Highlighting: Task 01(no highlighting), Task 02, Task 03)

Task01: Submit a comprehensive commented file of the original code.

```
/*Shabrya Lott
* Tiva c Lab04
* Usage: This is a simple program enables toggles LED using a timer and interrupt
* Input: NONE
* Output: Blue LED's toggling as specified freq and duty cycle
#include <stdint.h>
                                                 //Variable definitions for the C99 standard
#include <stdbool.h>
                                        //Boolean definitions for the C99 standard
#include "inc/tm4c123gh6pm.h"
                                //def. for the interrupt and register assignments on the Tiva C Series device on
the launchPad board
#include "inc/hw memmap.h"
                                        //Macros defining the memory map of the Tiva C Series
#include "inc/hw types.h"
                                //Defines common types and macros
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
                                //Defines macros for System Control API of <u>Driverlib</u>
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"//defines & macros for NVIC Controller(Interrupt)API of driverlib.
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
                                        //Defines macros for GPIO API of Driverlib
#include "driverlib/timer.h"
                                //Defines and macros for Timer API of driverLib.
int main(void)
        uint32 t ui32Period;
        //System clock to 40Mhz (PLL= 400Mhz / 10 = 40Mhz)
        SysCtlClockSet(SYSCTL SYSDIV 5|SYSCTL USE PLL|SYSCTL XTAL 16MHZ|SYSCTL OSC M
AIN):
        //Port configuration (LEDS)
        //Enable GPIOF port
        SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOF);
        //set LEDS connected to pins as outputs
        GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3);
        //Timer configurations
        //Enable TIMER0
        SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_TIMER0);
        //Set Timer0 to Periodic mode
        TimerConfigure(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_CFG_PERIODIC);
        //PWM period at 10 Hz at 50% duty cycle
        ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 10) / 2;
        //Load timer period
        TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, ui32Period -1);
        //Enable interrupts on Timer0
        IntEnable(INT TIMER0A);
        //Set Timer0 to interrupt at timeout
        TimerIntEnable(TIMER0 BASE, TIMER TIMA TIMEOUT);
        //Enable master interrupt
        IntMasterEnable();
        //Enable Timer
        TimerEnable(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A);
        while(1) //infinite loop
}
```

```
void Timer0IntHandler(void)
       // Clear the timer interrupt
       TimerIntClear(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT);
       // Read the current state of the GPIO pin and
       // write back the opposite state
       if(GPIOPinRead(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2))
       {
               //turn off LEDS
               GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3, 0);
       else
               //Turn on Blue LED
               GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, 4);
Task02: Change the toggle of the GPIO at 50 Hz and at 20% duty cycle and verify
uint32 t ui32Period;
int main(void)
       //PWM period at 50Hz
       ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 50);
       //Load timer period with 80% of period
       TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, (ui32Period -1)*0.80);
void Timer0IntHandler(void)
       if(GPIOPinRead(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2))
               //turn off LEDS
               GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3, 0);
               //Load timer period with 80% of period
               TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, (ui32Period -1)*0.80);
       else
               //Turn on Blue LED
               GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, 4);
               //Load timer period with DC = 20\%
               TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, (ui32Period -1)*0.20);
```

Task 03: Include a GPIO Interrupt to Task 02 from switch SW2 to turn ON and the LED for 0.5 <a href="sec">sec</a>. Use a Timer1 to calculate the 0.5 <a href="sec">sec</a> delay. The toggle of the GPIO is suspended when executing the interrupt.

```
void GPIOF0IntHandler(void);
int main(void)
        //Unlock Pin F0 to use an interrupt on SW2
       SYSCTL RCGC2 R = 0x00000020; // activate clock for Port F
       GPIO PORTF LOCK R = 0x4C4F434B; // unlock GPIO Port F
                                    // allow changes to PF4-0
       GPIO_PORTF_CR_R = 0x1F;
        // only PF0 needs to be unlocked, other bits can't be locked
       GPIO PORTF AMSEL R = 0x00; // disable analog on PF
       GPIO_PORTF_PCTL_R = 0x000000000; // PCTL GPIO on PF4-0
       GPIO PORTF DIR R = 0x0E; // PF4,PF0 in, PF3-1 out
       GPIO\_PORTF\_AFSEL\_R = 0x00;
                                        // disable alt funct on PF7-0
       GPIO_PORTF_PUR_R = 0x11;
                                       // enable pull-up on PF0 and PF4
       GPIO_PORTF_DEN_R = 0x1F;
                                       // enable digital I/O on PF4-0
void Timer0IntHandler(void)
void GPIOF0IntHandler(void) //interrupt handler for GPIO pin F0
       uint32 t delay;
        //clear interrupt flag on pin F0
       GPIOIntClear(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 0);
        //Turn on Blue LED
       GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3, 4);
       //set up TIMER1
        /Enable TIMER1 peripheral
       SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_TIMER1);
        //Set TIMER1 to periodic mode
       TimerConfigure(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_CFG_PERIODIC);
       delay = (SysCtlClockGet()/8);
        //load TIMER1 period
       TimerLoadSet(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_A, (delay-1));
        //Enable timer
       TimerEnable(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_A);
        //wait for 0.5 sec
       while (TimerValueGet(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_A) < (delay-8));
        //Turn off Blue LED
       GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3, 0);
```