[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1389

Unique Paper Code : 2492011103

Name of the Paper : Biochemical Techniques

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Biochemistry

Semester : I

Duration: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. There are 6 questions.
- 3. Attempt any 4 questions.
- 4. All questions carry equal marks. Question no. 1 is compulsory.
- 1. (a) Justify the following:
 - (i) Glass cuvettes are not used to measure absorbance of DNA solutions.

- (ii) A denser particle will have a higher sedimentation coefficient.
- (iii) All fluorescence compounds have cyclic structures.
- (iv) Why can be molecular weight of proteins not be estimated by Native-gel electrophoresis but can be calculated by SDS-PAGE?
- (v) A spacer arm is interposed between ligand and the matrix in affinity chromatography.
- (vi) Electrophoresis cannot be used for separation of lipids.
- (b) The absorbance of a 12×10⁻⁵ M solution at a wavelength of 280 nm is 0.5. The pathlength of the cuvette is 1 cm. Calculate the molar extinction coefficient. (12,3)

2. (a) Define the following:

- (i) Void volume
- (ii) Partition coefficient
- (iii) Exclusion limit
- (iv) Chromophore

- (v) Molar extinction coefficient
- (vi) Stoke's shift
- (vii) Retention factor
- (b) Derive Beer-Lambert's Law and discuss its limitations.
- (c) Describe the different types of rotors used for centrifugation. (7,5,3)
- 3. Mention the role of the following in SDS-PAGE:
 - (a) SDS in the sample buffer
 - (b) β -mercaptoethanol
 - (c) TEMED
 - (d) Ammonium persulphaie
 - (e) Coomassie Brilliant Blue
 - (f) Separating gel
 - (g) Bromophenol blue
 - (h) Glycerol
 - (i) Glycine

- (j) Tris buffer (15)
- 4. Differentiate between the following pairs:
 - (a) Cation and anion exchangers
 - (b) Fixed angle and swinging bucket rotors
 - (c) Paper and thin layer chromatography
 - (d) Extrinsic and intrinsic fluorophores
 - (e) Isopycnic and rate zonal gradient centrifugation
 (15)
- 5. (a) Describe the principle and applications of affinity chromatography.
 - (b) Explain the working of a double beam spectrophotometer with the help of a diagram.
 - (c) Write the principle of ion-exchange chromatography and write two applications of this technique.

(5,5,5)

- 6. (a) What are the properties of good matrix used in chromatography? Write two examples of matrices used in gel filtration chromatography.
 - (b) Elaborate the principle of isoelectric focusing technique.
 - (c) Explain the principle of agarose electrophoresis and cite two examples of its applications.

(4200)