

Dist	PDF	Mean	Var	MGF
Normal	$\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2\right), -\infty < x < \infty$	μ	σ^2	$\exp\left(\mu t + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 t^2\right)$
Gamma	$\frac{1}{\beta^\alpha \Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\beta}, x > 0$	$\alpha\beta$	$\alpha\beta^2$	$(1 - \beta t)^{-\alpha}$
Chi-square	$\frac{1}{2^{\nu/2} \Gamma(\nu/2)} x^{(\nu-2)/2} e^{-x/2}, x > 0$	ν	2ν	$(1 - 2t)^{-\nu/2}$
Exponential	$\frac{1}{\lambda} e^{-x/\lambda}, x > 0$	λ	λ^2	$(1 - \lambda t)^{-1}$
Uniform	$\frac{1}{\beta - \alpha}, \alpha < x < \beta$	$\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$	$\frac{(\beta - \alpha)^2}{12}$	$\frac{e^{\beta t} - e^{\alpha t}}{t(\beta - \alpha)}$
Bernoulli	$p^x (1 - p)^{1-x}, x = 0, 1$	p	$p(1 - p)$	$(1 - p) + pe^t$
Binomial	$\binom{n}{x} p^x (1 - p)^{n-x}, x = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$	np	$np(1 - p)$	$(1 + p(e^t - 1))^n$

Gamma: $\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x} dx$, $\Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$ and $\Gamma(n) = n\Gamma(n-1)$

Standard normal: If $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, then $Z = \frac{X-\mu}{\sigma} \sim N(0, 1)$

CLT of Bionomial: If $X \sim B(n, p)$, then $\frac{X-np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}} \sim N(0, 1)$

Sample Mean: $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ **Mean:** $\mathbb{E}[\bar{X}] = \mu$ **Var:** $\text{Var}(\bar{X}) = \frac{\sigma^2}{n}$ **Dist:** $\bar{X} \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2/n)$

Sample Variance: $S^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2$ **Mean:** $\mathbb{E}[S^2] = \sigma^2$ **Var:** $\text{Var}(S^2) = \frac{2\sigma^4}{n-1}$

Dist: $(n-1)S^2/\sigma^2 \sim \chi_{n-1}^2$

Note: \bar{X} and S^2 are independent.

Imp Identity: $\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \mu)^2 - n(\bar{X} - \mu)^2$

Chebyshev's $\mathbb{P}(|X - \mu| < k) \geq 1 - \frac{\sigma^2}{k^2}$ and $\mathbb{P}(|X - \mu| < k\sigma) \geq 1 - \frac{1}{k^2}$

Weak Law of large numbers: $\mathbb{P}(|\bar{X} - \mu_{pop}| < k) \geq 1 - \frac{\sigma_{pop}^2}{nk^2}$

Central Limit Theorem: if $X_1 \dots X_n$ are iid w/ (μ, σ^2) $Z = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \sim N(0, 1)$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$

S. Normal squared: If $X \sim N(0, 1)$, then $X^2 \sim \chi_1^2$

Sum S. Normal Squared: If $X_1, X_2 \dots X_n$ are iid $N(0, 1)$, then $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 \sim \chi_n^2$

Order Statistics: $X_{(1)} < X_{(2)} < \dots < X_{(n)}$. It is the r th item of a sample of n . $f_{X_{(r)}}(x) = \frac{n!}{(r-1)!(n-r)!} F(x)^{r-1} (1 - F(x))^{n-r} f(x)$ or $= \frac{n!}{(r-1)!(n-r)!} f(x) \int_{-\infty}^x f(y) dy^{r-1} \int_x^\infty f(y) dy^{n-r}$

Unbiased Estimator: $\mathbb{E}[\hat{\theta}] = \theta$

Asymtotically unbiased: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{E}[\hat{\theta}] = \theta$

Max Likelihood: $\hat{\theta}$ is max of $L(\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(x_i|\theta)$ or $l(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^n \log f(x_i|\theta)$ **Expectation:** $\mathbb{E}[aX + bY + c] = a\mathbb{E}[X] + b\mathbb{E}[Y] + c$

Variance: $\text{Var}(aX + bY + c) = a^2\text{Var}(X) + b^2\text{Var}(Y) + 2ab\text{Cov}(X, Y)$ We can remove Cov if X, Y are independent

Covariance: $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = \int_R \int_S (x - \mu_X)(y - \mu_Y) f(x, y) dx dy$.

if $Y = \sum a_i X_i$ then $\text{Var}[Y] = \sum a_i^2 \text{Var}[X_i] + 2 \sum_{i < j} a_i a_j \text{Cov}[X_i, X_j]$

$Y = \sum a_i X_i, Z = \sum b_i X_i$ then $\text{Cov}[Y, Z] = \sum a_i b_i \text{Var}[X_i] + \sum \sum_{i < j} (a_i b_j + a_j b_i) \text{Cov}[X_i, X_j]$

MGF: $M_X(t) = \mathbb{E}[e^{tX}]$

$M_{aX+bY+c}(t) = e^{ct} M_X(at) M_Y(bt)$ if Y and X are independent

$\frac{d^r}{dt^r} M_X(t) = \mu_r'$ r th moment of X