# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number: 001-34177

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Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

Security 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025

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For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025

Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

230 Park Avenue South New York, New York (Address of principal executive offices) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) 10003 (Zip Code)

(212) 548-5555 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

 $$N\!/A$$  (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each ClassTrading SymbolsName of Each Exchange on Which RegisteredSeries A Common StockWBDThe Nasdaq Global Select Market4.302% Senior Notes due 2030WBDI30The Nasdaq Global Market4.693% Senior Notes due 2033WBDI33The Nasdaq Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports repreceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was requied days. Yes ☑ No □		
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronic Regulation S-T ( $\S$ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or files). Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$		
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated Exchange Act. (Check one):		
Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer □	Smaller reporting company	
	Emerging growth company	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of	t has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with the Exchange Act. $\Box$	th any new or
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as de	efined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\square$ No $\blacksquare$	
Total number of shares outstanding of each class of the Registrant's co	ommon stock as of April 25, 2025:	
Series A Common Stock, par value \$0.01	per share 2,474,075,003	

# WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. FORM 10-Q TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION.	
ITEM 1. Unaudited Financial Statements.	
Consolidated Statements of Operations.	<u>4</u>
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income.	<u>5</u>
Consolidated Balance Sheets.	<u>6</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.	7
Consolidated Statements of Equity.	<u>8</u>
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.	<u>10</u>
ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.	<u>28</u>
ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.	<u>44</u>
ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures.	<u>44</u>
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION.	
ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.	<u>45</u>
ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.	<u>45</u>
ITEM 5. Other Information	<u>46</u>
ITEM 6. Exhibits.	<u>47</u>
SIGNATURES.	<u>48</u>
3	

# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# ITEM 1. Unaudited Financial Statements.

# WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited; in millions, except per share amounts)

	Th	March 31,				
		2025		2024		
Revenues:						
Distribution	\$	4,886	\$	4,985		
Advertising		1,980		2,148		
Content		1,866		2,558		
Other		247		267		
Total revenues		8,979		9,958		
Costs and expenses:						
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		5,131		6,058		
Selling, general and administrative		2,194		2,232		
Depreciation and amortization		1,547		1,888		
Restructuring and other charges		54		35		
Impairments and loss on dispositions		90		12		
Total costs and expenses		9,016		10,225		
Operating loss		(37)		(267)		
Interest expense, net		(468)		(515)		
(Loss) gain on extinguishment of debt		(4)		25		
Loss from equity investees, net		(7)		(48)		
Other income (expense), net		82		(14)		
Loss before income taxes		(434)		(819)		
Income tax expense		(15)		(136)		
Net loss		(449)		(955)		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(8)		(7)		
Net loss (income) attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		4		(4)		
Net loss available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.	\$	(453)	\$	(966)		
Net loss per share available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Series A common stockholders:						
Basic	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.40)		
Diluted	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.40)		
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic		2,462		2,443		
Diluted		2,462		2,443		

# WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME (unaudited; in millions)

	Three Months Ended March 3		
	2025		2024
Net loss	\$	(449)	\$ (955)
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Currency translation, net of income tax (expense) benefit of \$(90) and \$7		231	(176)
Derivatives			
Change in net unrealized gains		9	13
Less: Reclassification adjustment for net gains included in net income		(13)	(9)
Net change, net of income tax (expense) benefit of \$(1) and \$—	' <u></u>	(4)	4
Comprehensive loss	' <u>-</u>	(222)	(1,127)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(11)	(7)
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		4	(4)
Comprehensive loss attributable to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.	\$	(229)	\$ (1,138)

# WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited; in millions, except par value)

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,868	\$ 5,312
Receivables, net	4,664	4,947
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,250	3,819
Total current assets	12,782	14,078
Film and television content rights and games	18,821	19,102
Property and equipment, net	6,211	6,087
Goodwill	25,746	25,667
Intangible assets, net	31,033	32,299
Other noncurrent assets	7,086	7,327
Total assets	\$ 101,679	\$ 104,560
Liabilities and equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,008	\$ 1,055
Accrued liabilities	9,899	10,438
Deferred revenues	1,600	1,569
Current portion of debt	2,779	2,748
Total current liabilities	15,286	15,810
Noncurrent portion of debt	34,647	36,757
Deferred income taxes	6,714	6,985
Other noncurrent liabilities	9,861	10,070
Total liabilities	66,508	69,622
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 15)		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	23	109
Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. stockholders' equity:		
Series A common stock: \$0.01 par value; 10,800 and 10,800 shares authorized; 2,703 and 2,684 shares issued; and 2,473 and 2,454 shares outstanding	27	27
Preferred stock: \$0.01 par value; 1,200 and 1,200 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding	_	_
Additional paid-in capital	55,585	55,560
Treasury stock, at cost: 230 and 230 shares	(8,244)	(8,244)
Accumulated deficit	(12,692)	(12,239)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(840)	(1,067)
Total Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. stockholders' equity	33,836	34,037
Noncontrolling interests	1,312	792
Total equity	35,148	34,829
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 101,679	\$ 104,560

# WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited; in millions)

	Т	Three Months Ended March 3		
		2025	2024	
Operating Activities				
Net loss	\$	(449) \$	(955)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:				
Content rights amortization and impairment		3,145	3,827	
Depreciation and amortization		1,547	1,888	
Deferred income taxes		(312)	(399)	
Share-based compensation expense		123	101	
Impairments and loss on dispositions		90	12	
Other, net		17	10	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and dispositions:				
Receivables, net		288	(304)	
Film and television content rights, games, and production payables, net		(2,846)	(2,778)	
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, deferred revenues and other noncurrent liabilities		(1,026)	(753)	
Foreign currency, prepaid expenses and other assets, net		(24)	(64)	
Cash provided by operating activities	·	553	585	
Investing Activities				
Purchases of property and equipment		(251)	(195)	
Proceeds from sales of investments		11	`	
Investments in and advances to equity investments		(14)	(53)	
Proceeds from asset dispositions		66		
Other investing activities, net		(7)	41	
Cash used in investing activities	·	(195)	(207)	
Financing Activities		` ′	` '	
Principal repayments of debt, including premiums and discounts to par value		(3,665)	(1,047)	
Borrowings from debt, net of discount and issuance costs		1,500	` <u> </u>	
Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		(157)	(130)	
Proceeds for noncontrolling interest in joint venture		601	_	
Borrowings under commercial paper program and revolving credit facility		695	2,200	
Repayments under commercial paper program and revolving credit facility		(695)	(2,200)	
Other financing activities, net		(174)	(60)	
Cash used in financing activities		(1,895)	(1,237)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		95	(74)	
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		(1,442)	(933)	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period		5,416	4,319	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$	3,974 \$	3,386	

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# WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (unaudited; in millions)

	Warner Discover Common	ry, Inc.	- Additional			Accumulated Other	Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.		
	Par Shares Value		Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Deficit	Comprehensive Loss		Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
December 31, 2024	2,684	\$ 27	\$ 55,560	\$ (8,244)	\$ (12,239)	\$ (1,067)	\$ 34,037	\$ 792	\$ 34,829
Net (loss) income available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. and attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	(453)	_	(453)	8	(445)
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_	227	227	3	230
Share-based compensation	_	_	156	_	_	_	156	_	156
Tax settlements associated with share-based plans	_	_	(124)	_	_	_	(124)	_	(124)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(147)	(147)
Issuance of stock in connection with share-based plans	19	_	9	_	_	_	9	_	9
Redeemable noncontrolling interest adjustments to redemption value	_	_	(3)	_	_	_	(3)	_	(3)
Reclassification associated with the expiration of put rights	_	_		_	_	_	_	74	74
Formation of music catalog joint venture	_	_	(13)	_	_	_	(13)	582	569
March 31, 2025	2.703	\$ 27	\$ 55.585	\$ (8.244)	\$ (12.692)	\$ (840)	\$ 33.836	\$ 1.312	\$ 35,148

#### WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (unaudited; in millions)

Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Common Stock Accumulated Other Inc.

Treasury Accumulated Comprehensive Stock Deficit Loss Warner Bros.

Discovery, Inc.
Stockholders' Noncontrolling Equity Interests Additional Paid-In Capital Par Total Shares Equity Value December 31, 2023 2,669 \$ \$ 55,112 \$ (8,244) \$ (928) \$ (741) 45,226 \$ 46,307 27 1,081 Net (loss) income available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. and attributable to noncontrolling interests (966)(966)(959)Other comprehensive loss (172)(172)(1) (173)Share-based compensation 108 108 108 Tax settlements associated with share-based plans (53) (53) (53) (123) Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests (123) 30 30 Issuance of stock in connection with share-based plans 10 30 Redeemable noncontrolling interest adjustments to redemption value (22) (22)(22)44,151 March 31, 2024 2,679 55,175 \$ (8,244) (1,894)(913) 964 \$ 45,115

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### Description of Business

Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. ("Warner Bros. Discovery", "WBD", the "Company", "we", "us" or "our") is a leading global media and entertainment company that creates and distributes a differentiated and comprehensive portfolio of content and products across television, film, streaming, interactive gaming, publishing, themed experiences, and consumer products through brands including: Discovery Channel, Max, CNN, DC Studios, TNT Sports, HBO, Food Network, TLC, TBS, Warner Bros. Motion Picture Group, Warner Bros. Television Group, Warner Bros. Cames, Adult Swim, Turner Classic Movies, and others.

In December 2024, the Company announced that its board of directors had authorized the Company to implement a new corporate structure designed to enhance its strategic flexibility and create potential opportunities to unlock shareholder value. Under the new corporate structure, the Company will serve as the parent company for two distinct operating divisions: Streaming & Studios and Global Linear Networks. In the first quarter of 2025, the Company renamed its Direct-to-Consumer reportable segment to Streaming and its Networks reportable segment to Global Linear Networks. There were no changes to the Company's reportable segments or the composition of our reportable segments as a result of these changes.

As of March 31, 2025, we classified our operations in three reportable segments:

- Streaming Our Streaming segment primarily consists of our premium pay-TV and streaming services.
- Studios Our Studios segment primarily consists of the production and release of feature films for initial exhibition in theaters, production and initial licensing of television programs to third parties and our networks/streaming services, distribution of our films and television programs to various third party and internal television and streaming services, distribution through the home entertainment market (physical and digital), related consumer products and themed experience licensing, and interactive gaming.
- · Global Linear Networks Our Global Linear Networks segment primarily consists of our domestic and international television networks.

Our segment presentation is aligned with our management structure and the financial information management uses to make decisions about operating matters, such as the allocation of resources and business performance assessments.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries in which a controlling interest is maintained, including variable interest entities ("VIE") for which the Company is the primary beneficiary. Intercompany accounts and transactions between consolidated entities have been eliminated.

#### **Unaudited Interim Financial Statements**

These consolidated financial statements are unaudited; however, in the opinion of management, they reflect all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary to state fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP applicable to interim periods. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or future periods. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "2024 Form 10-K").

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

# Recent Accounting and Reporting Pronouncements

### Income Taxes

In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance updating the disclosure requirements for income taxes, primarily through standardization and disaggregation of rate reconciliation categories and income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company expects to adopt this guidance prospectively and is currently evaluating the impact it will have on its annual tax disclosures that will be included in its Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025.

### Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses

In November 2024, the FASB issued guidance updating the disclosure requirements for income statement expenses, primarily through disaggregation of certain types of expenses presented on the income statement. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026 and for interimperiods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments may be applied either: (1) prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date, or (2) retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on its disclosures.

#### NOTE 2. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

We perform fair value-based impairment tests of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives on an annual basis, and between annual tests if an event occurs or if circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit or an indefinite-lived intangible asset below its carrying value.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company performed goodwill and intangible assets impairment monitoring procedures for all of its reporting units and identified no indicators of impairment. As of October 1, 2024, the date of the most recent quantitative impairment assessment, the estimated fair value of each reporting unit exceeded its carrying value.

The Company continues to monitor its reporting units for triggers that could impact the recoverability of goodwill. Long-term trends and risks the Company is monitoring in its ongoing assessment include, but are not limited to, the following:

- · the delta between market capitalization and book value, as well as volatility in the price of our common stock;
- · uncertainty related to affiliate rights renewals associated with the Company's Global Linear Networks and Streaming reporting units;
- declining levels of global GDP growth and continued softness in the U.S. linear advertising market associated with the Company's Global Linear Networks reporting unit;
- · uncertainty surrounding the impacts related to the imposition of tariffs by the U.S. government and any retaliatory tariffs from foreign governments;
- · content licensing trends and volatility related to the performance of theatrical film and game slates in the Company's Studios reporting unit; and
- · risks in executing the projected growth strategies of the Company's Streaming reporting unit.

#### NOTE 3. RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER CHARGES

The Company periodically initiates restructuring programs, which may include, among other things, strategic content programming assessments, organization restructuring, facility consolidation activities, and other contract termination costs. During 2024, the Company initiated two restructuring initiatives; an organizational and personnel restructuring plan and a restructuring initiative associated with its Warner Bros. Cames group.

Restructuring and other charges by reportable segments and corporate and inter-segment eliminations were as follows (in millions).

	Three Months	Ended March 31,
	2025	2024
Streaming	\$ 12	\$ 2
Studios	(5)	11
Global Linear Networks	16	11
Corporate and inter-segment eliminations	31	11
Total restructuring and other charges	\$ 54	\$ 35

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, restructuring and other charges were primarily related to organization restructuring costs and consulting fees.

Changes in restructuring liabilities recorded in accrued liabilities and other noncurrent liabilities by major category and by reportable segment and corporate and inter-segment eliminations were as follows (in millions).

	Strea	ming	Studios	G	Global Linear Networks	Corporate	Total
December 31, 2024	\$	31	\$ 95	\$	105	\$ 58	\$ 289
Employee termination accruals, net		12	(5)		14	8	29
Other accruals and adjustments		_	_		_	24	24
Cash paid		(3)	(24)		(26)	(27)	(80)
March 31, 2025	\$	40	\$ 66	\$	93	\$ 63	\$ 262

# NOTE 4. REVENUES

The following tables present the Company's revenues disaggregated by revenue source (in millions).

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025									
	Streaming St		Studios		Global Linear Networks		Corporate and Inter-segment Eliminations		Total	
Revenues:						_				
Distribution	\$	2,329	\$	1	\$	2,558	\$	(2)	\$	4,886
Advertising		237		1		1,758		(16)		1,980
Content		88		2,139		380		(741)		1,866
Other		2		173		78		(6)		247
Total	\$	2,656	\$	2,314	\$	4,774	\$	(765)	\$	8,979

_	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024								
	Streaming Studios			Global Linear Networks		Corporate and Inter-segment Eliminations			Total
Revenues:					_				
Distribution	\$ 2,185	\$	5	\$	2,797	\$	(2)	\$	4,985
Advertising	175		4		1,987		(18)		2,148
Content	99		2,623		264		(428)		2,558
Other	1		189		77		_		267
Total	\$ 2,460	\$	2,821	\$	5,125	\$	(448)	\$	9,958

# **Contract Liabilities and Contract Assets**

The following table presents contract liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets (in millions).

Category	<b>Balance Sheet Location</b>	March 31, 2025	Dec	cember 31, 2024
Contract liabilities	Deferred revenues	\$ 1,600	\$	1,569
Contract liabilities	Other noncurrent liabilities	210		206

For the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, revenues of \$677 million and \$772 million were recognized that were included in deferred revenues as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Contract assets were not material as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

### Remaining Performance Obligations

The following table presents a summary of revenue expected to be recognized from remaining performance obligations by contract type (in millions).

Contract Type	Marc	h 31, 2025	Duration		
Distribution - fixed price or minimum guarantee	\$	2,279	Through 2030		
Content licensing and sports sublicensing		4,124	Through 2032		
Brand licensing		3,031	Through 2052		
Advertising		676	Through 2030		
Other		132	Through 2029		
Total	\$	10,242			

The value of unsatisfied performance obligations disclosed above does not include: (i) contracts involving variable consideration for which revenues are recognized in accordance with the sales or usage-based royalty exception, which typically have a similar duration as the contracts disclosed above, and (ii) contracts with an original expected length of one year or less, such as most advertising contracts; however for content licensing revenues, including revenues associated with the licensing of theatrical and television product for television and streaming services, the Company has included all contracts regardless of duration.

### NOTE 5. SALES OF RECEIVABLES

### Revolving Receivables Program

During 2024, the Company amended its revolving receivables program to reduce the facility limit to \$5,200 million and extend the program to June 2025. The outstanding portfolio of receivables derecognized from our consolidated balance sheet was \$4,748 million as of March 31, 2025.

The Company recognized \$36 million and \$51 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations from the revolving receivables program (net of non-designated derivatives). (See Note 9.)

The following table presents a summary of receivables sold (in millions).

	Three !	Months En	ided March 31,
	2025		2024
Gross receivables sold/cash proceeds received	\$	4,231	\$ 3,956
Collections reinvested under revolving receivables program		(4,120)	(3,987)
Net cash proceeds received (remitted)	\$	111	\$ (31)
Net receivables sold	\$	4,205	\$ 3,914
Obligations recorded (Level 3)	\$	103	\$ 153

The following table presents a summary of the amounts transferred or pledged, which were held at the Company's bankruptcy-remote consolidated subsidiary (in millions).

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024				
Gross receivables pledged as collateral	\$ 2,242	\$ 2,402				
Restricted cash pledged as collateral	\$ 102	\$ 100				
Balance sheet classification:						
Receivables, net	\$ 1,846	\$ 2,039				
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 102	\$ 100				
Other noncurrent assets	\$ 396	\$ 363				

# Accounts Receivable Factoring

Total trade accounts receivable sold under the Company's factoring arrangement were \$102 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. No amounts were sold under the factoring arrangement for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The impact to the consolidated statements of operations was immaterial for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. This accounts receivable factoring agreement is separate and distinct from the revolving receivables program.

### NOTE 6. CONTENT RIGHTS

For purposes of amortization and impairment, capitalized production costs are grouped based on their predominant monetization strategy: individually or as a group. Live programming includes licensed sports rights and related advances. The tables below present the components of content rights (in millions).

<u>-</u>	March 31, 2025					
	Mone	redominantly Monetized Individually		edominantly onetized as a Group		Total
Production costs:						
Released, less amortization	\$	2,918	\$	5,696	\$	8,614
Completed and not released		613		765		1,378
In production and other		1,913		1,981		3,894
Total production costs	\$	5,444	\$	8,442	\$	13,886
Licensed content, live programming, and advances, net						5,774
Game development costs, less amortization						253
Total film and television content rights and games						19,913
Less: Current content rights and prepaid license fees, net						(1,092)
Total noncurrent film and television content rights and games					\$	18,821

_	December 31, 2024					
	Mone	Predominantly Monetized Individually		Predominantly Monetized as a Group		Total
Production costs:						
Released, less amortization	\$	2,948	\$	5,678	\$	8,626
Completed and not released		794		767		1,561
In production and other		1,700		2,008		3,708
Total production costs	\$	5,442	\$	8,453	\$	13,895
Licensed content, live programming, and advances, net						5,744
Game development costs, less amortization						247
Total film and television content rights and games						19,886
Less: Current content rights and prepaid license fees, net						(784)
Total noncurrent film and television content rights and games					\$	19,102

Content amortization consisted of the following (in millions).

		Inree Months Ended March 31,			
	<u>-</u>	2025		2024	
Predominantly monetized individually	\$	580	\$	922	
Predominantly monetized as a group		2,530		2,779	
Total content amortization	\$	3,110	\$	3,701	

Content expense includes amortization, impairments, and development expense and is generally a component of costs of revenues on the consolidated statements of operations. Content impairments were \$35 million and \$126 million, for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### NOTE 7. INVESTMENTS

The Company's equity investments consisted of the following, net of investments recorded in other noncurrent liabilities (in millions).

Category	<b>Balance Sheet Location</b>	Ownership	March 31, 2025		Decemb	ember 31, 2024	
Equity method investments:							
The Chernin Group (TCG) 2.0-A, LP	Other noncurrent assets	44%	\$	242	\$	240	
nC+	Other noncurrent assets	32%		141		128	
TNT Sports	Other noncurrent assets	50%		83		92	
Other	Other noncurrent assets	_		248		261	
Total equity method investments		-		714		721	
Investments with readily determinable fair values	Other noncurrent assets			42		41	
Investments without readily determinable fair values	Other noncurrent assets <sup>(a)</sup>			344		353	
Total investments		_	\$	1,100	\$	1,115	

<sup>(</sup>a) Investments without readily determinable fair values included \$17 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 that was recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets.

# **Equity Method Investments**

Certain of the Company's other equity method investments are VIEs, for which the Company is not the primary beneficiary. As of March 31, 2025, the Company's maximum exposure for all of its unconsolidated VIEs, including the investment carrying values and unfunded contractual commitments made on behalf of VIEs, was approximately \$550 million. The Company's maximum estimated exposure excludes the non-contractual future funding of VIEs. The aggregate carrying values of these VIE investments were \$531 million and \$550 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. VIE gains and losses are recorded in loss from equity investees, net on the consolidated statements of operations, and were not material for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

# Joint Venture

In January 2025, the Company contributed a 70% interest in its music catalog to a joint venture with Cutting Edge Group in exchange for net proceeds of \$601 million. The Company retained a controlling financial interest and consolidated the joint venture as a VIE. The Company has determined that it is the primary beneficiary of the joint venture as the Company has certain operational rights that significantly impact the economic performance of the business including exploitation of the catalog works and selection of the administrator. As the primary beneficiary, the Company includes the joint venture assets, liabilities and results of operations in the Company's consolidated financial statements. As of March 31, 2025, the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the consolidated VIE were not material. In addition to the initial equity ownership, Cutting Edge Group, may receive up to an additional 10% economic interest in the venture based on the results of certain operational metrics.

#### NOTE 8, DEBT

The table below presents the components of outstanding debt (in millions).

	Weighted-Average Interest Rate as of			
	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Term loan with maturity of less than 1 year	5.45	%	\$ 1,500	\$ —
Senior notes with maturities of 5 years or less	3.89	%	10,805	13,744
Senior notes with maturities between 5 and 10 years	4.38	%	7,211	7,853
Senior notes with maturities greater than 10 years	5.20	%	17,930	17,930
Total debt			37,446	39,527
Unamortized discount, premium, debt issuance costs, and fair value adjustments for acquisition accounting, net			(20)	(22)
Debt, net of unamortized discount, premium, debt issuance costs, and fair value adjustments for acquisition accounting			37,426	39,505
Current portion of debt			(2,779)	(2,748)
Noncurrent portion of debt			\$ 34,647	\$ 36,757

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company repaid in full at maturity \$2,165 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due March 2025, and redeemed in full \$1,500 million aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due March 2026. The redemption was funded with the proceeds of borrowings pursuant to a new \$1,500 million 364-day senior unsecured term loan credit facility.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company repaid in full at maturity \$726 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due February and March 2024 and completed open market repurchases for \$364 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes.

As of March 31, 2025, all senior notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company, Scripps Networks Interactive, Inc. ("Scripps Networks"), Discovery Communications, LLC ("DCL") (to the extent it is not the primary obligor on such senior notes), and WarmerMedia Holdings, Inc. ("WMH") (to the extent it is not the primary obligor on such senior notes), except for \$1,055 million of senior notes primarily related to the legacy WarmerMedia Business.

#### Revolving Credit Facility and Commercial Paper Programs

DCL and certain subsidiaries of the Company, as borrowers, have a multicurrency revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement provides for a senior revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with aggregate commitments of \$6.0 billion and includes a \$150 million sublimit for the issuance of standby letters of credit. DCL may also request additional commitments up to \$1.0 billion from the lenders upon the satisfaction of certain conditions. The obligations of the borrowers under the Credit Agreement are unsecured and are guaranteed by the Company, Scripps Networks, and WMH. The Credit Agreement is available on a revolving basis until October 2029, with an option for up to two additional 364-day renewal periods subject to the lenders' consent.

The Company's commercial paper program is supported by the Credit Facility. Under the commercial paper program, the Company may issue up to \$2.0 billion. In March 2025, the Company increased the issuance capacity under the commercial paper program from \$1.0 billion to \$2.0 billion. Borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility is effectively reduced by any outstanding borrowings under the commercial paper program. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company and DCL had no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility or issuances under the commercial paper program.

The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties as well as affirmative and negative covenants, and also requires maintenance of a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio of 3.00 to 1.00 and a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of 4.50 to 1.00. As of March 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all applicable covenants and there were no events of default under the Credit Agreement.

### NOTE 9. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate market risk and interest rate fluctuations. As part of its risk management strategy, the Company uses derivative financial instruments, primarily foreign currency forward contracts, fixed-to-fixed currency swaps, total return swaps and interest rate swaps to hedge certain foreign currency, market value, and interest rate exposures. The Company's objective is to reduce earnings volatility by offsetting gains and losses resulting from these exposures with losses and gains on the derivative contracts used to hedge them. The Company does not enter into or hold derivative financial instruments for speculative trading purposes.

There were no amounts eligible to be offset under master netting agreements as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments was determined using a market-based approach (Level 2). The following table summarizes the Company's derivative financial instruments recorded on its consolidated balance sheets (in millions).

					Mar	ch 31, 20	25							D	)e ce i	mber 31, 1	2024			
						Fair	·Val	ue				Fair Value								
	N	otional	exj and cu	repaid penses d other arrent ssets	cı	Other non- urrent issets	pa	accounts yable and accrued abilities	(	ther non- current abilities	N	otional	en an c	repaid apenses ad other urrent assets	c	Other non- current assets	pay	counts able and ccrued bilities	cu	er non- irrent bilities
Cash flow hedges:																				
Foreign exchange	\$	2,557	\$	36	\$	25	\$	31	\$	21	\$	1,608	\$	47	\$	14	\$	25	\$	28
Net investment hedges: (a)																				
Cross-currency swaps		434		6		_		_		6		421		6		_		_		4
No hedging designation:																				
Foreign exchange		944		16		6		13		108		951		18		7		14		122
Cross-currency swaps		216		2		_		_		2		210		2		_		_		1
Interest rate swaps		1,500		1		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total return swaps		443		_		_		17		_		454		_		_		16		_
Total			\$	61	\$	31	\$	61	\$	137			\$	73	\$	21	\$	55	\$	155

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes €1,500 million of euro-denominated notes (\$1,618 million and \$1,558 million equivalent at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively) designated as a net investment hedge. (See Note 8.)

### **Derivatives Designated for Hedge Accounting**

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company uses foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate the foreign currency risk related to revenues, production rebates, and production expenses. As production spend occurs or when rebate receivables are recognized, foreign forward exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges are de-designated. Upon dedesignation, gains and losses on these derivatives directly impact earnings in the same line and same period as the hedged risk. These cash flow hedges are carried at fair market value on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Hedge effectiveness is assessed using the spot method, with fair market value changes recorded in other comprehensive loss until the hedged item affects earnings. Excluded components, including forward points, are included in current earnings.

The following table presents the pre-tax impact of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges on income and other comprehensive loss (in millions).

	Thre	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	20	25 2	024			
Gains (losses) recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss:						
Foreign exchange - derivative adjustments	\$	14 \$	16			
Gains (losses) reclassified into income from accumulated other comprehensive loss:						
Foreign exchange - distribution revenue		4	2			
Foreign exchange - costs of revenues		_	11			
Interest rate - interest expense, net		(1)	(1)			
Interest rate - other income (expense), net		14	_			

If current fair values of designated cash flow hedges as of March 31, 2025 remained static over the next twelve months, the amount the Company would reclassify from accumulated other comprehensive loss into income in the next twelve months would not be material for the current fiscal year. The maximum length of time the Company is hedging exposure to the variability in future cash flows is 30 years.

Net Investment Hedges

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk associated with the net assets of non-USD functional entities and uses fixed-to-fixed cross currency swaps to mitigate this risk.

The following table presents the pre-tax impact of derivatives designated as net investment hedges on other comprehensive loss (in millions). Other than amounts excluded from effectiveness testing, there were no other material gains (losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

					Three Months Ended March 31,					
	Amount of ga recognized in				Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded	in inc	come on de cluded from	n (loss) recognize lerivative (amoun m effectiveness sting)		
		2025		2024			2025		2024	
Cross currency swaps	\$	(4)	\$	25	Interest expense, net	\$	3	\$	6	
Euro-denominated notes (foreign denominated debt)		(60)		_	N/A		_		_	
Sterling notes (foreign denominated debt)		_		4	N/A		_		_	
Total	\$	(64)	\$	29		\$	3	\$	6	

#### **Derivatives Not Designated for Hedge Accounting**

The Company has deferred compensation plans that have risk related to the fair value gains and losses on these investments and uses total return swaps to mitigate this risk. The gains and losses associated with these swaps are recorded to selling, general and administrative expenses, offsetting the deferred compensation investment gains and losses.

The Company is also exposed to risk of secured overnight financing rate changes in connection with securitization interest paid on the receivables securitization program. To mitigate this risk, the Company entered into \$1.5 billion notional of non-designated interest rate swaps in the first quarter of 2025. The gains and losses on these derivatives are recorded to selling, general and administrative expenses, offsetting securitization interest expense.

The following table presents the pretax gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedges and recognized in selling, general and administrative expense and other income (expense), net in the consolidated statements of operations (in millions).

	T	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2025	2024			
Interest rate swaps	\$	1 \$	21			
Total return swaps		(11)	19			
Total in selling, general and administrative expense	-	(10)	40			
Interest rate swaps		_	2			
Cross-currency swaps		(1)	_			
Foreign exchange derivatives		9	(8)			
Total in other income (expense), net		8	(6)			
Total	\$	(2) \$	34			

### NOTE 10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the amount that would be received for selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified in the following three categories:

Level 1 Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active Level 2

Level 3 Valuations derived from techniques in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

The tables below present assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in millions).

				March 31, 2025										
Category	Balance Sheet Location	Level 1		Level 1 Level		Level 3		7	Total					
Assets														
Cash equivalents:														
Time deposits	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	349	\$	_	\$	349					
Equity securities:														
Money market fund	Cash and cash equivalents		46		_		_		46					
Mutual funds	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		18		_		_		18					
Company-owned life insurance contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		_		3		_		3					
Mutual funds	Other noncurrent assets		210		_		_		210					
Company-owned life insurance contracts	Other noncurrent assets		_		100		_		100					
Total	_	\$	274	\$	452	\$	_	\$	726					
Liabilities	=													
Deferred compensation plan	Accrued liabilities	\$	68	\$	_	\$	_	\$	68					
Deferred compensation plan	Other noncurrent liabilities		639		_		_		639					
Total	<del>-</del>	\$	707	\$		\$		\$	707					

				De	e ce mbe	r 31,	2024					
Category	Balance Sheet Location	Lev			Level 1 Level 2			Level 2 Level 3			7	<b>Total</b>
Assets												
Cash equivalents:												
Time deposits	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	95	\$	_	\$	95			
Equity securities:												
Money market funds	Cash and cash equivalents		46		_		_		46			
Mutual funds	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		16		_		_		16			
Company-owned life insurance contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		_		1		_		1			
Mutual funds	Other noncurrent assets		216		_		_		216			
Company-owned life insurance contracts	Other noncurrent assets		_		102		_		102			
Total		\$	278	\$	198	\$	_	\$	476			
Liabilities												
Deferred compensation plan	Accrued liabilities	\$	62	\$	_	\$	_	\$	62			
Deferred compensation plan	Other noncurrent liabilities		650		_		_		650			
Total		\$	712	\$		\$	_	\$	712			

In addition to the financial instruments listed in the tables above, the Company holds other financial instruments, including cash deposits, accounts receivable, accounts payable, senior notes, and term loans. The carrying values for such financial instruments, other than the senior notes, each approximated their fair values as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The estimated fair value of the Company's outstanding senior notes, including accrued interest, using quoted prices from overthe-counter markets, considered Level 2 inputs, was \$30.8 billion and \$34.9 billion as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

The Company's derivative financial instruments are discussed in Note 9, its investments with readily determinable fair value are discussed in Note 7, and the obligation for its revolving receivable program is discussed in Note 5.

# NOTE 11. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has various incentive plans under which performance based restricted stock units ("PRSUs"), service based restricted stock units ("RSUs"), and stock options have been issued. The table below presents awards granted (in millions, except weighted-average grant price).

	Three Months E	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025				
	Awards	Weig Gra	ghted-Averago nt Price			
Awards granted:						
PRSUs	4.6	\$	11			
RSUs	38.7	\$	10			
Stock options	4.2	\$	11			

The table below presents unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based awards and the weighted-average amortization period over which these expenses will be recognized as of March 31, 2025 (in millions, except years).

	Co	Unrecognized Impensation Cost	Weighted-Average Amortization Period (years)
PRSUs	\$	89	
RSUs		802	
Stock options		90	
Total unrecognized compensation cost	\$	981	

#### NOTE 12. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense was \$15 million and \$136 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The decrease in income tax expense was primarily attributable to variability in pre-tax book income and loss, the mix of jurisdictions to which they relate, and the effect of foreign operations.

Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2025, reflects an effective income tax rate that differs from the federal statutory tax rate primarily attributable to the effect of foreign operations, changes in unrecognized tax benefits, and state and local income taxes.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's reserves for unrecognized tax benefits totaled \$2,408 million and \$2,371 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had accrued \$774 million and \$732 million, respectively, of total interest and penalties payable related to unrecognized tax benefits. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development's ("OECD") Pillar Two Global Anti-Base Erosion ("GloBE") model rules, issued under the OECD Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting, introduce a global minimum tax of 15% applicable to multinational enterprise groups with consolidated financial statement revenue in excess of €750 million. Numerous foreign jurisdictions have already enacted tax legislation based on the GloBE rules, with some effective as early as January 1, 2024. As of March 31, 2025, we recognized an immaterial income tax expense for Pillar Two GloBE minimum tax. The Company is continuously monitoring the evolving application of this legislation and assessing its potential impact on our future tax liability.

#### NOTE 13. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES

The following tables present supplemental information related to the consolidated financial statements (in millions).

### Other Income (Expense), net

Other income (expense), net, consisted of the following (in millions).

	Three Months Ended March 3			
	2	025	2	2024
Foreign currency gains (losses), net	\$	30	\$	(137)
Gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net		22		(6)
Change in the value of investments with readily determinable fair value		4		(1)
Change in fair value of equity investments without readily determinable fair value		(4)		(14)
Interest income		64		60
Indemnification receivable accrual		(38)		90
Other income (loss), net		4		(6)
Total other income (expense), net	\$	82	\$	(14)

#### **Supplemental Cash Flow Information**

	Three Months End	ded March 31,
	2025	2024
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Assets acquired under finance lease and other arrangements	144	111
Settlement of PRSU awards	51	31

# Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash

	M	larch 31, 2025	D	ecember 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,868	\$	5,312
Restricted cash - recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets (1)		106		104
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	3,974	\$	5,416

<sup>(1)</sup> Restricted cash primarily includes cash posted as collateral related to the Company's revolving receivables program. (See Note 5.)

### **Earnings Per Share**

The table below presents a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Series A common stockholders for basic and diluted earnings per share (in millions).

		March 31,		
		2025		2024
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$	(449)	\$	(955)
Less:				
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(8)		(7)
Net loss (income) attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		4		(4)
Redeemable noncontrolling interest adjustments of carrying value to redemption value (redemption value does not				
equal fair value)	_			(4)
Net loss available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Series A common stockholders for basic and diluted earnings per share	\$	(453)	\$	(970)
	-			
Denominator — weighted average:				
Common shares outstanding — basic and diluted		2,462		2,443
Basic net loss per share allocated to common stockholders	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.40)
Diluted net loss per share allocated to common stockholders	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.40)

The table below presents the details of share-based awards that were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share (in millions).

<u> </u>	Three Months Er	ided March 31,
-	2025	2024
Anti-dilutive share-based awards	92	74

### **Supplier Finance Programs**

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company has confirmed \$254 million and \$307 million, respectively, of accrued content producer liabilities. These amounts were outstanding and unpaid by the Company and were recorded in accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

### Leases

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company subleased a portion of its Hudson Yards, New York office. As a result of executing the sublease, the Company recorded a right-of-use ("ROU") asset impairment charge of \$87 million. The ROU asset impairment charge was recorded in impairment and loss on dispositions in the consolidated statements of operations.

Other than the item disclosed above, no other material changes have occurred to the Company's lease portfolio for the periods presented. Refer to the Company's 2024 Form 10-K for more information on the Company's leases.

#### Collaborative Arrangements

The arrangement among TNT Sports, CBS Broadcasting, Inc. ("CBS"), and the National Collegiate Athletic Association (the "NCAA") provides TNT Sports and CBS with rights to the NCAA Division I Men's Basketball Championship Tournament (the "NCAA Tournament") in the U.S. and its territories and possessions through 2032. The aggregate programming rights fee, production costs, certain advertising revenues and sponsorship revenues related to the NCAA Tournament, and related programming are shared equally by the Company and CBS. However, if the amount paid for the programming rights fee and production costs in any given year exceeds the shared advertising and sponsorship revenues for that year, CBS' share of such shortfall is limited to a specified annual cap. The amount recorded pursuant to the loss cap was \$59 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and was not material for three months ended March 31, 2024. In accounting for this arrangement, the Company records advertising revenue for the advertisements aired on its networks and amortizes its share of the programming rights fee based on the estimated relative value of each season over the term of the arrangement.

#### Venu Sports

On February 6, 2024, the Company announced that it would enter into a joint venture with ESPN, a subsidiary of The Walt Disney Company ("Disney"), and Fox Corporation ("Fox") to form Venu Sports, a sports-centric streaming service in the United States. On February 20, 2024, FuboTV Inc. and FuboTV Media Inc. (collectively, "Fubo") filed a lawsuit against Disney, including certain affiliates, Fox, and WBD (collectively, the "Defendants") in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York alleging claims under federal and New York antitrust laws.

On January 6, 2025, Disney announced that it had entered into a definitive agreement to combine certain of Hulu Live TV's assets with Fubo (the "Fubo Transaction") and provide Fubo a senior unsecured term loan of up to \$145 million in January 2026 (the "Fubo Loan"). If Disney funds the Fubo Loan prior to the consummation of the Fubo Transaction, the Company and Fox will participate in a portion of the Fubo Loan by providing loans to Disney with substantially the same economic terms as the Fubo Loan. A \$130 million termination fee will be payable by Disney to Fubo if the transaction is terminated under certain circumstances. The Company and Fox have agreed to reimburse a portion of the termination fee to Disney if it becomes payable. In addition, the Defendants reached a settlement with Fubo related to Fubo's antitrust claims and collectively paid \$220 million to Fubo in January 2025, of which the Company's share was \$55 million.

On January 10, 2025, the Defendants announced their decision to discontinue the Venu Sports joint venture and not launch its streaming service effective immediately.

#### **Discovery Family**

Hasbro Inc. ("Hasbro") had the right to put the entirety of its remaining 40% interest in Discovery Family to the Company. Hasbro did not exercise the right by the election period expiration date of March 31, 2025. As of March 31, 2025, Hasbro's noncontrolling interest was reclassified from redeemable noncontrolling interest to noncontrolling interest outside of stockholders' equity on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The table below presents the changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes (in millions).

	Three Worth's Ended Warch 31, 2025							
		Currency Translation Derivatives and S			Pens and SERP	ion Plan Liability	Other Con	cumulated aprehensive oss
Beginning balance	\$	(1,008)	\$	15	\$	(74)	\$	(1,067)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		231		9		_		240
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income				(13)		_		(13)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		231		(4)				227
Ending balance	\$	(777)	\$	11	\$	(74)	\$	(840)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024								
	Currency Translation				ivatives Pension Plan and SERP Liability		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		
Beginning balance	\$	(699)	\$	18	\$ (6	0)	\$ (741)		
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		(176)		13	_	_	(163)		
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income		_		(9)	_	_	(9)		
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(176)		4	_	_	(172)		
Ending balance	\$	(875)	\$	22	\$ (60	0)	\$ (913)		

#### NOTE 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into transactions with related parties. Related party transactions include revenues and expenses for content and services provided to or acquired from equity method investees, entities that share common directorship, or minority partners of consolidated subsidiaries.

The table below presents a summary of the transactions with related parties (in millions).

	 Three Months Ended March 31				
	 2025		2024		
Revenues and service charges (a)	\$ 214	\$	653		
Expenses	\$ 68	\$	77		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$ 157	\$	130		

<sup>(</sup>a) The decrease in revenue and service charges in 2025 is primarily attributable to transactions with certain entities that are no longer considered related parties, as such entities and the Company ceased to share common directorship in 2025.

The table below presents receivables due from and payables due to related parties (in millions).

	 March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
Receivables	\$ 238	\$ 254	ļ
Payables	\$ 27	\$ 13	3

### NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### **Put Rights**

The Company has granted put rights to non-controlling interest holders in certain consolidated subsidiaries but is unable to reasonably predict the ultimate amount or timing of any payment.

# Legal Matters

From time to time, in the normal course of its operations, the Company is subject to various litigation matters and claims, including claims related to employees, stockholders, vendors, other business partners, government regulations, or intellectual property, as well as disputes and matters involving counterparties to contractual agreements. A determination as to the amount of the accrual required for such contingencies is highly subjective and requires judgment about future events.

The Company may not currently be able to estimate the reasonably possible loss or range of loss for certain matters until developments in such matters have provided sufficient information to support an assessment of such loss. In the absence of sufficient information to support an assessment of the reasonably possible loss or range of loss, no accrual for such contingencies is made and no loss or range of loss is disclosed, including with respect to the matters noted below. Although the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty and the impact of the final resolution of these matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular subsequent reporting period is not known, management does not currently believe that the resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's future consolidated financial position, future results of operations, or cash flows.

Securities Class Action. On November 25, 2024, a securities class action complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Collura v. Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc., No. 1:24-cv-09027-KPF). The complaint named Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. ("WBD"), Gunnar Wiedenfels, and David M. Zaslav as defendants and asserted claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. On February 21, 2025, the court appointed co-lead plaintiffs (Anthony Yuson and Michael Steinberg) and co-lead counsel (Pomerantz LLP and The Rosen Law Firm, P.A.) to represent the putative class. On May 7, 2025, the lead plaintiffs filed a First Amended Complaint against WBD, Gunnar Wiedenfels, and David M. Zaslav. The First Amended Complaint generally alleges that, between February 23, 2024 and August 7, 2024, defendants made false and misleading statements in SEC filings and other public disclosures relating to WBD's negotiations with the National Basketball Association ("NBA") concerning its contractual rights to broadcast the NBA's content and the potential impact of a failure to renew the contract on its business, in violation of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5, and seeks damages and other relief. The defendants have until July 11, 2025 to answer or move to dismiss.

Consolidated Derivative Action. Between December 20, 2024 and January 14, 2025, four shareholder derivative complaints were filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Roy v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:24-cv-09856-AT, Hollin v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:24-cv-09885-AT, KO v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:25-cv-00114-AT, and Herman, III v. Chen et al., No. 1:25-cv-00352-AT). Each complaint names certain current and former directors and officers of WBD as defendants and WBD as nominal defendant, and each complaint seeks damages and other relief. The complaints generally assert claims against the defendants, derivatively on behalf of WBD, for alleged breaches of fiduciary duty based on the same facts alleged in the Collura securities case described above. The complaints assert various common law causes of action, including breach of fiduciary duties, aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duties, abuse of control, unjust enrichment, gross mismanagement, and waste of corporate assets, as well claims for violations of Sections 14(a), 10(b), and 21D of the Exchange Act. On January 21, 2025, the court consolidated the four actions for all purposes under Case No. 1:24-cv-09856-AT, captioned as In re Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Derivative Litigation (the "Consolidated Derivative Action"). On February 19, 2025, the Court stayed the Consolidated Derivative Action pending resolution of a final decision on all motions to dismiss the operative complaint in the

**District of Delaware Derivative Action.** On February 20, 2025, a fifth shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the United States District Court for Delaware (Harloff v. Zaslav, No. 1:25-cv-00207-JLH). The complaint named certain current and former directors and officers of WBD as defendants and named WBD as nominal defendant. The complaint asserted claims for breaches of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment, abuse of control, and gross mismanagement, based on the same facts alleged in the Collura securities case described above in addition to violations of Sections 14(a), 10(b), and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder, and sought damages and other relief. On March 13, 2025, the court denied the parties' joint request to stay the proceedings pending resolution of the Collura securities class action and ordered the plaintiff to show cause as to why the case should not be dismissed for failure to state a claim over which the court has original jurisdiction. On March 31, 2025, the plaintiff filed a notice of voluntary dismissal, which the court so-ordered on April 2, 2025.

#### NOTE 16. REPORTABLE SEGMENTS

The Company's operating segments are determined based on: (i) financial information reviewed by its chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), (ii) internal management and related reporting structure, and (iii) the basis upon which the CEO makes resource allocation decisions.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's, except that certain inter-segment transactions that are eliminated for consolidation are not eliminated at the segment level. Inter-segment transactions primarily include advertising and content licenses. The Company generally records inter-segment transactions of content licenses at market value. The Company does not report assets by segment because it is not used by the CODM to allocate resources or evaluate segment performance.

The Company evaluates the operating performance of its segments based on financial measures such as revenues and Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating income excluding:

- employee share-based compensation;
- depreciation and amortization;
- restructuring and facility consolidation;
- certain impairment charges;
- gains and losses on business and asset dispositions;
- third-party transaction and integration costs;
- amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content;

- · amortization of capitalized interest for content; and
- other items impacting comparability.

The CODM uses this measure to assess the operating results and performance of the segments, perform analytical comparisons, identify strategies to improve performance, and allocate resources to each segment. The Company believes Adjusted EBITDA is relevant to investors because it allows them to analyze the operating performance of each segment using the same metric management uses. The Company excludes employee share-based compensation, restructuring, certain impairment charges, gains and losses on business and asset dispositions, and transaction and integration costs from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA due to their impact on comparability between periods. Integration costs include transformative system implementations and integrations, such as Enterprise Resource Planning systems, and may take several years to complete. The Company also excludes the depreciation of fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets, amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content (which is included in consolidated costs of revenues), and amortization of capitalized interest for content, as these amounts do not represent cash payments in the current reporting period. We prospectively updated certain corporate allocations at the beginning of 2025. The impact to prior periods was immaterial.

The tables below present summarized financial information for each of the Company's reportable segments (in millions).

### Revenues

	T	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2025		2024		
Streaming	\$	2,656	\$	2,460		
Studios		2,314		2,821		
Global Linear Networks		4,774		5,125		
Corporate		_		1		
Inter-segment eliminations		(765)		(449)		
Total revenues	\$	8,979	\$	9,958		

### Reconciliation of Revenues to Segment Adjusted EBITDA

	Three	mon	ths ended March 31	, 202	5
	 Streaming		Studios		Global Linear Networks
Revenues	\$ 2,656	\$	2,314	\$	4,774
Less:					
Content expense (a)	1,504		1,339		1,832
Personnel expense (b)	186		230		496
Marketing expense	220		252		104
Other segment expenses (c)	407		234		549
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 339	\$	259	\$	1,793

	Three	mon	ths ended March 31.	, 202	4
	 Streaming		Studios		Global Linear Networks
Revenues	\$ 2,460	\$	2,821	\$	5,125
Less:					
Content expense (a)	1,567		1,950		1,843
Personnel expense (b)	192		240		548
Marketing expense	289		289		88
Other segment expenses (c)	326		158		527
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 86	\$	184	\$	2,119

<sup>(</sup>a) Content expense includes amortization, impairments, participations, residuals, development expense, and production costs, including talent costs, and is a component of costs of revenues. Content expense excludes content impairments and other development costs recorded in restructuring and other charges, amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content, and amortization of capitalized interest for content as these items are excluded from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA.

# Reconciliation of segment adjusted EBITDA to loss before income taxes

	Three M	onths Ende	ed March 31,
	2025		2024
Streaming	\$	339 \$	86
Studios		259	184
Global Linear Networks		1,793	2,119
Segment Adjusted EBITDA		2,391	2,389
Depreciation and amortization		1,547	1,888
Employee share-based compensation		120	99
Restructuring and other charges		54	35
Transaction and integration costs		80	81
Facility consolidation costs		5	2
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content		240	235
Amortization of capitalized interest for content		6	17
Impairments and loss on dispositions		90	12
Corporate		233	346
Inter-segment eliminations		53	(59)
Other (income) expense, net		(82)	14
Loss from equity investees, net		7	48
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt		4	(25)
Interest expense, net		468	515
Loss before income taxes	\$	(434) \$	(819)

# NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In April 2025, the Company borrowed \$500 million under its Credit Facility, which is expected to be repaid within the current quarter.

<sup>(</sup>b) Personnel expense is a component of costs of revenues and selling, general and administrative expense. Personnel expense includes marketing personnel compensation and excludes commissions (included in other segment expenses) and talent costs (included in content expense).

<sup>(</sup>c) Other segment expenses include distribution costs, other direct costs, software and hardware costs, IT services, professional and consulting fees, commissions, and certain other overhead costs. Other segment expenses exclude depreciation and amortization, amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content, amortization of capitalized interest for content, employee share-based compensation, third-party transaction and integration costs, and other items impacting comparability as these items are excluded from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA.

#### ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is a supplement to and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes. This section provides additional information regarding our businesses, current developments, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. Additional context can also be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "2024 Form 10-K").

#### BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Warner Bros. Discovery is a leading global media and entertainment company that creates and distributes a differentiated and comprehensive portfolio of content and products across television, film, streaming, interactive gaming, publishing, themed experiences, and consumer products through brands including: Discovery Channel, Max, CNN, DC Studios, TNT Sports, HBO, Food Network, TLC, TBS, Warner Bros. Motion Picture Group, Warner Bros. Television Group, Warner Bros. Games, Adult Swim, Turner Classic Movies, and others.

We are home to one of the largest collections of owned content in the world with assets and intellectual property across sports, news, lifestyle, and entertainment in most languages and regions of the globe. We create some of the best-in-class content using our renowned library, beloved franchises, and acclaimed creative expertise to serve our audiences and consumers. Our asset mix strongly positions us to execute our key strategies: grow our streaming business globally, enhance our Studios segment, and manage our linear networks for the best possible success in order to create long-term value for our shareholders.

In December 2024, we announced that our board of directors had authorized the Company to implement a new corporate structure designed to enhance our strategic flexibility and create potential opportunities to unlock shareholder value. Under the new corporate structure, the Company will serve as the parent company for two distinct operating divisions: Streaming & Studios and Global Linear Networks. In the first quarter of 2025, we renamed our Direct-to-Consumer reportable segment to Streaming and our Networks reportable segment to Global Linear Networks. There were no changes to our reportable segments or the composition of our reportable segments as a result of these changes. We have included supplemental Streaming & Studios and Global Linear Networks division information and supplemental consolidating data within Management's Discussion and Analysis of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

As of March 31, 2025, we classified our operations in three reportable segments:

- Streaming Our Streaming segment primarily consists of our premium pay-TV and streaming services.
- Studios Our Studios segment primarily consists of the production and release of feature films for initial exhibition in theaters, production and initial licensing of television programs to third parties and our networks/streaming services, distribution of our films and television programs to various third party and internal television and streaming services, distribution through the home entertainment market (physical and digital), related consumer products and themed experience licensing, and interactive gaming.
- Global Linear Networks Our Global Linear Networks segment primarily consists of our domestic and international television networks.

Our segment presentation is aligned with our management structure and the financial information management uses to make decisions about operating matters, such as the allocation of resources and business performance assessments.

#### INDUSTRY TRENDS

Headwinds in the industry, such as continued pressures on linear distribution and declines in linear subscribers and continued softness in the U.S. linear advertising market, have had, and are expected to continue to have, a material impact on the operations and results of the Company, including a negative impact on the results of operations attributed to declines in linear advertising revenue. The increase of digital advertising available in the marketplace has also resulted in, and is expected to continue to result in, increased competition for advertising expenditures for both traditional linear networks and ad-supported tiers in streaming services. In addition, the imposition of tariffs by the U.S. government and any retaliatory tariffs from foreign governments, including tariffs directly or indirectly applicable to our industry, may negatively impact our operations and results, including by leading to higher productions costs or decreased spending by advertisers whose expenditures are sensitive to such actions or to general economic conditions.

We continue to closely monitor the ongoing impact of industry trends to our business; however, the full effects on our operations and results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Foreign Exchange Impacting Comparability

The impact of exchange rates on our business is an important factor in understanding period-to-period comparisons of our results. For example, our international revenues are favorably impacted as the U.S. dollar weakens relative to other foreign currencies, and unfavorably impacted as the U.S. dollar strengthens relative to other foreign currencies. We believe the presentation of results on a constant currency basis ("ex-FX"), in addition to results reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP provides useful information about our operating performance because the presentation ex-FX excludes the effects of foreign currency volatility and highlights our core operating results. The presentation of results on a constant currency basis should be considered in addition to, but not a substitute for, measures of financial performance reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The ex-FX change represents the percentage change on a period-over-period basis adjusted for foreign currency impacts. The ex-FX change is calculated as the difference between the current year amounts translated at a baseline rate, which is a spot rate for each of our currencies determined early in the fiscal year as part of our forecasting process (the "2025 Baseline Rate"), and the prior year amounts translated at the same 2025 Baseline Rate. In addition, consistent with the assumption of a constant currency environment, our ex-FX results exclude the impact of our foreign currency hedging activities, as well as realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction gains and losses. Results on a constant currency basis, as we present them, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

# Consolidated Results of Operations

The table below presents our consolidated results of operations (in millions).

	П	Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2025		2024	~ %Change		% Change FX)	e (ex-
Revenues:								
Distribution	\$	4,886	\$	4,985	(2)	%	(1)	%
Advertising		1,980		2,148	(8)	%	(8)	%
Content		1,866		2,558	(27)	%	(25)	%
Other		247		267	(7)	%	(6)	%
Total revenues		8,979		9,958	(10)	%	(9)	%
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		5,131		6,058	(15)	%	(15)	%
Selling, general and administrative		2,194		2,232	(2)	%	(1)	%
Depreciation and amortization		1,547		1,888	(18)	%	(18)	%
Restructuring and other charges		54		35	54	%	59	%
Impairments and loss on dispositions		90		12		NM		NM
Total costs and expenses		9,016		10,225	(12)	%	(12)	%
Operating loss		(37)		(267)	86	%		NM
Interest expense, net		(468)		(515)				
(Loss) gain on extinguishment of debt		(4)		25				
Loss from equity investees, net		(7)		(48)				
Other income (expense), net		82		(14)				
Loss before income taxes	·	(434)		(819)				
Income tax expense		(15)		(136)				
Net loss		(449)		(955)				
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(8)		(7)				
Net loss (income) attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		4		(4)				
Net loss available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.	\$	(453)	\$	(966)				

# NM - Not meaningful

Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion of percent changes below is on an ex-FX basis. The ex-FX percent changes of line items below operating loss in the table above are not included as the activity is principally in U.S. dollars.

#### Revenues

Distribution revenue decreased 1% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to a 9% decline in domestic linear subscribers, as well as lower international affiliate rates and international subscriber declines in the Global Linear Networks segment, partially offset by a 23% increase in Streaming subscribers and a 2% increase in domestic affiliate rates

Advertising revenue decreased 8% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to audience declines of 27% in domestic linear networks, partially offset by an increase in ad-lite subscribers.

Content revenue decreased 25% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to a 27% decrease in theatrical product revenue as a result of lower film rental revenue and home entertainment revenue and a 48% decrease in games revenue. The decrease in content revenue was partially offset by the timing of Global Linear Networks third party licensing deals.

Other revenue decreased 6% for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

#### Costs of Revenues

Costs of revenues decreased 15% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to a 41% decrease in theatrical product content expense, as a result of lower film costs commensurate with lower theatrical product revenue and lower payments to partners and participants, and a 66% decrease in games content expense due to a \$187 million impairment related to *Suicide Squad: Kill the Justice League* in the prior year. In addition, costs of revenues was positively impacted by lower domestic Streaming content costs due to the timing of programming releases, and the timing of content, production, and news related spend at the Global Linear Networks segment.

#### Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 1% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to lower marketing expenses and the release of previously recorded non-income tax reserves, partially offset by higher overhead expenses.

#### Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization decreased 18% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to intangible assets acquired during the Merger that are being amortized using the sum of the months' digits method, partially offset by the shortening of the useful lives of certain intangible assets.

#### Restructuring and other charges

Restructuring and other charges increased 59% for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Restructuring and other charges primarily includes organizational restructuring costs and consulting fees. (See Note 3 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

#### Impairments and Loss on Dispositions

Impairments and loss on dispositions was \$90 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to a \$87 million ROU asset impairment charge related to the Hudson Yards, New York office lease. (See Note 13 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

#### Interest Expense, net

Interest expense, net decreased \$47 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to lower debt during the period. (See Note 8 and Note 9 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

### (Loss) gain on extinguishment of debt

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company repaid in full at maturity \$2,165 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due March 2025, and redeemed in full \$1,500 million aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due March 2026. (See Note 8 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

# Loss From Equity Investees, net

Losses from our equity method investees were \$7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The changes are attributable to our share of net earnings and losses from our equity investees. (See Note 7 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Other Income (Expense), net

Other income (expense), net was \$82 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. (See Note 13 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Income Tax Benefit

Income tax expense was \$15 million and \$136 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The decrease in income tax expense was primarily attributable to variability in pre-tax book income and loss, the mix of jurisdictions to which they relate, and the effect of foreign operations.

Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2025, reflects an effective income tax rate that differs from the federal statutory tax rate primarily attributable to the effect of foreign operations, changes in unrecognized tax benefits, and state and local income taxes.

The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development's ("OECD") Pillar Two Global Anti-Base Erosion ("GloBE") model rules, issued under the OECD Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting, introduce a global minimum tax of 15% applicable to multinational enterprise groups with consolidated financial statement revenue in excess of €750 million. Numerous foreign jurisdictions have already enacted tax legislation based on the GloBE rules, with some effective as early as January 1, 2024. As of March 31, 2025, we recognized a nominal income tax expense for Pillar Two GloBE minimum tax. The Company is continuously monitoring the evolving application of this legislation and assessing its potential impact on our future tax liability.

#### Division and Segment Results of Operations

The Company evaluates the operating performance of its segments based on financial measures such as revenues and Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating income excluding:

- employee share-based compensation;
- · depreciation and amortization;
- restructuring and facility consolidation;
- certain impairment charges;
- gains and losses on business and asset dispositions;
- third-party transaction and integration costs;
- amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content;
- amortization of capitalized interest for content; and
- other items impacting comparability.

The CODM uses this measure to assess the operating results and performance of the segments, performanalytical comparisons, identify strategies to improve performance, and allocate resources to each segment. The Company believes Adjusted EBITDA is relevant to investors because it allows them to analyze the operating performance of each segment using the same metric management uses. The Company excludes employee share-based compensation, restructuring, certain impairment charges, gains and losses on business and asset dispositions, and transaction and integration costs from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA due to their impact on comparability between periods. Integration costs include transformative system implementations and integrations, such as Enterprise Resource Planning systems, and may take several years to complete. The Company also excludes the depreciation of fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets, amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content (which is included in consolidated costs of revenues), and amortization of capitalized interest for content, as these amounts do not represent cash payments in the current reporting period. We prospectively updated certain corporate allocations at the beginning of 2025. The impact to prior periods was immaterial.

The table below presents our Adjusted EBITDA for each of the Company's reportable segments, corporate, and inter-segment eliminations (in millions).

	Thr	ee Months l			
		2025	2024	%Change	
Streaming	\$	339	\$ 86	1	NM
Studios	\$	259	\$ 184	41	%
Gobal Linear Networks	\$	1,793	\$ 2,119	(15)	%
Corporate	\$	(233)	\$ (346)	33	%
Inter-segment eliminations	\$	(53)	\$ 59	1	NM

# Supplemental Streaming & Studios and Global Linear Networks Division Information

The following tables present, for our Streaming & Studios and Global Linear Networks divisions, supplemental information about revenues and Adjusted EBITDA (in millions).

# Revenues

	2025		2025 2024		% Change		% Change FX)	e (ex-
Streaming	\$	2,656	\$	2,460	8	%	9	%
Studios		2,314		2,821	(18)	%	(16)	%
Streaming & Studios eliminations		(623)		(318)	(96)	%	(96)	%
Streaming & Studios		4,347		4,963	(12)	%	(11)	%
Global Linear Networks		4,774		5,125	(7)	%	(6)	%
Corporate		_		1		NM		NM
Other inter-segment eliminations		(142)		(131)	(8)	%	(8)	%
Total revenues	\$	8,979	\$	9,958	(10)	%	(9)	%

# Adjusted EBITDA

		Three Month	s Ended Ma						
	2025		2025 2024		2024	%Change		% Chango FX)	e (ex-
Streaming	\$	339	\$	86		NM		NM	
Studios		259		184	41	%	63	%	
Streaming & Studios eliminations		(58)		49		NM		NM	
Streaming & Studios		540		319	69	%	95	%	
Global Linear Networks		1,793		2,119	(15)	%	(14)	%	
Corporate		(233)		(346)	33	%	33	%	
Other inter-segment eliminations		5		10	(50)	%	(50)	%	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	2,105	\$	2,102	_	%	4	%	

#### Streaming Segment

The following table presents, for our Streaming segment, revenues by type, certain operating expenses, Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating loss (in millions).

	T	hree Months	Ended March 31,		
		2025	2024	% Change	% Change (ex- FX)
Revenues:					
Distribution	\$	2,329	\$ 2,185	7 %	8 %
Advertising		237	175	35 %	35 %
Content		88	99	(11) %	(7) %
Other		2	1	NM	NM
Total revenues		2,656	2,460	8 %	9 %
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		1,824	1,895	(4) %	(4) %
Selling, general and administrative		493	479	3 %	4 %
Adjusted EBITDA - Streaming segment		339	86	NM	NM
Depreciation and amortization		371	515		
Restructuring and other charges		12	2		
Facility consolidation costs		_	2		
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content		47	102		
Impairments and loss on dispositions		3	5		
Operating loss	\$	(94)	\$ (540)		

Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion of percent changes below is on an ex-FX basis.

#### Revenues

Subscriber information consisted of the following (in millions).

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	%Change
Total Domestic subscribers <sup>1</sup>	57.6	52.7	9 %
Total International subscribers <sup>1</sup>	64.6	46.9	38 %
Total Streaming subscribers <sup>1</sup>	122.3	99.6	23 %

<sup>1</sup>Streaming subscriber - We define a "Core Streaming Subscription" as:

- a retail subscription to discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, or a Premium Sports Product (defined below) for which we have recognized subscription revenue, whether directly or through a third party, from a Streaming platform;
- a wholesale subscription to discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, or a Premium Sports Product for which we have recognized subscription revenue from a fixed-fee arrangement with a third party and where the individual user has activated their subscription; a wholesale subscription to discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, or a Premium Sports Product for which we have recognized subscription revenue on a per subscriber basis, including third-
- party services that host a branded environment of discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, or a Premium Sports Product for which we have recognized subscription revenue on a per
- a retail or wholesale subscription to an independently-branded, regional product sold on a stand-alone basis that includes discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, and/or a Premium Sports Product, for which we have recognized subscription revenue (as per (i) –(iii) above); and users on free trials who convert to a subscription for which we have recognized subscription revenue within the first seven days of the calendar month immediately following the month in which their free trial expires.

The Company defines a "Premium Sports Product" as a strategically prioritized, sports-focused product sold on a stand-alone basis and made available directly to consumers.

The current "independently-branded, regional products" referred to in (iv) above consist of TVN/Player and BluTV.

Subscribers to multiple WBD Streaming products (listed above) are counted as a paid subscriber for each individual WBD streaming product subscription.

We may refer to the aggregate number of Core Streaming Subscriptions as "subscribers".

- The reported number of "subscribers" included herein and the definition of "Streaming Subscription" as used herein excludes:
  i. individuals who subscribe to Streaming products, other than discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, a Premium Sports Product, and independently-brand, regional products (currently consisting of TVN/Player and BluTV), that may be offered by us or by certain joint venture partners or affiliated parties from time to time;
  - a limited number of international discovery+ subscribers that are part of non-strategic partnerships or short-term arrangements as may be identified by the Company from time to time;
  - domestic and international Cinemax subscribers, and international basic HBO subscribers; and users on free trials except for those users on free trial that convert to a Streaming Subscription within the first seven days of the next month as noted above.

Domestic subscriber - We define a Domestic subscriber as a subscription based either in the United States of America or Canada.

International subscriber - We define an International subscriber as a subscription based outside of the United States of America or Canada.

Distribution revenue increased 8% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to a 23% increase in subscribers as a result of continued global expansion of Max, including new distribution deals, partially offset by lower global distribution ARPU due to a mix shift in the subscriber base across distribution channels, geography, and product type.

Advertising revenue increased 35% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, driven by an increase in ad-lite subscribers. Global ARPU consisted of the following.

	2025			2024	% Change ( FX)	(ex-
Domestic ARPU	\$	11.15	\$	11.72	(5)	%
International ARPU	\$	3.63	\$	3.75	_	%
Global ARPU <sup>2</sup>	\$	7.11	\$	7.83	(9)	%

Global ARPU decreased 9% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to growth in lower ARPU international markets. Additionally, global ARPU was negatively impacted by a 5% decrease in domestic ARPU for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to broader wholesale distribution of Max Basic with Ads.

Content revenue decreased 7% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to lower third-party licensing as a result of launching Max in new international markets.

Costs of Revenues

Costs of revenues decreased 4% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to lower domestic content costs due to the timing of programming releases, partially offset by higher international content costs to support Max launches.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 4% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to higher overhead expenses, partially offset by timing of marketing costs.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA increased \$253 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>ARPU: The Company defines Streaming Average Revenue Per User ("ARPU") as total subscription revenue plus net advertising revenue for the period divided by the daily average number of paying subscribers for the period. Where daily values are not available, the sum of beginning of period and end of period divided by two is used.

Excluded from the ARPU calculation are: (i) Revenue and subscribers for streaming products, other than discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, a Premium Sports Product, and independently-branded, regional products (currently consisting of TVN/Player and BluTV), that may be offered by us or by certain joint venture partners or affiliated parties from time to time; (ii) A limited amount of international discovery+ revenue and subscribers that are part of non-strategic partnerships or short-term arrangements as may be identified by the Company from time to time; (iii) Cinemax, Max/HBO hotel and bulk institution (i.e., subscribers billed on a bulk basis), and international basic HBO revenue and subscribers; and (iv) Users on free trials who convert to a subscription for which we have recognized subscription revenue within the first seven days of the calendar month immediately following the month in which their free trial expires.

# **Studios Segment**

The following table presents, for our Studios segment, revenues by type, certain operating expenses, Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating income (in millions).

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	202	5	2024	% Change	% Change (ex- FX)
Revenues:	<u> </u>				
Distribution	\$	1 \$	5	(80) %	(80) %
Advertising		1	4	(75) %	(75) %
Content	2	2,139	2,623	(18) %	(17) %
Other		173	189	(8) %	(7) %
Total revenues		2,314	2,821	(18) %	(16) %
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization	1	,413	2,019	(30) %	(29) %
Selling, general and administrative		642	618	4 %	5 %
Adjusted EBITDA - Studios segment		259	184	41 %	63 %
Depreciation and amortization		170	186		
Employee share-based compensation		_	(1)		
Restructuring and other charges		(5)	11		
Transaction and integration costs		_	1		
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content		36	(72)		
Amortization of capitalized interest for content		6	17		
Impairments and gain on dispositions		(1)			
Operating income	\$	53 \$	42		

Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion of percent changes below is on an ex-FX basis. The Studios discussion below also includes intra-segment revenue and expense between product lines, which represented less than 4% of total revenues and operating expenses for this segment for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Intra-segment revenue and expense are eliminated at the Studios segment level.

Fluctuations in results for our Studios segment may occur due to various factors, including (but not limited to) the timing and number of new film releases each quarter, the timing of marketing expenses recognized relative to (i.e., prior to) a film's release, and the mix of content distributed each period.

#### Revenues

Content revenue decreased 17% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to a 27% decrease in theatrical product revenue and a 48% decrease in games revenue, partially offset by a 4% increase in television product revenue.

- The decrease in theatrical product revenue was attributable to lower film rental revenue and home entertainment revenue, partially offset by higher intercompany content sales. The decrease in film rental revenue was primarily due to the strong prior year performance of *Dune: Part Two* and *Godzilla x Kong: The New Empire*, which were released in the first quarter of 2024, as well as higher carryover from releases in the fourth quarter of 2023 compared to the fourth quarter of 2024. The decrease in home entertainment revenue was primarily due to the strong prior year performance of *Wonka* and *Aquaman 2*.
- The decrease in games revenue was attributable to the prior year release of *Suicide Squad: Kill the Justice League*, which was released in the first quarter of 2024, and carryover from *Hogwarts Legacy* and *Mortal Kombat 1*, which were released in 2023, compared to no releases in the first quarter of 2025.
- The increase in television product revenue was attributable to higher intercompany content sales, partially offset by lower initial telecast revenue due to timing
  of deliveries in the current year.

Other revenue decreased 7% for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

# Costs of Revenues

Costs of revenues decreased 29% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to a 41% decrease in theatrical product content expense and a 66% decrease in games content expense. The decrease in theatrical content expense was a result of lower film costs commensurate with lower theatrical product revenue and lower payments to partners and participants. The decrease in games content expense was primarily due to a \$187 million impairment related to Suicide Squad: Kill the Justice League in the prior year, and lower games content expense commensurate with lower games revenue.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 5% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to higher overhead expenses, partially offset by lower games marketing expenses.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA increased 63% for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

#### Global Linear Networks Segment

The table below presents, for our Global Linear Networks segment, revenues by type, certain operating expenses, Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating income (in millions).

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2025		2024	%Change	% Change (ex- FX)
Revenues:						
Distribution	\$	2,558	\$	2,797	(9) %	(8) %
Advertising		1,758		1,987	(12) %	(11) %
Content		380		264	44 %	44 %
Other		78		77	1 %	1 %
Total revenues		4,774		5,125	(7) %	(6) %
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		2,327		2,372	(2) %	(2) %
Selling, general and administrative		654		634	3 %	3 %
Adjusted EBITDA - Global Linear Networks segment		1,793		2,119	(15) %	(14) %
Depreciation and amortization		907		1,105		
Employee share-based compensation		1		_		
Restructuring and other charges		16		11		
Transaction and integration costs		_		1		
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content		130		125		
Impairments and loss on dispositions		2				
Operating income	\$	737	\$	877		

Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion of percent changes below is on an ex-FX basis.

### Revenues

Distribution revenue decreased 8% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to a 9% decline in domestic linear subscribers, partially offset by a 2% increase in domestic affiliate rates. Additionally, distribution revenues were negatively impacted by lower international affiliate rates and international subscriber declines. Declines in linear subscribers are expected to continue.

Advertising revenue decreased 11% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to audience declines in domestic networks of 27%.

Content revenue increased 44% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to timing of third party licensing deals.

Other revenue increased 1% for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

### Costs of Revenues

Costs of revenues decreased 2% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to timing of content, production, and news related spend.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 3% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to higher marketing expenses. Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA decreased 14% for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

## Corporate

The following table presents our Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating loss (in millions).

	T	hree Months F			
		2025	2024	%Change	% Change (ex- FX)
Adjusted EBITDA - Corporate	\$	(233)	\$ (346)	33 %	33 %
Depreciation and amortization		99	82		
Employee share-based compensation		119	100		
Restructuring and other charges		31	11		
Transaction and integration costs		80	79		
Facility consolidation costs		5	_		
Impairments and loss on dispositions		86	7		
Operating loss	\$	(653)	\$ (625)		

Corporate operations primarily consist of executive management and administrative support services, which are recorded in selling, general and administrative expense, as well as substantially all of our share-based compensation and third-party transaction and integration costs.

Adjusted EBITDA improved 33% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, primarily attributable to the release of previously recorded non-income tax reserves, lower facility costs due to office consolidations and closures, and lower securitization expense.

### **Inter-segment Eliminations**

The following table presents our inter-segment eliminations by revenue and expense, Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating loss (in millions).

		Three Months 1	In de o	d March 31,
	·	2025		2024
Inter-segment revenue eliminations	\$	(765)	\$	(449)
Inter-segment expense eliminations		(712)		(508)
Adjusted EBITDA - Inter-segment eliminations		(53)		59
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content		27		80
Operating loss	\$	(80)	\$	(21)

Inter-segment revenue and expense eliminations primarily represent inter-segment content transactions and marketing and promotion activity between reportable segments. In our current segment structure, in certain instances, production and distribution activities are in different segments. Inter-segment content transactions are presented at market value (i.e., the segment producing and/or licensing the content reports revenue and profit from inter-segment transactions in a manner similar to the reporting of third-party transactions, and the required eliminations are reported on the separate "Eliminations" line when presenting our summary of segment results). Generally, timing of revenue recognition is similar to the reporting of third-party transactions. The segment distributing the content, e.g., via our streaming or linear services, capitalizes the cost of inter-segment content transactions, including "mark-ups" and amortizes the costs over the shorter of the license term, if applicable, or the expected period of use. The content amortization expense related to the inter-segment profit is also eliminated on the separate "Eliminations" line when presenting our summary of segment results.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

## Liquidity

## Sources of Cash

Historically, we have generated a significant amount of cash from operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we funded our working capital needs primarily through cash flows from operations. As of March 31, 2025, we had \$3.9 billion of cash and cash equivalents on hand. We are a well-known seasoned issuer and have the ability to conduct registered offerings of securities, including debt securities, common stock and preferred stock, on short notice, subject to market conditions. Access to sufficient capital from the public market is not assured. We have a \$6.0 billion revolving credit facility and a commercial paper program described below. We also participate in a revolving receivables program and an accounts receivable factoring program described below.

#### Deht

Revolving Credit Facility and Commercial Paper

DCL and certain subsidiaries of the Company, as borrowers, have a multicurrency revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") and have the capacity to borrow up to \$6.0 billion under the Credit Agreement (the "Credit Facility"). DCL may also request additional commitments up to \$1.0 billion from the lenders upon the satisfaction of certain conditions. The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties as well as affirmative and negative covenants. As of March 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all applicable covenants and there were no events of default under the Credit Agreement.

Additionally, our commercial paper program is supported by the Credit Facility. Under the commercial paper program, we may issue up to \$2.0 billion. In March 2025, we increased the issuance capacity under the commercial paper program from \$1.0 billion to \$2.0 billion. Borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility is effectively reduced by any outstanding issuances under the commercial paper program.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we and DCL borrowed and repaid \$695 million under our Credit Facility and commercial paper program. As of March 31, 2025, we and DCL had no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility or issuances under the commercial paper program.

Term Loan

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we entered into a new \$1,500 million 364-day senior unsecured term loan credit facility. The proceeds were used to fund the redemption of \$1,500 million aggregate principal amount outstanding of WMH's senior notes due 2026.

#### Revolving Receivables Program

We have a revolving agreement to transfer up to \$5,200 million of certain receivables through our bankruptcy-remote subsidiary, Warner Bros. Discovery Receivables Funding, LLC, to various financial institutions on a recurring basis in exchange for cash equal to the gross receivables transferred. We service the sold receivables for the financial institution for a fee and pay fees to the financial institution in connection with this revolving agreement. As customers pay their balances, our available capacity under this revolving agreement increases and typically we transfer additional receivables into the program. In some cases, we may have collections that have not yet been remitted to the bank, resulting in a liability. The outstanding portfolio of receivables derecognized from our consolidated balance sheets was \$4,748 million as of March 31, 2025.

### Accounts Receivable Factoring

We have a factoring agreement to sell certain of our non-U.S. trade accounts receivable on a limited recourse basis to a third-party financial institution. Total trade accounts receivable sold under the Company's factoring arrangement was \$102 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

## Investments

In January 2025 we contributed a 70% interest in our music catalog to a joint venture with Cutting Edge Group in exchange for net proceeds of \$601 million.

## Asset Dispositions

We received proceeds from asset dispositions of \$66 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

## Uses of Cash

Our primary uses of cash include the creation and acquisition of new content, business acquisitions, income taxes, personnel costs, costs to develop and market our enhanced streaming service Max, principal and interest payments on our outstanding senior notes, funding for various equity method and other investments, and repurchases of our capital stock.

### · Content Acquisition

We plan to continue to invest significantly in the creation and acquisition of new content, as well as certain sports rights. Contractual commitments to acquire content have not materially changed as set forth in "Material Cash Requirements from Known Contractual and Other Obligations" in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2024 Form 10-K.

#### Deht

Senior Notes

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we repurchased or repaid \$3,665 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of our senior notes. In addition, we have \$487 million of senior notes coming due in June 2025, and an additional \$2,293 million of senior notes coming due through March 2026.

We may from time to time seek to prepay, retire or purchase our other outstanding indebtedness through prepayments, redemptions, open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, tender offers or otherwise. Any such repurchases or exchanges will be dependent upon several factors, including our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions, general market conditions, as well as applicable regulatory, legal and accounting factors. Whether or not we repurchase or exchange any debt and the size and timing of any such repurchases or exchanges will be determined at our discretion.

## · Capital Expenditures

We effected capital expenditures of \$251 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025, including amounts capitalized to support Max. In addition, we expect to continue to incur significant costs to develop and market Max.

## • Investments and Business Combinations

Our uses of cash have included investments in equity method investments and equity investments without readily determinable fair value. (See Note 7 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.) We also provide funding to our investees from time to time. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we contributed \$14 million for investments in and advances to our investees.

## · Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest and Noncontrolling Interest

We had redeemable equity balances of \$23 million at March 31, 2025, which may require the use of cash in the event holders of noncontrolling interests put their interests to us. Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests totaled \$157 million and \$130 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### Income Taxes and Interest

We expect to continue to make payments for income taxes and interest on our outstanding senior notes. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we made cash payments of \$131 million and \$822 million for income taxes and interest on our outstanding debt, respectively.

## Cash Flows

The following table presents changes in cash and cash equivalents (in millions).

_	Three Months	Ended March	31,
	2025		2024
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	\$ 5,416	\$	4,319
Cash provided by operating activities	553		585
Cash used in investing activities	(195)		(207)
Cash used in financing activities	(1,895)		(1,237)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	95		(74)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	(1,442)		(933)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 3,974	\$	3,386

## **Operating Activities**

Cash provided by operating activities was \$553 million and \$585 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities was primarily attributable to a decrease in net income, excluding non-cash items, partially offset by an improvement in working capital activity.

### **Investing Activities**

Cash used in investing activities was \$195 million and \$207 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The decrease in cash used in investing activities was primarily attributable to proceeds from the sale of assets, partially offset by increased purchases of property and equipment during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

#### Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities was \$1,895 million and \$1,237 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in cash used in financing activities was primarily attributable to higher net debt activity and higher distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests, partially offset by proceeds received for the contribution of 70% of our music catalog to a joint venture during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

#### Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2025, capital resources were comprised of the following (in millions).

		N	Iarch 31, 2025	
	Total Capacity		Outstanding Indebtedness	Unused Capacity
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,868	\$	_	\$ 3,868
Revolving credit facility and commercial paper program	6,000		_	6,000
Termloan	1,500		1,500	_
Senior notes (a)	35,946		35,946	_
Total	\$ 47,314	\$	37,446	\$ 9,868

<sup>(</sup>a) Interest on the senior notes is paid annually or semi-annually. Our senior notes outstanding as of March 31, 2025 had interest rates that ranged from 1.90% to 8.30% and will mature between 2025 and 2062.

We expect that our cash balance, cash generated from operations and availability under the Credit Agreement will be sufficient to fund our cash needs for both the short-term and the long-term. Our borrowing costs and access to capital markets can be affected by short and long-term debt ratings assigned by independent rating agencies which are based, in part, on our performance as measured by credit metrics such as interest coverage and leverage ratios. Credit rating agencies may continue to review and adjust our ratings or outlook. For example, in 2024, S&P and Moody's revised our ratings outlook from stable to negative in part due to declines in our linear business, including as a result of the weak operating environment for linear networks, and our leverage ratio.

The 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act features a participation exemption regime with current taxation of certain foreign income and imposes a mandatory repatriation toll tax on unremitted foreign earnings. Notwithstanding the U.S. taxation of these amounts, we intend to continue to reinvest some of these funds outside of the U.S. Our current plans do not demonstrate a need to repatriate to the U.S. However, if these funds were to be needed in the U.S., we would be required to accrue and pay non-U.S. taxes to repatriate them. The determination of the amount of unrecognized deferred income tax liability with respect to these undistributed foreign earnings is not practicable.

## **Summarized Guarantor Financial Information**

## Basis of Presentation

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company has outstanding senior notes issued by Discovery Communications, LLC ("DCL"), which are guaranteed by the Company, Scripps Networks Interactive, Inc. ("Scripps Networks"), and WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc. ("WMH"); senior notes issued by WMH, which are guaranteed by the Company, Scripps Networks, and DCL; senior notes issued by the legacy WarnerMedia Business (not guaranteed); and senior notes issued by Scripps Networks (not guaranteed). (See Note 8 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.) DCL, Scripps Networks, and WMH are wholly owned by the Company.

The tables below present the summarized financial information as combined for Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. (the "Parent"), Scripps Networks, DCL, and WMH (collectively, the "Obligors"). All guarantees of DCL and WMH's senior notes (the "Note Guarantees") are full and unconditional, joint and several and unsecured, and cover all payment obligations arising under the senior notes.

Note Guarantees issued by Scripps Networks, DCL or WMH, or any subsidiary of the Parent that in the future issues a Note Guarantee (each, a "Subsidiary Guarantor") may be released and discharged (i) concurrently with any direct or indirect sale or disposition of such Subsidiary Guarantor or any interest therein, (ii) at any time that such Subsidiary Guarantor is released from all of its obligations under its guarantee of payment, (iii) upon the merger or consolidation of any Subsidiary Guarantor with and into DCL, WMH or the Parent or another Subsidiary Guarantor, as applicable, or upon the liquidation of such Subsidiary Guarantor and (iv) other customary events constituting a discharge of the Obligors' obligations.

## Summarized Financial Information

The Company has included the accompanying summarized combined financial information of the Obligors after the elimination of intercompany transactions and balances among the Obligors and the elimination of equity in earnings from and investments in any subsidiary of the Parent that is a non-guarantor (in millions).

	March 31, 2025	December 31	, 2024
Current assets	\$ 762	\$	2,194
Non-guarantor intercompany trade receivables, net	513		404
Noncurrent assets	4,105		4,077
Current liabilities	3,481		3,948
Noncurrent liabilities	35,077		37,118

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025
Revenues	\$ 508
Operating loss	(42)
Net loss	(285)
Net loss available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.	(308)

## MATERIAL CASH REQUIREMENTS FROM KNOWN CONTRACTUAL AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

In the normal course of business, we enter into commitments for the purchase of goods or services that require us to make payments or provide funding in the event certain circumstances occur. Our contractual commitments have not materially changed as set forth in "Material Cash Requirements from Known Contractual and Other Obligations" in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2024 Form 10-K.

## RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the ordinary course of business, we enter into transactions with related parties, such as our equity method investees, entities that share common directorship, or minority partners of consolidated subsidiaries. (See Note 14 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Our critical accounting estimates have not changed since December 31, 2024. For a discussion of each of our critical accounting estimates, including information and analysis of estimates and assumptions involved in their application, see "Critical Accounting Estimates" included in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2024 Form 10-K.

## NEW ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Certain new accounting and reporting standards will be effective for us during the year ended December 31, 2025. (See Note 1 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

## **Supplemental Data for Results of Operations**

The following table presents supplemental consolidating data for our Streaming & Studios division, Global Linear Networks reportable segment, Corporate, and consolidating adjustments.

Consolidated - Represents the consolidated results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Streaming & Studios - Represents the results of our Streaming & Studios division, which includes our Streaming and Studios reportable segments and eliminations between those two reportable segments.

Global Linear Networks - Represents the results of our Global Linear Networks reportable segment.

Corporate - Represents the results of our Corporate functions.

Consolidating adjustments - Represents eliminations between the Streaming & Studios division and the Global Linear Networks reportable segment, as well as other Corporate eliminations.

Supplemental	Data :	for	Results	of	Operations (in	

Supplemental Data for Results of Operations (in millions)					Supplemental Consolidating Data																							
		Conso	lida	ted	Global Linear Streaming & Studios Networks Corporate						e	Consolidating adjustments																
For the three months ended March 31,	20	25		2024		2025		2024		2025		2024		2024		2024		2024		2024		2025		2024		2025	2	2024
Revenues:																												
Distribution	\$ 4	1,886	\$	4,985	\$	2,330	\$	2,190	\$	2,558	\$	2,797	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(2)	\$	(2)								
Advertising	1	1,980		2,148		237		179		1,758		1,987		_		_		(15)		(18)								
Content	1	1,866		2,558		1,611		2,404		380		264		_		_		(125)		(110)								
Other		247		267		169		190		78		77		_		1		_		(1)								
Total revenues	8	3,979		9,958		4,347		4,963		4,774		5,125				1		(142)		(131)								
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization	5	5,131		6,058		2,762		3,594		2,457		2,497		21		12		(109)		(45)								
Selling, general and administrative	2	2,194		2,232		1,134		1,099		655		635		416		514		(11)		(16)								
Depreciation and amortization	1	1,547		1,888		541		701		907		1,105		99		82		_		_								
Restructuring and other charges		54		35		7		13		16		11		31		11		_		_								
Impairments and loss on dispositions		90		12		2		5		2		_		86		7		_		_								
Total costs and expenses	9	9,016		10,225		4,446		5,412		4,037		4,248		653		626		(120)		(61)								
Operating (loss) income	\$	(37)	\$	(267)	\$	(99)	\$	(449)	\$	737	\$	877	\$	(653)	\$	(625)	\$	(22)	\$	(70)								

## CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding our business, marketing and operating strategies, integration of acquired businesses, new product and service offerings, financial prospects and anticipated sources and uses of capital. Words such as "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "future," "intend," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "strategy," "target" and similar terms, and future or conditional tense verbs like "could," "may," "might," "should," "will" and "would," among other terms of similar substance used in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance identify forward-looking statements. Where, in any forward-looking statement, we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or be accomplished. The following is a list of some, but not all, of the factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated:

- · more intense competitive pressure from existing or new competitors in the industries in which we operate;
- reduced spending on domestic and foreign television advertising, due to macroeconomic conditions, industry or consumer behavior trends or unexpected reductions in our number of subscribers;
- the imposition of tariffs, including tariffs directly or indirectly applicable to our industry, by the U.S. government and any retaliatory tariffs from foreign governments;
- uncertainties associated with product and service development and market acceptance, including the development and provision of programming for new television and telecommunications technologies, and the success of our streaming services;
- · market demand for foreign first-run and existing content libraries;
- · negative publicity or damage to our brands, reputation or talent;
- · realizing streaming subscriber goals;
- disagreements with our distributors or other business partners;
- continued consolidation of distribution customers and production studios;
- · industry trends, including the timing of, and spending on, sports programming, feature film, television and television commercial production;
- the possibility or duration of an industry-wide strike, such as the strikes of the WGA and SAG-AFTRA in 2023, player lock-outs or other job action affecting a
  major entertainment industry union, athletes or others involved in the development and production of our sports programming, television programming, feature
  films and interactive entertainment (e.g., games) who are covered by collective bargaining agreements;
- · inherent uncertainties involved in the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of financial forecasts;
- our level of debt, including the significant indebtedness incurred in connection with the acquisition of the WarmerMedia Business, and our future compliance with debt covenants;
- · changes to our corporate or debt-specific credit ratings or outlook;
- · unforeseen costs, execution risks, and operational challenges related to our efforts to integrate the WarnerMedia Business;
- changes in, or failure or inability to comply with, laws and government regulations, including, without limitation, regulations of the U.S. government and other international governments, the Federal Communications Commission and similar authorities internationally and data privacy regulations;
- adverse outcomes of legal proceedings or disputes, including those related to our acquisition of the WarmerMedia Business, or adverse outcomes from regulatory proceedings;
- threatened or actual cyber-attacks and cybersecurity breaches;
- · theft of our content and unauthorized duplication, distribution and exhibition of such content; and
- general economic and business conditions, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, global events such as pandemics, natural disasters impacting the geographic areas where our businesses and operations are located, and political uncertainty or unrest in the markets in which we operate.

Forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties which change over time, are based on management's expectations and assumptions at the time the statements are made and are not guarantees of future results.

These risks have the potential to impact the recoverability of the assets recorded on our balance sheets, including goodwill and other intangibles. Management's expectations and assumptions, and the continued validity of any forward-looking statements we make, cannot be foreseen with certainty and are subject to change due to a broad range of factors affecting the U.S. and global economies and regulatory environments, factors specific to Warner Bros. Discovery, and other factors described under Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in our 2024 Form 10-K. These forward-looking statements and such risks, uncertainties, and other factors speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report, and we expressly disclaimany obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein, to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto, or any other change in events, conditions, or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

## ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about our existing market risk are set forth in Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," in the 2024 Form 10-K. Our exposures to market risk have not materially changed since December 31, 2024.

#### ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures.

### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2025. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2025, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

## **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f), that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, in the normal course of its operations, the Company is subject to various litigation matters and claims, including claims related to employees, stockholders, vendors, other business partners, government regulations, or intellectual property, as well as disputes and matters involving counterparties to contractual agreements. A determination as to the amount of the accrual required for such contingencies is highly subjective and requires judgment about future events. The Company may not currently be able to estimate the reasonably possible loss or range of loss for certain matters until developments in such matters have provided sufficient information to support an assessment of such loss. In the absence of sufficient information to support an assessment of the reasonably possible loss or range of loss, no accrual for such contingencies is made and no loss or range of loss is disclosed. (See Note 15 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Although the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty and the impact of the final resolution of these matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular subsequent reporting period is not known, management does not currently believe that the resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's future consolidated financial position, future results of operations, or cash flows.

Securities Class Action. On November 25, 2024, a securities class action complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Collura v. Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc., No. 1:24-cv-09027-KPF). The complaint named Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. ("WBD"), Gunnar Wiedenfels, and David M. Zaslav as defendants and asserted claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. On February 21, 2025, the court appointed co-lead plaintiffs (Anthony Yuson and Michael Steinberg) and co-lead counsel (Pomerantz LLP and The Rosen Law Firm, P.A.) to represent the putative class. On May 7, 2025, the lead plaintiffs filed a First Amended Complaint against WBD, Gunnar Wiedenfels, and David M. Zaslav. The First Amended Complaint generally alleges that, between February 23, 2024 and August 7, 2024, defendants made false and misleading statements in SEC filings and other public disclosures relating to WBD's negotiations with the National Basketball Association ("NBA") concerning its contractual rights to broadcast the NBA's content and the potential impact of a failure to renew the contract on its business, in violation of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5, and seeks damages and other relief. The defendants have until July 11, 2025 to answer or move to dismiss.

Consolidated Derivative Action. Between December 20, 2024 and January 14, 2025, four shareholder derivative complaints were filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Roy v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:24-cv-09856-AT, Hollin v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:24-cv-09885-AT, KO v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:25-cv-00114-AT, and Herman, III v. Chen et al., No. 1:25-cv-00352-AT). Each complaint names certain current and former directors and officers of WBD as defendants and WBD as nominal defendant, and each complaint seeks damages and other relief. The complaints generally assert claims against the defendants, derivatively on behalf of WBD, for alleged breaches of fiduciary duty based on the same facts alleged in the Collura securities case described above. The complaints assert various common law causes of action, including breach of fiduciary duties, aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duties, abuse of control, unjust enrichment, gross mismanagement, and waste of corporate assets, as well claims for violations of Sections 14(a), 10(b), and 21D of the Exchange Act. On January 21, 2025, the court consolidated the four actions for all purposes under Case No. 1:24-cv-09856-AT, captioned as In re Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Derivative Litigation (the "Consolidated Derivative Action"). On February 19, 2025, the Court stayed the Consolidated Derivative Action pending resolution of a final decision on all motions to dismiss the operative complaint in the Collura securities action.

**District of Delaware Derivative Action.** On February 20, 2025, a fifth shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the United States District Court for Delaware (Harloff v. Zaslav, No. 1:25-cv-00207-JLH). The complaint named certain current and former directors and officers of WBD as defendants and named WBD as nominal defendant. The complaint asserted claims for breaches of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment, abuse of control, and gross mismanagement, based on the same facts alleged in the Collura securities case described above in addition to violations of Sections 14(a), 10(b), and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder, and sought damages and other relief. On March 13, 2025, the court denied the parties' joint request to stay the proceedings pending resolution of the Collura securities class action and ordered the plaintiff to show cause as to why the case should not be dismissed for failure to state a claim over which the court has original jurisdiction. On March 31, 2025, the plaintiff filed a notice of voluntary dismissal, which the court so-ordered on April 2, 2025.

## ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

Investors should carefully review and consider the information regarding certain factors that could materially affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows as set forth under Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" of the Company's 2024 Form 10-K. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe not to be material may also adversely impact our business, results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

### ITEM 5. Other Information

## Disclosure of Trading Arrangements

Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K requires the Company to disclose whether any director or officer of the Company has adopted or terminated (i) any trading arrangement that is intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c); and/or (ii) any written trading arrangement that meets the requirements of a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" as defined in Item 408(c) of Regulation S-K. During the quarter ended March 31, 2025, the following activity occurred requiring disclosure under Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K:

Bruce Campbell, Chief Revenue and Strategy Officer, adopted a new Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on March 13, 2025. This trading arrangement has a termination date of March 31, 2026. Under the trading arrangement, up to (i) 139,322 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options expiring on March 1, 2031 and (ii) 300,000 shares of common stock, for an aggregate of 439,322 shares of common stock, are available to be sold by the broker upon reaching pricing targets defined in the trading arrangement. The previously disclosed Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement adopted on September 11, 2023 terminated on March 3, 2025 in accordance with its terms.

Gunnar Wiedenfels, Chief Financial Officer, adopted a new Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on March 4, 2025. This trading arrangement has a termination date of July 10, 2026. Under the trading arrangement, up to (i) 444,420 shares of common stock, (ii) 177,456 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options expiring on March 1, 2030, and (iii) 131,127 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options expiring on March 1, 2031, for an aggregate of 753,003 shares of common stock, are available to be sold by the broker upon reaching pricing targets defined in the trading arrangement. The previously disclosed Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement adopted on September 12, 2023 terminated on March 3, 2025 in accordance with its terms.

## ITEM 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
10.1	Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. 2025 Incentive Compensation Program(filed herewith)*
10.2	Third Amendment to the Employment Agreement, dated February 8, 2025, by and between Gerhard Zeiler and Turner International, Inc. (filed herewith)*
10.3	Form of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. 2025 Special PRSU Agreement for Executives (filed herewith)*
10.4	Form of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Employees updated as of May 2025 (filed herewith)*
10.5	Form of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Enhanced Restricted Stock Unit Grant Agreement for Employees updated as of May 2025 (filed herewith)*
10.6	Form of Wamer Bros. Discovery, Inc. Nonqualified Stock Option Grant Agreement for Employees updated as of May 2025 (filed herewith)*
10.7	Form of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Performance Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Employees updated as of May 2025 (filed herewith)*
22	Table of Senior Notes, Issuer and Guarantors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 22 to the Form 10-Q filed on August 3, 2023 (File No. 001-34177))
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith)
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith)
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document (filed herewith)†
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document (filed herewith)†
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document (filed herewith)†
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document (filed herewith)†
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document (filed herewith)†
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement.

<sup>†</sup> Attached as Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are the following formatted in Inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC.** (Registrant)

Date: May 8, 2025 /s/ David M. Zaslav By:

David M. Zaslav

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 8, 2025 /s/ Gunnar Wiedenfels By:

Gunnar Wiedenfels Chief Financial Officer