26 Feb ASS

April 3, 2023

```
[2]: import numpy as np
      list_ = [ '1' , '2' , '3' , '4' , '5' ]
      array_list = np.array(object = list_)
 []: Q1. Is there any difference in the data type of variables list_ and array_list?__
       →If there is then write a code
      to print the data types of both the variables.
 [ ]: ANS -
 []: The main difference between list and arraylist is that list is an interface
      ⇒while arraylist is a class . most
      importantly ,it implements the list interface , which also means that \operatorname{arraylist}_{\sqcup}
       →is a subtype of the list interface.
[10]: list = ['1', '2', '3', '4', '5']
[15]:
     np.array(object = list)
[15]: array(['1', '2', '3', '4', '5'], dtype='<U1')
 []:
 []:
 []: Q2. Write a code to print the data type of each and every element of both the
      →variables list_ and
      arra_list.
 [ ]: ANS -
[32]: arr = ['1', '2', '3', '4', '5']
[33]: type(1)
[33]: int
```

```
[34]: type(2)
[34]: int
[35]: type(3)
[35]: int
[36]: type(4)
[36]: int
[37]: type(5)
[37]: int
 []:
 []:
 []: Q3. Considering the following changes in the variable, array_list:
     array_list = np.array(object = list_, dtype = int)
     Will there be any difference in the data type of the elements present in both
      arra_list? If so then print the data types of each and every element present in_
      ⇔both the variables, list
     and arra_list.
 [ ]: ANS -
[38]: list = ['1' , '2' , '3' , '4' , '5']
[39]: np.array(object = list_, dtype = int)
[39]: array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
 []:
 []: Q4. Write a code to find the following characteristics of variable, num_array:
     (i) shape
     (ii) size
 []: ANS -
 [3]: import numpy as np
 [4]: arr1 =np.random.randint(3,5, (7,9))
```

```
[5]: arr1
[5]: array([[4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4],
            [3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4],
            [3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 3, 3],
            [3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3],
            [3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4],
            [3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4],
            [4, 3, 4, 3, 3, 4, 3, 3, 3]])
[6]: arr1.shape
[6]: (7, 9)
[7]: arr1.size
[7]: 63
[]:
[]:
[]: Q5. Write a code to create numpy array of 3*3 matrix containing zeros only,
      →using a numpy array
     creation function.
     [Hint: The size of the array will be 9 and the shape will be (3,3).]
[ ]: ANS -
[8]: np.zeros((9,3,3))
[8]: array([[[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]],
            [[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]],
            [[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]],
            [[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]],
```

```
[[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]],
            [[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]],
            [[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]],
            [[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]],
            [[0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.],
             [0., 0., 0.]]])
[]:
[]:
[]: Q6. Create an identity matrix of shape (5,5) using numpy functions?
     [Hint: An identity matrix is a matrix containing 1 diagonally and other
      ⇔elements will be 0.]
[ ]: ANS -
[9]: np.eye(5,5)
[9]: array([[1., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 1., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 1., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., 1., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., 0., 1.]])
[]:
[]:
```