Day 14 Task:

Python Data Types and Data Structures for DevOps

Tasks:

- 1. Give the Difference between List, Tuple and set. Do Handson and put screenshots as per your understanding.
- → According to my understanding
 - A list is a collection of items in a specific order, like a shopping list. You can add, remove, or change items in a list.
 - A tuple is similar to a list, but once you create it, you can't change it. Think of it like a list of things that are fixed and cannot be changed.
 - A **set** is a collection of unique items, like a set of unique numbers. If you try to add something that is already in the set, it will not be added again.

Examples:

```
🗬 firstday.py
                       Day-14.py
Day-14.py > ...
        print("Task-1")
        my_list = ["AWS", "Azure",
   ٦
        print(my_list)
   3
   4
        my_list[1] = "Oracle"
         print("After changing the list")
   6
         print(my_list)
   7
   8
PROBLEMS
             OUTPUT
                        DEBUG CONSOLE
                                           TERMINAL
                                                        COMMENTS
                           c:; cd 'c:\Rushikesh\py2'; & 'C:
PS C:\Rushikesh\py2>
extensions\ms-python.python-2022.20.2\pythonFiles\lib\
 ру
 Task-1
 ['AWS', 'Azure', 'GCP']
After changing the list
['AWS', 'Oracle', 'GCP'
 ['AWS', 'Oracle', 'GCP
PS C:\Rushikesh\py2> [
```

```
Day-14.py 1 ×
firstday.py
Day-14.py > ...
  9
       My_tuple = ("AWS", "Azure", "GCP")
 10
       print(My_tuple)
 11
       #now im trying to change the tuple list. lets check what hap
My_tuple[1] = "Oracle"
 13
        Print("After changing the tuple list")
 15
       print(My_tuple)
PROBLEMS (1)
                OUTPUT
                          DEBUG CONSOLE
                                          TERMINAL
                                                      COMMENTS
PS C:\Rushikesh\py2> c:; cd 'c:\Rushikesh\py2'; & 'C:\Users\G15\AppDa
extensions\ms-python.python-2022.20.2\pythonFiles\lib\python\debugpy
 ('AWS', 'Azure', 'GCP')
 Traceback (most recent call last):
File "c:\Rushikesh\py2\Day-14.py", line 13, in <module>
     My_tuple[1] = "Oracle"
TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
PS C:\Rushikesh\py2>
```

```
firstday.py
                           Day-14.py ×
 Day-14.py > ...
14 # Print("After
                                       changing the tuple list")
  15
            # print(My_tuple)
                 _set = {"AWS", "Azure", "GCP"}
  17
            print(my_set)
my_set.add("AWS")
print("After Adding duplicate value to the set")
print(my_set)
            my_set card("oncelo")
print( (variable) my_set: set[str] > the set")
            print(my_set)
                                                            TERMINAL
 PROBLEMS
                   OUTPUT
                                  DEBUG CONSOLE
                                                                              COMMENTS
 PS C:\Rushikesh\py2> c:; cd 'c:\Rushikesh\py2'; & 'C:\Users\G15\A extensions\ms-python.python-2022.20.2\pythonFiles\lib\python\debug
{'GCP', 'AWS', 'Azure'}
After Adding duplicate value to the set
{'GCP', 'AWS', 'Azure'}
After Adding Another value to the set
{'Oracle', 'GCP', 'AWS', 'Azure'}
PS C:\Rushikesh\py2>
```

2. Create below Dictionary and use Dictionary methods to print your favourite tool just by using the keys of the Dictionary.

```
→
  firstday.py
                  Day-14-1.py
                                    Day-14-2.py X
  d Day-14-2.py > ...
         fav_tools = {
    1
    2
             1:"Linux",
    3
             2: "Git",
             3: "Docker",
    4
             4: "Kubernetes",
    5
             5: "Terraform",
    6
    7
             6: "Ansible",
    8
             7: "Chef"
    9
   10
         fav_tool = 5
   11
         print("My favorite tool is:", fav_tools[fav_tool])
   12
         print("after running another keys of the Dictionary")
   13
   14
         Secind_fav_tool = 1
   15
         print("My Second favorite tool is:", fav_tools[Secind_fav_tool])
   16
   17
  PROBLEMS
             OUTPUT
                      DEBUG CONSOLE
                                     TERMINAL
                                               COMMENTS
  PS C:\Rushikesh\py2'; & 'C:\Users\G15\AppData\Local\Programs
  extensions\ms-python.python-2022.20.2\pythonFiles\lib\python\debugpy\adapter/../..\debu
  2.py'
  My favorite tool is: Terraform
  after running another keys of the Dictionary
  My Second favorite tool is: Linux
  PS C:\Rushikesh\py2>
```

3. Create a List of cloud service providers eq. cloud_providers = ["AWS", "GCP", "Azure"]

Write a program to add Digital Ocean to the list of cloud_providers and sort the list in alphabetical order.

→ firstday.py Day-14-1.py Day-14-3.py X **Day-14-2.py** Day-14-3.py > ... cloud_providers = ["AWS","GCP","Azure"] print("List of cloud providers:", cloud_providers) print(" 3 4 5 cloud_providers.sort() cloud_providers.append("Digital Ocean") 6 7 cloud_providers.sort() print("after sorting & adding cloud providers") 8 print("List of cloud providers:", cloud_providers) 9 print(" 10 11 12 cloud_providers.extend(["Oracle"]) 13 cloud_providers.sort() 14 print("after sorting & adding one more cloud providers") 15 print("List of cloud providers:", cloud_providers) 16 PROBLEMS OUTPUT **DEBUG CONSOLE** TERMINAL COMMENTS PS C:\Rushikesh\py2> c:; cd 'c:\Rushikesh\py2'; & 'C:\Users\G15\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Py extensions\ms-python.python-2022.20.2\pythonFiles\lib\python\debugpy\adapter/../..\debugpy\launch 3.py' List of cloud providers: ['AWS', 'GCP', 'Azure'] after sorting & adding cloud providers List of cloud providers: ['AWS', 'Azure', 'Digital Ocean', 'GCP'] after sorting & adding one more cloud providers
List of cloud providers: ['AWS', 'Azure', 'Digital Ocean', 'GCP', 'Oracle'] PS C:\Rushikesh\py2>

In the above code, I first created a list **cloud_providers** containing **AWS**, **GCP**, **Azure** then I used the **append** method to add **Digital Ocean** to the list, and then I used the sort method to sort the list in alphabetical order. Finally, I printed the list to check the result.

Alternatively, the **.extend()** method can also be used to add elements to a list by adding the elements of an iterable like a list or tuple to the list it is called on.