in certain of these markets. Debt and credit issues, currency controls or fluctuations in certain of these international markets (including restrictions on the transfer of funds to and from certain markets), as well as the threat or imposition of new or expanded tariffs, sanctions or export controls have also continued to impact our operations in certain of these international markets. We continue to closely monitor the economic, operating and political environment in the markets in which we operate, including risks of additional impairments or write-offs and currency devaluation, and to identify actions to potentially mitigate any unfavorable impacts on our future results.

See Note 9 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q for the fair values of our financial instruments as of March 23, 2024 and December 30, 2023 and Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements in our 2023 Form 10-K for a discussion of these items.

Imposition of Taxes and Regulations on our Products

Certain jurisdictions in which our products are made, manufactured, distributed or sold have either imposed, or are considering imposing, new or increased taxes or regulations on the manufacture, distribution or sale of our products or their packaging, ingredients or substances contained in, or attributes of, our products or their packaging, commodities used in the production of our products or their packaging or the recyclability or recoverability of our packaging. These taxes and regulations vary in scope and form. For example, some taxes apply to all beverages, including non-caloric beverages, while others apply only to beverages with a caloric sweetener (e.g., sugar). Further, some regulations apply to all products using certain types of packaging (e.g., plastic), while others are designed to increase the sustainability of packaging, encourage waste reduction and increased recycling rates or facilitate the waste management process or restrict the sale of products in certain packaging.

We sell a wide variety of beverages and convenient foods in more than 200 countries and territories and the profile of the products we sell, the amount of revenue attributable to such products and the type of

packaging used vary by jurisdiction. Because of this, we cannot predict the scope or form potential taxes, regulations or other limitations on our products or their packaging may take, and therefore cannot predict the impact of such taxes, regulations or limitations on our financial results. In addition, taxes, regulations and limitations may impact us and our competitors differently. We continue to monitor existing and proposed taxes and regulations in the jurisdictions in which our products are made, manufactured, distributed and sold and to consider actions we may take to potentially mitigate the unfavorable impact, if any, of such taxes, regulations or limitations, including advocating alternative measures with respect to the imposition, form and scope of any such taxes, regulations or limitations.

OECD Global Minimum Tax

Numerous countries have agreed to a statement in support of the OECD model rules that propose a global minimum tax rate of 15%. Certain countries have enacted legislation incorporating the agreed global minimum tax effective in 2024. Legislation enacted as of March 23, 2024 is not expected to have a material impact on our 2024 financial statements. More countries are expected to enact similar legislatior, with widespread implementation of a global minimum tax by 2025. As legislation becomes effective in more countries in which we do business, our taxes could increase and negatively impact our provision for income taxes. We will continue to monitor pending legislation and implementation by countries and evaluate the potential impact on our business in future periods.

Retail Landscape

Our industry continues to be affected by disruption of the retail landscape, including the continued growth in sales through e-commerce websites and mobile commerce applications, including through subscription services, the integration of physical and digital operations among retailers and the international expansion of hard discounters. We have seen and expect to continue to see a further shift to e-commerce, online-to-offline and other online purchasing by consumers. We continue to monitor changes in the retail landscape and seek to identify actions we may take to build our global e-commerce and digital capabilities, such as expanding our direct-to-consumer business, and distribute our products effectively through all existing and emerging channels of trade and potentially mitigate any unfavorable impacts on our future results.

The retail industry also continues to be impacted by the actions and increasing power of retailers, including as a result consolidation of ownership resulting in large retailers or buying groups with increased purchasing power, particularly in North America, Europe and Latin America. We have seen and expect to continue to see retailers and buying groups impact our ability to compete in these jurisdictions. We continue to monitor our relationships with retailers and buying groups and seek to identify actions we may take to maintain mutually beneficial relationships and resolve any significant disputes and potentially mitigate any unfavorable impacts on our future results.

Cautionary statements included above and in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Our Business Risks" in our 2023 Form 10-K should be considered when evaluating our trends and future results.

Results of Operations – Consolidated Review

Consolidated Results

Volume

Physical or unit volume is one of the key metrics management uses internally to make operating and strategic decisions, including the preparation of our annual operating plan and the evaluation of our business performance. We believe volume provides additional information to facilitate the comparison of our historical operating performance and underlying trends and provides additional transparency on how we evaluate our business because it measures demand for our products at the consumer level. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Our Financial

Results – Volume" included in our 2023 Form 10-K for further information on volume. Unit volume growth adjusts for the impacts of acquisitions and divestitures. Acquisitions and divestitures, when used in this report, reflect mergers and acquisitions activity, as well as divestitures and other structural changes, including changes in ownership or control in consolidated subsidiaries and nonconsolidated equity investees. Further, unit volume growth excludes the impact of an additional week of results every five or six years (53rd reporting week), where applicable.

We report all of our international operations on a monthly calendar basis. The 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023 include volume outside of North America for the months of January and February.

Consolidated Net Revenue and Operating Profit

		12	Weeks Ended	
	3/23/2024		3/25/2023	Change
revenue	\$ 18,250	\$	17,846	2 %
ing profit	\$ 2,717	\$	2,629	3 %
margin	14.9 %		14.7 %	0.2

See "Results of Operations – Division Review" for a tabular presentation and discussion of key drivers of net revenue.

Operating profit grew 3% and operating margin improved 0.2 percentage points. Operating profit growth was primarily driven by effective net pricing and productivity savings. These impacts were partially offset by certain operating cost increases, a decline in organic volume and a 5-percentage-point impact of charges associated with the Quaker Recall Corporate unallocated expenses reflect a 3-percentage-point favorable impact of net mark-to-market gains on commodity derivatives.

Other Consolidated Results

		12 V	Weeks Ende	d	
	 3/23/2024	ļ	3/25/2023		Change
Other pension and retiree medical benefits income	\$ 58	\$	61	\$	(3)
Net interest expense and other	\$ 202	\$	200	\$	2
Tax rate	20.2 %	,	21.9 %		
Net income attributable to PepsiCo	\$ 2,042	\$	1,932		6 %
Net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share – diluted	\$ 1.48	\$	1.40		6 %

Other pension and retiree medical benefits income decreased \$3 million, primarily reflecting the recognition of special termination benefits due to restructuring actions as part of our 2019 Productivity Plan, partially offset by the recognition of gains on plan assets and impact of discretionary plan contributions.

Net interest expense and other increased \$2 million, primarily due to higher interest rates on debt and higher average debt balances, partially offset by higher average cash balances, higher gains on the market value of investments used to economically hedge a portion of our deferred compensation liability and higher interest rates on average cash balances.

The reported tax rate decreased 1.7 percentage points, primarily reflecting the favorable impact of reserves for international unrecognized tax benefits recorded in the prior year.

Results of Operations – Division Review

While our financial results in North America are reported on a 12-week basis, all of our international operations are reported on a monthly calendar basis for which the months of January and February are reflected in our results for the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023.

In the discussions of net revenue and operating profit below, "effective net pricing" reflects the year-over-year impact of discrete pricing actions, sales incentive activities and mix resulting from selling varying products in different package sizes and in different countries.

See "Our Business Risks," "Non-GAAP Measures" and "Items Affecting Comparability" for a discussion of items to consider when evaluating our results and related information regarding measures not in accordance with GAAP.

Net Revenue and Organic Revenue Growth

Organic revenue growth is a non-GAAP financial measure. For further information on this measure, see "Non-GAAP Measures."

			12 Weeks Ended 3/	23/2024							
		Impact of									
	Reported % Change, GAAP Measure	Foreign exchange translation	Acquisitions and divestitures	Organic % Change, Non- GAAP Measure ^(a)	Organic volume ^(b)	Effective net pricing					
FLNA	2 %			2 %	(2)	3					
QFNA (c)	(24) %	_	_	(24) %	(22)	(2)					
PBNA	1 %	_	_	1 %	(5)	6					
LatAm	16 %	(8)	_	8 %	(1)	9					
Europe	3 %	7	_	10 %	3	7					
AMESA	2 %	4	_	7 %	5	2					
APAC	6 %	5	_	11 %	12	(1)					
Total	2 %	0.5	_	3 %	(2)	5					

(a) Amounts may not sum due to rounding

Operating Profit/(Loss), Operating Profit/(Loss) Adjusted for Items Affecting Comparability and Operating Profit Performance Adjusted for Items Affecting Comparability on a Constant Currency Basis

Operating profit/(loss) adjusted for items affecting comparability and operating profit growth adjusted for items affecting comparability on a constant currency basis are both non-GAAP financial measures. For further information on these measures, see "Non-GAAP Measures" and "Items Affecting Comparability."

⁽b) Excludes the impact of acquisitions and divestitures. In certain instances, the impact of organic volume on net revenue growth differs from the unit volume change disclosed in the following divisional discussions due to the impacts of product mix, nonconsolidated joint venture volume, and, for our franchise-owned beverage businesses, temporary timing differences between bottler case sales and concentrate shipments and equivalents (CSE). We report net revenue from our franchise-owned beverage businesses based on CSE. The volume sold by our nonconsolidated joint ventures has no direct impact on our net revenue.

⁽c) Net revenue decline was impacted by the Quaker Recall.

Operating Profit/(Loss) and Operating Profit/(Loss) Adjusted for Items Affecting Comparability

				12 Weeks E	nded 3/23/2024								
	<u> </u>	Items Affecting Comparability ^(a)											
		ed, GAAP asure	Mark-to- market net impact	Restructuring and impairment charges	Acquisition and divestiture-related charges	Product recall- related impact	Core, Non-GAAP Measure						
FLNA	\$	1,554	<u> </u>	\$ 22	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 1,576						
QFNA		(49)	_	4	_	167	122						
PBNA		510	_	10	2	_	522						
LatAm		485	_	5	_	_	490						
Europe		202	_	18	_	_	220						
AMESA		152	_	_	_	_	152						
APAC		233	_	_	_	_	233						
Corporate unallocated expenses		(370)	(36)	30	_	_	(376)						
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,717	\$ (36)	\$ 89	§ 2	\$ 167	\$ 2,939						

					Ended 3/25/2023 ing Comparability ^(a)		
	Report GAAP M	ted, leasure	Mark-to-market net impact	Restructuring and impairment charges	Acquisition and divestiture-related	Impairment and other charges/credits ^(b)	Core, Non-GAAP Measure
FLNA	\$	1,599	\$	\$ 7	\$ —	\$	\$ 1,606
QFNA		188	_	_	_	_	188
PBNA		483	_	5	2	_	490
LatAm		364	_	5	_	_	369
Europe		71	_	89	_	_	160
AMESA		168	_	5	_	(13)	160
APAC		227	_	1	_	_	228
Corporate unallocated expenses		(471)	71	1	_	_	(399)
Total	\$	2,629	\$ 71	\$ 113	\$ 2	\$ (13)	\$ 2,802

Operating Profit/(Loss) Performance and Operating Profit/(Loss) Performance Adjusted for Items Affecting Comparability on a Constant Currency Basis

				12 \	Weeks Ended 3/23/20	024			
			Impact of I	tems Affecting Co		Impact of			
	Reported % Change, GAAP Measure	Mark-to- market net impact	Restructuring and impairment charges	Acquisition and divestiture-related charges	Impairment and other charges/credits	Product recall- related impact	Core % Change, Non-GAAP Measure ^(b)	Foreign exchange translation	Core Constant Currency % Change, Non-GAAP Measure ^(b)
FLNA	(3) %		1				(2) %		(2) %
QFNA	(126) %	_	2	_	_	89	(35) %	_	(35) %
PBNA	5.5 %	_	1	_	_	_	7 %	_	6 %
LatAm	33 %	_	(0.5)	_	_	_	33 %	(11)	22 %
Europe	184 %	_	(147)	_	1	_	37 %	13	50 %
AMESA	(10) %	_	(2)	_	7	_	(5) %	2	(2) %
APAC	3 %	_	(1)	_	_	_	2 %	5	7 %
Corporate unallocated expenses	(22) %	21	(6)	_	_	_	(6) %	_	(6) %
Total	3 %	(3)	(1)	_	_	5	5 %	_	5 %

See "Items Affecting Comparability" for further information. Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

See "Items Affecting Comparability" for further information.

Income amounts represent adjustments for changes in estimates of previously recorded amounts.

FLNA

Net revenue grew 2%, primarily driven by effective net pricing, partially offset by a decrease in organic volume.

Unit volume decreased 2%, primarily driven by mid-single-digit declines in trademark Lay's and trademark Tostitos, partially offset by mid-single-digit growth in trademark Doritos.

Operating profit decreased 3%, primarily reflecting certain operating cost increases, including strategic initiatives, and the decrease in organic volume. These impacts were partially offset by the effective net pricing and productivity savings.

PBNA

Net revenue increased 1%, primarily driven by effective net pricing, partially offset by a decrease in organic volume.

Unit volume decreased 5%, driven by a 7% decrease in non-carbonated beverage (NCB) volume and a 3% decrease in carbonated soft drink (CSD) volume. The NCB volume decrease primarily reflected a double-digit decrease in Gatorade sports drinks, a high-single-digit decrease in our overall water portfolio and a mid-single-digit decrease in Lipton ready-to-drink teas, partially offset by a double-digit increase in our energy portfolio.

Operating profit increased 5.5%, primarily driven by the effective net pricing, productivity savings and a 10-percentage-point impact of unfavorable insurance adjustments in the prior year. These impacts were partially offset by certain operating cost increases, the decrease in organic volume and a 7-percentage-point impact of higher commodity costs.

OFNA

Net revenue declined 24%, driven by a decrease in organic volume and unfavorable net pricing, both of which were negatively impacted by the loss of sales from products included in the Quaker Recall.

Unit volume declined 22%, primarily driven by double-digit declines in bars, ready-to-eat cereals, pancake syrup and mix and oatmeal. The unit volume decline in bars and ready-to-eat cereals was negatively impacted by the loss of sales from products included in the Quaker Recall.

Operating profit declined 126%, primarily reflecting an 89-percentage-point impact of charges associated with the Quaker Recall, the net revenue performance and certain operating cost increases, partially offset by productivity savings and lower advertising and marketing expenses.

LatAm

Net revenue increased 16%, primarily reflecting effective net pricing and an 8-percentage-point impact of favorable foreign exchange.

Convenient foods unit volume declined 0.5%, primarily reflecting double-digit declines in Peru and Argentina and a mid-single-digit decline in Colombia, partially offset by mid-single-digit growth in Brazil and low-single-digit growth in Mexico.

Beverage unit volume grew 2%, primarily reflecting high-single-digit growth in Brazil and Guatemala and low-single-digit growth in Mexico and Chile, partially offset by a double-digit decline in Colombia and a mid-single-digit decline in Argentina. Additionally, Peru experienced low-single-digit growth.

Operating profit increased 33%, primarily reflecting the effective net pricing, productivity savings, an 11-percentage-point impact of favorable foreign exchange translation and a 4-percentage-point favorable impact of lower commodity costs, largely driven by transaction-related foreign exchange. These impacts were partially offset by certain operating cost increases and higher advertising and marketing expenses.

Europe

Net revenue increased 3%, primarily reflecting effective net pricing and organic volume growth, partially offset by a 7-percentage-point impact of unfavorable foreign exchange.

Convenient foods unit volume increased 2%, primarily reflecting double-digit growth in Russia, mid-single-digit growth in the United Kingdom and high-single-digit growth in Turkey, partially offset by a double-digit decline in France and a slight decline in the Netherlands.

Beverage unit volume grew 7%, primarily reflecting double-digit growth in Russia, Turkey and Germany and high-single-digit growth in the United Kingdom, partially offset by a double-digit decline in France.

Operating profit increased 184%, primarily reflecting a 147-percentage-point favorable impact of lower restructuring charges, the net revenue growth and productivity savings. These impacts were partially offset by certain operating cost increases, a 17-percentage-point impact of higher commodity costs, primarily packaging materials, juices and potatoes, largely driven by transaction-related foreign exchange, a 13-percentage-point impact of unfavorable foreign exchange translation, primarily due to weakening of the Russian ruble, and higher advertising and marketing expenses.

AMESA

Net revenue grew 2%, primarily reflecting organic volume growth and effective net pricing, partially offset by a 4-percentage-point impact of unfavorable foreign exchange.

Convenient foods unit volume grew 4.5%, primarily reflecting high-single-digit growth in South Africa, double-digit growth in India and mid-single-digit growth in Pakistan, partially offset by a double-digit decline in the Middle East.

Beverage unit volume grew 2%, primarily reflecting mid-single-digit growth in the Middle East and high-single-digit growth in India and Nigeria, partially offset by a double-digit decline in Pakistan.

Operating profit declined 10%, primarily reflecting certain operating cost increases, a 17-percentage-point impact of higher commodity costs, primarily packaging materials, sweeteners and potatoes, largely driven by transaction-related foreign exchange, and a 7-percentage-point unfavorable impact of adjustments recorded in the prior year related to the sale of a non-strategic brand. These impacts were partially offset by the net revenue growth and productivity savings.

APAC

Net revenue grew 6%, primarily reflecting net organic volume growth, partially offset by a 5-percentage-point impact of unfavorable foreign exchange and unfavorable net pricing.

Convenient foods unit volume grew 12%, primarily reflecting double-digit growth in China. Additionally, Thailand experienced low-single-digit growth and Australia experienced high-single-digit growth.

Beverage unit volume declined slightly, primarily reflecting a mid-single-digit decline in China, partially offset by high-single-digit growth in Vietnam and double-digit growth in Thailand and the Philippines.

Operating profit grew 3%, primarily reflecting the net organic volume growth, productivity savings and a 4-percentage-point favorable impact of lower commodity costs. These impacts were partially offset by certain operating cost increases, higher advertising and marketing expenses and a 5-percentage-point impact of unfavorable foreign exchange.

Non-GAAP Measures

Certain financial measures contained in this Form 10-Q adjust for the impact of specified items and are not in accordance with GAAP. We use non-GAAP financial measures internally to make operating and

strategic decisions, including the preparation of our annual operating plan, evaluation of our overall business performance and as a factor in determining compensation for certain employees. We believe presenting non-GAAP financial measures in this Form 10-Q provides additional information to facilitate comparison of our historical operating results and trends in our underlying operating results and provides additional transparency on how we evaluate our business. We also believe presenting these measures in this Form 10-Q allows investors to view our performance using the same measures that we use in evaluating our financial and business performance and trends.

We consider quantitative and qualitative factors in assessing whether to adjust for the impact of items that may be significant or that could affect an understanding of our ongoing financial and business performance or trends. Examples of items for which we may make adjustments include: amounts related to mark-to-market gains or losses (non-cash); charges related to restructuring plans; charges associated with acquisitions and divestitures; gains associated with divestitures; asset impairment charges (non-cash); product recall-related impact; pension and retiree medical-related amounts, including all settlement and curtailment gains and losses; charges or adjustments related to the enactment of new laws, rules or regulations, such as tax law changes; amounts related to the resolution of tax positions; tax benefits related to reorganizations of our operations; debt redemptions, cash tender or exchange offers; and remeasurements of net monetary assets. See below and "Items Affecting Comparability" for a description of adjustments to our GAAP financial measures in this Form 10-Q.

Non-GAAP information should be considered as supplemental in nature and is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the related financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. In addition, our non-GAAP financial measures may not be the same as or comparable to similar non-GAAP measures presented by other companies.

The following non-GAAP financial measures contained in this Form 10-Q are discussed below:

Cost of sales, gross profit, selling, general and administrative expenses, other pension and retiree medical benefits income, provision for income taxes, net income attributable to noncontrolling interests and net income attributable to PepsiCo, each adjusted for items affecting comparability, operating profit and net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share – diluted, each adjusted for items affecting comparability and the corresponding constant currency growth rates

These measures exclude the net impact of mark-to-market gains and losses on centrally managed commodity derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting, restructuring and impairment charges related to our 2019 Productivity Plan, charges associated with our acquisitions and divestitures, impairment and other charges/credits and product recall-related impact (see "Items Affecting Comparability" for a detailed description of each of these items). We also evaluate performance on operating profit and net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share – diluted, each adjusted for items affecting comparability on a constant currency basis, which measure our financial results assuming constant foreign currency exchange rates used for translation based on the rates in effect for the comparable prior-year period. In order to compute our constant currency results, we multiply or divide, as appropriate, our current-year U.S. dollar results by the current-year average foreign exchange rates and then multiply or divide, as appropriate, those amounts by the prior-year average foreign exchange rates. We believe these measures provide useful information in evaluating the results of our business because they exclude items that we believe are not indicative of our ongoing performance or that we believe impact comparability with the prior year.

Organic revenue growth

We define organic revenue growth as a measure that adjusts for the impacts of foreign exchange translation, acquisitions and divestitures and where applicable, the impact of the 53^{rd} reporting week. We believe organic revenue growth provides useful information in evaluating the results of our business

because it excludes items that we believe are not indicative of ongoing performance or that we believe impact comparability with the prior year.

See "Net Revenue and Organic Revenue Growth" in "Results of Operations – Division Review" for further information.

Free cash flow

We define free cash flow as net cash from operating activities less capital spending, plus sales of property, plant and equipment. Since net capital spending is essential to our product innovation initiatives and maintaining our operational capabilities, we believe that it is a recurring and necessary use of cash. As such, we believe investors should also consider net capital spending when evaluating our cash from operating activities. Free cash flow is used by us primarily for acquisitions and financing activities, including debt repayments, dividends and share repurchases. Free cash flow is not a measure of cash available for discretionary expenditures since we have certain non-discretionary obligations such as debt service that are not deducted from the measure.

See "Free Cash Flow" in "Our Liquidity and Capital Resources" for further information.

Items Affecting Comparability

Our reported financial results in this Form 10-Q are impacted by the following items in each of the following periods:

					12	Weeks Ended 3/2	23/20	24			
	Cost of sales	Gross profit	S	Selling, general and administrative expenses	C	Operating profit	r	r pension and etiree medical enefits income	i	vision for income tax es ^(a)	Net income ributable to PepsiCo
Reported, GAAP Measure	\$ 8,248	\$ 10,002	\$	7,285	\$	2,717	\$	58	\$	520	\$ 2,042
Items Affecting Comparability											
Mark-to-market net impact	13	(13)		23		(36)		_		(9)	(27)
Restructuring and impairment charges	(6)	6		(83)		89		7		20	76
Acquisition and divestiture-related charges	_	_		(2)		2		_		1	1
Product recall-related impact	(167)	167		_		167		_		39	128
Core, Non-GAAP Measure	\$ 8,088	\$ 10,162	\$	7,223	\$	2,939	\$	65	\$	571	\$ 2,220

								12 Week	s Enc	led 3/25/2023				
	Cos	t of sales	Gro	ss profit	Se	elling, general and administrative expenses	Ope	rating profit		ther pension and retiree edical benefits income	vision for me taxes ^(a)	Net income attributal to noncontrolling interests		Net income attributable to PepsiCo
Reported, GAAP Measure	\$	7,988	\$	9,858	\$	7,229	\$	2,629	\$	61	\$ 546	\$ 12	2	\$ 1,932
Items Affecting Comparability														
Mark-to-market net impact		(14)		14		(57)		71		_	17	_	-	54
Restructuring and impairment charges		(3)		3		(110)		113		(1)	14	1	1	97
Acquisition and divestiture-related charges		_		_		(2)		2		_	1	_	-	1
Impairment and other charges/credits		4		(4)		9		(13)		_	_	_	-	(13)
Core, Non-GAAP Measure	\$	7,975	\$	9,871	\$	7,069	\$	2,802	\$	60	\$ 578	\$ 13	3	\$ 2,071

(a) Provision for income taxes is the expected tax charge/benefit on the underlying item based on the tax laws and income tax rates applicable to the underlying item in its corresponding tax jurisdiction.

		12 V	Weeks Ended	
	 3/23/2024		3/25/2023	Change
Net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share – diluted, GAAP measure	\$ 1.48	\$	1.40	6 %
Mark-to-market net impact	(0.02)		0.04	
Restructuring and impairment charges	0.05		0.07	
Acquisition and divestiture-related charges	_		_	
Impairment and other charges/credits	_		(0.01)	
Product recall-related impact	0.09		_	
Core net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share – diluted, non-GAAP measure	\$ 1.61 (a)	\$	1.50	7 %
Impact of foreign exchange translation	 _		,	_
Growth in core net income attributable to PepsiCo per common share – diluted, on a constant currency basis, non-GAAP measure				7 %

(a) Does not sum due to rounding

Mark-to-Market Net Impact

We centrally manage commodity derivatives on behalf of our divisions. These commodity derivatives include agricultural products, energy and metals. Commodity derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment are marked to market each period with the resulting gains and losses recorded in corporate unallocated expenses as either cost of sales or selling, general and administrative expenses, depending on the underlying commodity. These gains and losses are subsequently reflected in division results when the divisions recognize the cost of the underlying commodity in operating profit. Therefore, the divisions realize the economic effects of the derivative without experiencing any resulting mark-to-market volatility, which remains in corporate unallocated expenses.

Restructuring and Impairment Charges

2019 Multi-Year Productivity Plan

The 2019 Productivity Plan, publicly announced on February 15, 2019, leverages new technology and business models to further simplify, harmonize and automate processes; re-engineer our go-to-market and information systems, including deploying the right automation for each market; and simplify our organization and optimize our manufacturing and supply chain footprint. To build on the successful implementation of the 2019 Productivity Plan, in 2022, we expanded and extended the plan through the end of 2028 to take advantage of additional opportunities within the initiatives described above. As a result, we expect to incur pre-tax charges of approximately \$3.65 billion, including cash expenditures of approximately \$2.9 billion. Plan to date through March 23, 2024, we have incurred pre-tax charges of \$2.0 billion, including cash expenditures of \$1.5 billion. For the remainder of 2024, we expect to incur pre-tax charges of approximately \$400 million, and cash expenditures of approximately \$400 million. These charges will be funded primarily through cash from operations. We expect to incur the majority of the remaining pre-tax charges and cash expenditures through 2025, with the balance to be incurred through 2028. Charges include severance and other employee costs, asset impairments and other costs.

See Note 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q, as well as Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements in our 2023 Form 10-K, for further information related to our 2019 Productivity Plan.

We regularly evaluate productivity initiatives beyond the productivity plan and other initiatives discussed above and in Note 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Acquisition and Divestiture-Related Charges

Acquisition and divestiture-related charges primarily include costs associated with divestitures, primarily consulting, advisory and other professional fees.

Impairment and Other Charges/Credits

We recognized adjustments to the charges recorded in prior years from changes in estimates of previously recorded amounts.

Product Recall-Related Impact

We recognized property, plant and equipment write-offs, employee severance costs and other costs in our QFNA division associated with a previously announced voluntary recall of certain bars and cereals.

See Note 1 to our condensed consolidated financial statements for further information.

Our Liquidity and Capital Resources

We believe that our cash generating capability and financial condition, together with our revolving credit facilities, working capital lines and other available methods of debt financing, such as commercial paper

borrowings and long-term debt financing, will be adequate to meet our operating, investing and financing needs, including with respect to our net capital spending plans. Our primary sources of liquidity include cash from operations, proceeds obtained from issuances of commercial paper and long-term debt, and cash and cash equivalents. These sources of cash are available to fund cash outflows that have both a short- and long-term component, including debt repayments and related interest payments; payments for acquisitions; operating leases; purchase, marketing, and other contractual commitments, including capital expenditures and the transition tax liability under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJ Act) In addition, these sources of cash fund other cash outflows including anticipated dividend payments and share repurchases. We do not have guarantees or off-balance sheet financing arrangements, including variable interest entities, that we believe could have a material impact on our liquidity. See "Our Business Risks" and Note 8 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q and "Item 1A. Risk Factors," "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Our Business Risks" and Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2023 Form 10-K for further information.

As of March 23, 2024, cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments in our consolidated subsidiaries subject to currency controls or currency exchange restrictions were not material.

The TCJ Act imposed a one-time mandatory transition tax on undistributed international earnings. As of March 23, 2024, our mandatory transition tax liability was \$2.3 billion, which must be paid through 2026 under the provisions of the TCJ Act. See "Our Liquidity and Capital Resources" and Note 5 to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2023 Form 10-K for further discussion of the TCJ Act.

Supply chain financing arrangements did not have a material impact on our liquidity or capital resources in the periods presented and we do not expect such arrangements to have a material impact on our liquidity or capital resources for the foreseeable future. See Note 12 to our condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion of supply chain financing arrangements.

Operating Activities

During the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, net cash used for operating activities was \$1.0 billion, compared to net cash used for operating activities of \$0.4 billion in the prior-year period. The decrease in operating cash flow primarily reflects unfavorable working capital comparisons, partially offset by favorable operating profit performance.

Investing Activities

During the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, net cash used for investing activities was \$0.6 billion, primarily reflecting net capital spending.

We regularly review our plans with respect to net capital spending and believe that we have sufficient liquidity to meet our net capital spending needs.

Financing Activities

During the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, net cash provided by financing activities was \$10 million, primarily reflecting the proceeds from issuances of long-term debt of \$1.8 billion and net proceeds of short-term borrowings of \$1.5 billion, partially offset by the return of operating cash flow to our shareholders through dividend payments of \$1.8 billion and share repurchases of \$0.1 billion, as well as payments of long-term debt borrowings of \$1.3 billion.

We annually review our capital structure with our Board of Directors, including our dividend policy and share repurchase activity. On February 10, 2022, we announced a share repurchase program providing for the repurchase of up to \$10.0 billion of PepsiCo common stock which commenced on February 11, 2022 and will expire on February 28, 2026. In addition, on February 9, 2024, we announced a 7% increase in

our annualized dividend to \$5.42 per share from \$5.06 per share, effective with the dividend expected to be paid in June 2024. We expect to return a total of approximately \$8.2 billion to shareholders in 2024, comprising dividends of approximately \$7.2 billion and share repurchases of approximately \$1.0 billion.

Free Cash Flow

The table below reconciles net cash used for operating activities, as reflected on our cash flow statement, to our free cash flow. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. For further information on free cash flow, see "Non-GAAP Measures."

	 12 Weeks Ended			
	3/23/2024		3/25/2023	
Net cash used for operating activities, GAAP measure	\$ (1,041)	\$	(392)	
Capital spending	(614)		(581)	
Sales of property, plant and equipment	7		19	
Free cash flow, non-GAAP measure	\$ (1,648)	\$	(954)	

We use free cash flow primarily for acquisitions and financing activities, including debt repayments, dividends and share repurchases. We expect to continue to return free cash flow to our shareholders primarily through dividends while maintaining Tier 1 commercial paper access, which we believe will facilitate appropriate financial flexibility and ready access to global capital and credit markets at favorable interest rates. See "Our Business Risks" included in this Form 10-Q and "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financia Condition and Results of Operations — Our Business Risks," included in our 2023 Form 10-K, for certain factors that may impact our credit ratings or our operating cash flows.

Any downgrade of our credit ratings by a credit rating agency, especially any downgrade to below investment grade, whether or not as a result of our actions or factors which are beyond our control, could increase our future borrowing costs and impair our ability to access capital and credit markets on terms commercially acceptable to us, or at all. In addition, any downgrade of our current short-term credit ratings could impair our ability to access the commercial paper market with the same flexibility that we have experienced historically, and therefore require us to rely more heavily on more expensive types of debt financing. See Note 8 to our condensed consolidated financial statements and "Our Business Risks" included in this Form 10-Q, as well as "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Our Business Risks" included in our 2023 Form 10-K for further information.

Changes in Line Items in Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Changes in line items in the income statement are discussed in "Results of Operations – Consolidated Review," "Results of Operations – Division Review" and "Items Affecting Comparability."

Changes in line items in the cash flow statement are discussed in "Our Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Changes in line items in the balance sheet are discussed below:

Total Assets

As of March 23, 2024, total assets were \$100.0 billion, compared to \$100.5 billion as of December 30, 2023. The decrease in total assets is primarily driven by the following line item:

	C	Change ^(a)
Cash and cash equivalents (b)	\$	(1.7)

Total Liabilities

As of March 23, 2024, total liabilities were \$80.9 billion, compared to \$81.9 billion as of December 30, 2023. The decrease in total liabilities is primarily driven by the following line items:

	Change ^(a)
Short-term debt obligations (c)	\$ 1.7
Accounts payable and other current liabilities (d)	\$ (3.1)

- (a) In billions.
- (b) Refer to the cash flow statement for further information.
- (c) See Note 8 to our condensed consolidated financial statements for further information.
- (d) Primarily reflects timing of payments, combined with a decrease in production and capital expenditure payables across our divisions.

Total Equity

See the equity statement and Notes 9 and 11 to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors

PepsiCo, Inc.:

Results of Review of Interim Financial Information

We have reviewed the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet of PepsiCo, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of March 23, 2024, the related Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, Comprehensive Income, Cash Flows and Equity for the twelve weeks ended March 23, 2024 and March 25, 2023, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated interim financial information). Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated interim financial information for it to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Consolidated Balance Sheet of the Company as of December 30, 2023, and the related Consolidated Statements of Income, Comprehensive Income, Cash Flows and Equity for the fiscal year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 8, 2024, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 30, 2023, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the Consolidated Balance Sheet from which it has been derived.

Basis for Review Results

This consolidated interim financial information is the responsibility of the Company's management. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. A review of consolidated interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York April 22, 2024

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

See "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Our Business Risks." In addition, see "Item 1A. Risk Factors," "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Our Business Risks" and Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements in our 2023 Form 10-K.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and (2) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

During the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, we continued migrating certain of our financial processing systems to an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system. These systems implementations are part of our ongoing global business transformation initiative, and we plan to continue implementing such systems throughout other parts of our businesses in phases over the next several years. In connection with these ERP implementations, we are updating and will continue to update our internal control over financial reporting, as necessary, to accommodate modifications to our business processes and accounting procedures. During the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, we continued implementing these systems, resulting in changes that materially affected our internal control over financial reporting. These system implementations did not have an adverse effect, nor do we expect will have an adverse effect, on our internal control over financial reporting. In addition, in connection with our 2019 multi-year productivity plan, we continue to migrate to shared business models across our operations to further simplify, harmonize and automate processes. In connection with this multi-year productivity plan and resulting business process changes, we continue to enhance the design and documentation of our internal control over financial reporting processes, to maintain effective controls over our financial reporting. These business process changes have not materially affected, and we do not expect them to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting

Except with respect to the continued implementation of ERP systems, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. We will continue to assess the impact on our internal control over financial reporting as we continue to implement our ERP solution and our 2019 multi-year productivity plan.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

The following information should be read in conjunction with the discussion set forth under Part I, "Item 3. Legal Proceedings" in our 2023 Form 10-K.

We and our subsidiaries are party to a variety of litigation, claims, legal or regulatory proceedings, inquiries and investigations. While the results of such litigation, claims, legal or regulatory proceedings, inquiries and investigations cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes that the final outcome of the foregoing will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. See also "Item 1. Business – Regulatory Matters" and "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our 2023 Form 10-K.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes with respect to the risk factors disclosed in our 2023 Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

A summary of our common stock repurchases (in millions, except average price per share) during the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024 is set forth in the table below.

Issuer Purchases of Common Stock

Period	Total Number of Shares Repurchased ^(a)	Av Pai	verage Price id Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs		
12/30/2023			_		\$	7,500	
12/31/2023 - 1/27/2024	_	\$		_		_	
						7,500	
1/28/2024 - 2/24/2024	0.1	\$	168.36	0.1		(16)	
						7,484	
2/25/2024 - 3/23/2024	0.9	\$	166.53	0.9		(142)	
Total	1.0	\$	166.71	1.0	\$	7,342	

⁽a) All shares were repurchased in open market transactions pursuant to the \$10 billion share repurchase program authorized by our Board of Directors and publicly announced on February 10, 2022, which commenced on February 11, 2022 and will expire on February 28, 2026. Shares repurchased under this program may be repurchased in open market transactions, in privately negotiated transactions, in accelerated stock repurchase transactions or otherwise.

ITEM 5. Other Information.

During the 12 weeks ended March 23, 2024, none of our directors or executive officers adopted, modified or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" as such terms are defined under Item 408 of Regulation S-K.

ITEM 6. Exhibits.

See "Index to Exhibits" on page 41.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS ITEM 6

EXHIBIT	
Exhibit 3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of PepsiCo, Inc., effective as of May 1, 2019, which are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2019.
Exhibit 3.2	By-Laws of PepsiCo, Inc., as amended and restated, effective as of April 15, 2020, which are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 16, 2020.
Exhibit 4.1	Indenture dated as of February 12, 2024, between PepsiCo, Inc. and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, which is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s and PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd.'s Registration Statement on Form S-3ASR filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 12, 2024 (File No. 333-277003).
Exhibit 4.2	Indenture dated as of February 12, 2024, among PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd., as issuer, PepsiCo, Inc., as guarantor, and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, which is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.5 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s and PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd.'s Registration Statement on Form S-3ASI filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 12, 2024 (File No. 333-277003).
Exhibit 4.3	PepsiCo, Inc. Board of Directors Resolutions Authorizing PepsiCo, Inc.'s Officers to Establish the Terms of the Notes, which are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2013.
Exhibit 4.4	PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd. Board of Directors Resolutions Authorizing Officers of PepsiCo, Inc. and PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd. to Establish the Terms of the Notes, which are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.10 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s and PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd.'s Registration Statement on Form S-3ASR filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 12, 2024 (File No. 333-277003).
Exhibit 4.5	Form of Global Note representing PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd.'s Floating Rate Note due 2027, which is incorporated herein incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 16, 2024.
Exhibit 4.6	Form of Global Note representing PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd.'s 4.650% Senior Note due 2027, which is incorporated herein incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 16, 2024.
Exhibit 4.7	Form of Global Note representing PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd.'s 4.550% Senior Note due 2029, which is incorporated herein incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 16, 2024.
Exhibit 4.8	Form of Global Note representing PepsiCo Singapore Financing I Pte. Ltd.'s 4.700% Senior Note due 2034, which is incorporated herein incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to PepsiCo, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 16, 2024.
Exhibit 10.1	2024 Form of Annual Long-Term Incentive Award Agreement (Performance Stock Units / Long-Term Cash Award).
Exhibit 15	Letter re: Unaudited Interim Financial Information.
Exhibit 22	Subsidiary Issuer of Guaranteed Securities.
Exhibit 31	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Exhibit 32

Exhibit 101

The following materials from PepsiCo, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 23, 2024 formatted in iXBRL (Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Equity, and (vi)

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Exhibit 104 The cover page from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 23, 2024, formatted in

iXBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PepsiCo, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: April 22, 2024 /s/ Marie T. Gallagher

Marie T. Gallagher

Senior Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: April 22, 2024 /s/ David Flavell

David Flavell

Executive Vice President, General Counsel and

Corporate Secretary (Duly Authorized Officer)