

20-01-2026

Class - 06 | System Analysis and Design

Class Test Marks - 15/27 CT (Best Count)

Date : 26-01-26 37 CT (Average)

Time : 9:45 AM

Topic : — Chapter 1 (all)

— Chapter 2 (up to ER Diagram)

Scenario: Lemon Soda ServiceTypesEntities:

- ① Customer
- ② Lemon soda
- ③ Delivery man

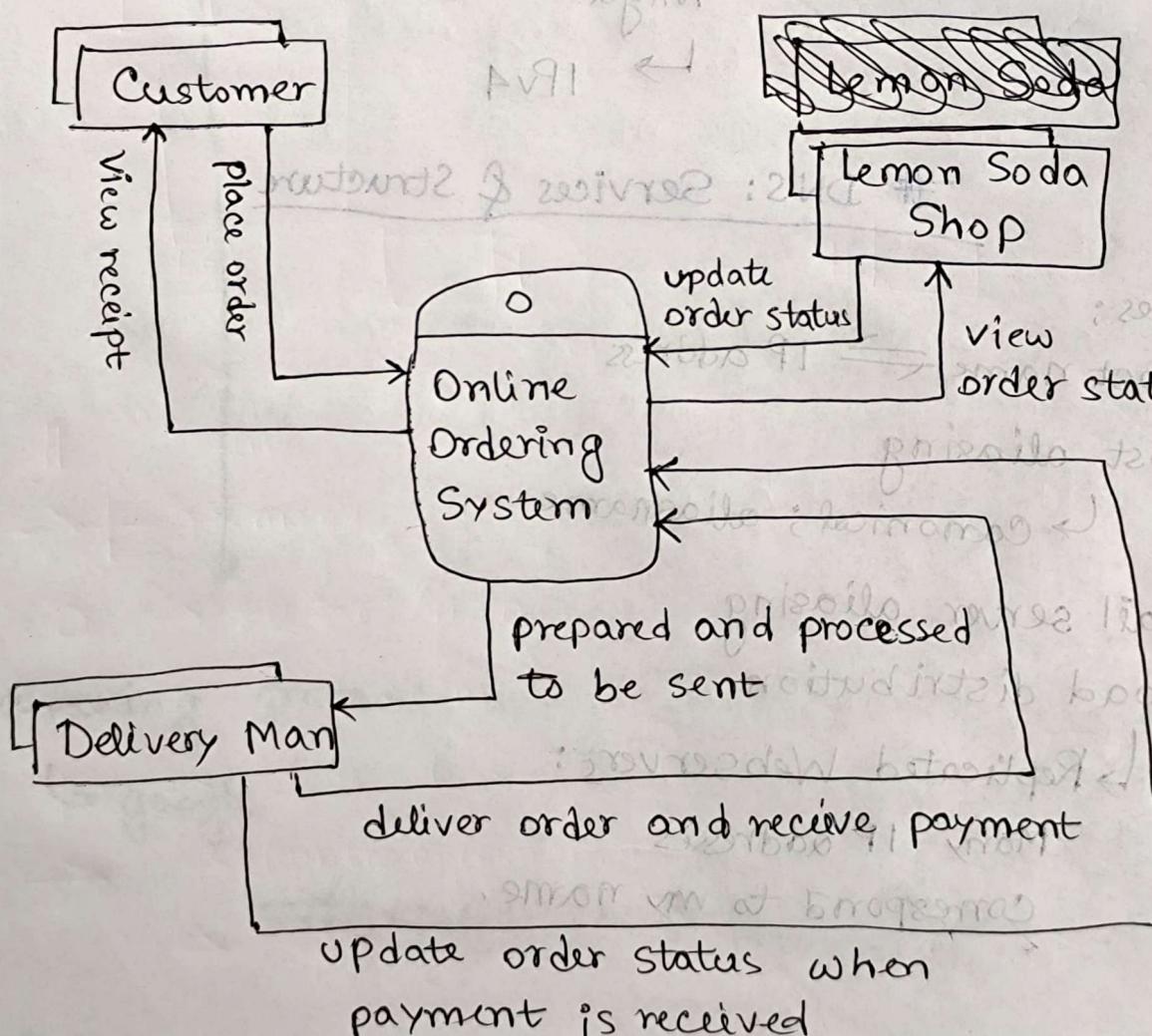
System (Process)

Online Ordering

System

① Direct

② Assumption



Entity

- between us we work with no cost (P)
- ① Customer
 - ② Lemon Soda Service Provider
 - ③ Delivery
- Customer → Lemon Soda Service Provider → Delivery

Process

Lemon Soda Ordering System

Data flow

- ① Place Order
- ② View Receipt
- ③ Order Details
- ④ Order Prepared / Processed
- ⑤ Order details
- ⑥ Update delivery status
- ⑦ Payment Received



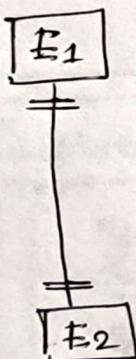
(from laptop) ←
(from laptop)

Entity-Relationship Diagram

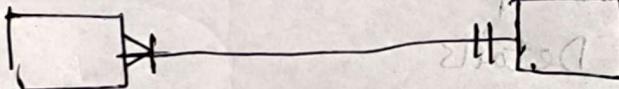
① Focus on the entities and how they are connected with each other.

Relationship Types:

- ① 1-1
 - ② 1-Many $\rightarrow k$
 - ③ Many-1
 - ④ Many-Many



One to one



① 1 to 1

- ② 1 to Many
 - ③ Many to Many

11 → One

~~→~~ → many

0 → zero / none

\searrow → zero or more

$\pm 0 \rightarrow 0$ or 1

- (controversial many)
- (optional many)

Types of Entities

① Fundamental Entity (Strong Entity)

② Associative Entity

③ Attributive Entity

M 2 M is not supported
in Relational Database

has one or more attributes

Fundamental Entity:

A real life object than can exist independently.

E.g. Student, Course, Employee

Symbol

Associative Entity:

Created to resolve a many to many relationship between fundamental entity.

→ Contains foreign keys from connected entities.

→ Have its own attributes

E.g.: Enrollment



Symbol

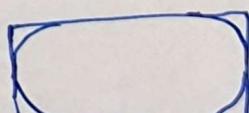
Attributive Entity: (less used)

→ used to store the multi-valued attributes of another entity. → {mostly fundamental entity}

→ Depends on the fundamental entity.



E.g.: Student-phone-number



Symbol

Example

