

Objectives



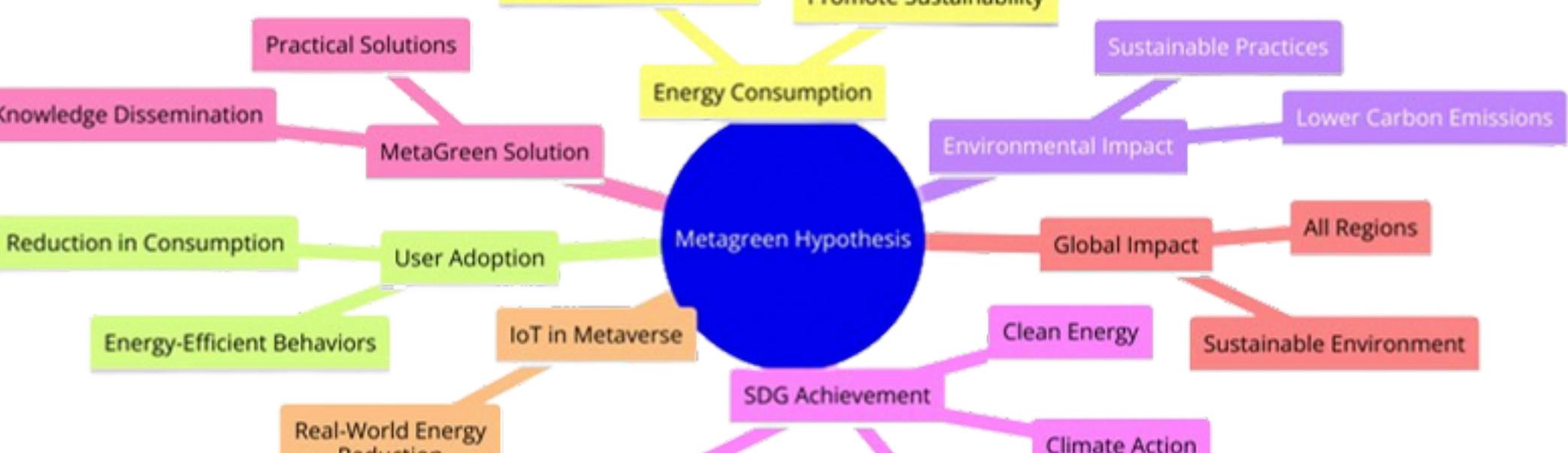
- Innovative Integration of Technology in Agriculture:
 - To successfully integrate Virtual Reality (VR) and advanced sensor technologies into greenhouse management, enhancing operational efficiency and decision-making.
 - To develop and utilize a Raspberry Pi-based system for efficient data processing and real-time management of greenhouse environments.
- Promotion of Sustainable Energy Practices:
 - To significantly reduce carbon emissions in greenhouse operations by transitioning to renewable energy sources such as solar, wind, geothermal, and hydropower.
 - To implement energy-efficient systems, like optimized lighting and air-conditioning, to lower overall energy consumption and waste in greenhouse cultivation.
- Educational and Community Engagement:
 - To conduct workshops, webinars, and interactive sessions to educate communities about the importance of sustainable energy practices in agriculture.
 - To engage with students and local communities to increase awareness and understanding of innovative agricultural technologies and environmental conservation.
- Research and Development:
 - To carry out in-depth research and analysis on the environmental, economic, and technological impacts of integrating sustainable energy practices in greenhouse cultivation.
 - To continuously improve and adapt the MetaGreen system based on feedback and new research findings.
- Economic Viability and Market Competitiveness:
 - To demonstrate the economic viability of the MetaGreen project through cost-benefit analysis, focusing on long-term savings and operational efficiency.
 - To explore market opportunities for products grown in environmentally friendly and energy-efficient greenhouses.

Hypothesis

The hypothesis for implementing Metagreen is to address energy consumption and promote sustainability globally.

We hypothesize that users will adopt energy-efficient behaviors, leading to a reduction in energy consumption, lower carbon emissions, and increased awareness of sustainable practices this will contribute to the achievement of SDG, which will lead to affordable and clean energy, sustainable cities and communities, climate action, and responsible consumption and production. The MetaGreen will provide knowledge and solutions, resulting in a more sustainable and environmentally responsible environment for all regions.

As a result, "By implementing an IoT-based control system in a metaverse environment, we can reduce energy consumption in a real-world setting."



Background Research

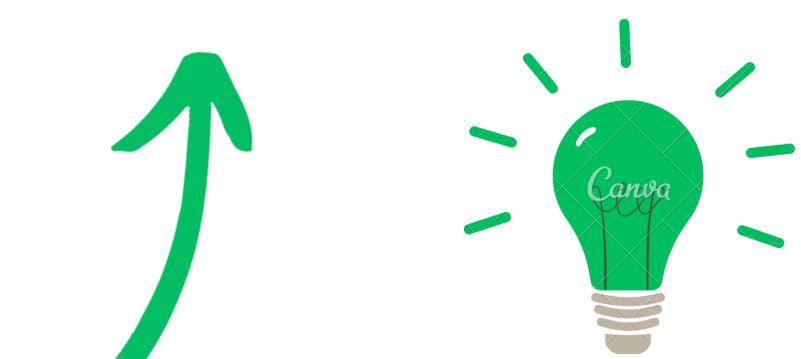
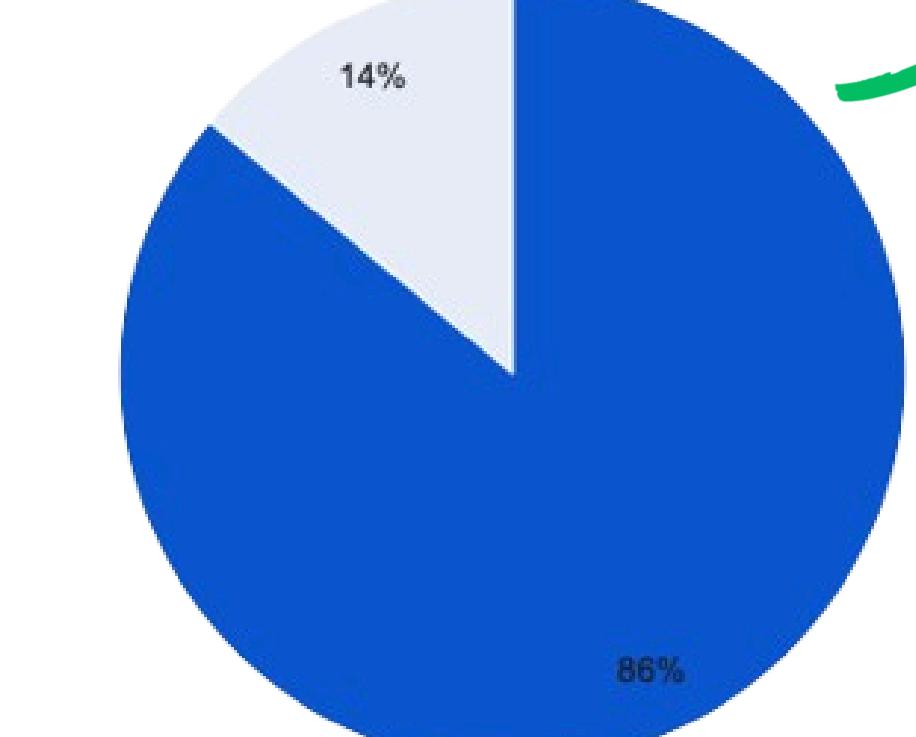
Sustainable energy practices in greenhouse cultivation are crucial for several reasons, encompassing environmental, economic, and social aspects. Here's a breakdown of why these practices are important:

1. Environmental Conservation:

- Reduced Carbon Footprint: Most of these emissions from traditional energy production give rise to climate change. Minimize the negative impact on the surrounding environment through the use of renewable energy sources and sustainable practices such as reduced emission of carbon.

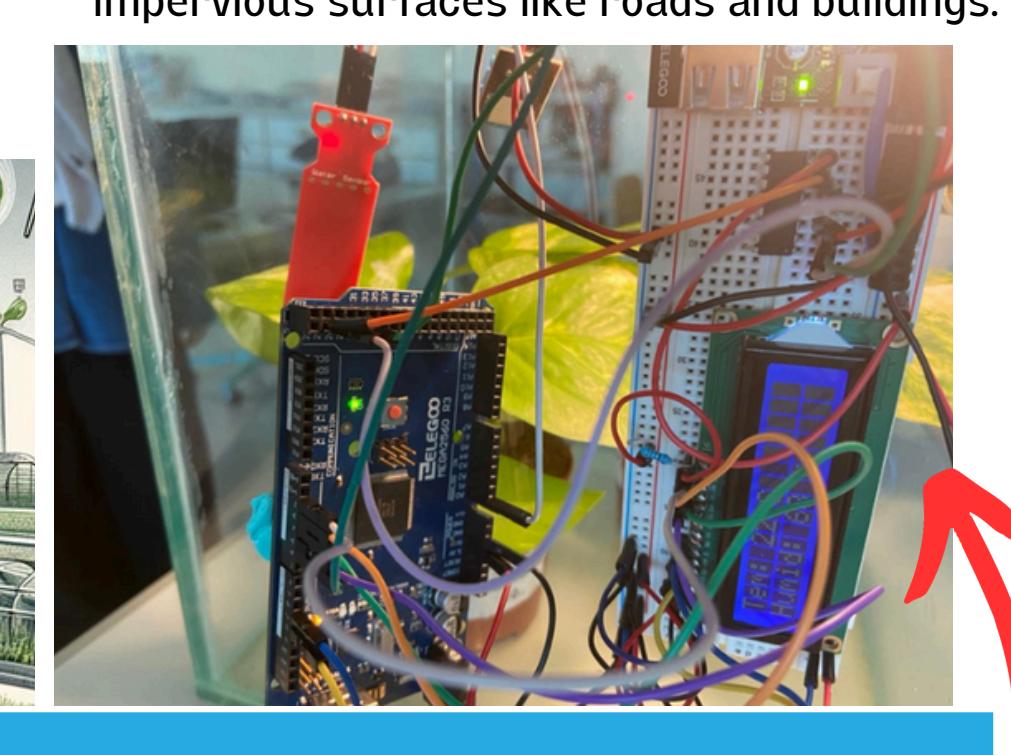
- Preservation of Natural Resources: An energy system is renewable because the sources of energy are sustainable and do not depend on nonrenewable and limited energy supplies such as fossil fuels. This ensures proper management of such resources to avoid their overexploitation and the creation of sustainable living environments for subsequent generations.

China's Energy Mix in 2022



The volume of runoff in the United States has been steadily increasing over the years. It is estimated that approximately 1.4 trillion gallons of untreated stormwater and sewage runoff are discharged into various waterways across the country annually. This significant increase in runoff represents a major environmental concern, as it often contains pollutants and contaminants that can adversely affect water quality and ecosystem health.

Several factors contribute to the escalating runoff issue. Urbanization, with its vast expanses of impervious surfaces like roads and buildings,



Materials

Part 1: Main Hardware

- Raspberry Pi 5 8 GB RAM: MetaGreen will use it as the main microcontroller of the dome
- 512 GB SD card: MetaGreen will require a hard disk big enough to store the data collected for the database along with the AI
- Jumper Wires: MetaGreen will require safe wiring to connect the components
- Breadboard: All the components of MetaGreen will be placed there
- CPU Fan: MetaGreen will require the microcontroller to remain at the right temperature for safety measures
- Screen: The GUI of MetaGreen along with the database and a notification system will be programmed to alert the user

Part 2: Sensors

- Water Level: MetaGreen will benefit from it by measuring the amount of water needed for the plants
- DHT 11: MetaGreen will use it to measure the temperature and humidity of the environment
- Infrared: MetaGreen will use it to detect the temperature of plants and animals in the environment
- AI Cam: MetaGreen will use image recognition to detect any unhealthy symptoms in plants

Part 3: Outputs

- LED lamps: MetaGreen will use them to light up the environment during the dark
- Water Sprayer: MetaGreen will use sprays to water the plants

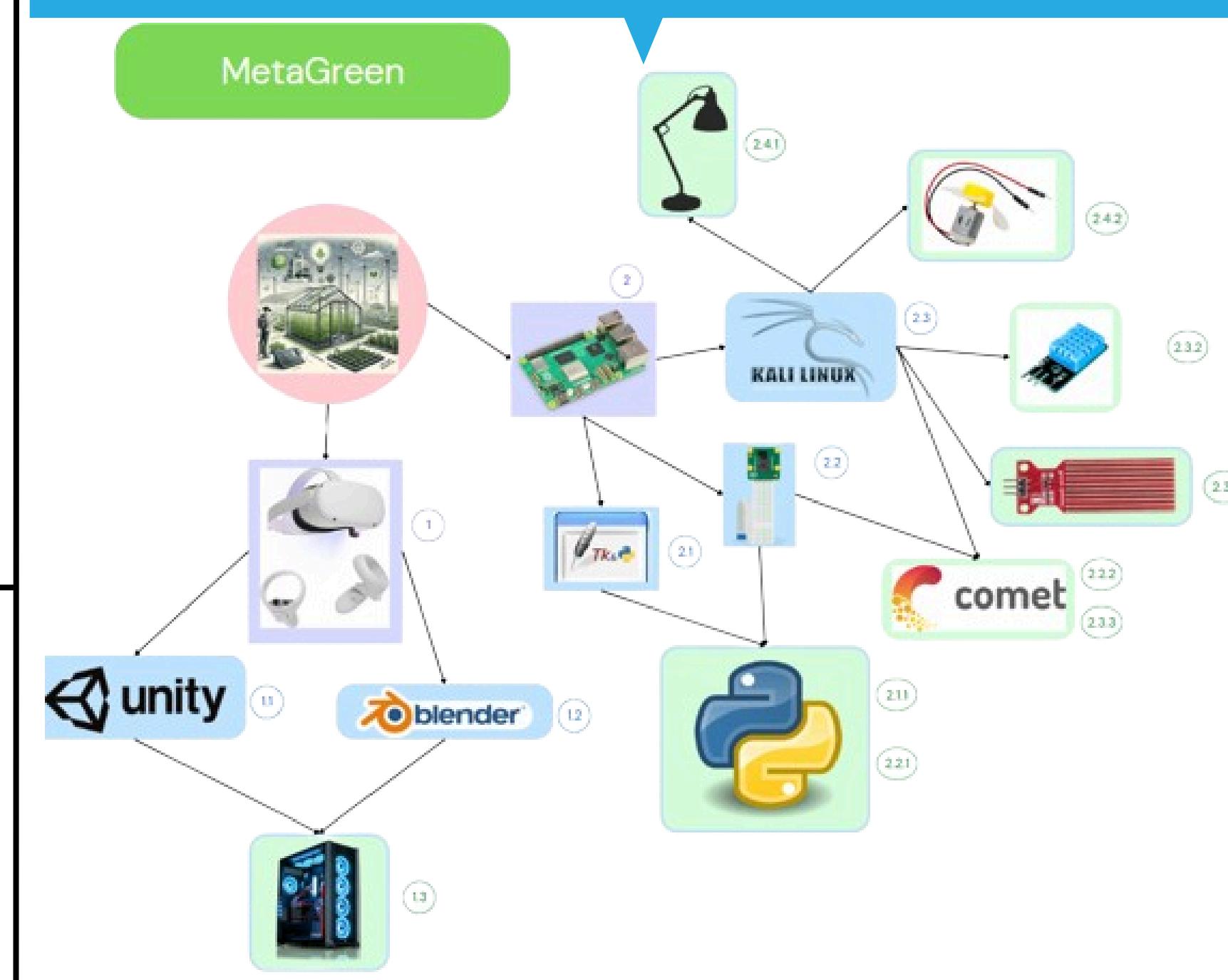
RESEARCH



SOCIAL MEDIA @METAGREENVR



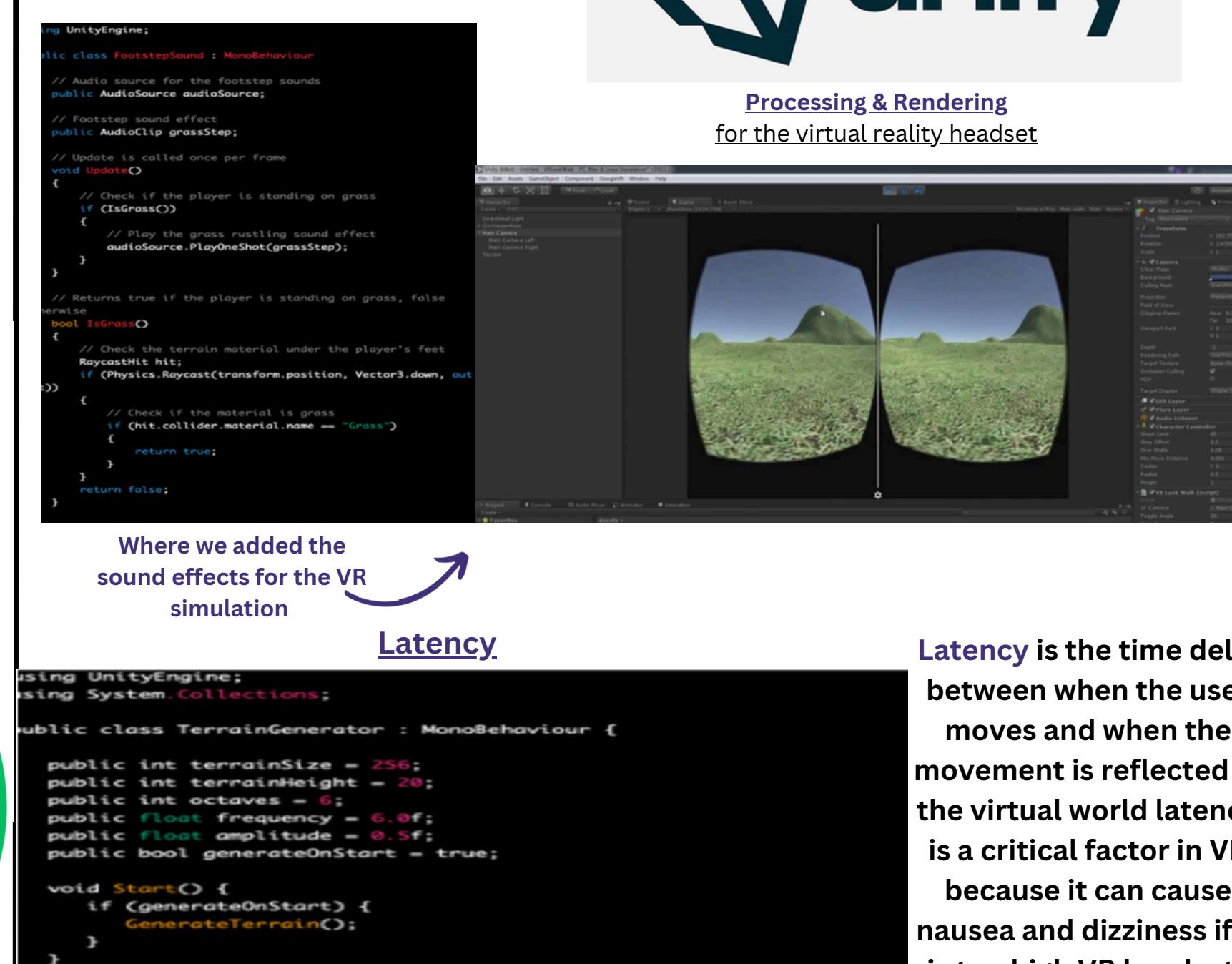
Procedure



To create a realistic simulation MetaGreen will use a virtual reality VR headset this will allow users to fully immerse themselves in the virtual environment and interact with it naturally the VR headset will be connected to a high-performance PC which is necessary to ensure that the simulation can run smoothly and without any lag, the simulation will be developed using the unity game engine



Processing & Rendering for the virtual reality headset



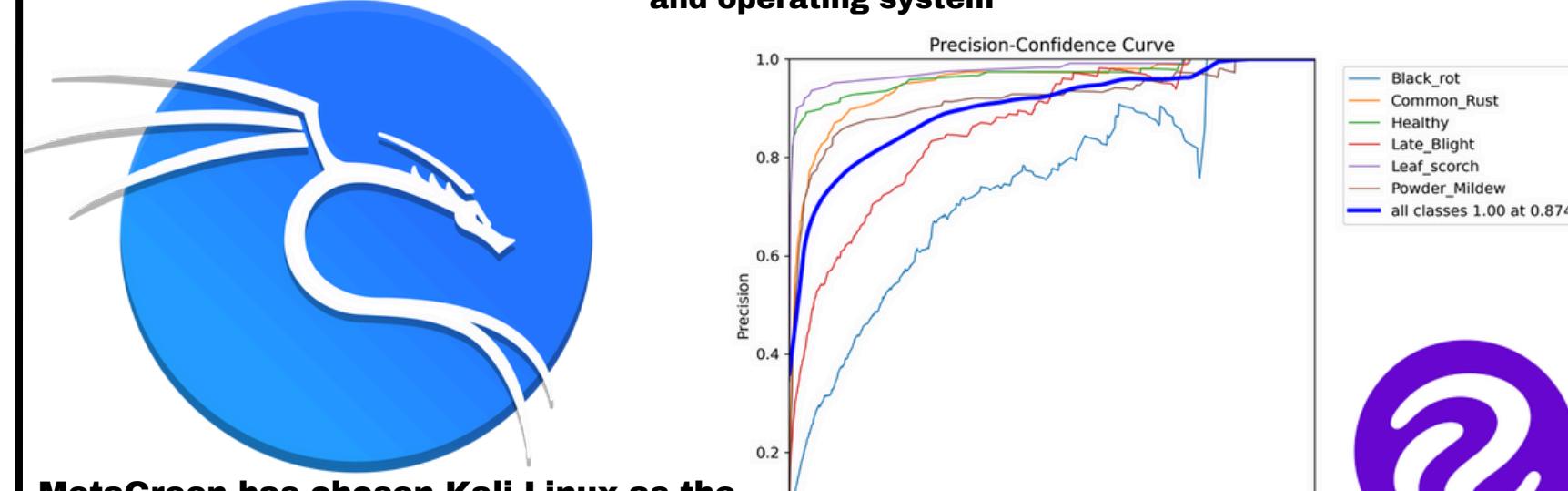
Where we added the sound effects for the VR simulation

Latency

Latency is the time delay between when the user moves and when the movement is reflected in the virtual world latency is a critical factor in VR because it can cause nausea and dizziness if it is too high VR headsets typically have a latency of between 10 and 20 milliseconds



The Raspberry Pi 5 is equipped with a powerful Broadcom bcm 2837 b 0 quad-core CPU clocked at 1.8 gHz ensuring smooth and responsive performance for running MetaGreen simulation software the 8 GB of ram provides ample memory for multitasking and handling complex data processing tasks the 512 GB hard disk offers ample storage space for MetaGreen's simulation data user files and operating system



Precision Confidence Curve

Black_Rot Common_Rust Late_Blight Brown_Mildew

White_Mildew

Red_Curly_Root

Blue_Spots

Yellow_Spots

Black_Spot

Green_Spot

Red_Spot

White_Spot

Blue_Spot

Black_Spot

Green_Spot

Red_Spot

White_Spot