Phase 2 Transaction Management & 2PL

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Architecture

Middleware contains the Transaction Manager (TM)

- All calls to the middleware are sent to the TM
- The TM maintains a list of Resource Managers (RM)
- Whist the Car, Flight, Hotel RMs are separate servers the customer is part of the middleware.
- The TM maintains a Transaction object per incoming transaction
- The ™ has one single global Lock Manager (LM) to maintain locks on items.

Architecture - 2PL

The TM maintains the Lock Manager and a Transaction object per call

- Each Transaction object has a set of different lists:
 - Accessed item list
 - Write list per resource
 - Delete list per resource
- All information about accessed item are kept in these lists
- Each item access is read first time (if LOCK granted) and put to the accessed list.
- Subsequest changes are only reflected in this list
- Writes and deletes are marked in Write & Delete lists
- If aborted these lists are just flushed else written to RM at commit

Performance

Conclusions:

The RTT reduces significantly comparing requests to a single RM against multiple RMs

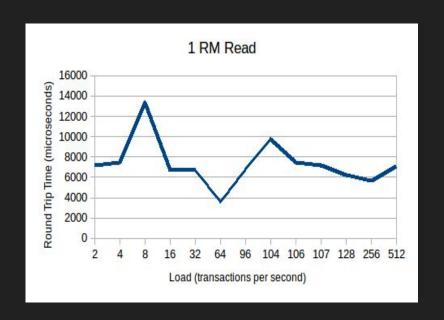
Ex: RTT in single RM-Read is higher than multiple RM-Read

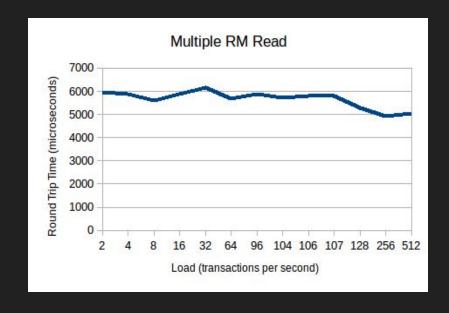
RTT in single RM-Write is higher than multiple RM-Write

In the case of a mix of Read & Write involved transactions the client seems to come to a exhausted scenario soon where the middleware is able to handle the requests. Hence, they seems to crash sooner.

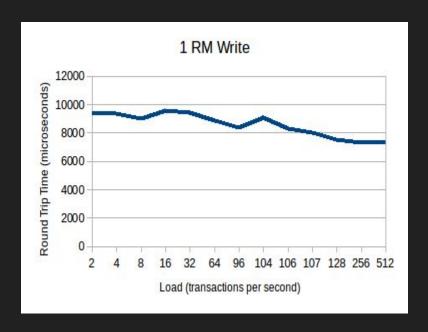
Comparing Read & Write mixed transaction in 1-RM and Multiple-RM, the 1-RM seems to perform better.

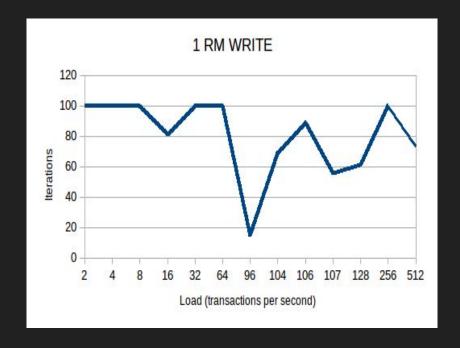
1 RM Read (Round Trip Time)



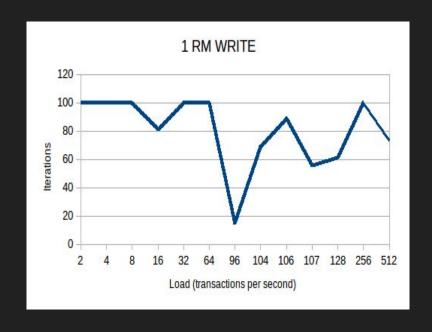


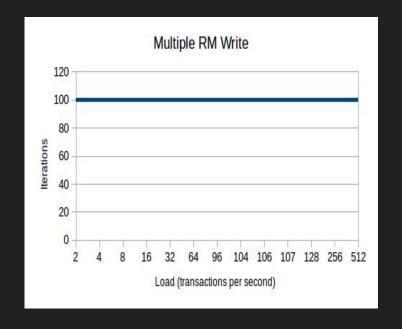
1 RM Write (Round Trip Time)



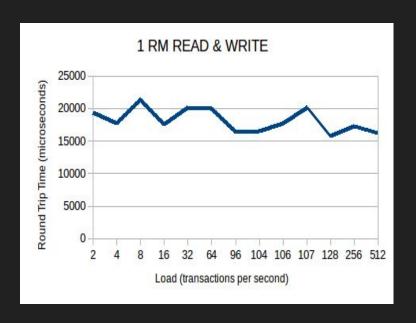


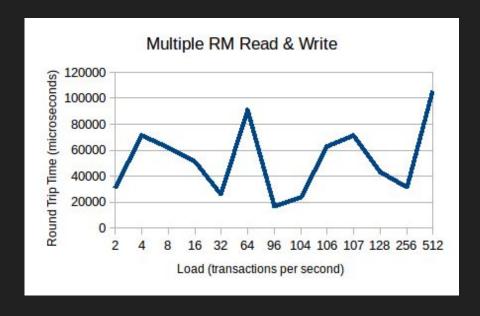
Multiple RM Write (successful iterations)



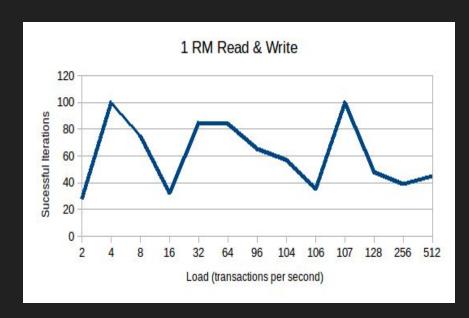


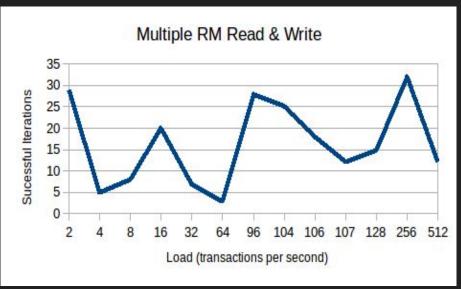
Read & Write (Round Trip Time)





Read & Write (successful iterations)





Distributed clients (Read & Write Transactions)

| Client & Load | 10 clients | 40 clients |
|---------------|------------|------------|
| 1 t/sec | 36 ms | 58 ms |
| 2 t/sec | 33 ms | 48 ms |
| 10 t/sec | 28 ms | 22 ms |