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S. No. of Question Paper: 5542

Unique Paper Code : 2492013602

Name of the Paper : Basics of Immunology

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Biochemistry

Semester : VI

Duration: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 60

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

There are 6 questions.

- Attempt any four questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- 1. (a) Write true or false for the following statements with justification:
  - (i) Hen egg albumin is a better immunogen for chicken than for goat.
  - (ii) When anti bovine gamma globulin monoclonal antibodies from Balb/c mice are injected into another Balb/c mice, idiotypic antibodies are produced.
  - (iii) Unlike Tc cells, NK cells can kill IgG coated target cells.
  - (iv) Factor H binds to C5b67 and inhibits the complement pathway.
  - (v) Fixed macrophages found in the kidney are called Kupffer cells.
  - (vi) Membrane bound Immunoglobulin G is a marker for mature B cells.

- (b) Name the following:
  - (i) The cells playing a major role in controlling the early stages of viral infection.
  - (ii) An acute phase response protein.
  - (iii) The split products C3a and C5a released during activation of complement system.
  - (iv) Most potent professional antigen presenting cells (APC).
  - (v) An enzyme that triggers generation of reactive oxygen species (ROS) by macrophages.
  - (vi) A co-stimulatory signal molecule on the surface of T-cell that interacts with B7 on APC. (9,6)
- 2. (a) Diagrammatically represent and explain the structure of IgG.
  - (b) Explain key points of interaction between innate and adaptive immunity.
  - (c) Explain how inflammation helps in combating the early stages on infection. (5,5,5)
- 3. (a) What are T dependent and T independent antigens? Explain how each of them activates B cells?
  - (b) Draw a neat well labelled structure of lymph node and depict the localization of immune cells within the lymph node.
  - (c) Explain how IgM can exist both as membrane bound and secreted antibody. (6,4,5)

- 4. (a) Elaborate on the mechanisms used by cytotoxic T cells for killing a target cell.
  - (b) Explain the structure and function of TCR-CD3 complex.
  - (c) Explain how membrane attack complex (MAC) is formed via classical pathway? (6,4,5)
- 5. (a) What is an immunogen? Describe briefly the characteristics a molecule should have to be an immunogen.
  - (b) Explain the Cytosolic pathway for antigen presentation.
  - (c) Describe the sequence of events involved in the differentiation and maturation of progenitor B cell (pro-B cell) to an immature B cell in the bone marrow. (6,5,4)
- 6. Write short notes on:

 $(3\times5)$ 

- (i) Opsonization
- (ii) Adjuvants
- (iii) TLRs
- (iv) NK Cells
- (v) Class Switching.

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