(iv) E. Fischer

5. Write short notes on the following (Any three): $(6\times3=18)$

- (i) Multienzyme complex
- (ii) Artificial sweetener
- (iii) Double reciprocal plot in enzyme kinetics
- (iv) Hemoglobin
- 6. (a) Explain the following terms. Write examples and draw the structures (Any two): (6×2=12)
 - (i) Zwitterion
 - (ii) Coenzyme
 - (iii) Rare amino acid
 - (b) Describe the structure and functions of glutathione.

(6)

(200)

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 4122

 \mathbf{H}

Unique Paper Code

: 2532011202

Name of the Paper

: Biochemistry of Nucleic Acids

and Proteins

Name of the Course

: B.Sc. (Hons.) Microbiology

Semester

: II

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 90

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. Attempt any **five** questions. **All** questions carry equal marks.
- (a) Illustrate the titration curve of a monocarboxylic amino acid highlighting différent ionic species obtained during the course of titration. (6)
 - (b) Describe the contribution of Watson and Crick in the development of field of Molecular Biology.

What are the salient features of the model proposed by them? (2+4=6)

- (c) Define the following terms citing an example: $(2\times3=6)$
 - (i) Isozyme
 - (ii) Essential amino acid
 - (iii) Allosteric enzyme
- 2. (a) Discuss the salient features of a peptide unit with the help of a diagram. Describe super secondary or tertiary structure of a protein studied by you. (4+4=8)
 - (b) Explain how different interactions stabilize the double stranded DNA molecule. (6)
 - (c) Mention an example of each of the following (Any four). (1×4=4)
 - (i) A polar amino acid
 - (ii) An imino amino acid
 - (iii) A prosthetic group
 - (iv) A peptide hormone

(v) A non-protein amino acid

- 3. Differentiate between the following pairs of terms (Any three): $(6\times3=18)$
 - (i) Competitive and non- competitive enzyme inhibition.
 - (ii) α -helix and β sheet
 - (iii) m RNA and t RNA
 - (iv) A DNA and Z DNA
- 4. (a) Identify the pyrimidine base found exclusively in DNA.Draw the structure of the deoxyribonucleotide derived from it. (1+5=6)
 - (b) All enzymes do not follow Michaelis-Menten kinetics. Justify the statement. (6)
 - (c) Write the contributions of the following scientists
 (Any three): (2×3=6)
 - (i) D. Koshland
 - (ii) Pauling and Corey
 - (iii) Thomas Cech