1175

4

- (v) Cardiac biomarkers are only useful for diagnosing heart attacks.
- 4. (a) Discuss the role of follicle-stimulating hormone, luteinizing hormone, testosterone and estradiol in reproductive health. Also explain their regulatory mechanisms.
 - (b) What is cytogenetics? Explain different techniques used in prenatal and postnatal cytogenetics with examples. (9,9)
- 5. (a) Describe the principle and working of a spectrophotometer. Discuss its applications.
 - (b) Discuss the benefits of automation in clinical laboratories. What are the challenges associated with lab automation? (9,9)
- 6. (a) Explain and draw a graph for GTT showing normal and impaired glucose tolerance, and diabetes mellitus.
 - (b) Discuss the possible causes of proteinuria? (9,9)

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

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Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1175

Unique Paper Code : 3183010007

Name of the Paper : Medical Laboratory Technology

(DSE)

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons) Biomedical

Science (NEP)

Semester : V

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 90

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. Attempt five questions in all.
- 3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 4. Attempt subparts of a question together.
- 5. Give illustrations and examples wherever required.

- 1. (a) Briefly explain the following (any 3): $(3\times2=6)$
 - (i) Informed consent
 - (ii) Pap smear
 - (iii) Melena
 - (iv) Time of liquefaction
 - (b) Differentiate between the following (any 3):

 $(3 \times 3 = 9)$

- (i) Erythropoiesis and Thrombopoiesis
- (ii) Aspiration and Exfoliative Cytology
- (iii) Conjugated and Unconjugated Bilirubin
- (iv) Simple and Fractional Distillation
- (c) Expand the following (any 3): $(3\times1=3)$
 - (i) PPE
 - (ii) CBWTF
 - (iii) IHC
 - (iv) CSF
- 2. (a) Discuss how Real Time PCR can be used for the diagnosis of infectious diseases. Explain with an example.

- (b) Explain how RBC fragility is affected in conditions like sickle cell anemia, thalassemia, hereditary spherocytosis and hemolytic anemia? (9,9)
- 3. (a) Write short notes on the following (any 3): $(3\times4=12)$
 - (i) Stem cell banking
 - (ii) Lab safety measures
 - (iii) G banding
 - (iv) Incubators and hot air ovens
 - (v) Glycosylated Hemoglobin
 - (b) Comment on the following statements (any 3): $(3\times2=6)$
 - (i) During FISH, cells are treated in a hypotonic solution.
 - (ii) Vertical Biosafety cabinets are more suitable for working with pathogenic materials.
 - (iii) Excess of EDTA in blood can lead to incorrect blood index measurements.
 - (iv) Liver function tests can indicate liver damage even when symptoms are absent.