

**BSC. (HONS.) BOTANY
SEMESTER - VI**

Category-I

**Botany (H) Courses for Undergraduate Programme of study with Botany as a Single
Core Discipline**

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE - 16: Plant Biotechnology

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

| Course title & Code | Credits | Credit distribution of the course | | | Eligibility criteria | Pre-requisite of the course (if any) |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|----------|---------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | | Lecture | Tutorial | Practical/ Practice | | |
| Plant Biotechnology DSC-16 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Class XII pass with Biology/ Biotechnology | Nil |

Learning objective:

- to provide knowledge of techniques used in plant biotechnology and their application.

Learning outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to:

14. understand basic concepts, principles and methods in plant biotechnology.
15. explain the use of acquired knowledge in biotechnological, pharmaceutical, medical, ecological and agricultural applications.

Unit 1: Introduction to Biotechnology

02 Hours

Historical timeline; sectors of Biotechnology, brief overview of techniques and methods in Biotechnology.

Unit 2: Plant Tissue Culture

08 Hours

Historical perspective (Major contributions of Haberlandt, Laibach, White, Reinert and Steward, Murashige and Skoog, Cocking, Guha and Maheshwari, Bhojwani, Morel and Martin); types and composition of media: roles of nutrients (major and minor), vitamins, hormones and others (coconut water, activated charcoal); plasticity and totipotency; regeneration: organogenesis (direct and indirect) and embryogenesis (somatic and zygotic); protoplast isolation, culture and fusion; tissue culture applications (micropropagation, androgenesis, haploids, triploids, cybrids, production of virus-free plants).

Unit 3: Recombinant DNA technology

07 Hours

Restriction Endonucleases (History, Types I - IV, biological roles and applications); modifying enzymes and their applications (nucleases, ligases, alkaline phosphatase, polynucleotide kinase), introduction to prokaryotic and eukaryotic cloning vectors: pBR322, pUC18, pUC19, BACs, Lambda phage, YACs. Gene Cloning: Restriction digestion of DNA, elution of DNA from agarose gels, ligation, bacterial transformation and selection of

recombinant clones (alpha complementation, antibiotic selection, restriction enzyme based selection)

Unit 4: Genetic transformation of Plants

05 Hours

Methods of gene transfer to plants: *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation (Ti plasmids, development of binary vectors), Direct gene transfer by Electroporation, Microinjection, Microprojectile bombardment; selection of transgenic plants: selectable marker genes (Positive selection markers – antibiotic- and herbicide-resistance conferring genes) and reporter genes (Luciferase, GUS, GFP); Introduction to genome editing.

Unit 5: Applications

08 Hours

Pest resistant (Bt-cotton) and herbicide resistant plants (RoundUp Ready™ soybean); Transgenic crops with improved quality traits (Flavr Savr™ tomato, Golden™ rice); Improved horticultural varieties (Moondust carnations); Bioremediation (Superbug); Edible vaccines; Biosafety of transgenic plants.

Practicals

60 hours

4. Preparation of Murashige & Skoog's (MS) medium.
5. Initiation of axenic cultures- seed sterilisation and inoculation
6. Micropropagation (shoot induction) using leaf and/or nodal explants of tobacco/*Datura*/ *Brassica* etc.
7. Study of anther culture, embryo and endosperm culture, somatic embryogenesis using digital resources.
8. Preparation of artificial seeds.
9. Induction of callus and analysis of effects of growth regulators (Auxin and Cytokinin) on *in vitro* regeneration using tobacco leaf explant.
10. Preparation of chemically competent cells of *E. coli*.
11. Transformation of *E. coli* with plasmid DNA by heat shock method.
12. Restriction digestion and gel electrophoresis of plasmid DNA.
13. Construction of restriction map of circular and linear DNA from the data provided.
14. Visit to a research laboratory.

Suggested Readings:

5. Slater, A., Scott, N. W. & Fowler, M. R. (2010) Plant Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulation of Plants. 2ndedn. New York, USA: Oxford University Press Inc.
6. Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2010) Principles of Genetics, 5th edition. Chichester, England: John Wiley and Sons.
7. Brown, T. A. (2020) Gene Cloning & DNA Analysis: An Introduction. 8thedn. UK: Wiley Blackwell.
8. Primrose, S. B. & Twyman, R.M. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. 7thedn. Victoria, Australia: Blackwell Publishing.
9. Bhojwani, S.S., Razdan, M.K., (1996). Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and Practice. Amsterdam, Netherlands: Elsevier Science.

Additional Resources:

9. Bhojwani, S.S. and Dantu, P.K. (2013). Plant Tissue Culture: An Introductory Text. Springer New Delhi Heidelberg New York Dordrecht London

10. Glick, B.R., & Patten C. (2022). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications. 6thedn. Washington, U.S.: ASM Press.
11. Bhojwani, S.S., Bhatnagar, S.P. (2011). The Embryology of Angiosperms, 5th edition. New Delhi, Delhi: Vikas Publication House Pvt. Ltd.
12. Stewart, C.N. Jr. (2008). Plant Biotechnology and Genetics: Principles, Techniques and Applications. New Jersey, U.S.: John Wiley & Sons Inc.
13. Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J. J. & Patten C. (2010). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications. 4thedn. Washington, U.S.: ASM Press.
14. Glick, B.R., & Patten C. (2017). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications. 5thedn. Washington, U.S.: ASM Press.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.