## **DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE -9:**

## Credit distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility	Pre-requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/	criteria	of the course (if any)
				Practice		
Functional Ecology (BS-DSC- 303)	4	2		2	Class XII	NA
			0		pass with	
					Biology	
					and	
					chemistry,	
					as one of	
					the papers	
					in Class XII	

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To understand the basic concepts in ecology and levels of organization in an ecosystem
- ② Obtain a basic understanding of the various aspects of a 'population' and interactions among individuals of the same as well as different species.
- To understand the structure and functions of the community and its processes.
- To comprehend the components of an ecosystem, energy flow and nutrient cycling.
- To appreciate the applied aspects required in restoration of degraded ecosystems.
- To understand trade-offs in life history characteristics of organisms and various behaviors shownby organisms.

## **Learning outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- To comprehend the principles and applications of ecology and ecosystem.
- 2 Know about the importance of ecosystem in general and the effects of changes inecosystem.
- 2 Understand the techniques used for the quantitative and qualitative estimation of bioticand abiotic components of an ecosystem.
- ② Gain knowledge about the density, frequency and diversity of species in an ecosystem.
- 2 Understand about key interactions between organisms like competition, predation, parasitism etc.
- Participate in citizen science initiatives from an ecological perspective

#### **SYLLABUS OF DSC-9**

### Theory

# **Unit 1: Introduction to Ecology**

03 Hours

History of ecology, Autecology and synecology, levels of Organisation, Laws of limiting factors (Liebig's law of minimum, Shelford's law of tolerance), ecological range (Eury and Steno).

## **Unit 2: Population Ecology**

12 Hours

Population: Unitary and Modular populations; Metapopulation: Density, natality, mortality, life tables, fecundity tables, survivorship curves, sex ratio, age pyramids, dispersal and dispersion; carrying capacity, population dynamics (exponential and logistic growth equation and patterns), r and K selection, density-dependent and independent population regulation; Niche concept, Population interactions: Positive and negative interactions; Competition, Gause's Principle for competition with laboratory and field examples, Lotka-Volterra equation for predation.

# **Unit 3: Community Ecology**

08 Hours

Community structure: Dominance, diversity, species richness, abundance, stratification; Diversity indices; Ecotone and edge effect; Community dynamics (succession): Primary and secondary succession, Succession on a bare rock. Climax: monoclimax and polyclimax concepts (preclimax, postclimax, disclimax etc.). Concept of keystone, indicator and flagship species with plant and animal examples.

# **Unit 4: Ecosystem Ecology**

07 Hours

Concept, components, and types of ecosystems (example of Pond ecosystem in detail showing abiotic and biotic components), BOD, eutrophication. Energy flow (Grazing and Detritus food chain), linear and Y-shaped energy flow model, black box model, food web. Ecological pyramids and Ecological efficiencies.

#### **PRACTICALS**

CREDITS: 2 Total weeks: 60 Hours

- 1. To understand the principle and working of ecological instruments such as Anemometer, Hygrometer, Luxmeter, Rain gauge, turbidity meter, pH meter, Soil thermometer, Min-Max thermometer.
- 2. To study biotic interactions using specimens/ photographs/ permanent slides of Parasitic angiosperms, Saprophytic angiosperms, root nodules, velamen roots, lichens, corals
- 3. 3.To study plant-microbe interactions by preparing temporary stained mounts of VAM fungi / mycorrhizal roots/ root nodules.
- 4. Mark recapture method for determining population density of animals
- 5. 5. To determine a minimal quadrat area for sampling
- 6. To determine density, frequency and abundance of herbaceous vegetation by quadrat method
- 7. To estimate dissolved oxygen content of a given water sample using Winkler's method.
- 8. Plotting of survivorship curves from hypothetical life table data.

### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Barrick, M., Odum, E. P., Barrett, G. W., (2005). *Fundamentals of Ecology*. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition. Cengage Learning.
- 2. Smith, T. M..& Smith, R. L.(2012). *Elements of Ecology* 8<sup>th</sup> Edition. Pearson.
- 3. Ricklefs, R. E., & Miller, G. L., (2000). Ecology, 4th Edition W.H. Freeman.
- 4. Sharma, P. D. (2017). *Ecology and Environment*.13<sup>th</sup> Edition. Meerut: Rastogi Publications.

#### MOOCs

- 1. 'Ecology: Ecosystem Dynamics and Conservation from American Museum of Natural History on Coursera https://www.classcentral.com/course/coursera-ecology-ecosystem-dynamics-and-conservation-10618
- 2. https://alison.com/course/diploma-in-ecology-studies
- 3. https://swayam.gov.in/ Any ecology based online course that may be available during the semester, depending on its relevance to the present syllabus