Web Application Productivity System For Students with ADHD: Project To-Do List 1. Initial Setup & Configuration: □ Set up the development environment: \square Install Node.js and npm. ☐ Initialize a new project using npm init. \square Set up a Git repository for version control: \square Initialize a new repository. ☐ Create a .gitignore file for Node.js. □ Commit the initial project structure. 2. Backend Development: • 2.1. Setting Up Express Server: ☐ Install Express using npm install express. $\hfill\Box$ Create an index.js (or server.js) file. \square Set up a basic Express server. \square Test the server on a local host. • 2.2. Database Configuration: \square Install MongoDB. \square Set up a MongoDB connection using Mongoose. ☐ Create models for Users, Courses, Resources, Assignments, and Tests. • 2.3. API Endpoints Creation: ☐ Create CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) endpoints for Users. \square Create CRUD endpoints for Courses. \square Create CRUD endpoints for Resources. ☐ Create CRUD endpoints for Assignments & Tests. • 2.4. User Authentication: ☐ Install packages for authentication (e.g., passport, bcrypt). \square Set up user registration and login routes. \square Implement password hashing. ☐ Implement JWT for token-based authentication. 3. Frontend Development (React.js): • 3.1. React Setup: \square Use Create React App to initialize the frontend. □ Set up routing using react-router-dom. • 3.2. Components Creation: ☐ Create a layout component (header, footer). ☐ Develop a login/register component.

\square Design course addition and display component.
$\hfill\Box$ Craft assignment and test tracking components.
$\hfill\Box$ Formulate components to add, view, edit, and delete resources.
• 3.3. State Management:
☐ Use React's Context API or Redux for state management.
☐ Set up state and reducers/actions for Users, Courses, Resources, As-
signments, and Tests.
• 3.4. Connect Frontend with Backend:
☐ Use Axios to send and receive HTTP requests to/from the backend.
☐ Connect registration and login components to backend authentication
routes.
☐ Link course, resource, assignment, and test components to their respective CRUD endpoints.
spective Ofto D endpoints.
4. Styling and User Interface:
□ Design a responsive and intuitive layout.
☐ Use CSS frameworks/libraries like Bootstrap or TailwindCSS for styling.
\square Implement animations or transitions for better user experience (optional).
5. Testing:
☐ Write unit tests for backend routes using tools like jest or mocha.
☐ Create frontend component tests using jest and react-testing-library.
☐ Conduct end-to-end testing.
6. Deployment:
☐ Prepare the app for production (e.g., set NODE_ENV to 'production').
☐ Deploy the backend on a platform like Heroku.
☐ Build the React app for production and deploy on platforms like Vercel,
Netlify, or directly on Heroku.
7. Post Deployment & Maintenance:
\square Monitor server logs and application behavior.
\square Address any bugs or issues that arise.
\square Periodically update all dependencies.
\square Seek feedback from users and make iterative improvements.

While the above list covers the main steps involved, the complexity and scope of your project may require adjustments. Remember, developing a full-fledged web application requires frequent reviews, testing, and iterations. It's essential to stay agile, embrace feedback, and be prepared for unexpected challenges.