B.Sc. (H) Botany Category-I

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE - 7: Phycology - The World of Algae

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre- requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Phycology - The World of Algae DSC-7	4	2	0	2	Class XII pass	Nil

Learning Objective:

To provide students with in-depth knowledge of the unique group of algae that are the primary photosynthetic organisms.

Learning Outcomes:

By studying this course students will gain basic knowledge on algae, with reference to:

- the diversity and general characteristics.
- distinguishing features of taxa belonging to different families.
- the various ecological and economic benefits.

Unit 1: Introduction to Algal World

6 hours

Relevance of studying algae – Industrial (food, feed, fodder), Environmental (climate change, biofuel, acidification of oceans), Evolutionary (range of thallus organization); General characteristics; Ecology, diversity and distribution; Range of thallus organization; Cell structure; Criteria for classification (cell wall, pigment system, reserve food, flagella); Reproduction and life cycle patterns; Classification by Fritsch; Evolutionary classification of Lee (only up to groups); Significant contributions of eminent Phycologists.

Unit 2: Cyanophyceae (Blue-Green Algae)

3 hours

General characteristics; Occurrence; Cell structure; Heterocyst (structure and function); Morphology, reproduction and life-cycle of *Nostoc*, economic importance.

Unit 3: Chlorophyceae (Green Algae)

6 hours

General characteristics; Occurrence; Cell structure; Morphology, reproduction and life-cycle of *Chlamydomonas*, *Volvox*, *Chlorella*, *Ulva*, *Oedogonium*, *Coleochaete*; *Chara*; Structure and evolutionary significance of *Prochloron*, economic importance.

Unit 4: Xanthophyceae (Yellow-Green Algae)

2 hours

General characteristics; Occurrence; Morphology, reproduction, and life-cycle of *Vaucheria*, economic importance.

Unit 5: Bacillariophyceae (Diatoms) and Dinophyceae (Dinoflagellates) 3 hours

General characteristics, Occurrence, morphology, unique features, economic importance.

Unit 6: Phaeophyceae (Brown Algae)

4 hours

General characteristics; Occurrence; Morphology, reproduction, and life-cycle of *Ectocarpus* and *Sargassum*, economic importance.

Unit 7: Rhodophyceae (Red Algae)

4 hours

General characteristics; Occurrence; Morphology, reproduction, and life-cycle of *Gracilaria*, economic importance.

Unit 8: Recent advances in algal studies

2 hours

Model systems and their applications in genetic, molecular and evolutionary studies.

Practicals 60 hours

- 1. Study of algal diversity in different habitats through botanical excursion and submission of digital catalogue/report of various species observed.
- 2. *Nostoc*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts and permanent slides; Ultrastructure of Heterocyst through Electron Micrographs.
- 3. *Chlorella*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts. Study of ultrastructure through Electron Micrographs.
- 4. *Volvox*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts and permanent slides.
- 5. *Oedogonium*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts and permanent slides.
- 6. *Coleochaete*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts and permanent slides.
- 7. *Chara*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts, specimens and permanent slides.
- 8. *Vaucheria*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts and permanent slides.
- 9. **Diatoms** and **Dinoflagellates**: Study vegetative, reproductive structures of at least two taxa from water bodies.
- 10. *Ectocarpus*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts and permanent slides.
- 11. *Sargassum*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts, specimens and permanent slides.
- 12. *Polysiphonia/ Gracilaria*: Study of vegetative, reproductive structures from temporary mounts and permanent slides.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Bold, H.C. and Wynne, M.J. (1985). Introduction to the Algae: Structure and Reproduction, 2nd edition. Prentice-Hall International INC.
- 2. Kumar, H.D. (1999). Introductory Phycology, 2nd edition. Affiliated East-West Press, New Delhi.
- 3. Lee, R.E. (2018). Phycology, 4th edition: Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 4. Sahoo, D. and Seckbach, J. (2015). The Algae World. Springer, Dordrecht.
- 5. Sahoo, D. (2000).Farming the Ocean: Seaweed Cultivation and Utilization. Aravali Book International, New Delhi.

Additional Resources:

- 1. Van den Hoek, C., Mann, D.G., Jahans H.M. (1995). Algae: An Introduction to Phycology. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Sharma, O.P. (2011). Algae. Tata Mc Graw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 3. Smith, G.M. (1955). Cryptogamic Botany. Vol.1.Algae and Fungi. McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York.
- 4. Vashishta, B.R., Singh, V.P. and Sinha, A.K. (2012). Botany for Degree Students: Algae. S Chand Publishing, New Delhi.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.