

Seminario de Lenguajes opción Go

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- Funciones genéricas
- Tipos genéricos

Funciones Genéricos

```
ints := map[string]int64{
    "first": 34,
    "second": 12,
}
```

```
func SumInts(m map[string]int64) int64 {
    var s int64
    for _, v := range m {
        s += v
    }
    return s
}
```

```
floats := map[string]float64{
    "first": 35.98,
    "second": 26.99,
}
```

```
func SumFloats(m map[string]float64) float64 {
    var s float64
    for _, v := range m {
        s += v
    }
    return s
}
```

Funciones Genéricos

```
ints := map[string]int64{
    "first": 34,
    "second": 12,
}
```

```
floats := map[string]float64{
    "first": 35.98,
    "second": 26.99,
}
```

```
func SumIntsOrFloats[K comparable, V int64 | float64](m map[K]V) V {
    var s V
    for _, v := range m {
        s += v
    }
    return s
}
```

```
fmt.Printf("Generic Sums: %v and %v\n",
    SumIntsOrFloats(ints),
    SumIntsOrFloats(floats))
```

Funciones Genéricos

```
func SumIntsOrFloats[K comparable, V int64 | float64](m map[K]V) V {  
    var s V  
    for _, v := range m {  
        s += v  
    }  
    return s  
}
```

Type formal parameters

```
fmt.Printf("Generic Sums: %v and %v\n",  
    SumIntsOrFloats[string, int64](ints),  
    SumIntsOrFloats[string, float64](floats))
```

Type actual parameters

Type constraint

Type Parameters

```
[T any]
```

```
[T comparable]
```

```
[T int | int16 | int32 | int64 | int8 | float32 | float64]
```

Tipos Genéricos - Lista

```
type List[T any] struct {  
    first, last *node[T]  
}
```

```
type node[T any] struct {  
    val T  
    next *node[T]  
}
```

```
func (l *List[T]) PutOnFront(v T) {  
    l.first = &node[T]{v, l.first}  
    if l.last == nil {  
        l.last = l.first  
    }  
}
```

```
func (l *List[T]) PutOnTail(v T) {  
    n := &node[T]{val: v}  
    if l.last == nil {  
        l.first = n  
    } else {  
        l.last.next = n  
    }  
    l.last = n  
}
```

```
func (l *List[T]) GetAll() []T {  
    var elems []T  
    for e := l.first; e != nil; e = e.next  
    {  
        elems = append(elems, e.val)  
    }  
    return elems  
}
```

```
func main() {  
    list := List[int]{}  
    list.PutOnFront(10)  
    list.PutOnTail(20)  
    list.PutOnFront(30)  
    list.PutOnTail(40)  
    list.PutOnFront(50)  
    list.PutOnTail(60)  
    fmt.Println("list:", list.GetAll())  
}  
// list: [50 30 10 20 40 60]
```

Tipos Genéricos – Árbol binario

```
type Tree[T any] struct
{
    val T
    left, right *Tree[T]
}
```

```
func lt(x, y int) bool
{
    return x <= y
}
```

```
func main() {
    var tree *Tree[int]
    tree = tree.insert(50, lt)
    tree = tree.insert(10, lt)
    tree = tree.insert(90, lt)
    tree = tree.insert(40, lt)
    tree = tree.insert(60, lt)
    tree = tree.insert(30, lt)
    tree = tree.insert(80, lt)
    fmt.Println("Tree:",
tree.GetAll())
}
```

```
func (t *Tree[T]) insert(v T, f func(T, T) bool) *Tree[T]
{
    if t == nil {
        return &Tree[T]{val: v}
    } else {
        if f(v, t.val) {
            t.left = t.left.insert(v, f)
        } else {
            t.right = t.right.insert(v, f)
        }
        return t
    }
}
```

```
switch {
case t == nil:
    t = &Tree[T]{val: v}
case f(v, t.val):
    t.left = t.left.insert(v, f)
default:
    t.right = t.right.insert(v,
f)
}
return t
```

```
func (t *Tree[T]) GetAll() []T {
    var elems []T
    if t != nil {
        elems = append(elems, t.left.GetAll()...)
        elems = append(elems, t.val)
        elems = append(elems,
t.right.GetAll()...)
    }
    return elems
}
```


Interfaces Genéricas

- Investigar

```
type Container[T any] interface {  
    Len() int  
    Append(T)  
    Remove() (T, error)  
}
```