This question paper contains 3 printed pages]

Roll No.							
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S. No. of Question Paper: 5607

Unique Paper Code : 2493010011

Name of the Paper : Molecular Basis of Non-Communicable Human

Diseases (DSE)

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Biochemistry (NEP)

Semester : VI

Duration: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 60

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

There are six questions.

Attempt four questions in all. All questions carry equal marks.

Question No. 1 is compulsory.

## 1. (A) Justify the following statements:

- (i) Certain blood pressure medication can lead to hyponatremia.
- (ii) LH: FSH ratio is often relevated in PCOS.
- (iii) Beta-thalassemia minor individuals show enlarged bone marrow and spleen along with iron-overload.
- (iv) Most patients with trisomy 21 (Down's syndrome) develop Alzhemier's disease at an earlier age.
- (v) Stress can aggravate the irritable bowel syndrome.
- (vi) Most common cancers are of polygenic origin.

	(B)	Expand and explain the following terms (any two):
		(i) ARDS
		(ii) TNBC
		(iii) DVT 12,3
2.	(A)	Explain how the following contribute to the development of atherosclerosis:
		(i) Hypertension
		(ii) Inflammation
		(iii) Caloric overnutrition
		(iv) Smoking
	(B)	How do tumour cells evade immune surveillance? 10,5
3.	Diff	erentiate between the following:
	(i)	Hyperplastic and Hypertrophic obsesity
	(ii)	Diabetic coma and Insulin shock
	(iii)	Chronic Bronchitis and emphysema
	(iv)	Heart attack and heart failure
•	(v)	Oncogenes and protooncogenes 3×5=15
4.	_	lain the molecular basis, diagnosis, symptoms and treatment strategies for
	the	following:
	(1)	Sickle cell Amemia
•	(2)	PKU .
	(3)	Cystic Fibrosis
	(4)	Huntington's diseases. 4,4,4,3
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- 5. (A) Discuss gene-environment interactions in chronic diseases with *two* suitable examples.
  - (B) Draw a schematic diagram showing the malignant transformation of carcinoma from a normal cell.
  - (C) Explain the inheritance pattern of classical Hemophila and discuss the gene therapy for this disorder.
  - (D) Discuss the efficacy and mechanism of action of GLP-1 agonists in management of Disabetes mellitus. 4,4,4,3
- 6. (A) A 9-year old boy was brought to the OPD with facial swelling, and discomfort in passing urine. He had streptococcal throat infection two weeks ago which was resolved in a few days. The following were the laboratory reports:

Blood analysis: Hb-13 mg/dl, TLC-9800/ul, DLC- P76 L20 E2 M2, Serum Protein-5.0 gm/dl, Serum Albumin-2.5 gm/dl.

Urine analysis: Albumin ++, sugar-nil, 2-3 Pus cell/HPF

- (i) Discuss the lab findings and justify your diagnosis.
- (ii) What is the underlying pathology for hypoproteinemia and proteinuria?
- (iii) Give basis for swelling in face and around eyes.
- (B) Explain the utility and mechanism of action of the following drugs:
  - (i) Tamoxifen
  - (ii) Statins
  - (iii) Beta blockers
  - (iv) Methotrexate.

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