

**DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE –15 (BIOMED-DSC-15) HUMAN
PATHOLOGY**

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)	Department offering the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical			
Human Pathology BIOMED-DSC-15	4	3	-	1	XII Passed	Basic knowledge of biology	Biomedical Science

Learning objectives

The Learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- The course of Human Pathology will build upon the existing knowledge that the students have gained in physiology, cell biology, immunology to help them understand how alteration of normal state takes place and diseases develop. The curriculum is a systematic presentation of the various internal and external stimuli that initiate pathogenesis of diseases.
- Topics like cellular adaptations, inflammation, repair and hemodynamic disorders would assist students for better understanding of the subject.
- Study of neoplasia and a few infectious and non-infectious diseases would help in understanding and integration of all concepts.

Learning outcomes

Having successfully completed this course, students shall be able to learn and appreciate:

- Basics of disease in human body
- Adaptation of the human body under stress and injury
- Repair and healing of wounds
- Importance of early detection, diagnosis and treatment in any disease
- Prevention is better than cure and one needs to follow the discipline and healthy lifestyle

SYLLABUS OF BIOMED-DSC-15

Unit-I: Introduction, Cellular Adaptations, Cell Injury and Cell responses (7 hrs)

History of pathology with respect to medical science, basic definitions and familiarization with the common terms used in pathology, Causes and mechanisms of cell injury: reversible and irreversible injury, Overview of pathogenesis (salient steps) and Cellular responses: (subcellular, intracellular and intercellular response, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Hypertrophy, Atrophy, dysplasia, Necrosis, Apoptosis) with one example each.

Unit-II: Inflammation and its significance in Diseases (7 hrs)

Hallmarks of Inflammation and why inflammation ensues with suitable examples. General features of acute and chronic inflammation: Vascular changes, cellular events, termination of acute inflammatory response, Molecular mediators of inflammation, morphological effects and outcome of acute inflammation. Systemic effects of inflammation

Unit-III: Hemodynamic Pathology (7 hrs)

Edema, hyperaemia, congestion, hemorrhage, haemostasis and thrombosis, Embolism, Infarction, shock and hypertension.

Unit-IV: Tissue Repair and Remodeling (8 hrs)

Control of cell proliferation, maintenance of cellularity and differentiation, mechanism of tissue and organ regeneration. Wound healing by repair (first and second intention), scar formation and fibrosis, role of extracellular matrix. Angiogenesis and pathological aspects of remodeling (eg Atherosclerosis).

Unit-V: Tumor Pathology and Pathogenesis (8 hrs)

Definitions, nomenclature, characteristics of benign and malignant neoplasms, biology of tumor growth, mechanism of tumor invasion, metastasis cancer progression. Overview of genetic changes in transformed cells and cancer stem cells.

Unit-VI: Pathophysiology of Diseases (8 hrs)

Etiopathogenesis of following diseases: Communicable (Tuberculosis), Non-communicable (CAD, Myocardial Infarction and Asthma, Diabetes).

Practical (30 hrs)

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.- minimum 8 practicals)

1. Urine Analysis: Gross examination of urine for colour, odor etc. Abnormal constituents like protein, ketone bodies, glucose, blood, urea (any three)
2. Histopathology Tissue Processing, embedding, sectioning. Staining and preparation of permanent histological slides.
3. Study of four distinct stages of alcoholic liver disease through permanent slide.
4. Study of histological slides showing hypertrophy, hyperplasia, dysplasia, leukemia, cirrhosis
5. Hematological assessment: Study and analysis of a blood report: CBC, KFT, LFT, lipid profile, thyroid profile.
6. Measurement of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate.
7. To perform Platelet count and its pathological significance
8. To perform reticulocyte count its pathological significance
9. Study of fractures
10. Diagnostic tests: Detection of various Diseases – Montoux test, CRP, VDRL, RA, Pregnancy (any two)

Essential Readings

- Kumar, V., Abbas, A.K., Aster, J.C. and Fausto, N. (2020). 10th Edition. Robbins and Cotran Pathologic basis of disease. Philadelphia, USA: Saunders Publishers. ISBN 13: 9780323531139.
- Cross, S.S. (2019). 7th Edition. Underwood's Pathology: a Clinical Approach: with STUDENT CONSULT Access ISBN-13: 978-0702072123.
- Sood, R. (2009). 6th Edition Volume 1 and 2. Medical laboratory technology methods and interpretations. India: Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers. ISBN-13:978-8184484496. There is no recent edition but another book which i have not seen

Suggestive Readings

- Goswami, P; Kalla, A.R; Khatri, K. Dubey, A and Goswami, K. (2022) 1st Edition, Comprehensive Pathology Practical and Technical book , Scientific Publishers. ISBN: 9789392590313
- Copstead-Kirkhorn, L. C. (2021). 7th Edition. Pathophysiology. Philadelphia, USA: Saunders. ISBN: 9780323761550