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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

 $_{\boxtimes}$ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended February 16, 2025

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 0-20355

Costco Wholesale Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington

Exact harrie of registratic as specified in its charter

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

91-1223280 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

999 Lake Drive, Issaquah, WA 98027

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) (Registrant's telephone number, including area code): **(425) 313-8100**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

litie of each class	i rading s	ymboi(s)	Name of each excha	inge on wnich registered
Common Stock, \$.005 Par Value	CO	ST	The Nasdaq Gl	lobal Select Market
indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square				
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant has submit Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preciles). Yes \boxtimes No \square				
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large ac emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.				
Large accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Accelerated filer		
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting	g company	
		Emerging growth	company	
f an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark in new or revised financial accounting standards provided purs				on period for complying with any
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell co	mpany (as defin	ed in Rule 12b-2 o	of the Exchange Act). Yes \Box	□ No ⊠
The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's common	stock as of Man	ch 5, 2025, was 4	43,683,357.	
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Item 1—Financial Statements

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (amounts in millions, except per share data) (unaudited)

	12 Weel	ks Er	nded	24 Weeks Ended				
	 February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024		February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024	
REVENUE								
Net sales	\$ 62,530	\$	57,331	\$	123,515	\$	114,048	
Membership fees	 1,193		1,111		2,359		2,193	
Total revenue	63,723		58,442		125,874		116,241	
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Merchandise costs	55,744		51,140		109,853		101,597	
Selling, general and administrative	 5,663		5,240		11,509		10,598	
Operating income	2,316		2,062		4,512		4,046	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)								
Interest expense	(36)		(41)		(73)		(79)	
Interest income and other, net	 142		216		289		376	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,422		2,237		4,728		4,343	
Provision for income taxes	 634		494		1,142		1,011	
NET INCOME	\$ 1,788	\$	1,743	\$	3,586	\$	3,332	
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE:		_						
Basic	\$ 4.03	\$	3.93	\$	8.08	\$	7.51	
Diluted	\$ 4.02	\$	3.92	\$	8.06	\$	7.49	
Shares used in calculation (000s):							,	
Basic	443,982		443,892		443,985		443,859	
Diluted	444,886		444,754		444,888		444,579	

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (amounts in millions) (unaudited)

		12 Weel	nded		24 Weeks Ended				
	February 16, 2025			February 18, 2024	February 16, 2025			February 18, 2024	
NET INCOME	\$	1,788	\$	1,743	\$	3,586	\$	3,332	
Foreign-currency translation adjustment and other, net		(90)		1		(414)		(37)	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	1,698	\$	1,744	\$	3,172	\$	3,295	

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (amounts in millions, except par value and share data) (unaudited)

	February 16, 2025	September 1, 2024
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,356	\$ 9,906
Short-term investments	802	1,238
Receivables, net	3,060	2,721
Merchandise inventories	18,754	18,647
Other current assets	1,925	1,734
Total current assets	36,897	34,246
OTHER ASSETS		
Property and equipment, net	29,809	29,032
Operating lease right-of-use assets	2,531	2,617
Other long-term assets	3,987	3,936
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 73,224	\$ 69,831
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 18,610	\$ 19,421
Accrued salaries and benefits	5,150	4,794
Accrued member rewards	2,491	2,435
Deferred membership fees	2,824	2,501
Other current liabilities	7,924	6,313
Total current liabilities	36,999	35,464
OTHER LIABILITIES		
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	5,755	5,794
Long-term operating lease liabilities	2,284	2,375
Other long-term liabilities	2,609	2,576
TOTAL LIABILITIES	47,647	46,209
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
EQUITY		
Preferred stock \$0.005 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	_	_
Common stock \$0.005 par value; 900,000,000 shares authorized; 443,730,000 and 443,126,000 shares issued and outstanding	2	2
Additional paid-in capital	8,047	7,829
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,242)	(1,828)
Retained earnings	19,770	17,619
TOTAL EQUITY	25,577	23,622
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 73,224	\$ 69,831

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (amounts in millions) (unaudited)

	12 Weeks Ended February 16, 2025										
	Common Stock			Additional	Accumulated Other						
	Shares (000s)	Amount		Paid-in Capital	Comprehensive Loss	Retained Earnings		Total Equity			
BALANCE AT NOVEMBER 24, 2024	443,942	\$ 2	\$	7,901	\$ (2,152)	\$ 18,700	\$	24,451			
Netincome	_	_		_	_	1,788		1,788			
Foreign-currency translation adjustment and other, net	_	_		_	(90)	_		(90)			
Stock-based compensation	_	_		151	`	_		151			
Release of vested restricted stock units (RSUs including tax effects),	_		(1)	_	_		(1)			
Repurchases of common stock	(213)	_		(4)	_	(203)		(207)			
Cash dividend declared	· —	_		-	_	(515)		(515)			
BALANCE AT FEBRUARY 16, 2025	443,730	\$ 2	\$	8,047	\$ (2,242)	\$ 19,770	\$	25,577			

	12 Weeks Ended February 18, 2024											
	Common Stock				Additional	Acc	umulated					
	Shares (000s)	Amoun	ıt	Paid-in Capital		Other Comprehensive Loss		Retained Earnings		Total Equity		
BALANCE AT NOVEMBER 26, 2023	443,787	\$	2	\$	7,489	\$	(1,843)	\$ 20,499	\$	26,147		
Netincome	_		_		_		_	1,743		1,743		
Foreign-currency translation adjustment and other, net	_		_		_		1	_		1		
Stock-based compensation	_		_		136		_	_		136		
Release of vested RSUs, including tax effects	2		—		_		_	_		_		
Repurchases of common stock	(240)		_		(5)		_	(155)		(160)		
Cash dividend declared and other	· —		_		<u> </u>		_	(7,107)		(7,107)		
BALANCE AT FEBRUARY 18, 2024	443,549	\$	2	\$	7,620	\$	(1,842)	\$ 14,980	\$	20,760		

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (amounts in millions) (unaudited)

				:	24 Weeks End	led F	ebruary 16, 2025		
	Commo Shares (000s)	n St	ock Amount		Additional Paid-in Capital	c	Accumulated Other comprehensive Loss	etained arnings	Total Equity
BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 1, 2024	443,126	\$	2	\$	7,829	\$	(1,828)	\$ 17,619	\$ 23,622
Netincome	_		_		_		` <u>-</u>	3,586	3,586
Foreign-currency translation adjustment and other, net	_		_		_		(414)	_	(414)
Stock-based compensation	_		_		616		` <u> </u>	_	616
Release of vested RSUs, including tax effects	1,047		_		(390)		_	_	(390)
Repurchases of common stock	(443)		_		(8)		_	(405)	(413)
Cash dividend declared			_				_	(1,030)	(1,030)
BALANCE AT FEBRUARY 16, 2025	443,730	\$	2	\$	8,047	\$	(2,242)	\$ 19,770	\$ 25,577

	24 Weeks Ended February 18, 2024											
	Common Stock			Additional	Accumulated							
	Shares (000s)	Amount		Paid-in Capital	Other Comprehensive Loss	Retained Earnings		Total Equity				
BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 3, 2023	442,793	\$ 2	\$	7,340	\$ (1,805)	\$ 19,521	\$	25,058				
Net income	_	_		_	_	3,332		3,332				
Foreign-currency translation adjustment and other, net	_	_		_	(37)	_		(37)				
Stock-based compensation	_	_		582	_	_		582				
Release of vested RSUs, including tax effects	1,284	_		(292)	_	_		(292)				
Repurchases of common stock	(528)	_		(10)	_	(312)		(322)				
Cash dividend declared and other	<u></u>			<u> </u>		(7,561)		(7,561)				
BALANCE AT FEBRUARY 18, 2024	443,549	\$ 2	\$	7,620	\$ (1,842)	\$ 14,980	\$	20,760				

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (amounts in millions) (unaudited)

	24 Weeks Ended					
	Fe	bruary 16, 2025	February 18, 2024			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net income	\$	3,586	\$	3,332		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		1,100		1,015		
Non-cash lease expense		137		148		
Stock-based compensation		614		580		
Other non-cash operating activities, net		(79)		(7)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Merchandise inventories		(362)		(425)		
Accounts payable		(458)		4		
Other operating assets and liabilities, net		1,470	_	735		
Net cash provided by operating activities		6,008		5,382		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of short-term investments		(345)		(719)		
Maturities of short-term investments		752		1,029		
Additions to property and equipment		(2,401)		(2,071)		
Other investing activities, net		(13)		9		
Net cash used in investing activities	·	(2,007)		(1,752)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Repayments of short-term borrowings		(389)		(409)		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		370		383		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		_		498		
Tax withholdings on stock-based awards		(390)		(292)		
Repurchases of common stock		(412)		(322)		
Cash dividend payments		(515)		(8,012)		
Financing lease payments and other financing activities, net		(98)		(96)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,434)		(8,250)		
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(117)		15		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		2,450		(4,605)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING OF YEAR		9.906		13.700		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF PERIOD	\$	12,356	\$	9,095		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:						
Cash paid during the first half of the year for:						
Interest	\$	55	\$	62		
Income taxes, net	\$	798	\$	1,197		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES:						
Cash dividend declared, but not yet paid	\$	515	\$	_		
Financing lease assets obtained in exchange for new or modified leases	\$	103	\$	97		
Operating lease assets obtained in exchange for new or modified leases	\$	57	\$	145		
Capital expenditures included in liabilities	\$	164	\$	144		

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (amounts in millions, except share, per share, and warehouse count data) (unaudited)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Business

Costco Wholesale Corporation (Costco or the Company), a Washington corporation, and its subsidiaries operate membership warehouses based on the concept that offering members low prices on a limited selection of nationally-branded and private-label products in a wide range of merchandise categories will produce high sales volumes and rapid inventory turnover. At February 16, 2025, Costco operated 897 warehouses worldwide: 617 in the United States (U.S.) located in 47 states, Washington, D.C., and Puerto Rico, 109 in Canada, 41 in Mexico, 36 in Japan, 29 in the United Kingdom (U.K.), 19 in Korea, 15 in Australia, 14 in Taiwan, seven in China, five in Spain, two in France, and one each in Iceland, New Zealand, and Sweden. The Company operates e-commerce sites in the U.S., Canada, the U.K., Mexico, Korea, Taiwan, Japan, and Australia.

Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Costco and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All material inter-company transactions among the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q for interim financial reporting pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). While these statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for fair presentation of the results of the interim period, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for complete financial statements. Therefore, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 1, 2024.

Fiscal Year End

The Company operates on a 52/53 week fiscal year basis, with the fiscal year ending on the Sunday closest to August 31. Fiscal 2025 is a 52-week year ending on August 31, 2025. References to the second quarter of 2025 and 2024 relate to the 12-week fiscal quarters ended February 16, 2025, and February 18, 2024. References to the first half of 2025 and 2024 relate to the 24 weeks ended February 16, 2025, and February 18, 2024.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect; the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements; and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions take into account historical and forward-looking factors that the Company believes are reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Reclassification

Reclassifications were made to the condensed consolidated balance sheet for 2024 and to the statement of cash flows for the first half of 2024. These changes were made to conform with the current year presentation.

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Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted By The Company

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-07, which is intended to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily about significant segment expenses. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The amendments should be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, which requires public business entities on an annual basis to disclose specific categories in the income-tax rate reconciliation, provide information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold, and disclose certain information about income taxes paid. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The amendments should be applied on a prospective basis. Retrospective application is permitted.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, which requires disaggregated disclosures of certain costs and expenses on the income statement on an annual and interim basis. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The amendments should be applied on a prospective basis. Retrospective application is permitted.

The Company is evaluating these standards.

Note 2-Investments

The Company's investments were as follows:

February 16, 2025:	Cost Basis		Unrealized Losses, Net		Recorded Basis
Available-for-sale:					
Government and agency securities	\$	759	\$	(11)	\$ 748
Held-to-maturity:					
Certificates of deposit		54		_	54
Total short-term investments	\$	813	\$	(11)	\$ 802

September 1, 2024: Available-for-sale:	Cost Basis	Unrealized Losses, Net	Recorded Basis
Government and agency securities Held-to-maturity:	\$ 689	\$ (1)	\$ 688
Certificates of deposit	550		550
Total short-term investments	\$ 1,239	\$ (1)	\$ 1,238

Gross unrealized holding gains and losses on available-for-sale securities were not material for the periods ended February 16, 2025, or September 1, 2024. At those dates, there were no available-for-sale securities in a material continuous unrealized-loss position. There were no sales of available-for-sale securities during the first half of 2025 or 2024.

The maturities of available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities at February 16, 2025, are as follows:

	Available-For-Sale							
	Cost Basis		Fair Value		Held-To-Maturity			
Due in one year or less	\$ 133	\$	133	\$	54			
Due after one year through five years	455		448		_			
Due after five years	171		167		_			
Total	\$ 759	\$	748	\$	54			

Note 3-Fair Value Measurement

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The table below presents information regarding the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis and indicates the level within the hierarchy reflecting the valuation techniques utilized.

		Level 2						
	Fe	bruary 16, 2025		September 1, 2024				
Investment in government and agency securities	\$	748	\$	688				
Forward foreign-exchange contracts, in asset position ⁽¹⁾		14		1				
Forward foreign-exchange contracts, in (liability) position ⁽¹⁾		(4)		(28)				
Total	\$	758	\$	661				

⁽¹⁾ The asset and liability values are included in other current assets and other current liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

On February 16, 2025, and September 1, 2024, the Company did not hold any Level 1 or 3 financial assets or liabilities that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis. There were no transfers between levels during the first half of 2025 or 2024.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Assets and liabilities recognized and disclosed at fair value on a nonrecurring basis include items such as financial assets measured at amortized cost and long-lived nonfinancial assets. These assets are measured at fair value if determined to be impaired. There were no fair value adjustments to these items during the first half of 2025 and no material fair value adjustments in 2024.

Note 4—Debt

The carrying value of the Company's long-term debt consisted of the following:

	Feb	oruary 16, 2025	Sep	tember 1, 2024
3.000% Senior Notes due May 2027	\$	1,000	\$	1,000
1.375% Senior Notes due June 2027		1,250		1,250
1.600% Senior Notes due April 2030		1,750		1,750
1.750% Senior Notes due April 2032		1,000		1,000
Other long-term debt	<u> </u>	872		919
Total long-term debt	-	5,872		5,919
Less unamortized debt discounts and issuance costs		19		22
Less current portion ⁽¹⁾		98		103
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	\$	5,755	\$	5,794

⁽¹⁾ Net of unamortized debt discounts and issuance costs.

The fair value of the Senior Notes is estimated using Level 2 inputs. Other long-term debt consists of Guaranteed Senior Notes issued by the Company's Japan subsidiary, valued using Level 3 inputs. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt, including the current portion, was approximately \$5,312 and \$5,412 at February 16, 2025, and September 1, 2024.

Note 5-Equity

Dividends

A quarterly cash dividend of \$1.16 per share was declared on January 23, 2025, and paid on February 21, 2025. During the second quarter of 2024, the quarterly dividend was \$1.02 per share and an aggregate payment of approximately \$6,655 was made in connection with a special cash dividend of \$15.00 per share.

Stock Repurchase Programs

The Company's stock repurchase program is conducted under a \$4,000 authorization by the Board of Directors, which expires in January 2027. At February 16, 2025, the remaining amount available under the program was \$2,452. The following table summarizes the repurchase activity:

	Shares Repurchased (000s)	A	verage Price per Share	Total Cost
Second quarter of 2025	213	\$	967.29	\$ 207
First half of 2025	443	\$	932.03	\$ 413
Second quarter of 2024	240	\$	664.02	\$ 160
First half of 2024	528	\$	609.51	\$ 322

These amounts may differ from the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows due to changes in unsettled stock repurchases at the end of each quarter. Purchases are made from time to time, as conditions warrant, in the open market or in block purchases and pursuant to plans under SEC Rule 10b5-1.

Note 6-Stock-Based Compensation

The 2019 Incentive Plan authorizes the issuance of up to a maximum of 15,885,000 RSUs. To preserve the value of outstanding awards, the number of RSUs that may be granted under this Plan is subject to adjustments from changes in capital structure. The Company issues new shares of common stock upon vesting of RSUs. Shares for vested RSUs are generally delivered to participants annually, net of shares withheld for taxes.

Summary of Restricted Stock Unit Activity

At February 16, 2025, 6,232,000 shares were available to be granted as RSUs, and the following awards were outstanding:

- 2,241,000 time-based RSUs, which vest upon continued employment over specified periods and accelerate upon achievement of a long-service term.
- 51,000 performance-based RSUs granted to executive officers, for which the performance targets have been met. The awards vest upon continued employment over specified periods of time and upon achievement of a long-service term; and
- 70,000 performance-based RSUs granted to executive officers, subject to achievement of performance targets for 2025, as determined by the
 Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors after the end of the fiscal year. These awards are included in the table below. The Company
 recognized compensation expense for these awards in the second quarter of 2025, as it is currently deemed probable that the targets will be
 achieved.

The following table summarizes RSU transactions during the first half of 2025:

	Number of Units (in 000s)	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at September 1, 2024	2,799	\$ 463.24
Granted	1,095	883.46
Vested and delivered	(1,483)	557.86
Forfeited	(49)	549.46
Outstanding at February 16, 2025	2,362	\$ 596.80

The remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to RSUs unvested at February 16, 2025, was \$1,175, and the weighted-average period over which this cost will be recognized is 1.8 years.

Summary of Stock-Based Compensation

The following table summarizes stock-based compensation expense and the related tax benefits:

	12 Weeks Ended					24 Week	s Ended	
	February 16, 2025			ebruary 18, 2024	February 16, 2025		Fe	ebruary 18, 2024
Stock-based compensation expense	\$	151	\$	136	\$	614	\$	580
Less recognized income tax benefits		28		25		129		120
Stock-based compensation expense, net	\$	123	\$	111	\$	485	\$	460

Note 7—Net Income per Common and Common Equivalent Share

The following table shows the amounts used in computing net income per share and the weighted average number of shares of basic and of potentially dilutive common shares outstanding (shares in 000s):

	12 Weel	ks Ended	24 Week	s Ended	
	February 16, 2025	February 18, 2024	February 16, 2025	February 18, 2024	
Net income	\$ 1,788	\$ 1,743	\$ 3,586	\$ 3,332	
Weighted average basic shares	443,982	443,892	443,985	443,859	
RSUs	904	862	903	720	
Weighted average diluted shares	444,886	444,754	444,888	444,579	

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated based on the dilutive effect of RSUs using the treasury stock method.

Note 8—Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in many claims, proceedings and litigations arising from its business and property ownership. In accordance with accounting guidance, the Company establishes an accrual for legal proceedings if and when those matters present loss contingencies that are both probable and reasonably estimable. There may be actual losses in excess of amounts accrued. The Company monitors those matters for developments that would affect the likelihood of a loss (taking into account where applicable indemnification arrangements concerning suppliers and insurers) and the accrued amount, if any, thereof, and adjusts the amount as appropriate. The Company has recorded an immaterial accrual with respect to some matters described below, in addition to other immaterial accruals for matters not described below. If the loss contingency at issue is not both probable and reasonably estimable, the Company does not establish an accrual, but monitors for developments that make the contingency both probable and reasonably estimable. In each case, there is a reasonable possibility that a loss may be incurred, including a loss in excess of the applicable accrual. For matters where no accrual has been recorded, the possible loss or range of loss (including any loss in excess of the accrual) cannot, in the Company's view, be reasonably estimated because, among other things: the remedies or penalties sought are indeterminate or unspecified; the legal and/or factual theories are not well developed; and/or the matters involve complex or novel legal theories or a large number of parties.

In November 2023, a former employee filed a class action against the Company alleging claims under California law for failure to pay minimum wage, failure to pay overtime, failure to provide meal and rest breaks, failure to provide accurate wage statements, failure to reimburse expenses, failure to pay wages when due, and failure to pay sick pay. Martin Reyes v. Costco Wholesale Corporation, Sacramento County Superior Court (No. 23cv011351), removed to federal court, No. 2:24-cv-00300 (E.D. Cal.). A second amended complaint was filed, which the Company has moved to dismiss. In January 2024, the same plaintiff filed a related Private Attorneys General Act (PAGA) representative action, seeking civil penalties and asserting the same alleged underlying Labor Code violations and an additional suitable seating claim. In May 2024, the plaintiff filed an amended PAGA complaint; the Company has denied the material allegations of the complaint and filed a motion to stay the action. The motion was granted on December 18, 2024.

In August 2024, an employee filed an action under PAGA against the Company, alleging claims for penalties for alleged violations of the California Labor Code regarding: off-the-clock work, incorrect and untimely payment of wages. Nader v. Costco (No. CV-24-006198; Stanislaus County Superior Court). An

amended complaint was filed in November 2024. In February 2025 the court granted the Company's motion to strike portions of the complaint; the plaintiff has permission to file a further amended complaint.

Beginning in December 2017, the United States Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation consolidated numerous cases concerning the impacts of opioid abuses filed against various defendants by counties, cities, hospitals, Native American tribes, third-party payors, and others. In re National Prescription Opiate Litigation (MDL No. 2804) (N.D. Ohio). Included are cases filed against the Company by counties and cities in Michigan, New Jersey, Oregon, Virginia and South Carolina, a third-party payor in Ohio, and a hospital in Texas, class actions filed on behalf of infants born with opioid-related medical conditions in 40 states, and class actions and individual actions filed on behalf of individuals seeking to recover alleged increased insurance costs associated with opioid abuse in 43 states and American Samoa. Claims against the Company filed in federal court outside the MDL by one county in Georgia are pending, and claims filed by certain cities and counties in New York are pending in state court, as are claims by certain county district attorneys in Pennsylvania. Claims against the Company in state courts in New Jersey, Oklahoma, Utah, and Arizona have been dismissed. Claims against the Company in federal court in Georgia and Florida have been dismissed. The Company is defending all of the pending matters except for a small number being resolved for immaterial amounts.

Between September 25 and October 31, 2023, five class action suits were filed against the Company alleging privacy law violations stemming from pixel trackers on Costco.com: Birdwell v. Costco Wholesale Corp., No. T23-1405, Contra Costa County Superior Court; and Scott v. Costco Wholesale Corp., No. 2:23-cv-01628 (W.D. Wash.); Groves, et ano., v. Costco Wholesale Corp., No. 2:23-cv-01628 (W.D. Wash.); Groves, et ano., v. Costco Wholesale Corp., No. 2:23-cv-01628 (W.D. Wash.). The Castillo plaintiffs filed a consolidated complaint on January 26, 2024, which seeks damages, equitable relief and attorneys' fees under various statutes, including the Washington Consumer Protection Act, Washington Privacy Act, Washington Uniform Health Care Information Act, Electronic Communications Privacy Act, California Invasion of Privacy Act, and California Confidentiality of Medical Information Act. The consolidated complaint also alleges breach of implied contract, invasion of privacy, conversion, and unjust enrichment. The Company filed a motion to dismiss the Castillo complaint on March 11, 2024. In November 2024 the court denied the motion to dismiss in substantial part. On May 16, 2024, the parties stipulated to stay Birdwell pending resolution of Castillo. On January 2, and August 22, 2024, the Company received related civil investigative demands from the Washington Attorney General's Office. On January 3, 2024, the Company received a related pre-litigation letter from the Los Angeles Office of the County Counsel. The Company is in the process of responding to both agencies.

On June 20, 2024, a class-action lawsuit was filed against the Company and Nice-Pak Products, Inc., alleging that Kirkland Signature Fragrance Free Baby Wipes contain 3.7 parts per billion of per-and polyfluoroalkyl substances. The complaint alleges that the label claim that the wipes are "made with naturally derived ingredients" thus violates various state consumer protection and false advertising laws. The complaint seeks unspecified damages, including punitive damages, as well as equitable relief and attorneys' fees and costs. The defendants filed a motion to dismiss on August 9, 2024. Bullard, et ano., v. Costco Wholesale Corp., et ano., No. 3:24-cv-03714 (N.D. Cal.). On February 14, 2025, the court granted this motion; plaintiffs have permission to file an amended complaint.

The Company has been served in over seventy product liability cases in California and Oregon related to its alleged sale of artificial and natural stone countertops. These lawsuits allege strict liability, negligence, breach of warranty, fraud, and failure to warn claims on the grounds that the fabricators and cutters of the stone slabs used to fabricate countertops offered for sale by Costco are exposed to silica particulates in the air while performing such work, allegedly causing lung diseases, including, but not limited to, silicosis. The defendants in these cases include the manufacturers, distributors, and retailers. The Company denied all claims, has filed cross-claims pertaining to indemnity and contribution, and otherwise sought indemnity from responsible parties and has now been dismissed from nearly all of these cases.

In January 2023 the Company received a Civil Investigative Demand from the U.S. Attorney's Office, Western District of Washington, requesting documents. The government is conducting a False Claims Act investigation concerning whether the Company presented or caused to be presented to the federal government for payment false claims relating to prescription medications.

In May 2024 the Company received a Notice of Intent to File Administrative Complaint for Violations of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The EPA is seeking administrative fines for importation, sale and distribution of misbranded devices and unregistered products the government asserts are pesticides under FIFRA.

The Company does not believe that any pending claim, proceeding or litigation, either alone or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows; it is possible that an unfavorable outcome of some or all of the matters, however unlikely, could result in a charge that might be material to the results of an individual fiscal quarter or year.

Note 9—Segment Reporting

The Company is principally engaged in the operation of membership warehouses through wholly owned subsidiaries in the U.S., Canada, Mexico, Japan, the U.K., Korea, Australia, Taiwan, China, Spain, France, Iceland, New Zealand, and Sweden. Reportable segments are largely based on management's organization of the operating segments for operational decisions and assessments of financial performance, which consider geographic locations. The material accounting policies of the segments are as described in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report filed on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 1, 2024, and Note 1 above. Inter-segment net sales and expenses have been eliminated in calculating total revenue and operating income.

The following table provides information for the Company's reportable segments:

	United States		Canada		Other International		Total
12 Weeks Ended February 16, 2025							
Total revenue	\$ 46,413	\$	8,296	\$	9,014	\$	63,723
Operating income	1,515		403		398		2,316
12 Weeks Ended February 18, 2024							
Total revenue	\$ 41,952	\$	7,874	\$	8,616	\$	58,442
Operating income	1,294		390		378		2,062
24 Weeks Ended February 16, 2025							
Total revenue	\$ 91,501	\$	16,700	\$	17,673	\$	125,874
Operating income	3,013		765		734		4,512
24 Weeks Ended February 18, 2024							
Total revenue	\$ 83,785	\$	15,775	\$	16,681	\$	116,241
Operating income	2,652		715		679		4,046
52 Weeks Ended September 1, 2024							
Total revenue	\$ 184,143	\$	34,874	\$	35,436	\$	254,453
Operating income	6,217		1,648		1,420		9,285

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Disaggregated Revenue

The following table summarizes net sales by merchandise category; sales from e-commerce sites and business centers have been allocated to the applicable merchandise categories:

	12 Weeks Ended					24 Weeks Ended			
	Fel	oruary 16, 2025	February 18, 2024		February 16, 2025			February 18, 2024	
Foods and Sundries	\$	25,112	\$	23,675	\$	50,174	\$	46,699	
Non-Foods		17,526		15,017		33,697		29,783	
Fresh Foods		8,836		7,996		17,054		15,324	
Warehouse Ancillary and Other Businesses		11,056		10,643		22,590		22,242	
Total net sales	\$	62,530	\$	57,331	\$	123,515	\$	114,048	

Item 2—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (amounts in millions, except per share, share, percentages and warehouse count data)

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this document constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. For these purposes, forward-looking statements are statements that address activities, events, conditions or developments that the Company expects or anticipates may occur in the future and may relate to such matters as net sales growth, changes in comparable sales, cannibalization of existing locations by new openings, price or fee changes, earnings performance, earnings per share, stock-based compensation expense, warehouse openings and closures, capital spending, the effect of adopting certain accounting standards, future financial reporting, financing, margins, return on invested capital, investments in technology, strategic direction, expense controls, membership renewal rates, shopping frequency, litigation, attainment of sustainability goals, and the demand for our products and services. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified because they contain words such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "likely," "may," "might," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "seek," "should," "target," "will," "would," or similar expressions and the negatives of those terms. Such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual events, results or performance to differ materially from those indicated by such statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, domestic and international economic conditions, including exchange rates, inflation or deflation, the effects of competition and regulation, uncertainties in the financial markets, consumer and small business spending patterns and debt levels, breaches of security or privacy of member or business information, conditions affecting the acquisition, development, ownership or use of real estate, capital spending, actions of vendors, rising costs associated with employees (generally including health-care costs and wages), workforce interruptions, energy and certain commodities, geopolitical conditions (including tariffs), the ability to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting, regulatory and other impacts related to environmental and social matters, public-health related factors, and other risks identified from time to time in the Company's public statements and reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company does not undertake to update these statements, except as required by law.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) is intended to promote understanding of the results of operations and financial condition. MD&A is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements (Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q), as well as our consolidated financial statements, the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, and the related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our fiscal year 2024 Form 10-K, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on October 9, 2024.

We operate membership warehouses and e-commerce sites based on the concept that offering our members low prices on a limited selection of nationally-branded and private-label products in a wide range of categories will produce high sales volumes and rapid inventory turnover. When combined with the operating efficiencies achieved by volume purchasing, efficient distribution and reduced handling of merchandise in no-frills, self-service warehouse facilities, these volumes and turnover enable us to operate profitably at significantly lower gross margins (net sales less merchandise costs) than most other retailers. We often sell inventory before we are required to pay for it, even while taking advantage of early payment discounts.

We believe that the most important driver of our profitability is increasing net sales, particularly comparable sales. Net sales includes our core merchandise categories (foods and sundries, non-foods, and fresh foods), warehouse ancillary (gasoline, pharmacy, optical, food court, hearing aids, and tire installation) and other businesses (e-commerce, business centers, travel, and other). E-commerce and

business center sales are allocated to the appropriate merchandise categories in the Net Sales discussion. The 2% reward associated with Executive membership is allocated to the category in which the reward is generated (core merchandise categories, warehouse ancillary, and other businesses). Comparable sales is defined as net sales from warehouses open for more than one year, including remodels, relocations and expansions, and sales related to e-commerce sites operating for more than one year. The measure is intended as supplemental information and is not a substitute for net sales presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should be reviewed in conjunction with results reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Comparable sales growth is achieved through increasing shopping frequency from new and existing members and the amount they spend on each visit (average ticket). Sales comparisons can also be particularly influenced by certain factors that are beyond our control: fluctuations in currency exchange rates (with respect to our international operations) and inflation or deflation in the cost of gasoline and associated competitive conditions. The higher our comparable sales exclusive of these items, the more we can leverage our selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses, reducing them as a percentage of sales and enhancing profitability. Generating comparable sales growth is foremost a question of making available the right merchandise at the right prices, a skill that we believe we have repeatedly demonstrated over the long-term. Another substantial factor in net sales growth is the health of the economies in which we do business, including the effects of inflation or deflation, especially the United States. Net sales growth and gross margins are also impacted by our competition, which is vigorous and widespread, across a wide range of global, national and regional wholesalers and retailers, including those with e-commerce operations. While we cannot control or reliably predict general economic health

Our philosophy is to provide our members with quality goods and services at competitive prices. We do not focus in the short-term on maximizing prices charged, but instead seek to maintain what we believe is a perception among our members of our "pricing authority" – consistently providing the most competitive values. Our net sales and gross margin are influenced in part by our merchandising and pricing strategies in response to cost increases. Those strategies can include, but are not limited to, working with our suppliers to share in absorbing cost increases, earlier-than-usual purchasing and in greater volumes, as well as passing cost increases on to our members. Our investments in merchandise pricing may include reducing prices on merchandise to drive sales or meet competition and holding prices steady despite cost increases instead of passing the increases on to our members, negatively impacting gross margin and gross margin as a percentage of net sales (gross margin percentage) in the near term. Our e-commerce business, domestically and internationally, has a lower gross-margin percentage than our warehouse operations.

We believe our gasoline business enhances traffic in our warehouses; it generally has a lower gross margin percentage and lower SG&A expense relative to our non-gasoline businesses. A higher penetration of gasoline sales will generally lower our gross margin percentage. Generally, rising gasoline prices benefit net sales growth which, given the higher sales base, negatively impacts our gross margin percentage but decreases our SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales. A decline in gasoline prices has the inverse effect.

Government actions in various countries relating to tariffs, particularly China, Mexico, Canada and the United States, affect the costs of some of our merchandise. The degree of our exposure is dependent on (among other things) the type of goods, rates imposed, and timing of the tariffs. Higher tariffs are more likely to adversely impact rather than improve our results.

We also achieve net sales growth by opening new warehouses. As our warehouse base grows, available and desirable sites become more difficult to secure, and square footage growth becomes a comparatively less substantial component of growth. Negative aspects of such growth include lower initial operating profitability relative to existing warehouses and cannibalization of sales at existing warehouses when openings occur in existing markets. Our rate of square footage growth is generally higher in many of our foreign markets, due to the smaller base in those markets, and we expect that to continue.

The membership format is an integral part of our business and profitability. This format is designed to reinforce member loyalty and provide continuing fee revenue. The extent to which we achieve growth in our membership base, increase the penetration of Executive memberships, and sustain high renewal rates materially influences our profitability. Our paid-membership growth rate may be adversely impacted when warehouse openings occur in existing markets as compared to new markets. Our worldwide renewal rate may be adversely impacted by memberships in newer international markets and a higher penetration of memberships sold online, both of which typically renew at a lower rate.

Our financial performance depends heavily on controlling costs. While we believe that we have achieved successes in this area, some significant costs are partially outside our control, particularly health care and utility expenses. With respect to the compensation of our employees, our philosophy is not to seek to minimize their wages and benefits. Rather, we believe that achieving our longer-term objectives of reducing employee turnover, increasing productivity and enhancing employee satisfaction requires maintaining compensation levels that are better than the industry average for much of our workforce. This may cause us, for example, to absorb costs that other employers might seek to pass through to their workforces. Because our business operates on very low margins, modest changes in various items in the consolidated statements of income, particularly merchandise costs and SG&A expenses, can have substantial impacts on net income.

Our operating model is generally the same across our U.S., Canadian, and Other International operating segments (see Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1, of this Report). Certain operations in the Other International segment have relatively higher rates of square footage growth, lower wage and benefit costs as a percentage of sales, less or no direct membership warehouse competition, or lack e-commerce or business delivery.

In discussions of our consolidated operating results, we refer to the impact of changes in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar, which are differences between the foreign-exchange rates we use to convert the financial results of our international operations from local currencies into U.S. dollars. This impact is calculated based on the difference between the current and prior period's exchange rates. The impact of changes in gasoline prices on net sales is calculated based on the difference between the current and prior period's average price per gallon. Results expressed excluding the impacts of foreign-exchange and gasoline prices are intended as supplemental information and are not a substitute for net sales presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should be reviewed in conjunction with results reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Our fiscal year ends on the Sunday closest to August 31. References to the second quarter of 2025 and 2024 relate to the 12-week fiscal quarters ended February 16, 2025, and February 18, 2024. References to the first half of 2025 and 2024 relate to the 24 weeks ended February 16, 2025, and February 18, 2024. Certain percentages presented are calculated using actual results prior to rounding.

Highlights for the second quarter of 2025 versus 2024 include:

- Net sales increased 9% to \$62,530, driven by an increase in comparable sales and sales at 23 net new warehouses opened since the end of the second quarter of 2024;
- Membership fee revenue increased 7% to \$1,193, primarily driven by new member sign-ups and membership fee increases;
- Gross margin percentage increased five basis points; four basis points excluding the impact of gasoline price deflation on net sales;
- · SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales decreased eight basis points; nine basis points excluding the impact of gasoline price deflation;
- Net income was \$1,788, \$4.02 per diluted share, compared to \$1,743, \$3.92 per diluted share in 2024; and
- A quarterly cash dividend of \$1.16 per share was declared on January 23, 2025, and paid on February 21, 2025.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Sales

		12 Weel	nded	24 Weeks Ended				
	Fe	ebruary 16, 2025		February 18, 2024		February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024
Net Sales	\$	62,530	\$	57,331	\$	123,515	\$	114,048
Increases in net sales:								
U.S.		11 %		4 %		9 %		4 %
Canada		5 %		8 %		6 %		8 %
Other International		5 %		10 %		6 %		13 %
Total Company		9 %		6 %		8 %		6 %
Increases in comparable sales ⁽¹⁾ :								
U.S.		8 %		4 %		7 %		3 %
Canada		5 %		9 %		5 %		8 %
Other International		2 %		9 %		3 %		10 %
Total Company		7 %		6 %		6 %		5 %
E-commerce		21 %		18 %		17 %		12 %
Increases in comparable sales excluding the impact of changes in foreign-currency and gasoline prices ⁽¹⁾ :								
U.S.		9 %		5 %		8 %		4 %
Canada		10 %		9 %		9 %		9 %
Other International		10 %		8 %		9 %		8 %
Total Company		9 %		6 %		8 %		5 %
E-commerce		22 %		18 %		18 %		12 %

⁽¹⁾ Comparable sales for the second quarter and first half of 2024 were calculated using comparable retail weeks.

Net Sales

Net sales increased \$5,199 or 9%, and \$9,467 or 8% during the second quarter and first half of 2025. The improvement was attributable to an increase in comparable sales and sales at the 23 net new warehouses opened since the end of the second quarter of 2024. Sales increased \$4,786 or 10% and \$9,119, or 10% in core merchandise categories during the second quarter and first half of 2025, increasing in all categories. Sales in warehouse ancillary and other businesses increased \$413 or 4%, and \$348, or 2% during the second quarter and first half of 2025, led by pharmacy, partially offset by lower gasoline prices.

During the second quarter of 2025, lower gasoline prices negatively impacted net sales by \$56, 10 basis points, compared to 2024, with a 3% decrease in the average price per gallon. The volume of gasoline sold increased approximately 1%, positively impacting net sales by \$51, or nine basis points. Changes in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar negatively impacted net sales by approximately \$1,244, or 217 basis points, attributable to our Other International and Canadian operations.

During the first half of 2025, lower gasoline prices negatively impacted net sales by \$964, 85 basis points, compared to 2024, with an 8% decrease in the average price per gallon. The volume of gasoline sold increased approximately 1%, positively impacting net sales by \$132, or 12 basis points. Changes in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar negatively impacted net sales by approximately \$1,408, or 123 basis points, attributable to our Other International and Canadian operations.

Comparable Sales

Comparable sales increased 7% and 6% in the second quarter and first half of 2025 and were positively impacted by increased shopping frequency and a slightly higher average ticket.

Membership Fees

		12 Weeks Ended				24 Weeks Ended					
	Fe	ebruary 16, 2025	F	ebruary 18, 2024	Fe	ebruary 16, 2025	February 18, 2024				
Membership fees	\$	1,193	\$	1,111	\$	2,359	\$	2,193			
Membership fees increase		7 %)	8 %		8 %		8 %			
Total paid members (000s)		78,400		73,400		_		_			
Total cardholders (000s)		140,600		132,000		_		_			

Membership fee revenue increased 7% and 8% in the second quarter and first half of 2025, primarily driven by new member sign-ups and the fee increase (discussed below). Changes in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar negatively impacted membership fees by \$22 and \$23 in the second quarter and first half of 2025. At the end of the second quarter of 2025, our renewal rates were 93.0% in the U.S. and Canada and 90.5% worldwide. Our renewal rate, which excludes affiliates of Business members, is a trailing calculation that captures renewals during the period seven to eighteen months prior to the reporting date.

As previously reported, we increased our annual membership fees in the U.S. and Canada, effective September 1, 2024. We account for membership fee revenue on a deferred basis, recognized ratably over the one-year membership period. The recent membership fee increase contributed approximately 3% of membership fee revenue during the second quarter of 2025.

Gross Margin

_	12 Wee	ks En	ded		24 Weeks Ended						
	 February 16, 2025	6, February 18, 2024			February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024				
Net sales	\$ 62,530	\$	57,331	\$	123,515	\$	114,048				
Less merchandise costs	55,744		51,140		109,853		101,597				
Gross margin	\$ 6,786	\$	6,191	\$	\$ 13,662		12,451				
Gross margin percentage	10.85 %	, D	10.80 %	, D	11.06 %		10.92 %				

Quarterly Results

Gross margin percentage increased five basis points. Excluding the impact of gasoline price deflation on net sales, gross margin percentage was 10.84%, an increase of four basis points. Gross margin percentage from warehouse ancillary and other businesses was flat, primarily due to an increase in e-commerce, partially offset by a decrease in our gasoline business. The LIFO impact was flat quarter over quarter. Changes in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar negatively impacted gross margin by approximately \$135, compared to the second quarter of 2024, attributable to our Other International and Canadian operations.

The gross margin in core merchandise categories, when expressed as a percentage of core merchandise sales (rather than total net sales), decreased eight basis points. The decrease was primarily due to increased supply chain costs to support higher inventory levels and certain mix changes in our non-food categories. This measure eliminates the impact of changes in sales penetration and gross margin from our warehouse ancillary and other businesses.

Gross margin percentage on a segment basis, when expressed as a percentage of the segment's own sales and excluding the impact of changes in gasoline prices on net sales (segment gross margin

percentage), increased in our U.S. segment, which performed similarly to the consolidated results above. Our Canadian segment gross margin percentage decreased, primarily due to decreases in core merchandise categories, partially offset by warehouse ancillary and other businesses. Gross margin decreased in our Other International segment, primarily due to decreases in core merchandise categories.

Year-to-date Results

Gross margin percentage increased 14 basis points. Excluding the impact of gasoline price deflation on net sales, gross margin percentage was 10.98%, an increase of six basis points. This increase was positively impacted by 14 basis points in our core merchandise categories, primarily due to our co-branded credit card program. This increase was partially offset by eight basis points due to warehouse ancillary and other businesses, primarily gasoline, partially offset by e-commerce. Changes in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar negatively impacted gross margin by approximately \$158, compared to the first half of 2024, attributable to our Other International and Canadian operations.

The gross margin in core merchandise categories, when expressed as a percentage of core merchandise sales (rather than total net sales), decreased three basis points. The decrease was primarily due to non-foods, partially offset by fresh foods and foods and sundries.

Segment gross margin percentage increased in all segments. Our U.S. segment performed similarly to the consolidated results above. Our Canadian and Other International segments gross margin increased, primarily due to increases in core merchandise categories.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

	 12 Weeks Ended				24 Week	eks Ended			
	February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024		February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024		
SG&A expenses	\$ 5,663	\$	5,240	\$	11,509	\$	10,598		
SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales	9.06 %		9.14 %		9.32 %		9.29 %		

Quarterly Results

SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales decreased eight basis points. SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales excluding the impact of gasoline price deflation was 9.05%, a decrease of nine basis points. The comparison to last year was favorably impacted by eight basis points due to warehouse operations and other businesses, largely attributable to improved productivity. Preopening costs were also lower by one basis point. Central operating costs and stock compensation were flat. Changes in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar decreased SG&A expenses by approximately \$85 compared to the second guarter of 2024, attributable to our Other International and Canadian operations.

Year-to-date Results

SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales increased three basis points. SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales excluding the impact of gasoline price deflation was 9.25%, a decrease of four basis points. The comparison to last year was favorably impacted by two basis points related to warehouse operations and other businesses, largely attributable to sales leverage and improved productivity. Preopening costs were also lower by two basis points, and stock compensation was lower by one basis point. SG&A was negatively impacted by one basis point due to central operating costs. Changes in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar decreased SG&A expenses by approximately \$93 compared to the first half of 2024, attributable to our Other International and Canadian operations.

Interest Expense

to ost Experise		12 Week	s E	nded	24 Week	s En	nded
	F	February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024	February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024
Interest expense	\$	36	\$	41	\$ 73	\$	79

Interest expense is primarily related to Senior Notes and financing leases. The decrease in interest expense for the second quarter and first half of 2025 was primarily due to repayment of the 2.750% Senior Notes in May 2024.

Interest Income and Other, Net

more and care, not									
		12 Week	s Ended	<u> </u>	24 Weeks Ended				
	February 16, 2025		Feb	ruary 18, 2024	February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024		
Interest income	\$	109	\$	147	\$	205	\$	301	
Foreign-currency transaction gains, net		23		31		66		34	
Other, net		10		38		18		41	
Interest income and other, net	\$	142	\$	216	\$	289	\$	376	

The decrease in interest income in the second quarter and first half of 2025 was due to lower average cash and investment balances, following the special dividend in January 2024, and lower interest rates. Foreign-currency transaction gains, net, include mark-to-market adjustments for forward foreign-exchange contracts and revaluation or settlement of monetary assets and liabilities by our Canadian and Other International operations. See Derivatives and Foreign Currency sections in Item 8, Note 1 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, for the fiscal year ended September 1, 2024.

Provision for Income Taxes

		12 Weeks Ended				24 Week	24 Weeks Ended			
	February 16, 2025		F	ebruary 18, 2024	February 16, 2025		February 18, 2024			
Provision for income taxes	\$	634	\$	494	\$	1,142	\$	1,011		
Effective tax rate		26.2 %		22.1 %		24.2 %		23.3 %		

The effective tax rate for the first half of 2025 was favorably impacted by discrete tax benefits of \$100, primarily excess tax benefits related to stock compensation.

The effective tax rate for the first half of 2024 was favorably impacted by discrete tax benefits of \$94 related to the portion of the special cash dividend payable through our 401(k) plan and \$44 of excess tax benefits related to stock compensation.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following table summarizes our significant sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents:

		24 Weeks Ended						
	February 16, 12025			February 18, 2024				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	6,008	\$	5,382				
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,007)		(1,752)				
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,434)		(8,250)				

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations, cash and cash equivalents, and short-term investments. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments were \$13,158 and \$11,144 at February 16, 2025, and September 1, 2024. Of these balances, unsettled credit and debit card receivables represented approximately \$2,292 and \$2,519 at February 16, 2025, and September 1, 2024. These receivables generally settle within four days.

Material contractual obligations arising in the normal course of business primarily consist of purchase obligations, long-term debt and related interest payments, leases, and construction and land purchase obligations. Purchase obligations consist of contracts primarily related to merchandise, equipment, and third-party services, the majority of which are due in the next 12 months. Construction and land-purchase obligations consist of contracts primarily related to the development and opening of new and relocated warehouses, the majority of which (other than leases) are due in the next 12 months.

We believe that our cash and investment position and operating cash flow, with capacity under existing and available credit agreements, will be sufficient to meet our liquidity and capital requirements for the foreseeable future and our U.S. current and projected asset position is sufficient to meet our U.S. liquidity requirements.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$6,008 in the first half of 2025, compared to \$5,382 in the first half of 2024. Our cash flow provided by operations is primarily from net sales and membership fees. Cash flow used in operations generally consists of payments to merchandise suppliers, warehouse operating costs, including wages and employee benefits, utilities, credit and debit card processing fees, and operating leases. Cash used in operations also includes payments for income taxes. Changes in our net investment in merchandise inventories (the difference between merchandise inventories and accounts payable) is impacted by several factors, including inventory levels and turnover, payment terms with suppliers, and early payments to obtain discounts.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities totaled \$2,007 in the first half of 2025, compared to \$1,752 in the first half of 2024, and is primarily related to capital expenditures. Net cash from investing activities also includes purchases and maturities of short-term investments.

Capital Expenditure Plans

Our primary requirements for capital are acquiring land, buildings, and equipment for new and remodeled warehouses, information systems and manufacturing and distribution facilities. In the first half of 2025, we spent \$2,401 on capital expenditures, and it is our current intention to spend a total of approximately \$5,000 during fiscal 2025. These expenditures are expected to be financed with cash from operations, cash and cash equivalents, and short-term investments. We opened eight new warehouses, including one relocation, in the first half of 2025 and plan to open 20 additional new warehouses, including two relocations, in the remainder of fiscal 2025. There can be no assurance that current expectations will be

realized, and plans are subject to change upon further review of our capital expenditure needs and the economic environment.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$1,434 in the first half of 2025, compared to \$8,250 in the first half of 2024. Cash flow used in financing activities during the first half of 2025 was primarily related to the payment of dividends, repurchases of common stock, withholding taxes on stock-based awards, and repayments of short-term borrowings. Cash flow provided by financing activities included proceeds from short-term borrowings.

Dividends

A quarterly cash dividend of \$1.16 per share was declared on January 23, 2025, and paid on February 21, 2025. Dividends in the second quarter of 2024 included a special dividend of \$15 per share, resulting in a payment of approximately \$6,655.

Share Repurchase Program

On January 19, 2023, the Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program in the amount of \$4,000, which expires in January 2027. During the first half of 2025 and 2024, we repurchased 443,000 and 528,000 shares of common stock, at an average price per share of \$932.03 and \$609.51, totaling approximately \$413 and \$322. These amounts may differ from the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows due to changes in unsettled repurchases at the end of a quarter. Purchases are made from time to time, as conditions warrant, in the open market or in block purchases, pursuant to plans under SEC Rule 10b5-1. Repurchased shares are retired, in accordance with the Washington Business Corporation Act. The remaining amount available to be purchased under our approved plan was \$2,452 at the end of the second quarter.

Bank Credit Facilities and Commercial Paper Programs

We maintain bank credit facilities for working capital and general corporate purposes. At February 16, 2025, we had borrowing capacity under these facilities of \$1,176. Our international operations maintain \$680 of this capacity under bank credit facilities, of which \$159 is guaranteed by the Company. Short-term borrowings outstanding under the bank credit facilities, which are included in other current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets, were immaterial at the end of the second quarter of 2025 and at the end of 2024.

We have letter of credit facilities, for commercial and standby letters of credit, totaling \$220. The outstanding commitments under these facilities at the end of the second quarter of 2025 totaled \$198, most of which were standby letters of credit that do not expire or have expiration dates within one year. The bank credit facilities have various expiration dates, most within one year, and we generally intend to renew these facilities. The amount of borrowings available at any time under our bank credit facilities is reduced by the amount of standby and commercial letters of credit outstanding.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires that we make estimates and judgments. We base these on historical experience and on assumptions that we believe to be reasonable. Our critical accounting policies are discussed in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, for the fiscal year ended September 1, 2024. There have been no material changes to the critical accounting estimates previously disclosed in that Report.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See discussion of Recent Accounting Pronouncements in Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Report.

Item 3—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Our direct exposure to financial market risk results from fluctuations in foreign-currency exchange rates and interest rates. There have been no material changes to our market risks as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, for the fiscal year ended September 1, 2024.

Item 4—Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission and to ensure that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and financial officers, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, with assistance from other members of management, have reviewed the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of February 16, 2025, and, based on their evaluation, have concluded the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of such date.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during the second quarter of fiscal 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1—Legal Proceedings

See discussion of Legal Proceedings in Note 8 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Report.

Item 1A-Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, for the fiscal year ended September 1, 2024. There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2—Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table sets forth information on our common stock repurchase activity for the second quarter of 2025 (amounts in millions, except share and per share data):

<u>Period</u>	Total Number of Shares Purchased	erage Price d Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Programs ⁽¹⁾	Shares that Purchased	ollar Value of t May Yet be d Under the rams(1)
November 25, 2024 — December 22, 2024	68,000	\$ 979.85	68,000	\$	2,592
December 23, 2024 — January 19, 2025	75,000	927.31	75,000		2,522
January 20, 2025 — February 16, 2025	70,000	998.15	70,000		2,452
Total second quarter	213,000	\$ 967.29	213,000		

⁽¹⁾ Our share repurchase program is conducted under a \$4,000 authorization approved by our Board of Directors in January 2023, which expires in January 2027.

Item 3—Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4—Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5—Other Information

None.

Item 6—Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or are incorporated herein by reference.

			Incorporated by Reference		
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Filed Herewith	Form	Period Ending	Filing Date
3.1	Articles of Incorporation as amended of Costco Wholesale Corporation		10-K	8/28/2022	10/5/2022
3.2	Bylaws as amended of Costco Wholesale Corporation		8-K		9/20/2024
10.1*	Executive Employment Agreement effective January 1, 2025, between Ron Vachris and Costco Wholesale Corporation		10-Q	11/24/2024	12/19/2024
10.2#	Citibank, N.A. Co-Branded Credit Card Agreement and amendments 1 through 13	X			
31.1	Rule 13(a) - 14(a) Certifications	x			
32.1	Section 1350 Certifications	x			
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document	x			
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	x			
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	х			
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	X			
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document	Х			
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	X			
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)	x			

^{*} Management contract, compensatory plan or arrangement.

Certain information in this exhibit has been omitted because it is (i) immaterial and (ii) customarily and actually treated by the registrant as private or confidential.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION (Registrant)

March 12, 2025	Ву	/s/ RONM. VACHRIS	
Date		Ron M. Vachris	
		Chief Executive Officer, President and Director	
March 12, 2025	Ву	/s/ Gary Millerohip	
Date		Gary Millerchip	
		Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	