

$$(1) \therefore A = A + AB$$

$$= A + \bar{A}B$$

$$= A + AB + \bar{A}B$$

$$= A + (A + \bar{A})B$$

$$= A + B$$

$$(2) (A+B)(B+C)(\bar{A}+C)$$

$$= \cancel{(A+B)(A+B+C)(\bar{A}+B+C)(\bar{A}+C)}$$

$$= \cancel{(A+B)(\bar{A}+C)}$$

$$\text{左边} := (A+B)(\bar{A}B + \bar{A}C + BC + CC)$$

$$= (A+B)(\bar{A}B + C(\bar{A}+B+1))$$

$$= (A+B)(\bar{A}B + C)$$

$$= AC + \bar{A}B + BC$$

$$\text{右} := \bar{A}\bar{A} + AC + \bar{A}B + BC$$

$$= AC + \bar{A}B + BC$$

左右相同，成立。

$$3. A(1+B+C+D) = A$$

$$(2). AB + CD(\bar{A}+B)$$

$$= AB$$

4.

$$(1). \bar{A}\bar{B}D + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{D} + \bar{A}C\bar{D}$$

$$(2). \bar{L} = CD + B\bar{C}\bar{D}$$

$$L = (\bar{C} + \bar{D}) \cdot (\bar{B} + C + D)$$

$$4. 2. B\bar{C}\bar{D} + \bar{B}\bar{C}D + \bar{B}C\bar{D}$$